# **Electron Beam Properties of BNL SRF Gun**

Electron beam properties to measure beam polarization with a Compton Transmission Polarimeter

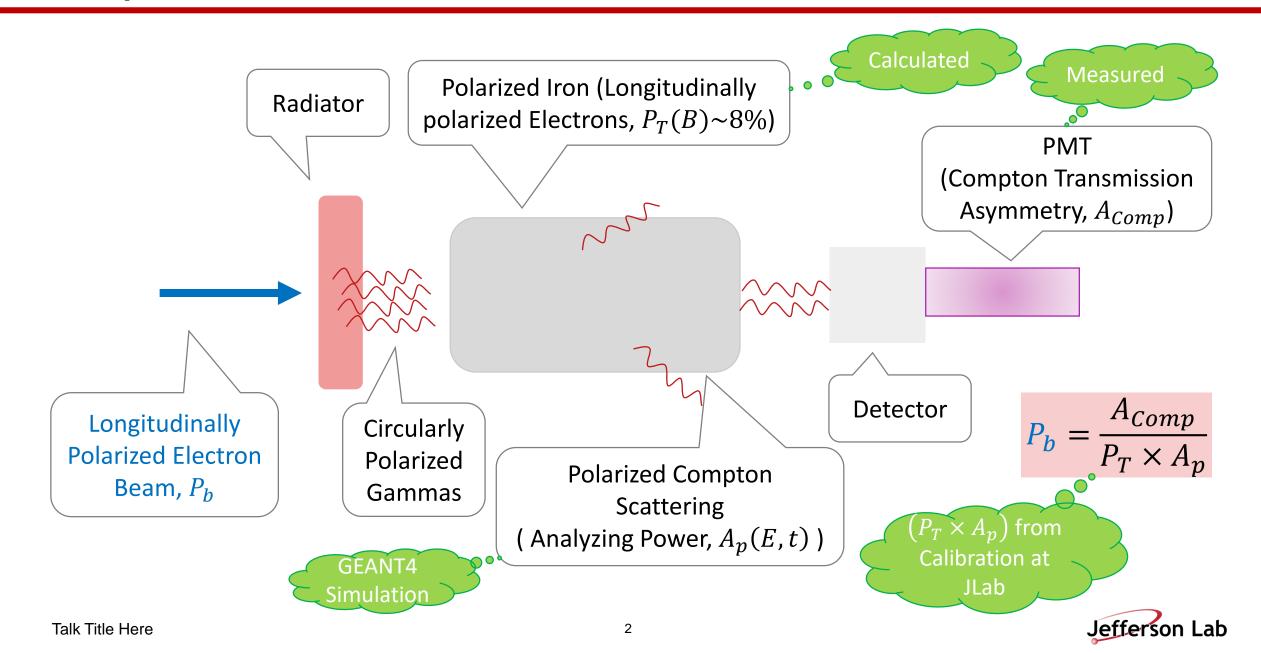
#### **Riad Suleiman**

Friday, February 19, 2021

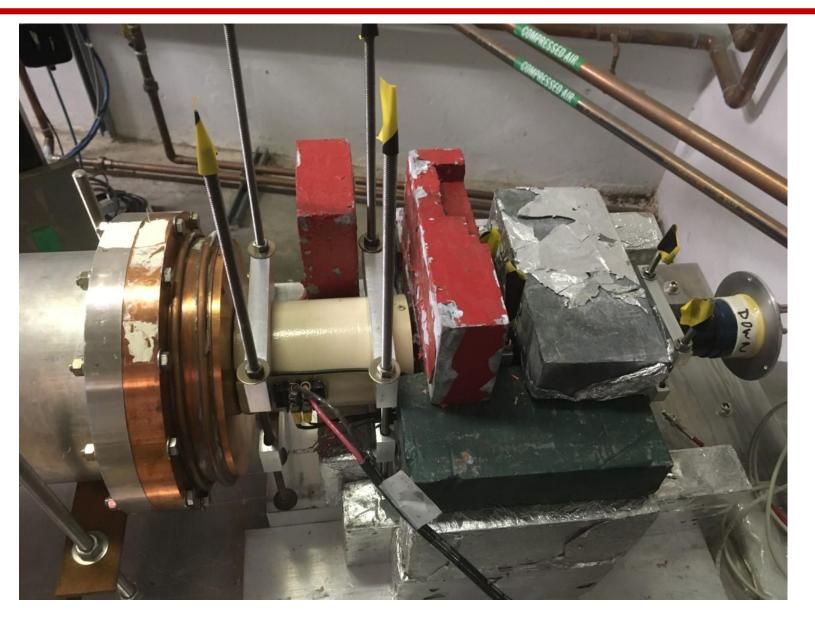




#### **Compton Transmission Polarimeter**



# **Test Setup at Jefferson Lab**





Talk Title Here

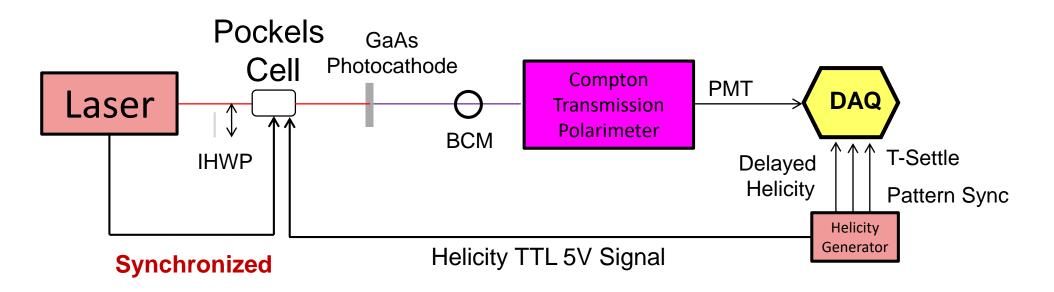
