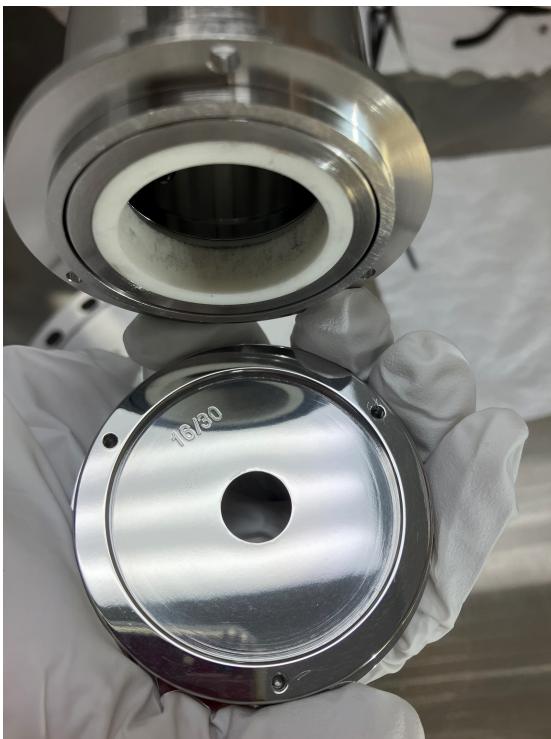


R30-4 gun S&A during electrode assembly installation and laser retro- reflection evaluation

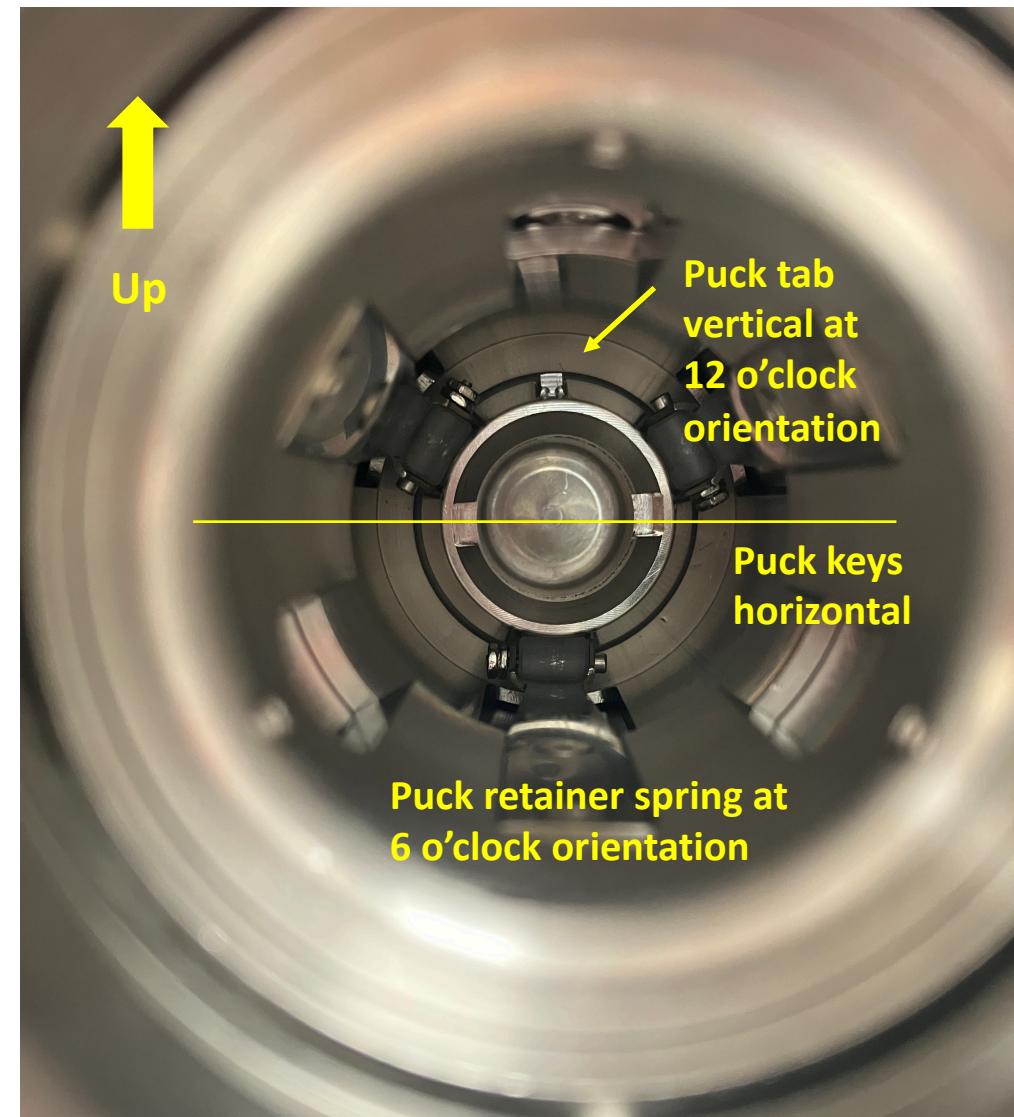
C. Hernandez-Garcia, G. Palacios-Serrano, M. Stutzman, B. Mares, C. Gould,
S. Hardisty, R. Ammons

