**RF Resonant Polarimetry:** *a way to non-invasive fast measurement of beam polarization and spin tunes?* 

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- 1. Functional Principle
- 2. Relativistic Stern-Gerlach Force
- 3. Cavity Modes

- 4. Energy Transfer per Particle Passage
- 5. Signal Power
- 6. Example: Respot with  $TE_{011}$ ,  $TE_{111}$

### **Resonant Polarimetry**

#### **Principle Idea (Derbenev 1993):**









$$\Delta W = \int \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( \vec{\mu} \cdot \vec{B} \right) \cdot dz$$



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![](_page_20_Figure_1.jpeg)

# **Some Approaches**

#### Conte (arXiv: 0907.2161v1-2009)

Longitudinal Stern-Gerlach force:

$$F_{z}^{SG} = \frac{\partial}{\partial z^{*}} \left( \vec{\mu}^{*} \cdot \vec{B}^{*} \right) = \gamma \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial z} + \frac{\beta}{c} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \right) \left( \vec{\mu}^{*} \cdot \gamma \left[ \left( \vec{B} - \frac{\vec{\beta}}{c} \times \vec{E} \right) - \frac{\gamma^{2}}{\gamma + 1} \vec{\beta} \left( \vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{B} \right) \right] \right)$$

**Energy transfer to the cavity:** 

$$\Delta U = \int_{0}^{L} F_{z}^{SG} \cdot dz = \bigvee_{0}^{2} \cdot \int_{0}^{L} \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial z} + \frac{\beta}{c} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \right) \vec{\mu} \cdot \left( \vec{B}_{\perp} - \frac{\vec{\beta}}{c} \times \vec{E}_{\perp} + \frac{1}{\gamma} \vec{B}_{\parallel} \right) \cdot dz$$

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#### **Improper procedures in Conte:**

- Treatment of the fringe fields:  $F \simeq \gamma^2 \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial z}$  neglecting temporal changes
- No relativistic cancellation by taking use of the total derivative
- Neglecting beam deflection and spin precession in the transverse magnetic fields in the cavity using  $\vec{r}_* = \begin{pmatrix} \vec{p} & \vec{\beta} & \vec{r} \end{pmatrix} \vec{r}$

$$ec{B}^{*} = \gamma \left( ec{B}_{\perp} - rac{ec{eta}}{c} imes ec{E} 
ight) + ec{B}_{\parallel}$$

# A simple but (hopefully) correct Approach

**Transformation of derivatives:** 

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial z^*} = \gamma \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial z} + \frac{\beta}{c} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \right) = \gamma \frac{d}{dz} - \frac{1}{\beta \gamma c} \frac{\partial}{\partial t}$$

**Transformation of the fields:** 

$$\vec{\mu}^* \bullet \vec{B}^* = \vec{\mu} \bullet \left[ \frac{\gamma}{1+G} \left\{ \left( G + \frac{1}{\gamma} \right) \vec{B}_{\perp} - \left( G + \frac{1}{1+\gamma} \right) \frac{\vec{\beta}}{c} \times \vec{E} \right\} + \vec{B}_{\parallel} \right]$$

Taking use of the relativistic compensation:

$$\Delta U = \int_{0}^{d} F_{z}^{SG} \cdot dz = \underbrace{\gamma \vec{\mu}^{*} \cdot \vec{B}^{*}}_{=0}^{d} - \frac{\vec{\mu}^{*}}{\gamma \beta c} \cdot \int_{0}^{d} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left[ \frac{\gamma}{1+G} \left\{ \left(G + \frac{1}{\gamma}\right) \vec{B}_{\perp} - \left(G + \frac{1}{1+\gamma}\right) \frac{\vec{\beta}}{c} \times \vec{E} \right\} + \vec{B}_{\parallel} \right] dz$$