# **Beam Energy**

- CEBAF Injector can deliver electron beam with 5 9 MeV kinetic energy
- CEBAF Mott polarimeter ideally works at 5 MeV kinetic energy

- BNL beam kinetic energy should be 5.0 MeV (total energy 5.5 MeV)
  - Minimum radiation levels and no risk of activation



#### **Polarimeter Schematics at BNL**

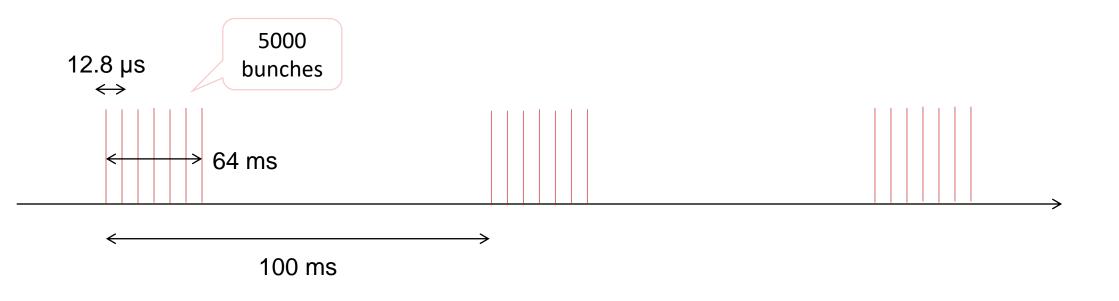


- Pockels Cell is synchronized to laser
- Helicity board will just provide a gate to determine which voltage (helicity) Pockels Cell gets set to



