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Jefferson Lab

KL4 RXN AND GENERATING STEPS

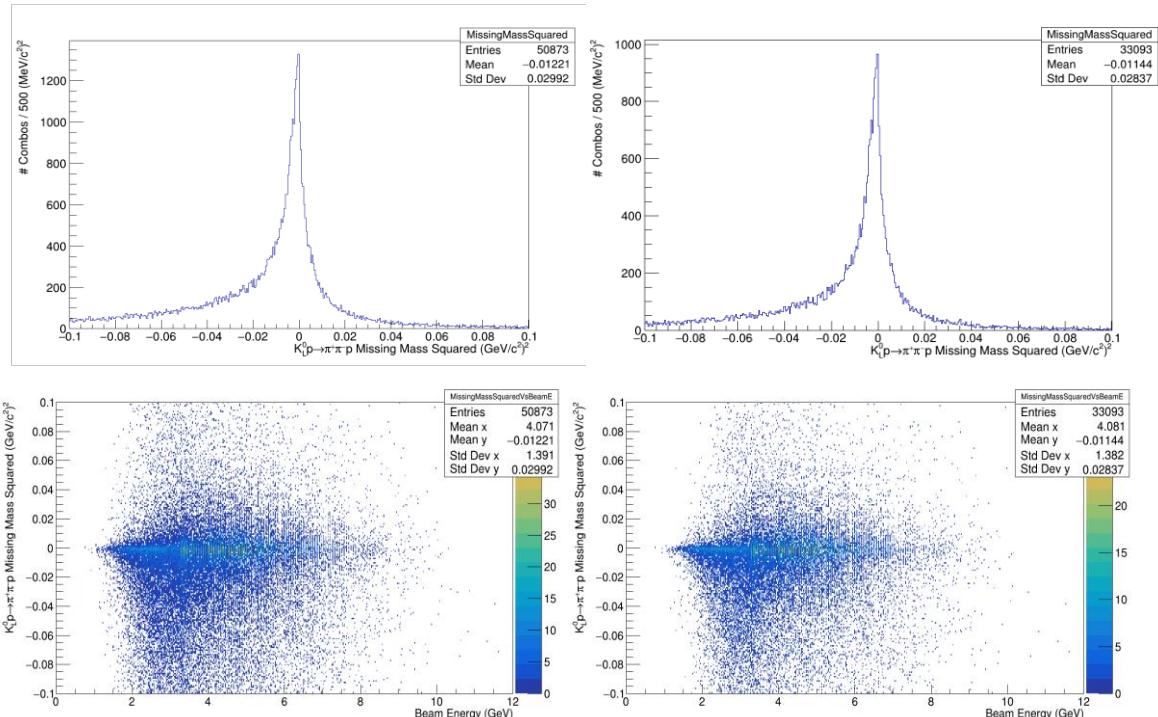
- KL4 : $K^0_L + p \rightarrow \pi^+ + \Lambda$
 - $\Lambda \rightarrow p + \pi^-$ (63.9%) ; Current priority
 - $\Lambda \rightarrow n + \pi^0$ (35.8%)
- Generated histograms/root files (Monitoring Histograms, ReactionFilter, mcthrown_tree)
 - `hd_root --nthreads=8 -PPLUGINS=PEVENTRFBUNCH:USE_TAG=KLong - PVERTEX:USEWEIGHTEDAVERAGE=1 -PPLUGINS=monitoring_hists foo_smeared.hddm`
 - `hd_root --nthreads=8 -PPLUGINS=PEVENTRFBUNCH:USE_TAG=KLong - PVERTEX:USEWEIGHTEDAVERAGE=1 -PPLUGINS=ReactionFilter -PReaction1=10_14_8_18 foo_smeared.hddm`
 - `hd_root --nthreads=8 -PPLUGINS=PEVENTRFBUNCH:USE_TAG=KLong - PVERTEX:USEWEIGHTEDAVERAGE=1 -PPLUGINS=mcthrown_tree foo_smeared.hddm`



