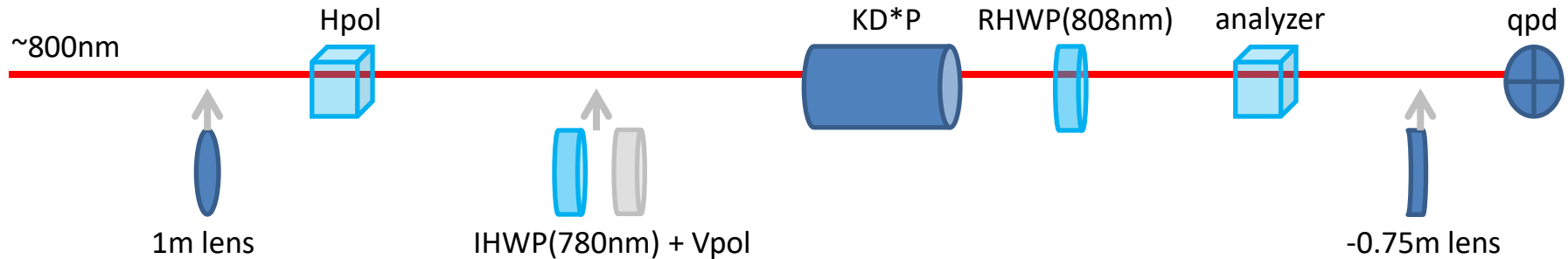


# Spot-Size Reduction

4/5/2017

# UVa Results – Reducing Spot-size Helps



- $w_{pc} = 1.35\text{mmX}, 1.46\text{mmY}$ ,  $w_{qpd} = 1.43\text{mmX}, 1.58\text{mmY}$   
– 4 $\theta$  terms  $\sim 1.3\text{-}1.5\mu\text{mX}, 0.76\text{-}1.1\mu\text{mY}$
- $w_{pc} \sim 0.324\text{mmX}, 0.341\text{mmY}$ ,  $w_{qpd} = 0.886\text{mmX}, 0.891\text{mmY} \sim \mathbf{7x}$   
– 4 $\theta$  terms (NOT realigned)  $\sim 2.2\text{-}3.1\mu\text{mX}, 2.5\text{-}4.3\mu\text{mY}$   
– 4 $\theta$  terms(aligned)  $\sim 0.29\text{-}0.27\mu\text{mX}, 0.24\mu\text{m}\text{-}0.09\mu\text{mY} \sim 5.2x$
- $w_{pc} = 0.324\text{mmX}, 0.341\text{mmY}$ ,  $w_{qpd} = 2.06\text{mmX}, 1.907\text{mmY} \sim \mathbf{3x}$   
– 4 $\theta$  terms  $\sim 0.47\text{-}0.54\mu\text{mX}, 0.33\text{-}0.36\mu\text{mY} \sim 2.7x$

$$4\theta \text{ terms} \sim w_{pc} * w_{qpd}$$

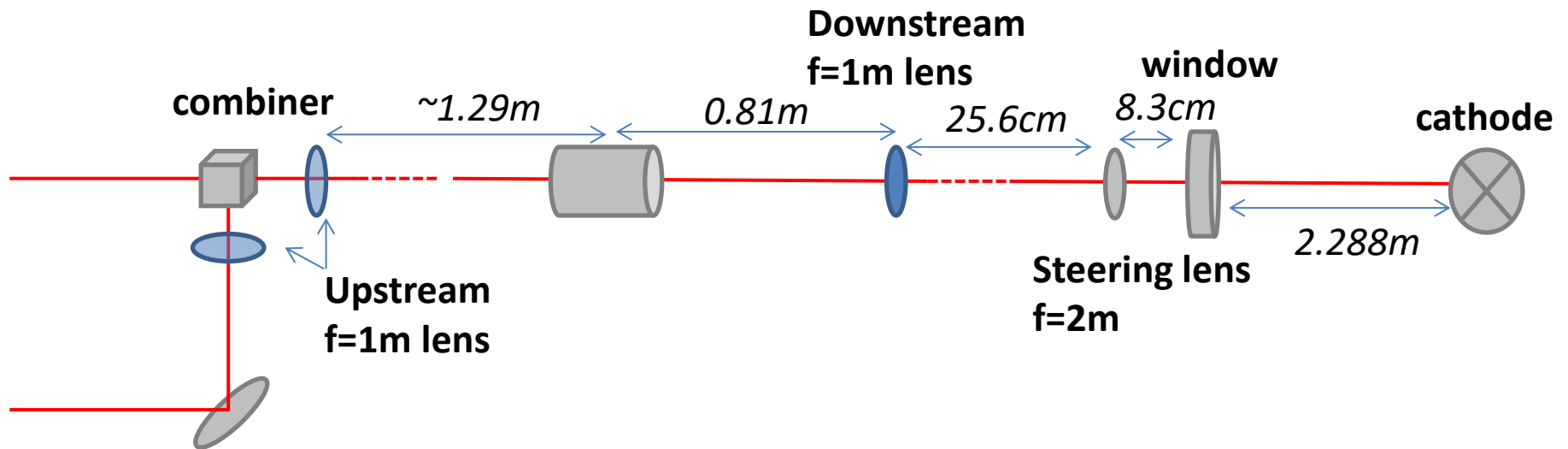
# 3 scenarios (Injector Table)

