

Preliminary gun kick data

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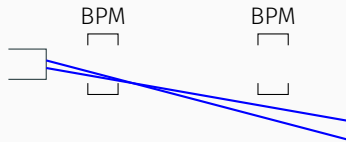
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The problem with gun field asymmetry

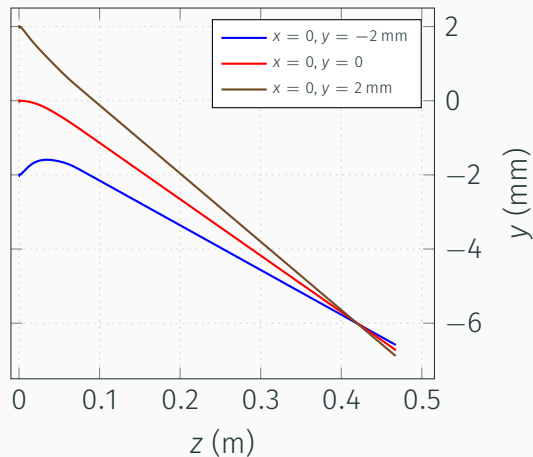
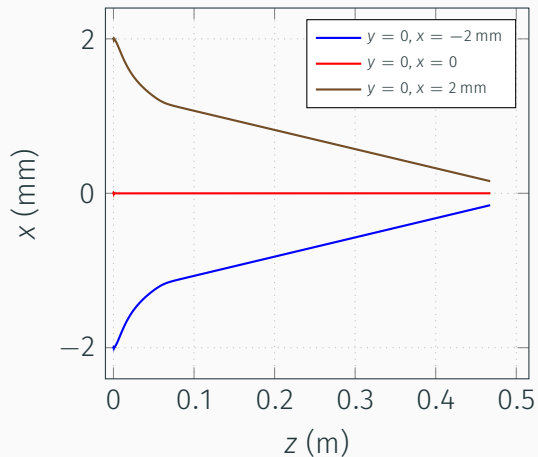
- Beam angle from gun irrelevant in itself
- Any gun will cause angle + displacement with non-central laser spot
- But strong correctors introduce multipoles
- Asymmetric gun field also increases emittance

Why is the gun kick not trivial to measure?

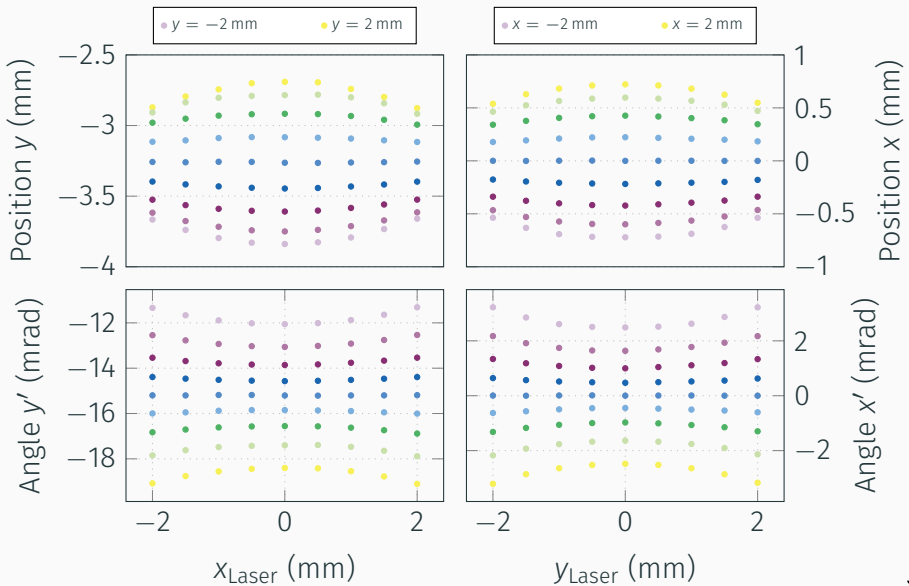
- Angle and displacement are independent
- Correctors needed
(beam doesn't make it to second BPM)
- Understand fiducials in S&A data
- BPM calibration
- Laser stage calibration
 - both factor and offset:
cathode center unknown
 - gun field couples x/y ,
so both planes affected



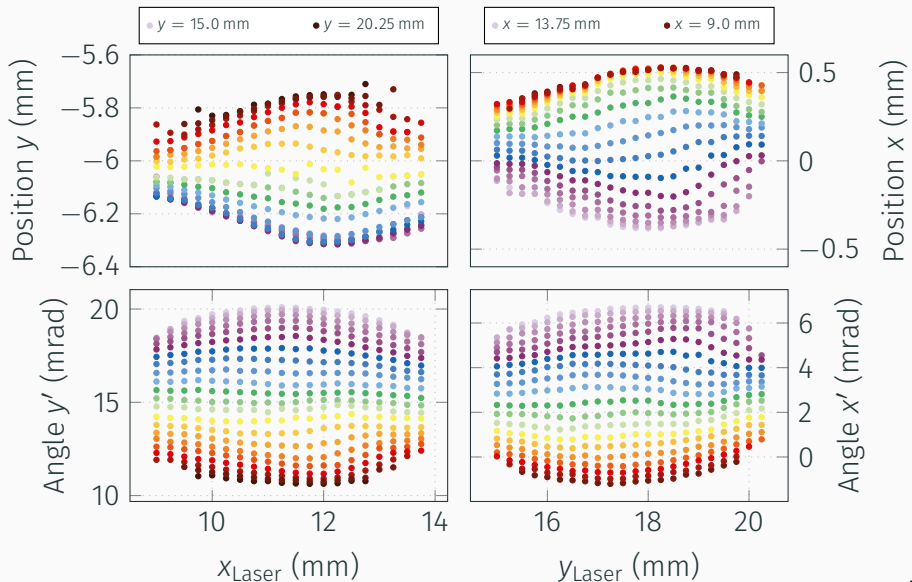
GPT centroid trajectories; $U = 130$ kV



GPT (x, x', y, y') at first BPM as a function of laser spot position; $U = 130$ kV



Measured (x, x', y, y') at first BPM as a function of laser spot position; $U = 130$ kV



To do

- This may calibrate the origin of the laser stage...
- Include correctors in absolute angles
 - Correctors overlap with BPMs
 - Orbit from gun almost independent of voltage:
varied voltage to measure dispersion
- Include calibration data
 - BPMs
 - mechanical alignment
 - laser stage
- Mystery: can't explain qualitative discrepancy