Simutanous Access to DVCS and DVMP at large skeweness

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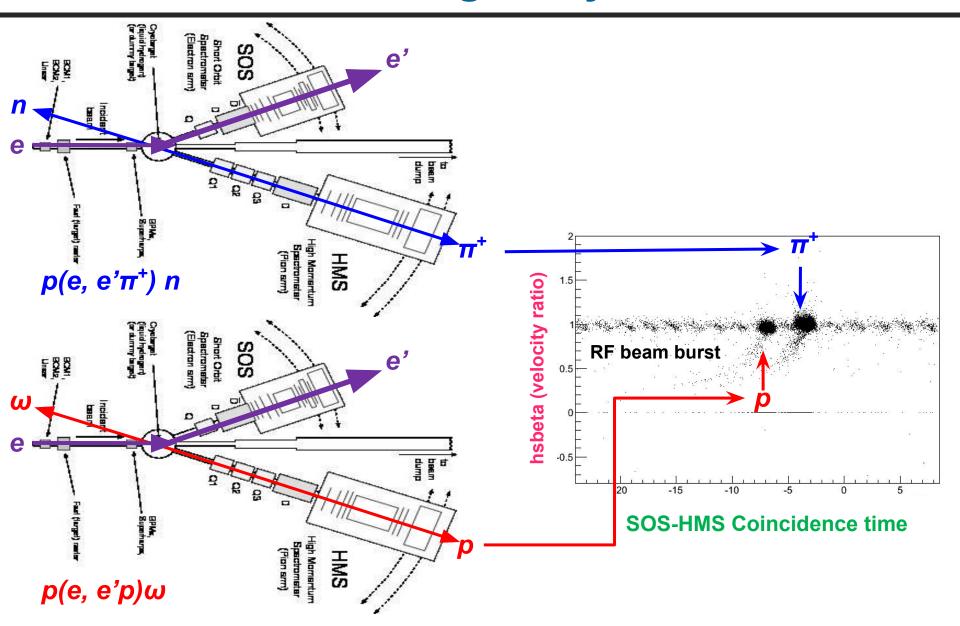




