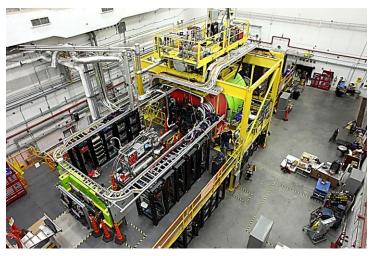
## KPT: Conceptual Design & Radiation Effects

### *Igor Strakovsky*\*), *Vitaly Baturin*\*\*),

Moskov Amaryan<sup>\*\*</sup>), Mikhail Bashkanov<sup>+)</sup>, William J. Briscoe<sup>\*)</sup>, Eugene Chudakov<sup>++)</sup>, Pavel Degtyarenko<sup>++)</sup>, Sean Dobbs<sup>#)</sup>, Hovanes Egiyan<sup>++)</sup>, Ilya Larin<sup>##)</sup>, Alexander Somov $^{++}$ , A Timothy Whitlatch $^{++}$ 

\*)The George Washington University, \*\*)Old Dominion University, +)York University, ++)TJNAF, \*\*)Florida State University, & \*\*\*)University of Massachusetts, Amherst



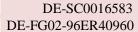


- ERR-I charge for KPT.
- Kaon beamline.
- Hall D setting.
- Equivalent prompt dose rate for Exp Hall.
- Prompt dose rate for Collimator Cave.
- KPT Assembly.
- Activation dose rate for Collimator Cave.
- KPT cooling.
- Summary.

https://www.overleaf.com/project/6302c989eb137630a435e21c











### Experiment Readiness Review Phase I Jefferson Lab, 2023 Charge

From: Patrizia Rossi



### Hall D E12-19-001 ERR Phase I Jefferson Lab, 2023 Charge

- What is status of *Kaon Production Target* (*KPT*)? Specifically:
  - a) Conceptual design.
  - b) Evaluation of produced radiation. In particular, following points should be discussed:
    - 1. Approximations made in MC simulations & which code has been used;
    - 2. Energy deposition & temperature in **KPT**;
    - 3. Prompt dose & activation around **KPT** & **Cave**;
    - 4. Water-cooling system & possible contaminations.
- Will civil constructions be needed in *Cave* to contain radiation?
- What is estimated annual boundary dose when running E12-19-001 experiment?
- What is decommissioning plans for **KPT** & activated components? A brief outline is sufficient.

See Tim's repor

See Tim's report

See Tim's repor

- Geometry of Experimental Hall & Collimator Cave came from Tim Whitlatch.
- Engineering design, water cooling, & contamination were done by Tim Whitlatch.
- RadCon calculations were under Pavel Degtyarenko & Lorenzo Zana suggestions.



• Following *codes* were used for *KPT* development:























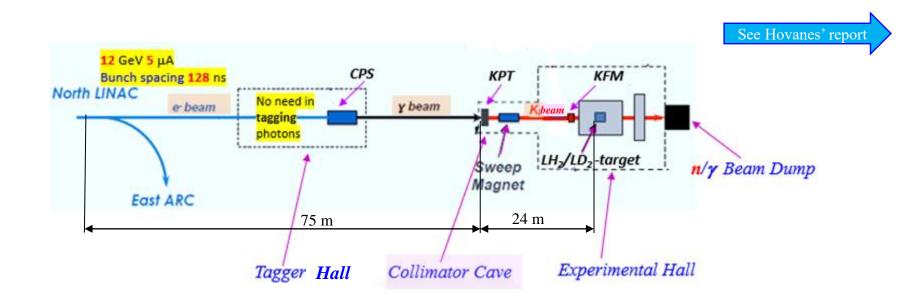






### Hall D: Beam Line for K-long

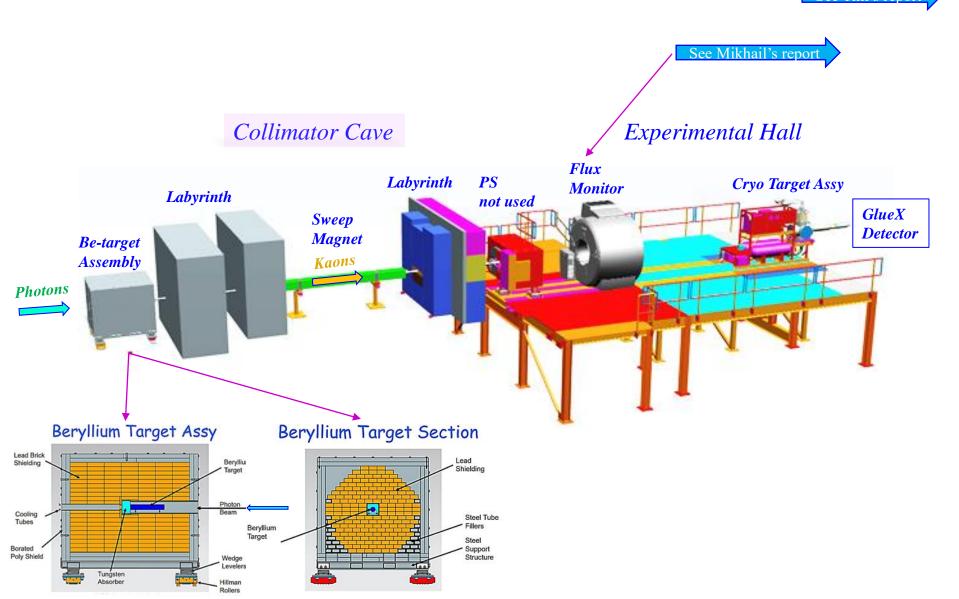
- Electrons (3.1 x  $10^{13}$  e/sec) are hitting Cu-radiator [10% X<sub>0</sub>] @ CPS located in Tagger Hall.
- Photons (4.7 x  $10^{12}$  y/sec,  $E_y > 1.5$  GeV) are hitting Be-target located in *Collimator Cave*.
- **x 10<sup>4</sup>** K<sub>1</sub>/sec) are hitting Cryo target within *GlueX* spectrometer.  $\bullet$   $K_L s$