April 2024

R30-4 gun electrode assembled on April 25, 2024
with 16/30 front end

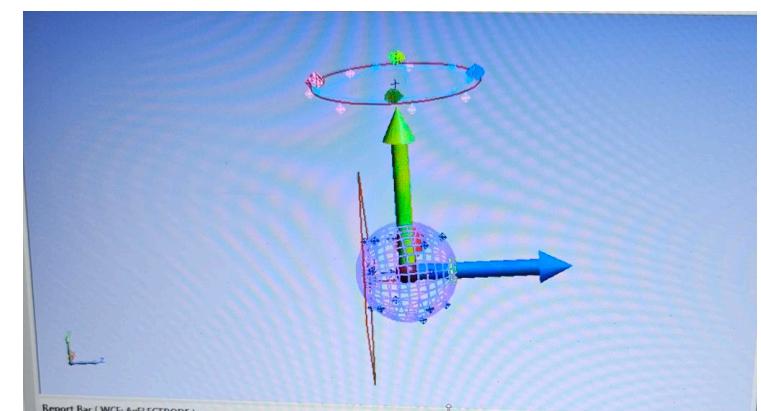
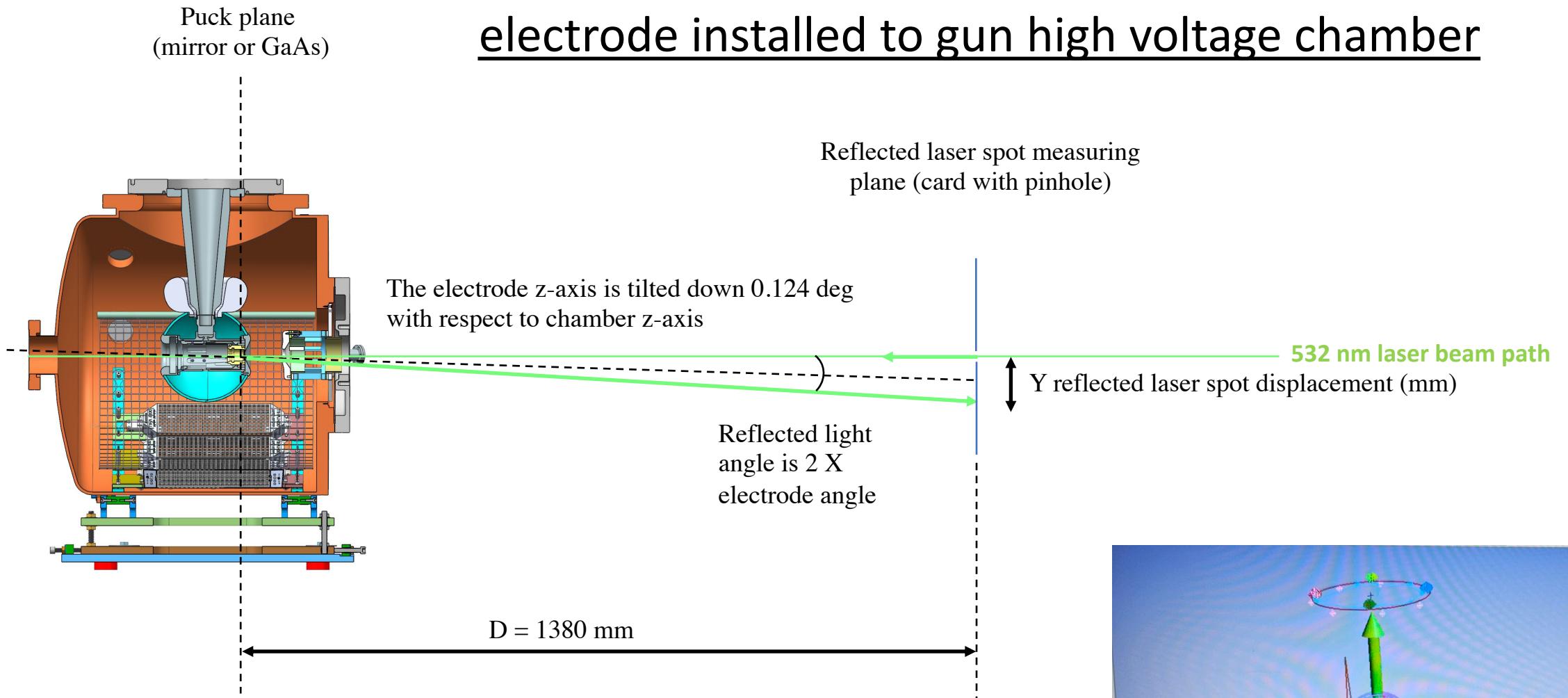


