# Tungsten Plug Temperature Estimates with a 20% Radiator

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### Simplified Approach

350

300

250

200

150

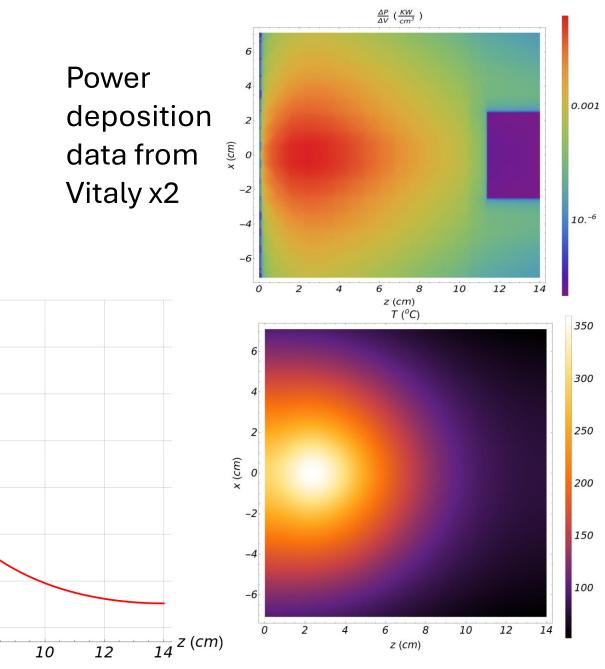
100

50

0

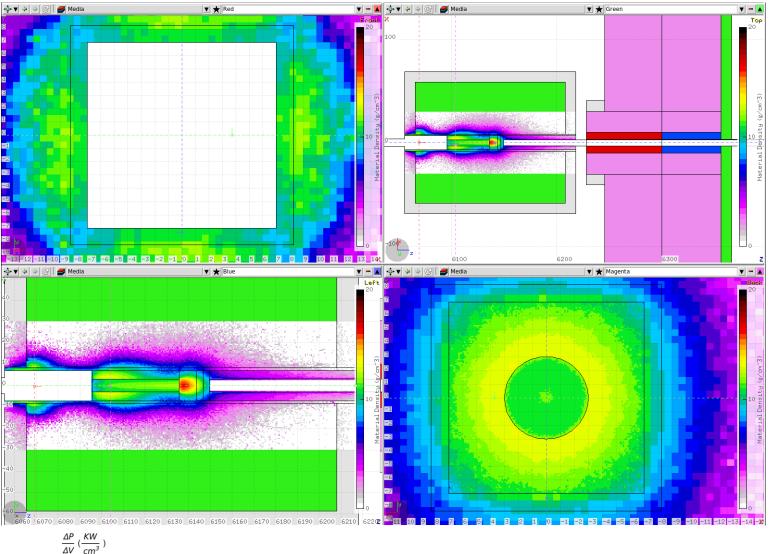
8

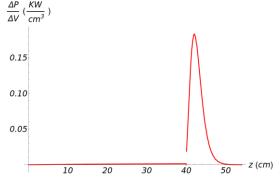
- I multiplied the power deposition density from Vitaly by a factor of x2.
  - Does not account for a wider beam spot at the KPT.
- Power deposition in "tungsten plug area" of P~11.4 KW.
  - Missing power at the back since Vitaly used 10cm Wplug in FLUKA.
- Cooing only from the four sides of the cube, like what is in the engineering model.
  - Water temperature T=35 °C
  - Heat exchange coefficient 5000 W/(K m²).
  - Thermal conductivity 146 W/(m K).
  - No colling from upstream or downstream of the tungsten block.



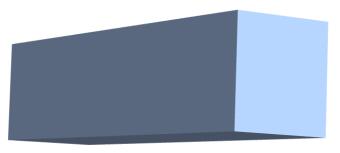
#### **FLUKA Input**

- Use power deposition from Pavel's FLUKA model with a 20% radiator.
- Be target is D=6cm wide.
- There is a copper box all around Be target.
- 14 cm long tungsten block after the Be target.
- No Active Collimator in FLUKA.
- Power deposition in the plug is about the same as for Vitaly's model 10% radiator
  - Total power in the file is 9.4 KW.
  - Power deposited in the plug itself is 5.8 KW.
  - The copper around beryllium receive ~2.8 KW.
  - Be-target receives ~420 W of power.
  - ~1.5 KW is missing from ~10.9 KW of the photon beam power of 20% radiator.
- Increase of power deposition seems to happen be before (~0.4 KW) and around the Be target (~2.8 KW).
- Cooling may be required for the all length of the photon beam channel in the KPT.
  - There is steel pipe/support in the engineering model lining the KPT photon beam channel that can be cooled.