M_x^2 PRE AND POST KINEMATIC FIT : KL4

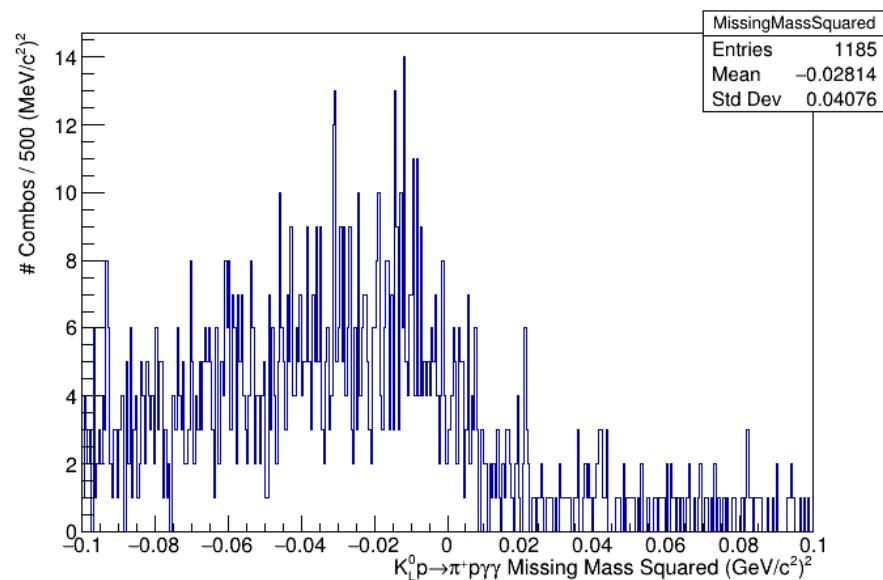
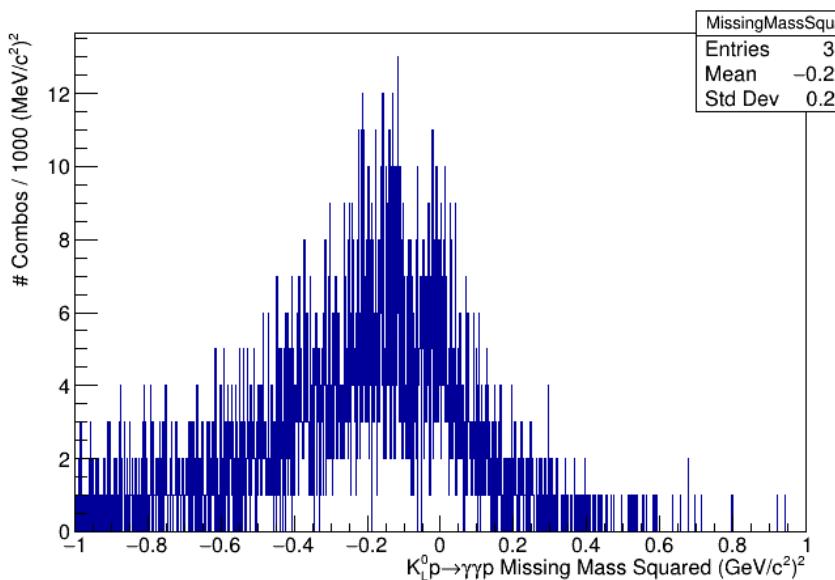
Left(Right) columns are pre(post) kinematic fitting

- Results from the rxn filter hd_root file
- More than half of the events have a negative value of M_x^2
- This is also shown in the KL5 and KL6 files.



M_x^2 POST KINEMATIC FIT : KL5 ($K_L^0 + p \rightarrow \pi^0 + \Sigma^+$) & KL6 ($K_L^0 + p \rightarrow \pi^+ + \Sigma^0$)

Right(left) plots are the M_x^2 distributions for KL5(KL6)