R30-4 gun puck retainer assembly orientation



R30-4 back end zoomed in showing orientation of puck
retainer assembly to be used for installing puck with
ear (tab) up

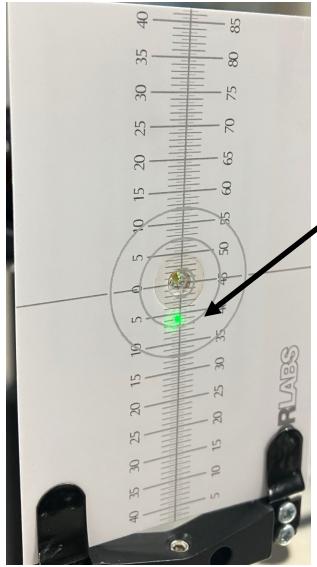
S&A setup to evaluate laser retro-reflection with R30-4 electrode installed to gun high voltage chamber



S&A reports that the electrode z-axis is 0.124 deg pointing down wrt to the gun HVC z-axis

Laser colinear with R30-4 gun high voltage chamber z-axis

Mirror puck
ear up



Mirror puck

$$\theta = \text{atan}(Y/D)$$

$$Y = 6 \text{ mm}$$

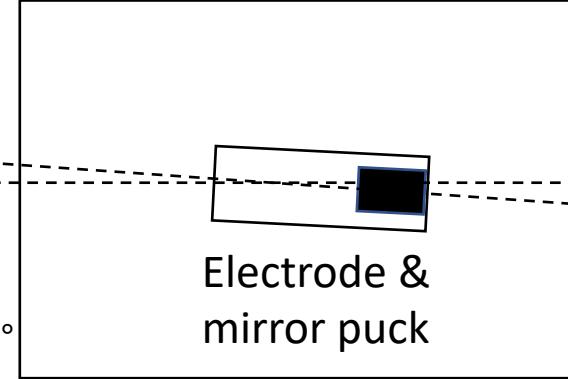
$$D = 1380 \text{ mm}$$

$$\theta = 0.249^\circ$$

$$\text{Electrode z-axis angle} = \theta/2 = 0.124^\circ$$

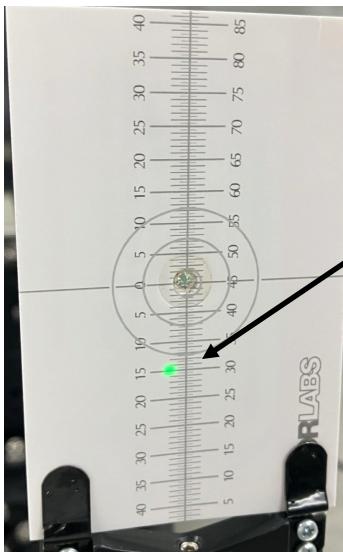
Agrees with S&A measurement

High voltage chamber



$$\theta = 0.124^\circ$$

GaAs wafer on Moly
puck # 35 ear up



GaAs on Moly puck # 35.