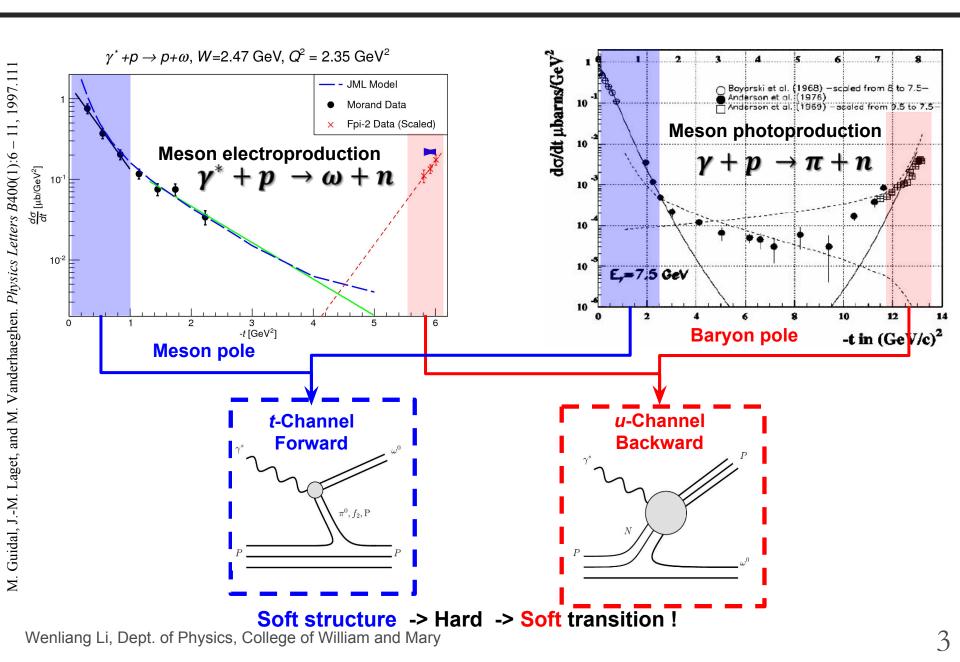




What is Backward Angle Physics

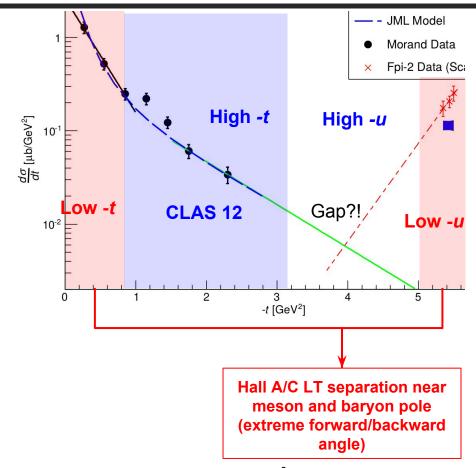


Backward Angle physics: Access to a unknown kinematics



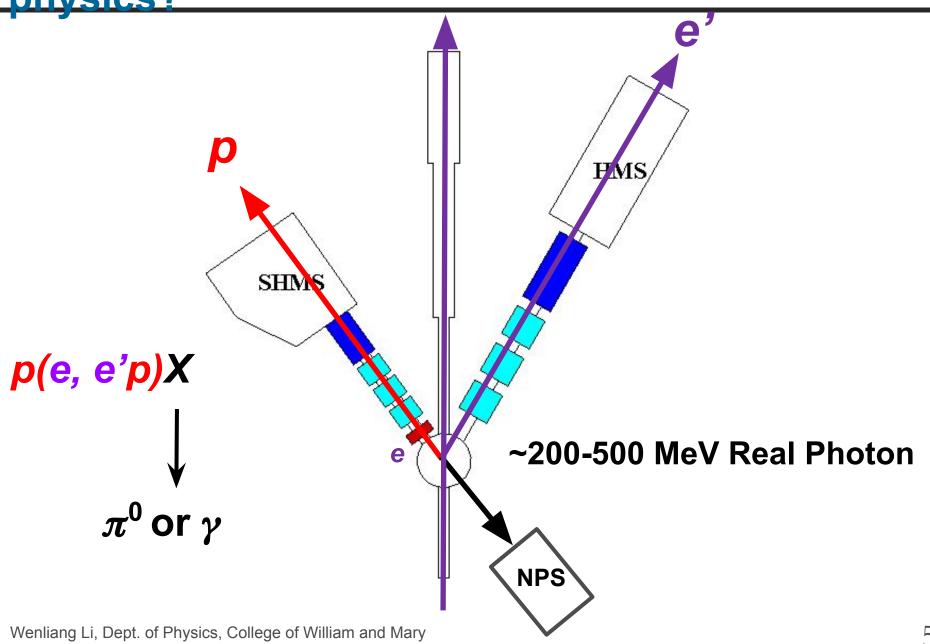
What can we learn from the backward angle observable?

- Why Now?
 - Backward angle cross section is demonstrated to be non-zero!
- Compete picture of *-t* evolution
 - Provide low -u cross section
- Regge Model
 - Study the baryon Regge pole (trajectory)
- GPD factorization at larger -t in the backward angle
 - Alternate or parallel methodology
- Quantify physics meaning of u
 - t -> impact parameter
 - s-> invariant mass
 - \circ Q² -> Resolving power
 - u -> ?
 - better understanding t leads to understand of u