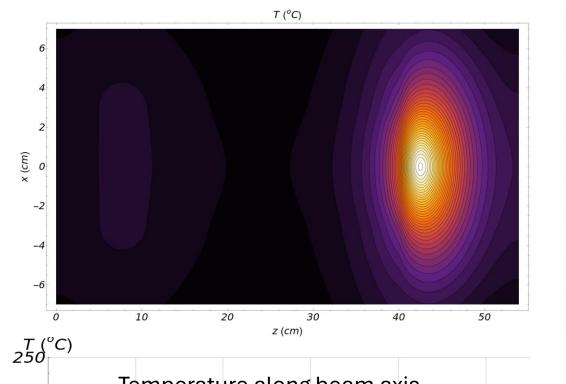




#### Solid Block



- Assume a solid block for the volume of copper, beryllium, and tungsten.
  - Thermal conductivity 146 W/(m K) for W, 216 W/(m K) for Be, 385 W/(m K) for Cu.
- Cooled from four sides directly with cold water
  - · Underestimate temperature everywhere.
  - Water temperature T=35 °C
  - Heat exchange coefficient 5000 W/(K m<sup>2</sup>).
- $T_{\text{max}}$ ~180 °C is even lower than  $T_{\text{max}}$ ~205 °C with 10% radiator and plug length of 10 cm.
  - Probably because of larger cooling area.
  - Tungsten block is now CuW compound.
- If only W-block is cooled, the upstream end of Betarget may reach T~500 °C with no other way of heat dissipation.
  - Need to cool the sides of the whole target&plug block, or possibly the whole photon beam channel.



170.2

155.4

140.6

125.8

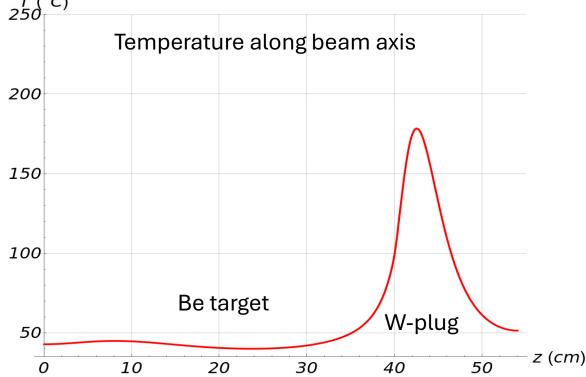
111.0

96.2

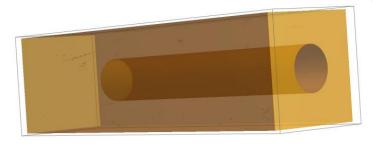
81.4

66.6

51.8

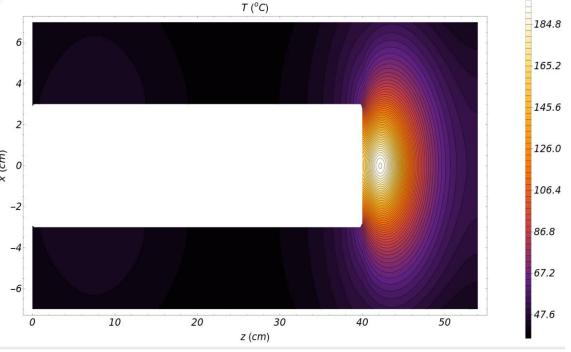


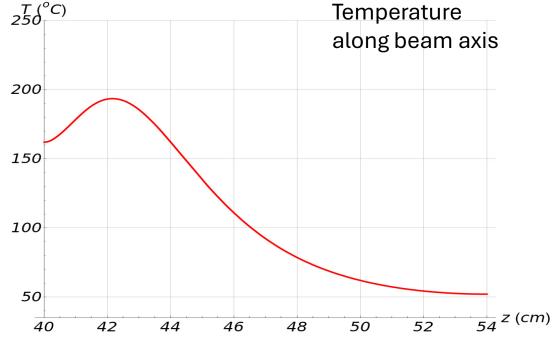
#### No Be-target



- Solid block of tungsten and copper, but the Be target cylinder removed.
  - Thermal conductivity 146 W/(m K) for W and 216 W/(m K) for Be.
- Cooled from four sides with water
  - No heat flow to or from Be target, or upstream or downstream ends of 1 solid block.
- T<sub>max</sub>~195 °C in the W-plug is even lower that the one with 10% radiator and plug length of 10 cm.
  - A little bit higher temperature compared to previous slide because probably because the heat flow upstream is blocked by the Be target volume.
- This will need to be evaluated and designed by Tim.

- From point of view of the tungsten plug temperature distribution, 20% radiator is feasible.
  - The spread of the  $\gamma$ -beam due to multiple scattering seems to be significant requiring cooling of the larger areas in KPT.





### W- plug 10 cm, 10% radiator

## W-plug ~14cm, 10% radiator

Engineering design for KPT and the cave mostly exist.

- K<sub>L</sub> beamline and KFM still needs to be designed.
- •Likely to have engineering drawings ready by the fall of 2025.

May be rejected or commented on at the ERR-II due to high detector rates.

•Implementing and answering such comments may take a long time and resources.

#### More engineering design is needed.

- •KPT plug needs to be redesigned.
- •K<sub>1</sub> beamline and KFM still needs to be designed.
- •Factor of ~2 less statistics.

Should be possible to be ready by ERR-II.

 May get an ERR-II recommendation to evaluate a >10% radiator option to fully benefit from the beam time.

### W-plug ~14 cm, >10% radiator

More extensive efforts are needed.

- •KPT plug and cooling, and possibly AC, need to be redesigned.
- K<sub>L</sub> beamline and KFM still needs to be designed.
- •Small modifications to CPS engineering design may be needed.
- •Will recover full projected luminocity

May be difficult to be ready by the fall.

•We need to pass ERR-II to be schduled for installations.

A decision needs to be made very soon!