Generation and Characterization of Magnetized Bunched Electron Beam from DC Photogun for MEIC Cooler

Milestones

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Year 1

• Q1:

- 1. HV condition gun at 350 kV and commission k_2 CsSb preparation chamber
- 2. Design beamline to locate magnets and diagnostics at optimum positions
- 3. Design gun solenoid magnet or Helmholtz coil-pair
- 4. Design skew quad magnets and slits

• Q2:

- 1. Commission exiting beamline
- 2. Measure photocathode lifetime at 5 mA and 350 kV (with zero field)
- 3. Relocate old CEBAF arc dipole power supply to GTS
- 4. Procure gun solenoid magnet or Helmholtz coil-pair
- 5. Procure skew quad magnets and slits

• Q3:

- 1. Assemble new beamline and commission with beam
- 2. Install gun solenoid magnet or Helmholtz coil-pair

• Q4:

1. Measure mechanical angular momentum vs magnetization and laser size

Year 2

- Q1:
 - 1. Measure mechanical angular momentum vs magnetization and laser size
 - 2. Benchmark simulation against measurements
- Q2:
 - 1. Measure mechanical angular momentum vs bunch charge and bunch length
 - 2. Benchmark simulation against measurements
- Q3:
 - 1. Generate very high currents magnetized beam and study beam transport vs electron bunch charge
- Q4:
 - 1. Generate flat beam with three skew quads RTFB Transformer and measure horizontal and vertical emittances using slit method

Year 3

- Q1:
 - 1. Measure RTFB transformation versus electron bunch charge
 - 2. Use simulation to quantify how good or complete RTFB transform
- Q2:
 - 1. Measure photocathode lifetime vs solenoid field at 5 mA and 350 kV
 - 2. Study beam halo and beam loss vs magnetization
- Q3:
 - 1. Change to 32 mA and 200 kV HV supply
- Q4:
 - 1. Measure photocathode lifetime vs solenoid field at 32 mA and 200 kV
 - 2. Study beam halo and beam loss vs magnetization