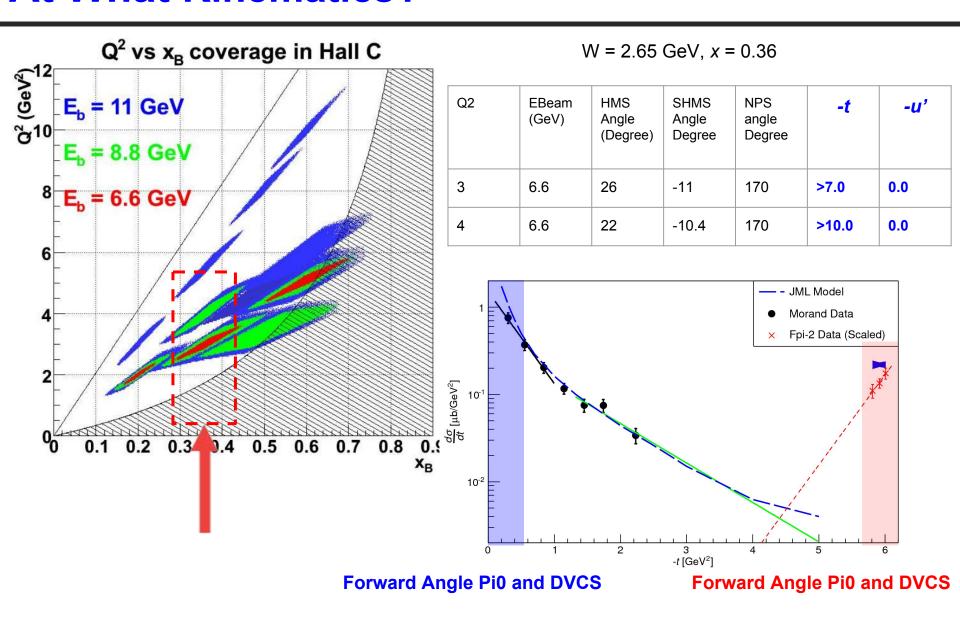


 Q^2 =1 GeV, *W*=1.5 GeV

How Do We access the backward angle physics?



At What Kinematics?



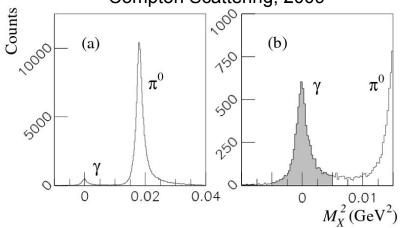
Requirements for Backward Angle DVCS and π^0 Program

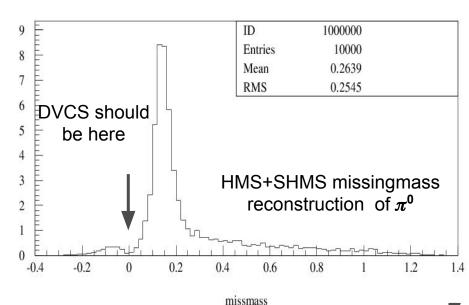
■ Backward angle π^0 Program

• $W = 2.65 \text{ GeV}, x = 0.36, Q^2 = 3, 4$ GeV

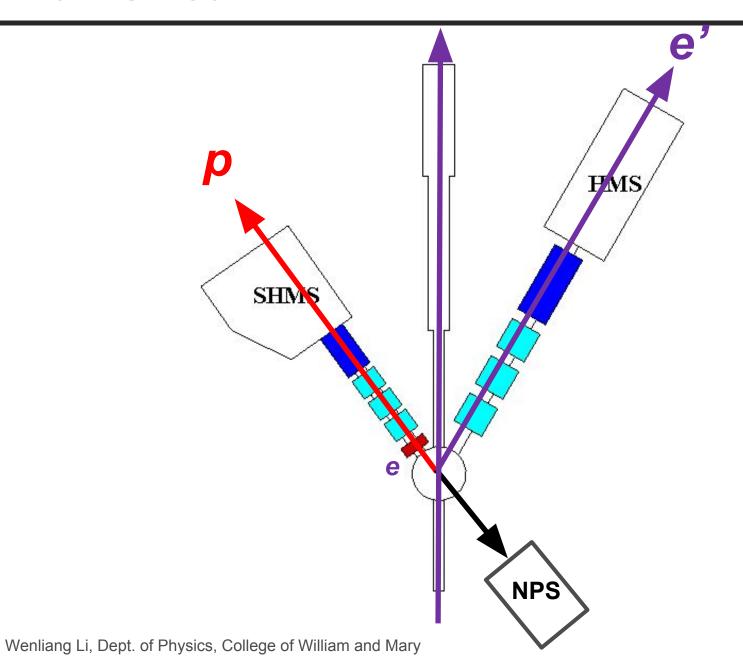
- Standard L/T Separation
 - Do nStandarSHMS + HMS
- Missing mass reconstraction method applies.
- Backward Angle DVCS Program
 - Run simultaneously with the π^0 Program
 - LT Separation?
 - Requireds NPS for ~300 MeV real photon (possible?)
 - A three ton stand required.
 - Triple conincidence
- LOI for PAC 2018

Hall A Backward Angle Virtual Compton Scattering, 2009





Thanks You



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