1. Now:  $w_{pc}=1.9\text{mm}$ ,  $w_c=1.1\text{mm}$
2. Upstream 1m lens ( $z=-1.29\text{m}$ ):  $w_{pc}=0.53\text{mm}$ ,  $w_c=0.85\text{mm}$
3. Up+Downstream( $z=0.81$ ) 1m lenses:  $w_{pc}=0.53$ ,  $w_c=1.1\text{mm}$
4. *A 1m lens 0.2m after the Pockels cell, would keep the wpc the same=1.9mm and enlarge the wc from 1.1mm to 2.05mm (so  $4\sigma\sim 4\text{mm}$ ).*

Scenario #2 has a  $\sim 20\%$  spot size reduction on the cathode

Scenario #3 goes through a focus after the vacuum window

# Layout (Conceptual)



**Different  
Halls  
Beams**

- May have Upstream Lens before or after combiner (either affecting all Halls or affecting only Hall A)
- Upstream lens permanently installed
- May keep downstream lens installed or not (20% spot size difference on cathode)

# Predictions

(not including vacuum window or  $2\theta$  terms)

- NOW: model UVa KD\*P, Jlab spotsizes
  - $\sim 100\text{nm}$  offsets,  $10\text{-}40\text{nm}$   $4\theta$  terms
  - Measure bpm0l01 first after cathode  $25\text{-}45\text{nm}$   $4\theta$
- 1m lens upstream: model UVa KD\*P, Jlab predicted spotsizes
  - $20\text{-}30\text{nm}$  offsets,  $<10\text{nm}$   $4\theta$  terms
- +Photocathode Rotation
  - ( $<5\text{nm}$  offsets &  $4\theta$  terms prediction)
  - Really beneficial for the vacuum window birefringence gradient which is not modeled here...but is important

# Resources Needed

- 2  $f=1\text{m}$  lenses (we have 2 at UVa, but for permanent Jlab installation, so maybe order lenses for the week after next)
- 2 4-axis lens mounts (pitch, yaw, X, Y)
- Control over the helicity board
- 3-5mW of Hall A laser for alignment (CW or pulsed, either is fine)
- Hall A Electron beam  $>20\mu\text{A}$  ( $70\mu\text{A}$  is good) going up to at least FC1
- (Conditions of injector beamline should be as if accelerator were going to run  $70\mu\text{A}$  of 1GeV beam, or  $150\mu\text{A}$  of 2GeV beam)
- *Walk-through of injector laser for Amali (M)*
- *Someone in control room who can change beam current, turn on/off autogaining on bpms (M morn., T even., W morn., W even., Th morn., Fri morn.)*
- *Electron beam (M morn, M aft., T even., W, Th 3x, F)*
- *Access to injector laser room (M even., T, W aft., Th 3x, F morn.)*
- *Someone who can get the laser to give us 3-5mW of Hall A laser beam (M even., T, W aft., Th 3x, F morn.)*
- *Someone who can help us rotate the photocathode Angle (Th 3x, F morn)*

