

1 Purpose

Calculating the ion production rate vs. gun voltage for the different gas species found in the “After 2 Days” RGA spectrum below:

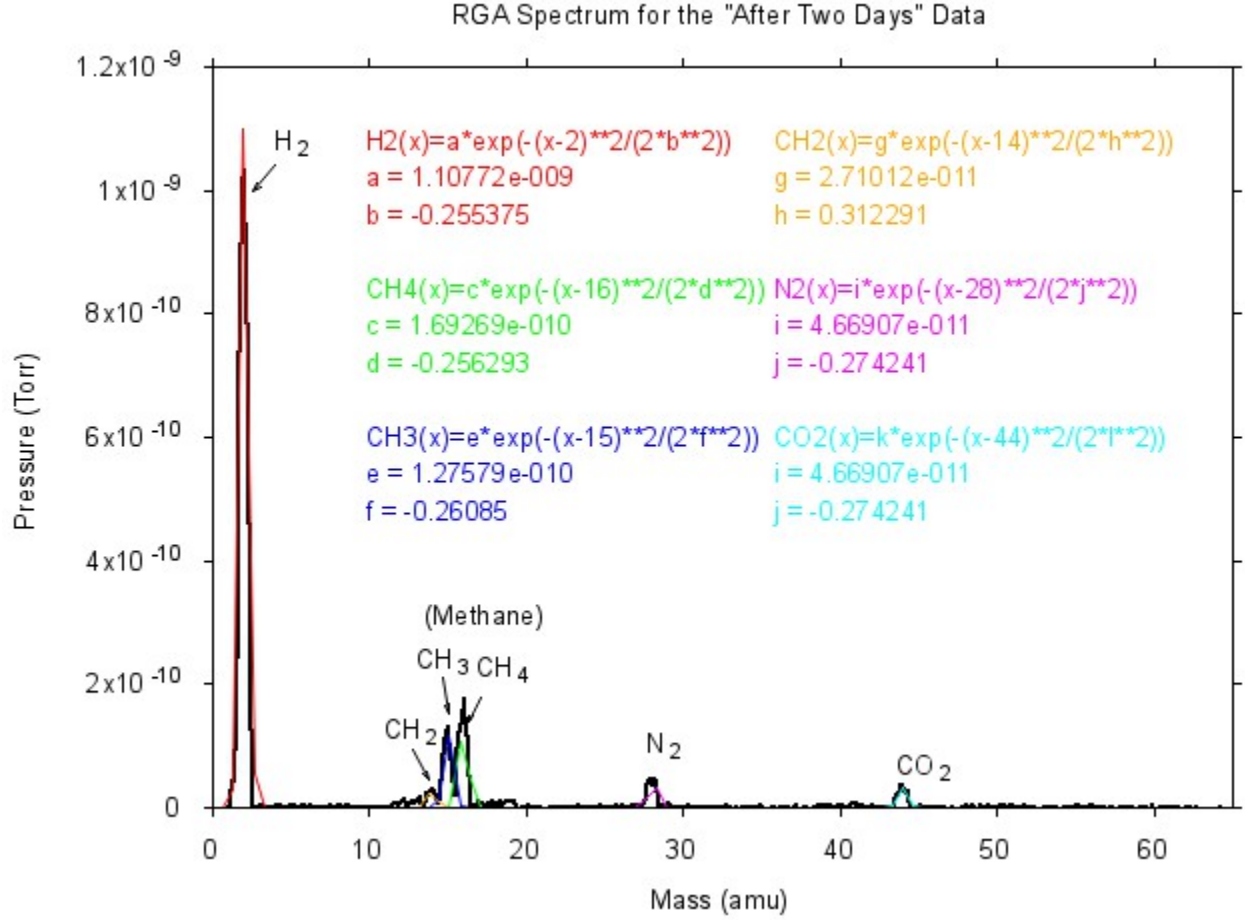


Figure 1: Analysis of the RGA spectrum for the “After 2 Days” data (before correction factor)

2 Ionization Rate vs. Gun Voltage

The ion production rate (i.e. change in number density over time) is given by Reiser[1]

$$\frac{dn}{dt} = n_b n_g \sigma_i v = n_b n_g \sigma_i \beta_e c \quad (1)$$

We would like to rewrite the ion production rate as a function of voltage (or really in terms of beam energy T_e). We can start by rewriting β_e in terms of T_e :

$$\begin{aligned}
T_e &= (\gamma - 1) m_e c^2 \\
\gamma &= 1 + \frac{T_e}{m_e c^2} \\
\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \beta_e^2}} &= 1 + \frac{T_e}{m_e c^2} \\
1 - \beta_e^2 &= \left(\frac{1}{1 + \frac{T_e}{m_e c^2}} \right)^2 = \left(\frac{m_e c^2}{m_e c^2 + T_e} \right)^2 \\
\beta_e^2 &= 1 - \left(\frac{m_e c^2}{m_e c^2 + T_e} \right)^2
\end{aligned} \tag{2}$$