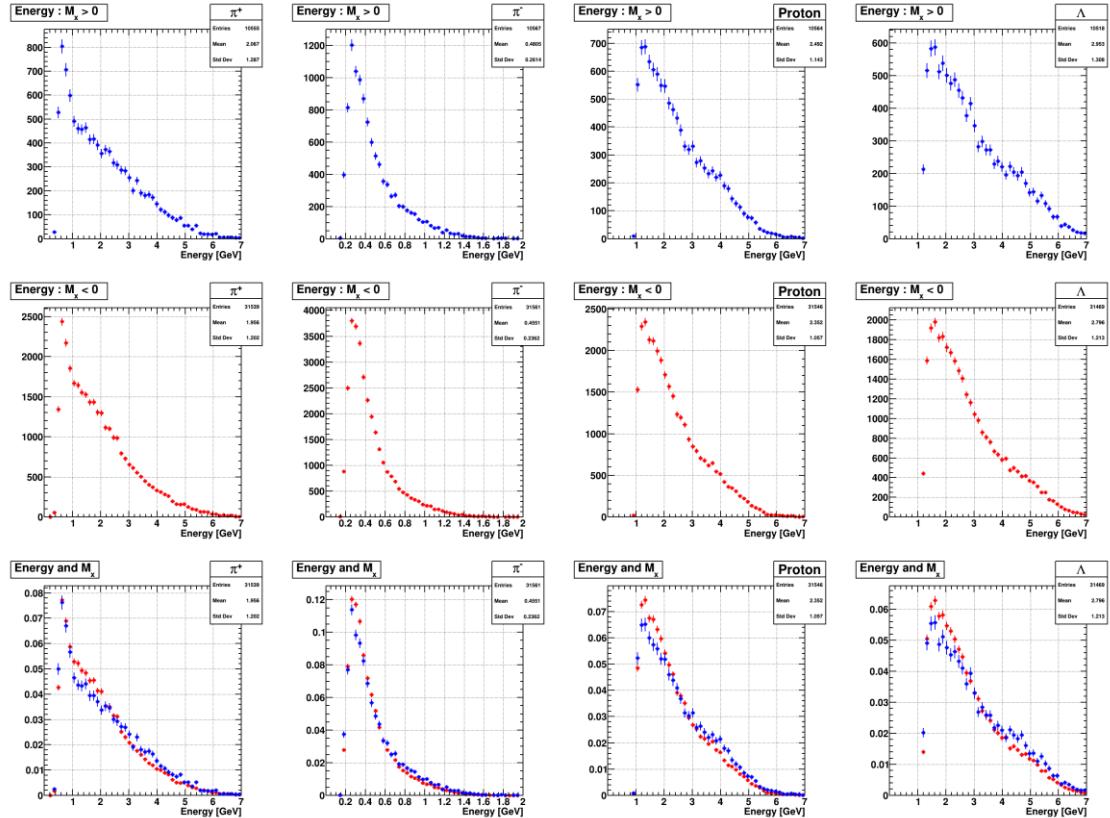


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PARTICLES : ENERGY VS M_x

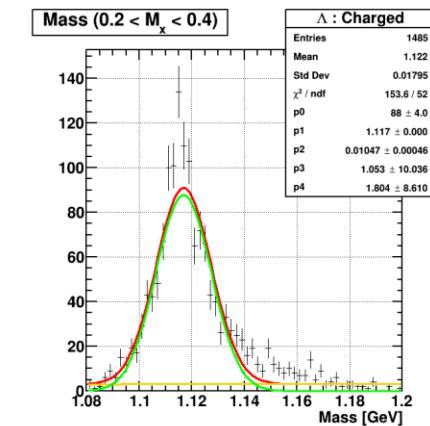
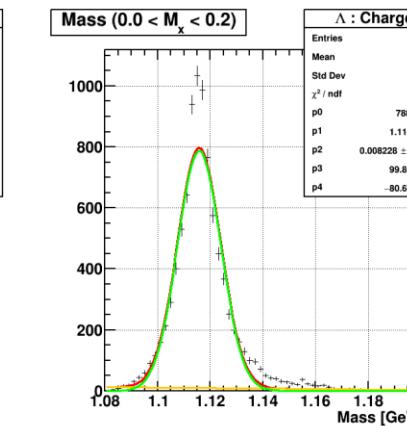
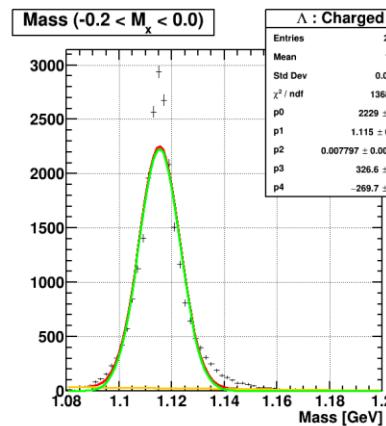
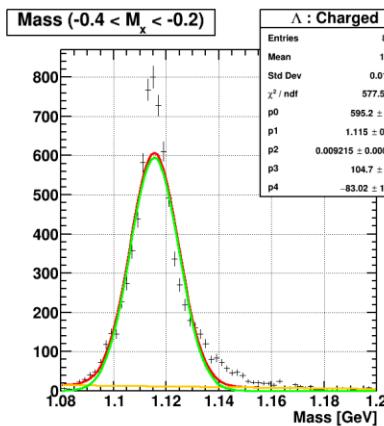
Energy for each particle. Red(Blue) denote $M_x > 0$ ($M_x < 0$). Last row is normalized

- The shapes of the energy distributions are the same below $M_x = 0$ as above $M_x = 0$.
- This is seen also with the theta distributions, which are in the back up slides.