# Plan

- Day1 - benchmarking, bpm/bcm calibration, RHWP scans (#1), QPD laser setup
- Day2 - QPD setup, camera measurements, lens alignment, PC realignment, maybe RHWP scans(#2)
- Day3 – bpm/bcm calibration, RHWP scans(#2), downstream lens insertion, camera measurements, bpm/bcm calibration, RHWP scans(#3)
- Day4 - Photocathode rotation, bpm/bcm calibration, RHWP scan (repeat 3X)
- Day5 – Final photocathode angle selection, bpm/bcm calibration, RHWP scan (final)

# Day1

- Day1 benchmarking
- **Morning – bcm/bpm calibration**
- *Need someone in control room who can change beam current, turn on/off autogaining on bpms*
- HallA Electron beam >20uA (70uA is good) going up to at least FC1
- BCM/BPM calibration scan - 5uA steps of current up to max current, auto gaining on injector bpms off
- Autogaining of injector bpms back on
- **Afternoon – RHWP scans**
- 4 RHWP scans (IHWP in/out PITA 0/ PITA non-zero) – 2 hours
- Tweak Pockels cell translation – 1 hour
- Repeat 4 RHWP scans (IHWP in/out PITA 0/ PITA non-zero) – 2 hours
- **Evening –laser QPD setup**
- *Need Access to injector laser room*
- *Need someone who can get the laser to give us 3-5mW of Hall A laser beam*
- Setup pick off to QPD



# Day 2

- Day 2 upstream lens insertion and PC re-alignment
- **Morning – QPD setup, camera measurements, lens alignment**
- *Need Access to injector laser room*
- *Need someone who can get the laser to give us 3-5mW of Hall A laser beam*
- 3-5mW Hall A laser (CW or pulsed, either is fine)
- Finish Setup of QPD pickoff / calibration
- *CHECK PC alignment with no analyzer (steering) and Aq in S2 (do PITA scan to make sure in S2)*
- Get spiricon measure of spot size at cathode
- Repeat measure of spot size at pockels cell (will bring our own spiricon for this)
- Insert 1m lens upstream of Pockels Cell at predetermined z-position  $z=...$
- measure of spot size at pockels cell (will bring our own spiricon for this)
- Measure divergence of laser at Pockels cell
- Measure spiricon spot size at cathode
- *Measure spot size at vacuum window(if possible)*
- Measure spot size at QPD
- **Afternoon – PC realignment**
- Calibrate QPD
- Check PC alignment starting point– S1, S2, no anal, RHWP scan
- Align Pockels cell
- **Evening – PC realignment (maybe RHWP scans)**
- *PC alignment*

# Day 3

- Day 3 PC -RHWP scans + downstream lens insertion
- **Morning – RHWP scans**
- *Need someone in control room who can change beam current, turn on/off autogaining on bpms*
- HallA Electron beam >20uA (70uA is good) going up to at least FC1
- BCM/BPM calibration scan - 5uA steps of current up to max current, auto gaining on injector bpms off
- Autogaining of injector bpms back on
- 4 RHWP scans (IHWP in/out PITA 0/ PITA non-zero) – 2-4 hours
- **Afternoon – downstream lens insertion + camera measurements**
- *Need Access to injector laser room*
- *Need someone who can get the laser to give us 3-5mW of Hall A laser beam*
- 3-5mW Hall A laser (CW or pulsed, either is fine)
- Insert 1m lens downstream of Pockels Cell at predetermined z-position **z=...**
- Measure spiricon spot size at cathode
- *Measure spot size at vacuum window (if possible)*
- **Evening – bpm/bcm calibration + RHWP scans**
- *Need someone in control room who can change beam current, turn on*
- HallA Electron beam >20uA (70uA is good) going up to at least FC1
- 4 RHWP scans (IHWP in/out PITA 0/ PITA non-zero) – 2-4 hours
- **decide to keep downstream lens or remove + RHWP scans**
- *Need Access to injector laser room*
- Remove 1m lens downstream of PC (if decided)