The numerical equation for the ionization cross section given by Reiser [1]

$$\begin{aligned}
\sigma_i [\text{m}^2] &= \frac{1.872 \times 10^{-24} A_1}{\beta_e^2} f(T_e) [\ln(7.515 \times 10^4 A_2 \beta_e^2 \gamma^2) - \beta_e^2] \\
f(T_e) &= \frac{I_i}{T_e} \left(\frac{T_e}{I_i} - 1 \right) \\
A_1 &= M^2 \\
A_2 &= \frac{e^{\frac{C}{M^2}}}{7.515 \times 10^4}
\end{aligned} \tag{3}$$

Plugging in equation (2) into (3) yields:

$$\begin{aligned}
\sigma_i(T_e) &= \frac{1.872 \times 10^{-24} A_1}{1 - \left(\frac{m_e c^2}{m_e c^2 + T_e} \right)^2} \frac{I_i}{T_e} \left(\frac{T_e}{I_i} - 1 \right) \times \\
&\quad \ln \left[7.515 \times 10^4 A_2 \left(1 - \left(\frac{m_e c^2}{m_e c^2 + T_e} \right)^2 \right) \left(1 + \frac{T_e}{m_e c^2} \right)^2 \right] - \left(1 - \left(\frac{m_e c^2}{m_e c^2 + T_e} \right)^2 \right)
\end{aligned} \tag{4}$$

We can then plug (2) and (4) into (1) to yield a relationship between $\frac{dn}{dt}$ and T_e . Using Mathematica, this relationship can be shown graphically below for each gas species. We see that for each gas species, the graph has a zero at the ionization energy and is dominated by the logarithm in σ_i for high beam energies.

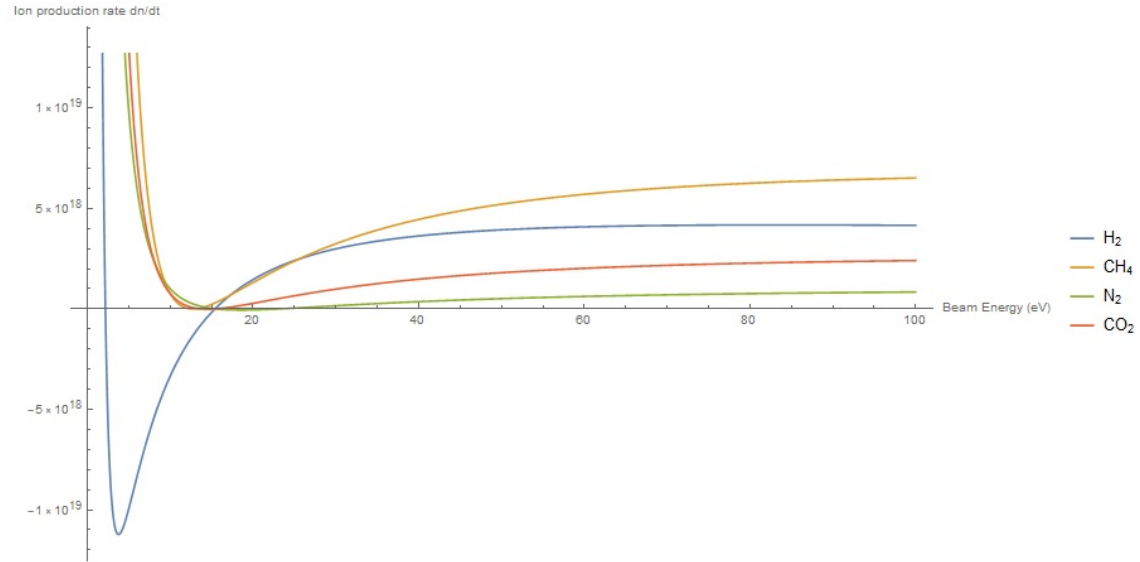


Figure 2: Ion production rate as a function of low beam energies for the gas species found in the RGA spectrum excluding CH_3 and CH_2 .

References

- [1] Martin Reiser. *Theory and Design of Charged Particle Beams*. Wiley VCH Verlag GmbH, 2008.