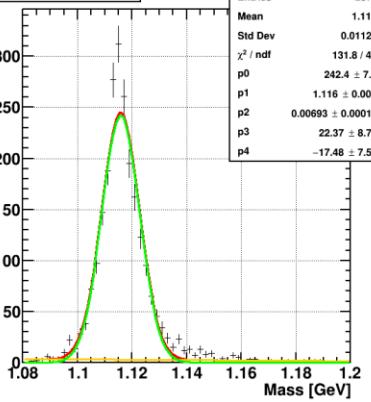
LAMBDA CHARGED DECAY : MASS(M_x)

- There is not a significant difference between the invariant mass distributions of the Λ in the 4 M_x bins or in the M_x greater than or less than zero regions.

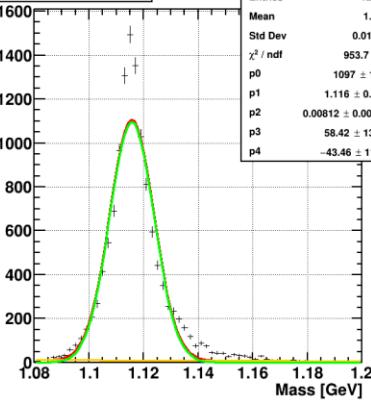


LAMBDA CHARGED DECAY : MASS RESOLUTION

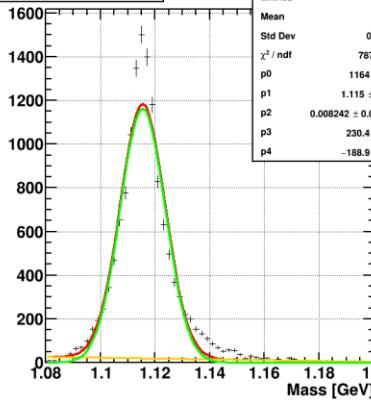
Mass ($1 < E_{K_L} < 2$)



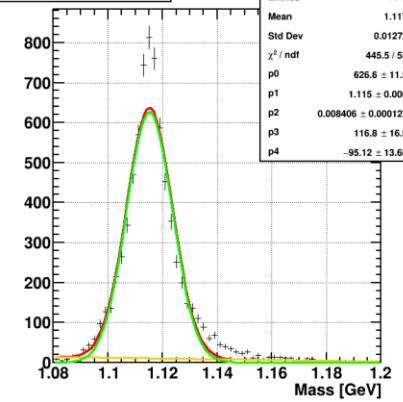
Mass ($2 < E_{K_L} < 3$)



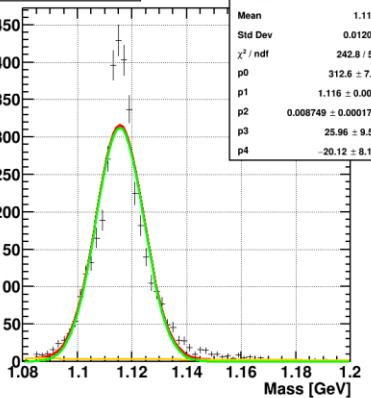
Mass ($3 < E_{K_L} < 4$)



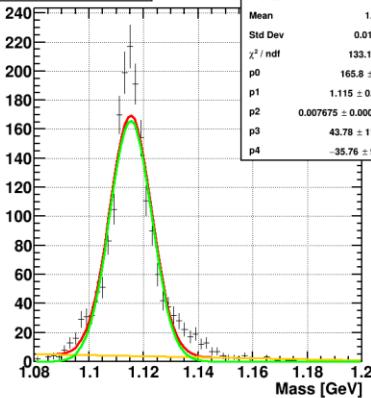
Mass ($4 < E_{K_L} < 5$)



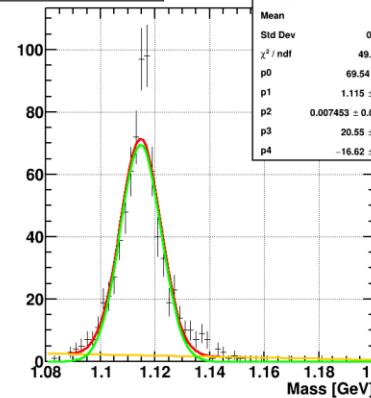
Mass ($5 < E_{K_L} < 6$)



Mass ($6 < E_{K_L} < 7$)



Mass ($7 < E_{K_L} < 8$)



- $m_\Lambda = 1.115 \text{ GeV}$; fits are within 0.1% of this.
- Distributions are sharply peaked.
- Sharper than a gaussian
- Reduced χ^2 is okay
- Pol1 background better fit than none.