# Day 4

- Day 4 Photocathode rotation
- **Morning**
- *Need Access to injector room*
- *Need someone who can help us rotate the photocathode Angle #2*
- HallA Electron beam >20uA (70uA is good) going up to at least FC1
- *Need someone in control room who can change beam current, turn on/off autogaining on bpms*
- HallA Electron beam >20uA (70uA is good) going up to at least FC1
- BCM/BPM calibration scan - 5uA steps of current up to max current, auto gaining on injector bpms off
- Autogaining of injector bpms back on
- 4 RHWP scans (IHWP in/out PITA 0/ PITA non-zero) – 2-4 hours
- **Afternoon**
- *Need Access to injector room*
- *Need someone who can help us rotate the photocathode Angle #3*
- HallA Electron beam >20uA (70uA is good) going up to at least FC1
- 4 RHWP scans (IHWP in/out PITA 0/ PITA non-zero) – 2-4 hours
- **Evening**
- *Need Access to injector room*
- *Need someone who can help us rotate the photocathode Angle #4*
- HallA Electron beam >20uA (70uA is good) going up to at least FC1
- 4 RHWP scans (IHWP in/out PITA 0/ PITA non-zero) – 2-4 hours

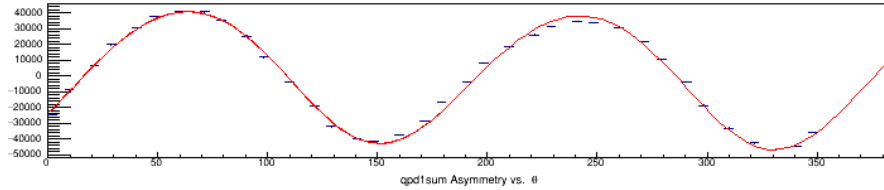
# Day 5

- Day 5 Photocathode rotation final
- **Morning/Afternoon/Evening**
- *Need Access to injector room*
- *Need someone who can help us rotate the photocathode FINAL ANGLE*
- HallA Electron beam  $>20\mu\text{A}$  ( $70\mu\text{A}$  is good) going up to at least FC1
- 4 RHWP scans (IHWP in/out PITA 0/ PITA non-zero) – 2-4 hours
- PC translation to optimize
- 4 RHWP scans (IHWP in/out PITA 0/ PITA non-zero) – 2-4 hours

$$w_{pc} = 1.35\text{mmX}, 1.46\text{mmY}, w_{qpd} = 1.43\text{mmX}, 1.58\text{mmY}$$

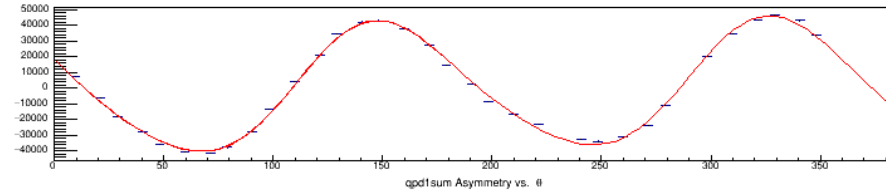
UVA data

RHWP scan, Run 3928, IHWP OUT, qpd1, PITA = 0

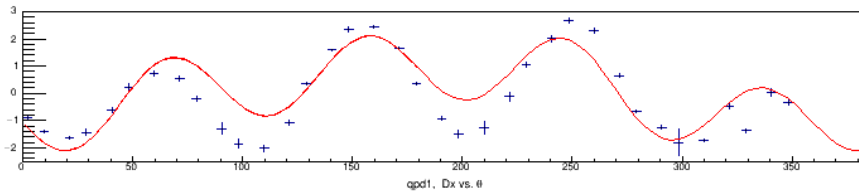


$$Aq = -958.35 + -2338.94 \sin(1x + 152.78) + -42100.45 \sin(2x + 146.72) + 1898.59 \sin(4x + 45.67)$$

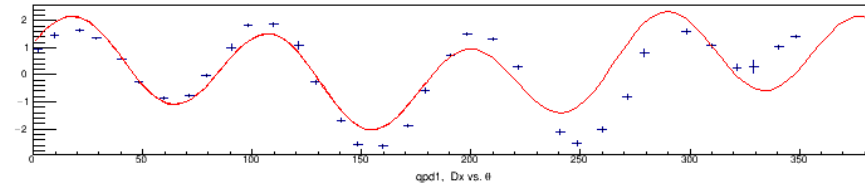
RHWP scan, Run 3929, IHWP IN, qpd1, PITA = 0