 $\rightarrow$  Energy transfer to the cavity:

$$\Delta U = \int_{C} F_{z}^{SG} \cdot dz = -\frac{\vec{\mu}}{\beta c} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \int_{C} \left\{ \underbrace{\frac{G + \frac{1}{\gamma}}{1+G}}_{=\xi_{B}} \vec{B}_{\perp} - \underbrace{\left(\frac{G}{1+G} + \frac{1}{(1+G)(1+\gamma)}\right)}_{=\xi_{E}} \frac{\vec{\beta}}{c} \times \vec{E} + \frac{1}{\gamma} \vec{B}_{\parallel} \right\} dz$$

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## **Cavity Modes: TM**

![](_page_24_Figure_1.jpeg)

### **Cavity Modes: TM**

![](_page_25_Figure_1.jpeg)

## **Cavity Modes: TE**

![](_page_26_Figure_1.jpeg)

### **Cavity Modes: TE**

### and longitudinal:

![](_page_27_Figure_2.jpeg)

# **General Findings and Set-Up**

 $TM_{mnp}$  and  $TE_{mnp}$  modes, on-axis fields = 0 for m > 1!!!

odd longitudinal p:even longitudinal p:
$$\vec{B}_{\perp}(z,t) = \vec{B}_{\perp}^{0} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{p\pi z}{L}\right) \cdot \cos\left(\omega t + \phi\right)$$
 $\vec{B}_{\perp}(z,t) = \vec{B}_{\perp}^{0} \cdot \cos\left(\frac{p\pi z}{L}\right) \cdot \cos\left(\omega t + \phi\right)$  $B_{z}(z,t) = B_{z}^{0} \cdot \cos\left(\frac{p\pi z}{L}\right) \cdot \cos\left(\omega t + \phi\right)$  $\vec{B}_{z}(z,t) = B_{z}^{0} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{p\pi z}{L}\right) \cdot \cos\left(\omega t + \phi\right)$  $\vec{E}_{\perp}(z,t) = \vec{E}_{\perp}^{0} \cdot \cos\left(\frac{p\pi z}{L}\right) \cdot \sin\left(\omega t + \phi\right)$  $\vec{E}_{\perp}(z,t) = \vec{E}_{\perp}^{0} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{p\pi z}{L}\right) \cdot \sin\left(\omega t + \phi\right)$  $E_{z}(z,t) = E_{z}^{0} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{p\pi z}{L}\right) \cdot \sin\left(\omega t + \phi\right)$  $E_{z}(z,t) = E_{z}^{0} \cdot \cos\left(\frac{p\pi z}{L}\right) \cdot \sin\left(\omega t + \phi\right)$ 

#### Origin of coordinate system at the center of the cavity!

# **Single Particle Energy Transfer**

**Integration of the Stern-Gerlach force:** 

• odd longitudinal p:

$$\Delta U_{\perp} = \frac{-2\cos\phi}{1 - \left(\frac{\beta}{\beta_{ph}}\right)^{2}} \sin\left(\frac{p\pi}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{p\pi\beta_{ph}}{2\beta}\right) \vec{\mu} \cdot \left\{\xi_{B}\vec{B}_{\perp}^{0} \cdot + \xi_{E}\frac{\beta}{\beta_{ph}}\left(\hat{e}_{z} \times \frac{\beta}{c}\vec{E}_{\perp}^{0}\right)\right\}$$
$$\Delta U_{\parallel} = -\frac{2}{\gamma}\mu_{z}B_{z}^{0}\frac{\sin\phi}{1 - \left(\frac{\beta}{\beta_{ph}}\right)^{2}}\frac{\beta}{\beta_{ph}}\sin\left(\frac{p\pi}{2}\right)\cos\left(\frac{p\pi\beta_{ph}}{2\beta}\right)$$

• even longitudinal p:

$$\Delta U_{\perp} = \frac{2\sin\phi}{1 - \left(\beta/\beta_{ph}\right)^{2}} \cos\left(\frac{p\pi}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{p\pi\beta_{ph}}{2\beta}\right) \vec{\mu} \cdot \left\{\xi_{B}\vec{B}_{\perp}^{0} - \xi_{E}\frac{\beta}{\beta_{ph}}\left(\hat{e}_{z} \times \frac{\beta}{c}\vec{E}_{\perp}^{0}\right)\right\}$$
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### **Signal Power**