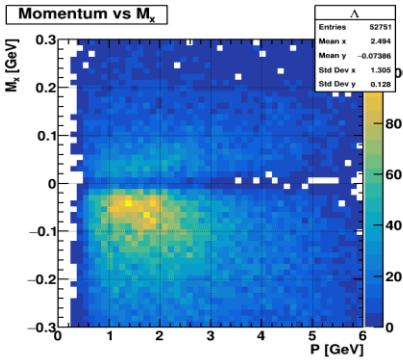
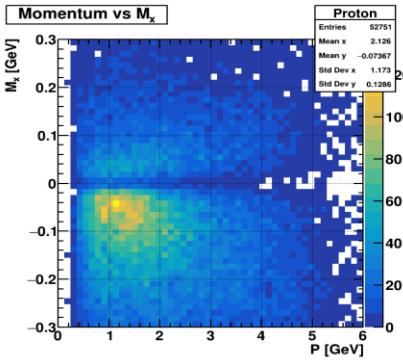
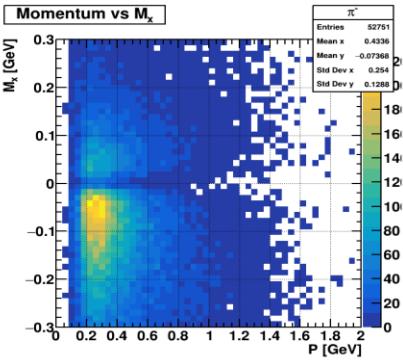
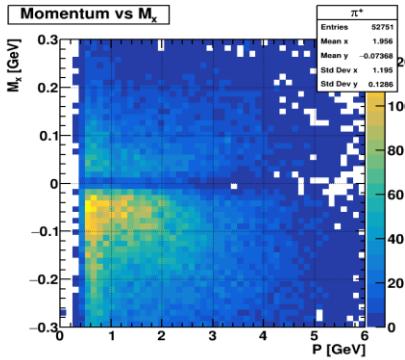
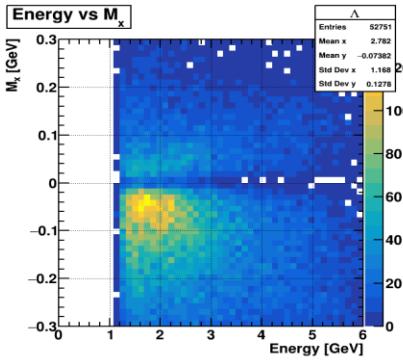
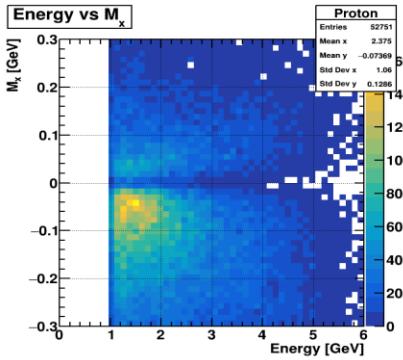
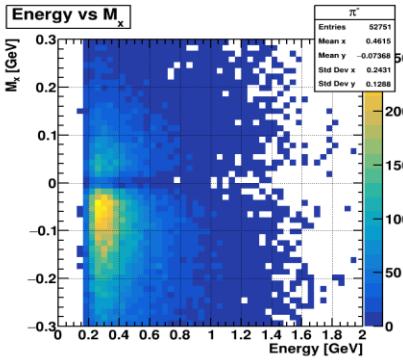
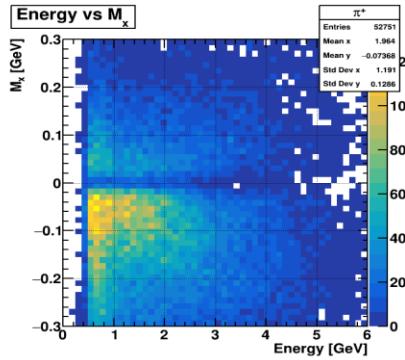
Back up slides



PARTICLE ENERGY AND MOMENTUM VS M_x

Top(Bottom) rows show Particle energy(momentum) vs. M_x

- As the plots below show the mean M_x is the same across all particle species



PARTICLES : THETA VS M_x

Theta for each particle.

Red(Blue) denote $M_x > 0$ ($M_x < 0$)

Last row is normalized