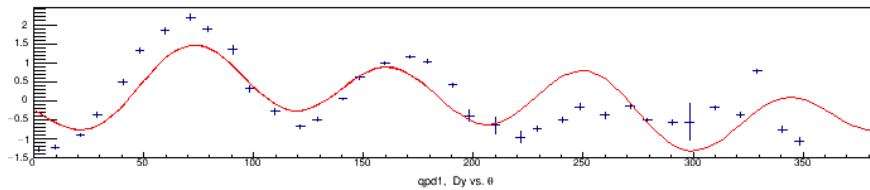
$$Aq = 378.71 + 2431.11 \sin(1x + 170.57) + 40793.87 \sin(2x + 148.38) + -4318.21 \sin(4x + 76.52)$$



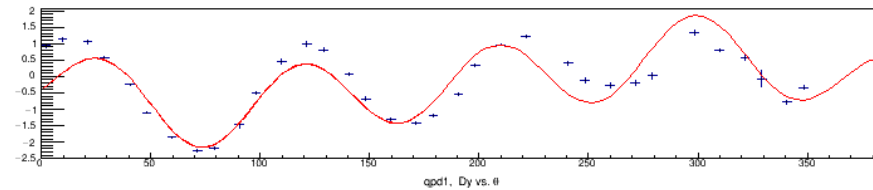
$$Dx = 0.10 + -1.01 \sin(x + 93.11) + -0.25 \sin(2x + 146.25) + -1.30 \sin(4x + 2.91)$$



$$Dx = 0.23 + 0.73 \sin(x + 105.34) + -0.18 \sin(2x + 63.61) + 1.50 \sin(4x + 15.66)$$



$$Dy = 0.04 + -0.53 \sin(x + 148.36) + -0.33 \sin(2x + 136.20) + 0.76 \sin(4x + 162.97)$$



$$Dy = -0.17 + 0.78 \sin(x + 168.29) + 0.28 \sin(2x + 164.66) + -1.10 \sin(4x + 155.40)$$

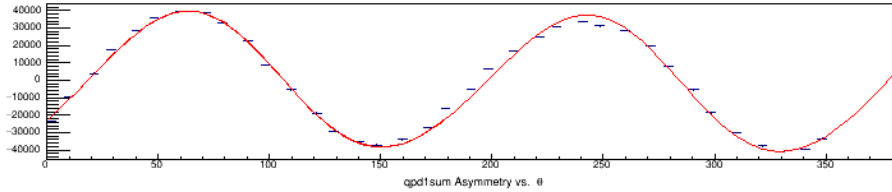
4θ terms

$$1.3\mu\text{m}(\text{IHWPout})/1.5\mu\text{m}(\text{IHWPIn})X, 0.76\mu\text{m}(\text{IHWPout})/1.1\mu\text{m}(\text{IHWPIn})Y$$

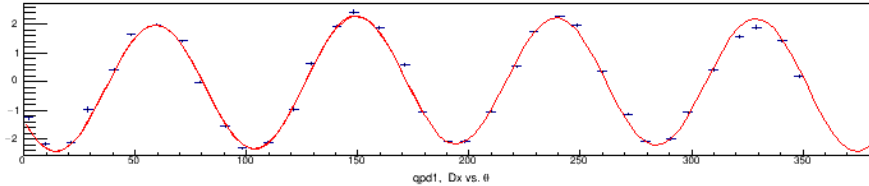
wpcx<=0.324mmX,0.341mmY wqpdX~0.886mmX,~0.891mmY  
PC NOT realigned, angle=(1mrad yaw,6mrad pitch)

UVA data

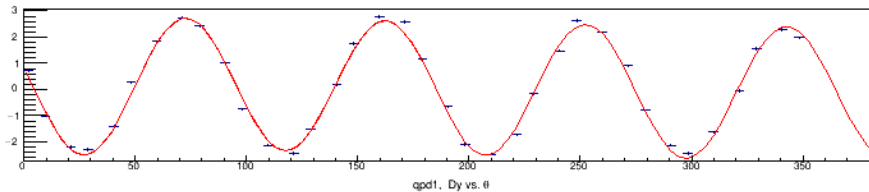
**RHWP scan, Run 3938, IHWP OUT, qpd1, PITA =0**



$$Aq = -1193.40 + -1605.97 \sin(1x + 154.47) + -39045.82 \sin(2x + 146.64) + 1345.18 \sin(4x + 149.34)$$