$$\theta = \text{atan}(Y/D)$$

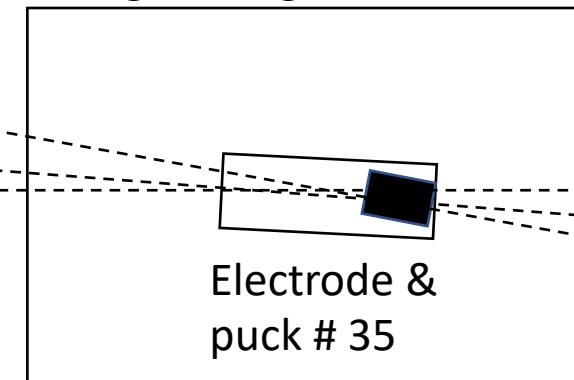
$$Y = 15 \text{ mm}$$

$$D = 1380 \text{ mm}$$

$$\theta = 0.624^\circ$$

$$\text{GaAs puck # 35 z-axis angle} = \theta/2 = 0.312^\circ$$

High voltage chamber



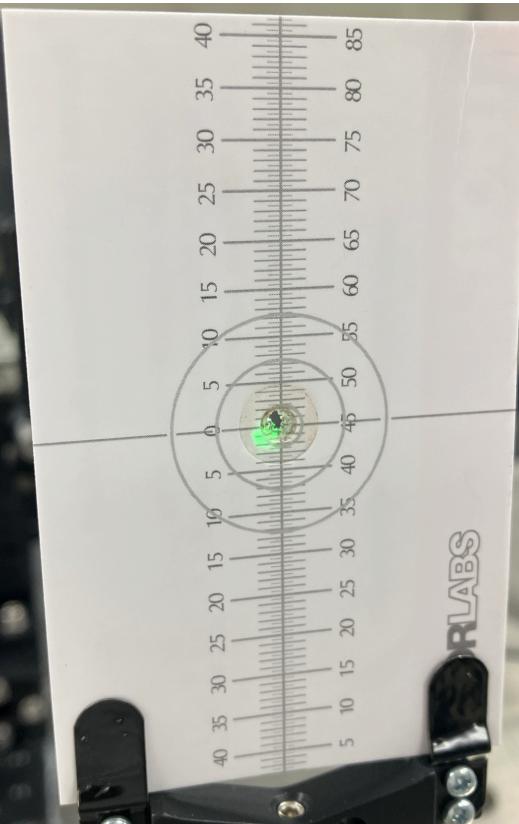
$$\theta = 0.312^\circ$$

Is the Moly puck z-axis tilted?

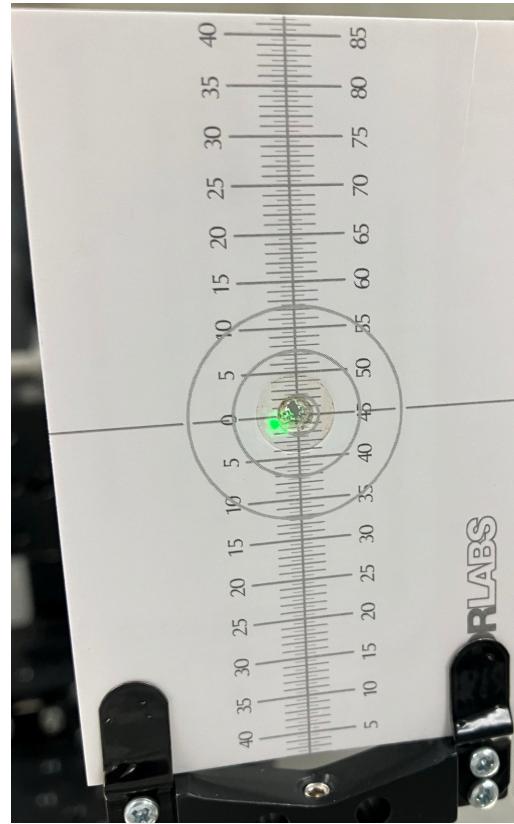
Or is the GaAs wafer plane tilted wrt to the moly puck z-axis?