![](_page_31_Figure_1.jpeg)

## **Signal Power**

**Energy transfer:** 
$$P_{+} = \frac{I}{e} \cdot \eta_{b} \cdot \Delta U$$
, **bunch factor:**  $\eta_{b} = \int \rho(s) \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\omega s}{\beta c}\right) \cdot ds$   
**Stored energy:**  $W_{c} = \frac{1}{2\mu_{0}} \int_{V} B^{2} dV = \frac{1}{2\varepsilon_{0}} \int_{V} E^{2} dV = \upsilon_{b} \cdot B_{0}^{2} = \upsilon_{e} \cdot E_{0}^{2}$   
 $\rightarrow$  **Energy transfer:**  $dW_{c} = P_{+} \cdot dt = \frac{I}{e} \cdot \eta_{b} \cdot \Delta U \cdot dt = \frac{I}{e} \cdot \eta_{b} \cdot s_{\mu} \cdot B_{0} \cdot dt = \varsigma \cdot \sqrt{W_{c}} \cdot dt$ 

Energy dissipation: 
$$P_{-} = \frac{\omega}{Q_{l}} \cdot W_{C} = \frac{1+\kappa}{Q_{0}} \cdot \omega \cdot W_{C} = \frac{1}{\tau} \cdot W_{C}$$
  
Build-up of stored energy:  $\frac{d}{dt}W_{C} = \varsigma \cdot \sqrt{W_{C}} - \frac{1}{\tau} \cdot W_{C} \rightarrow W_{C}(t) = (\varsigma\tau)^{2} \cdot (1-e^{-\frac{t}{2\tau}})$   
Steady state conditions:  $W_{C}^{\infty} = (\varsigma\tau)^{2} = \frac{I^{2} \cdot \eta_{b}^{2} \cdot s_{\mu}^{2}}{e^{2} \cdot \upsilon} \cdot \frac{Q_{0}^{2}}{(1+\kappa)^{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{\omega^{2}}$   
Signal Power:  $P_{S} = \kappa \cdot P_{-} = \kappa \cdot \frac{\omega \cdot W_{C}}{Q_{0}} = \frac{I^{2} \cdot \eta_{b}^{2} \cdot s_{\mu}^{2}}{e^{2} \cdot \upsilon} \cdot \frac{\kappa}{(1+\kappa)^{2}} \cdot \frac{Q_{0}}{\omega}$ 

## **Experiment @ MESA/Mainz:**

![](_page_33_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### **PoP Test at the injector** *Mambo*:

- Longitudinal polarisation  $\leftrightarrow$  long. magn. field
- Low Lorentz gamma ( $\gamma \approx 10$ )
- Flip helicity every bunch (2 lasers?!)
- Tune cavity to <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> bunch repetition frequency
- Use TE mode with no long. electric fields
- Phase locking of polarimeter signal to RF

![](_page_34_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_35_Figure_0.jpeg)

## **Experiment @ ELSA/Bonn**

![](_page_36_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_37_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_38_Figure_0.jpeg)

# Low Bwdth Signal Processing

![](_page_39_Figure_1.jpeg)

More information cf. T. Pusch et al., PRSTAB 15, 112801 (2012)

# Conclusions

- Expected signal power is extremely low!
- sc cavities ( $Q_0 \approx 10^{10}$ ) with weak coupling essential!
- Phase-lock techniques required
- Coupling to charge is about 14 orders of magnitude greater!

PoP will be a really hard task but doable?!

LIGO demonstrated: ultimate precision can be achieved!

![](_page_40_Picture_7.jpeg)

# **Spin Coherence Time @ ELSA**

POLEMATRIX-Tracking: 100 Spins in x-s plane @  $1.54227 \,\text{GeV}$  ( $\gamma a = 3.5$ )

![](_page_41_Figure_2.jpeg)

# **Spin Coherence Time @ ELSA**

![](_page_42_Figure_1.jpeg)

# **Spin Coherence Time @ ELSA**

![](_page_43_Figure_1.jpeg)