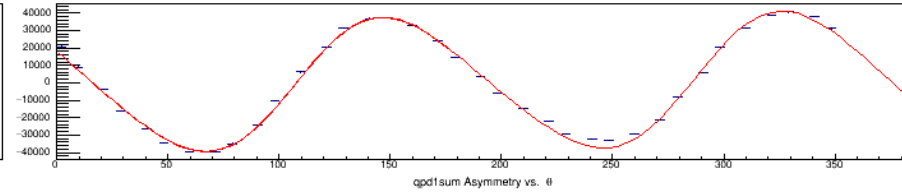


$$Dx = -0.06 + -0.13 \sin(x*1 + 51.00) + 0.07 \sin(2x + 158.24) + -2.23 \sin(4x + 33.65) - Aq*0.00016880$$

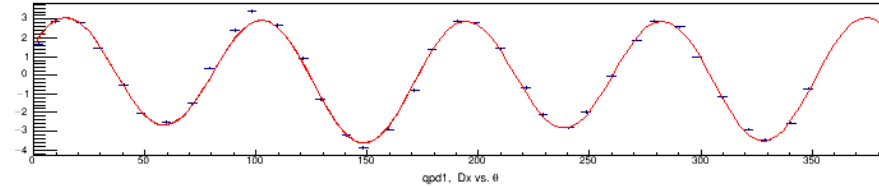


$$Dy = 0.03 + -0.16 \sin(x*1 + 154.05) + -0.05 \sin(2x + 117.39) + 2.53 \sin(4x + 160.21) - Aq*0.00003150$$

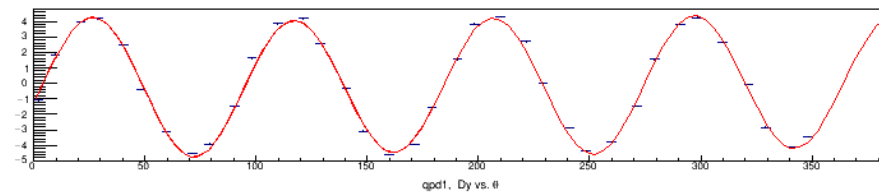
**RHWP scan, Run 3939, IHWP IN, qpd1, PITA =0**



$$Aq = -38.28 + 1904.43 \sin(1x + 144.99) + 38184.48 \sin(2x + 147.64) + -3576.49 \sin(4x + 105.14)$$



$$Dx = -0.10 + 0.10 \sin(x*1 + 66.30) + -0.41 \sin(2x + 158.92) + 3.07 \sin(4x + 36.20) - Aq*0.00016880$$



$$Dy = -0.13 + 0.16 \sin(x*1 + 138.86) + 0.17 \sin(2x + 124.77) + -4.34 \sin(4x + 162.36) - Aq*0.00003150$$

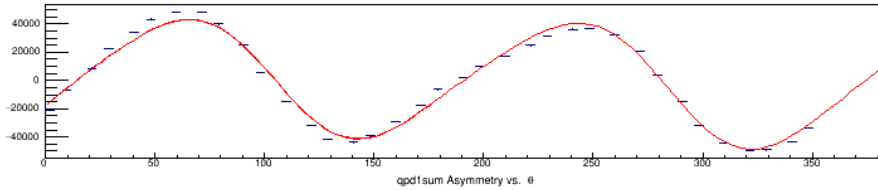
4θ terms

2.2um(IHWPOut)/3.1um(IHWPin)X, 2.5um(IHWPOut)/4.3um(IHWPin)Y

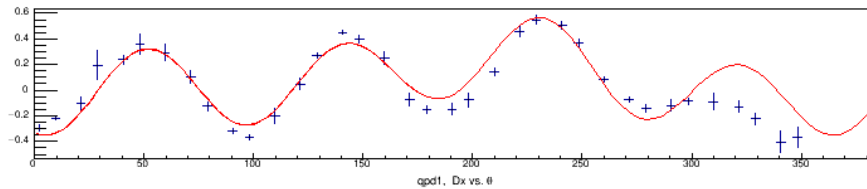
**wpcx<=0.324mmX,0.341mmY wqpdX~0.886mmX,~0.891mmY**  
**PC realigned, angle = (-0.3mrad yaw, 5.5mrad pitch)**