Laser colinear with R30-4 gun electrode z-axis

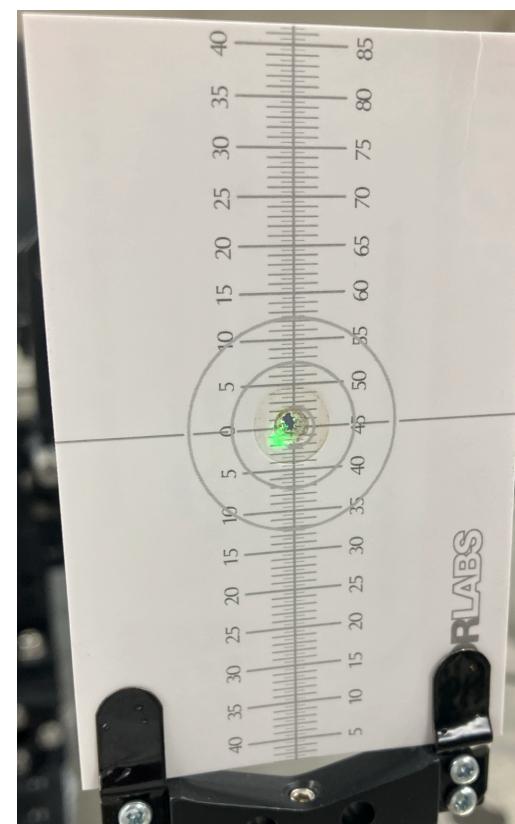
Mirror Puck



Ear to the left



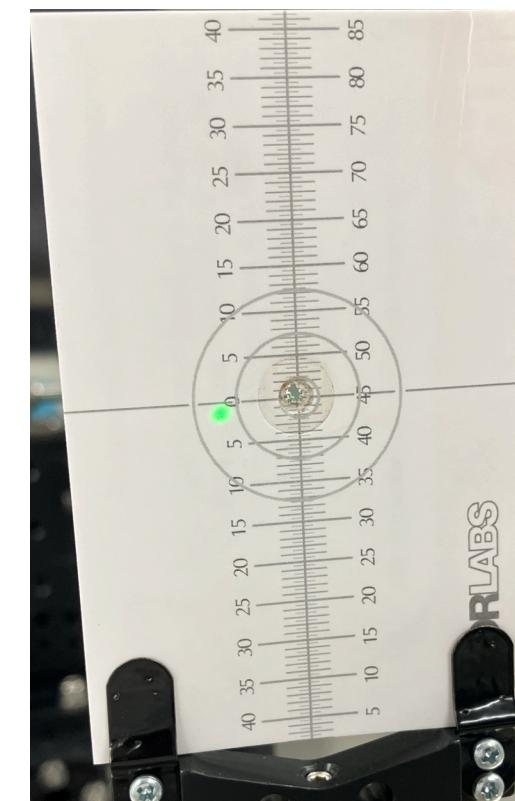
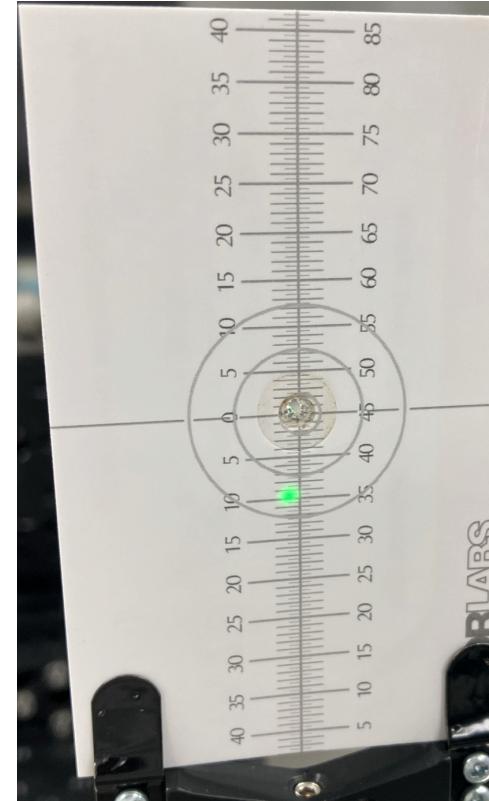
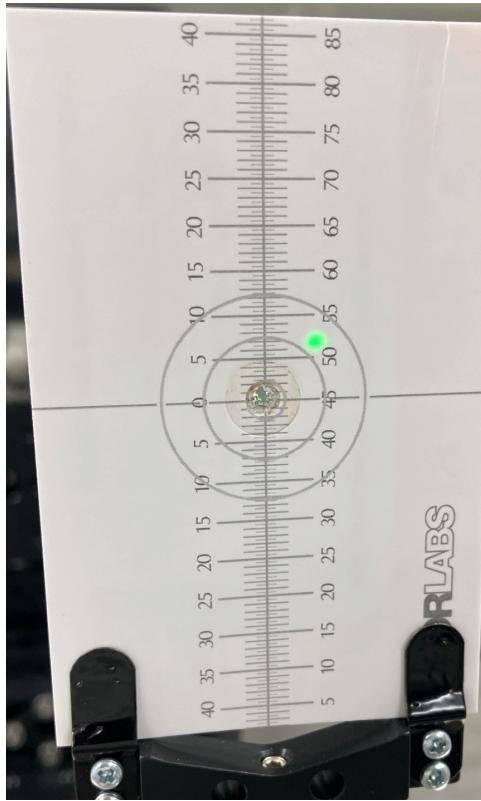
Ear up



Ear to the right

Laser colinear with R30-4 gun electrode z-axis

GaAs on Puck # 35



Ear to the left

Ear up

Ear to the right

The rotation (same $r = 9$ mm) of the reflected laser spot indicates the GaAs plane is not parallel to that of the puck

A 50 micron gap offset in the GaAs wafer wrt to the puck plane explains the observed laser retro-reflection spot displacement and rotation