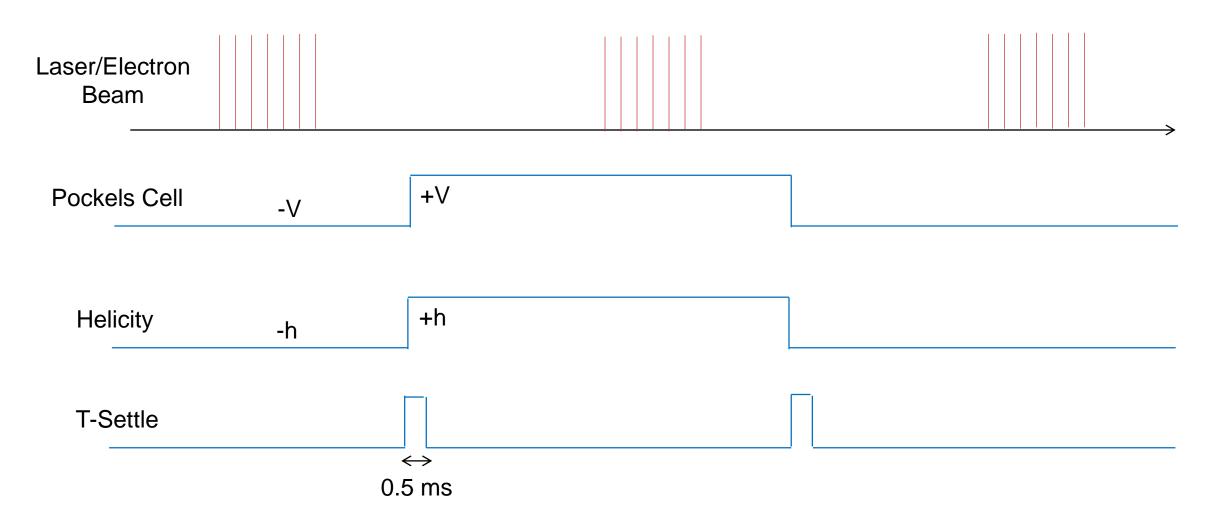
## Laser (Electron) Beam Timing at BNL

- Microbunch structure: 78 kHz, or 12.8 µs, each bunch < 1 ns
- Macropulse repetition rate: 1 Hz, 5 Hz or 10 Hz for microbunch trains. Number of microbunches in train can be 1,10, ..., 5000 ..., with bunch repetition rate of 78 kHz
- Drive laser is capable of providing any random pattern of pulses when running at 78 kHz. CW, without any macropulse structure, is no issue.





#### Laser/Electron Beam, Pockels Cell, and Helicity Board Timing





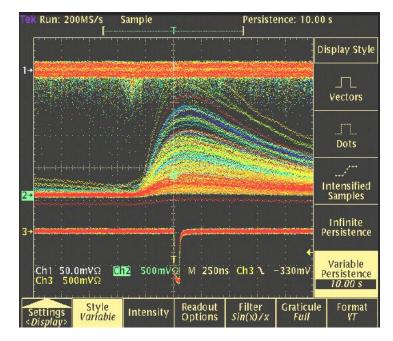
#### **New Portable DAQ**

• DAQ Readout: - Delayed Helicity, T\_Settle and Pattern Sync Portable Rack - PMT, BCM - Battery HV Power Supply, Magnet Power PMT < Magnet -5kV Supply, ±10 Amps DAC Computer **PMT** Signal Mini VME Crate Beam Current Monitor (1 V) Delayed **Helicity Fiber T-Settle Fiber** Battery (1 V) Pattern Sync FADC Helicity Generator Helicity TTL 5V Signal to Remote controllable IHWP Pockels Cell

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# **DAQ Readout**

- Each electron beam bunch < 1 ns
- Each bunch will generate a detector signal of about 1  $\mu s$
- Bunch separation is 12.8 µs
- There are 5000 bunches per helicity window
- Helicity Board will run at 10 Hz:
  - T-Settle = 0.5 ms
  - T-Stable = 99.5 ms
- DAQ Modes (self-triggered):
  - Sample Mode: 250 samples (two channels) and 25 samples (four channels) at 50 kHz integrate offline
  - Semi-Int Mode: integrate over 1 µs at rate of 50 kHz
- No deadtime/pileup since events (bunches) are not random





#### **Bunch Charge and Average Beam Current**

- Assume an average beam current of 1 µA
  - Bunch Charge =  $10^{-6} / 7.8 \times 10^{4} = 13 \text{ pC}$
- What is the expected bunch charge at BNL? Average current?
- At Jefferson Lab, for polarimeter calibration: 13 pC can be spread over 0.5 µs, for example
- Would field emission reach polarimeter? what is time structure? Peak current?
- To plan for unknown bunch charge, PMT high voltage will be used to keep detected signal at required level – prevent saturation of PMT/ADC or too small signal relative to pedestal
- Need a voltage signal (1 V, <u>coupled to 50 Ω</u>, <u>with large bandwidth</u>) from a Beam Current Monitor to measure charge asymmetry