UVA data

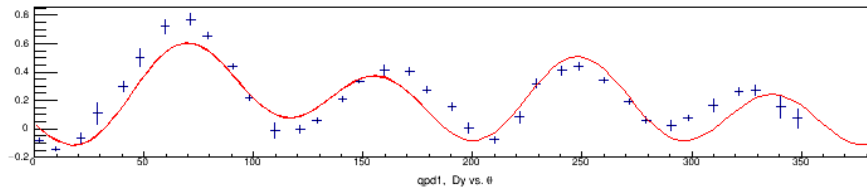
**RHWP scan, Run 3955, IHWP OUT, qpd1, PITA =13**



$$Aq = -616.04 + -3763.07 \sin(1x + 136.19) + -42401.76 \sin(2x + 154.13) + 4843.15 \sin(4x + 116.31)$$

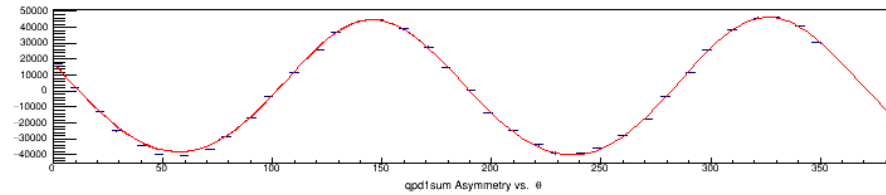


$$Dx = 0.07 + -0.15 \sin(x*1 + 72.17) + 0.08 \sin(2x + 0.42) + -0.29 \sin(4x + 63.97) - Aq*0.00000015$$

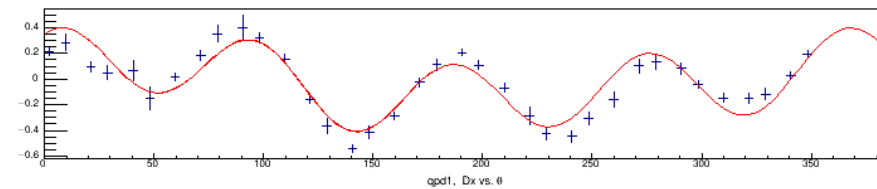


$$Dy = 0.19 + -0.08 \sin(x*1 + 148.76) + -0.13 \sin(2x + 113.67) + 0.24 \sin(4x + 179.40) - Aq*0.00001758$$

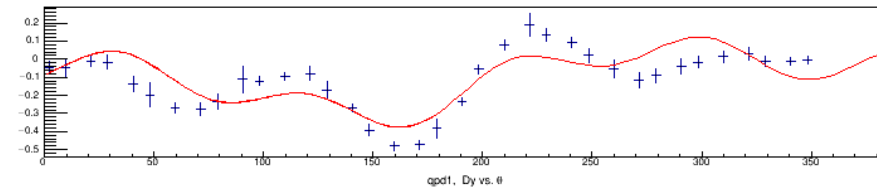
**RHWP scan, Run 3959, IHWP IN, qpd1, PITA =0**



$$Aq = 1351.67 + 1242.14 \sin(1x + 71.54) + 42276.28 \sin(2x + 157.28) + -2003.40 \sin(4x + 53.62)$$



$$Dx = -0.02 + 0.15 \sin(x*1 + 64.62) + -0.05 \sin(2x + 171.11) + 0.27 \sin(4x + 65.99) - Aq*0.00000363$$



$$Dy = -0.10 + 0.16 \sin(x*1 + 139.12) + -0.06 \sin(2x + 143.07) + -0.09 \sin(4x + 141.54) - Aq*0.00001645$$

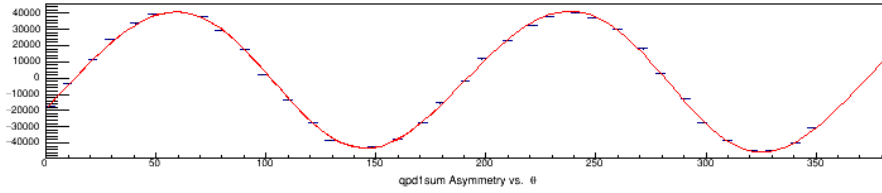
40 terms

0.29um(IHWPout)/0.27um(IHWPIn)X, 0.24um(IHWPout)/0.09um(IHWPIn)Y

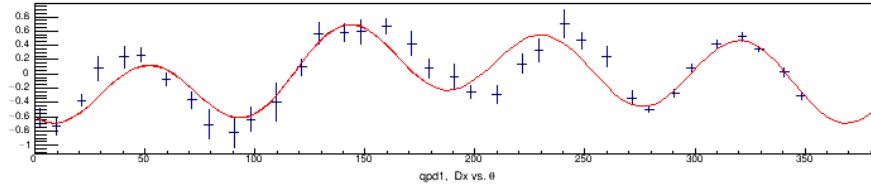
**wpcx<=0.324mmX,0.341mmY wqpdx~2.06mmX,~1.907mmY**  
**PC realigned, angle = (-0.3mrad yaw, 5.5mrad pitch)**

UVA data

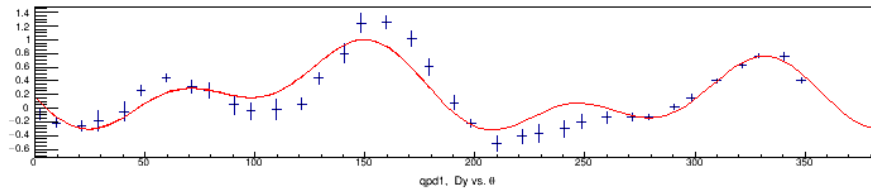
**RHWP scan, Run 3966, IHWP OUT, qpd1, PITA =0**



$$Aq = -1124.01 + -1317.14 \sin(1x + 110.43) + -42666.97 \sin(2x + 156.04) + -1319.43 \sin(4x + 285.86)$$

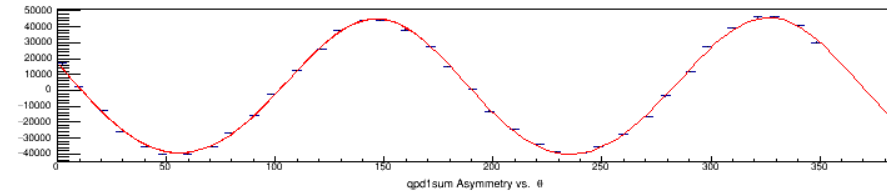


$$Dx = -0.02 + -0.24 \sin(x*1 + 65.68) + 0.13 \sin(2x + 151.02) + -0.47 \sin(4x + 64.36) - Aq*0.00000014$$

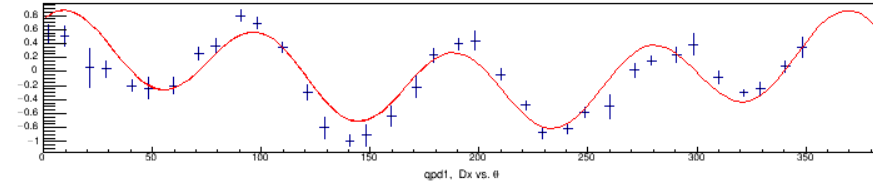


$$Dy = 0.21 + -0.15 \sin(x*1 + 156.81) + 0.39 \sin(2x + 167.80) + -0.31 \sin(4x + 15.08) - Aq*0.00002046$$

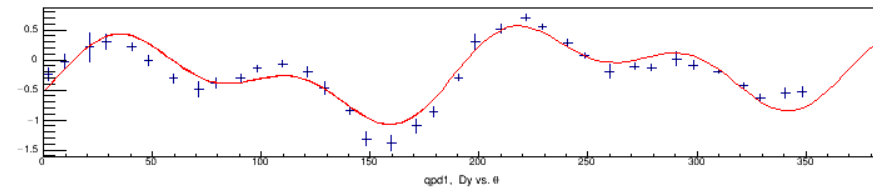
**RHWP scan, Run 3967, IHWP IN, qpd1, PITA =0**



$$Aq = 1125.97 + 578.45 \sin(1x + 85.91) + 42608.65 \sin(2x + 157.78) + -1773.13 \sin(4x + 36.94)$$



$$Dx = -0.02 + 0.32 \sin(x*1 + 63.93) + 0.06 \sin(2x + 55.77) + 0.54 \sin(4x + 55.84) - Aq*0.00000014$$



$$Dy = -0.20 + 0.19 \sin(x*1 + 163.99) + -0.48 \sin(2x + 157.50) + -0.36 \sin(4x + 149.25) - Aq*0.00002046$$

4θ terms

0.47um(IHWPout)/0.54um(IHWPin)X, 0.33um(IHWPout)/0.36um(IHWPin)Y