### Hall D Setting [Engineering Design]

See Tim's report

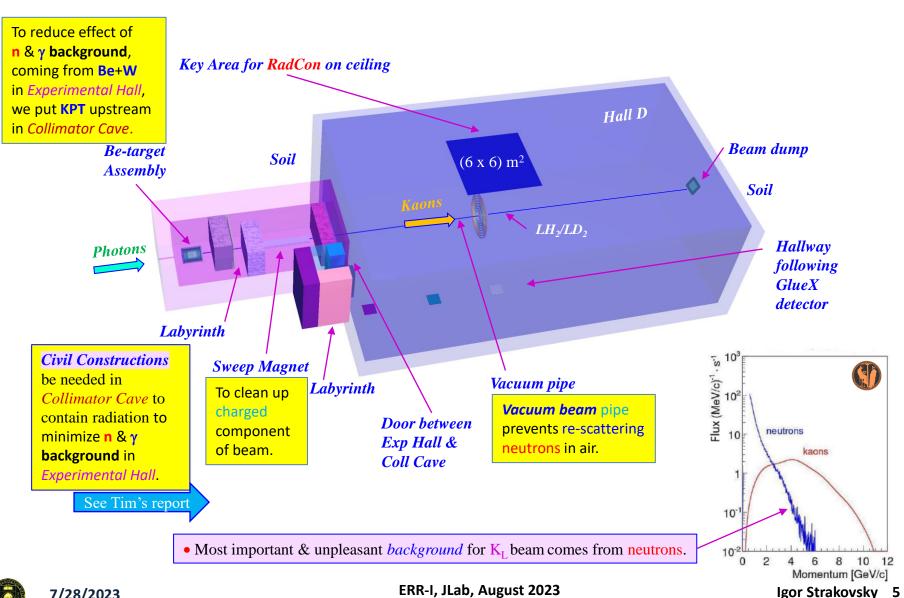




## Hall D Setting - 2

### RadCon figure-of-merit = 1 mrem/h

@ key area for RadCon on ceiling



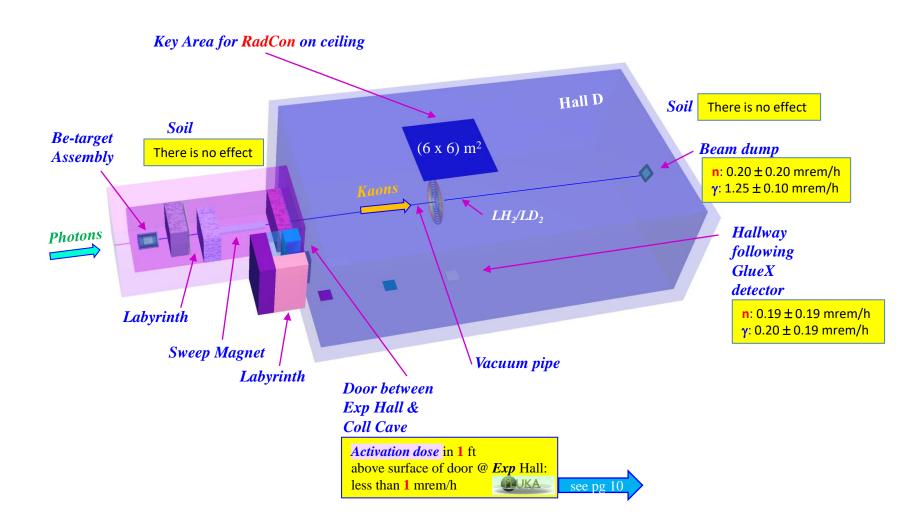




### Hall D Setting & Equivalent Prompt Dose Rate - 1

### RadCon figure-of-merit = 1 mrem/h

@ key area for RadCon on ceiling

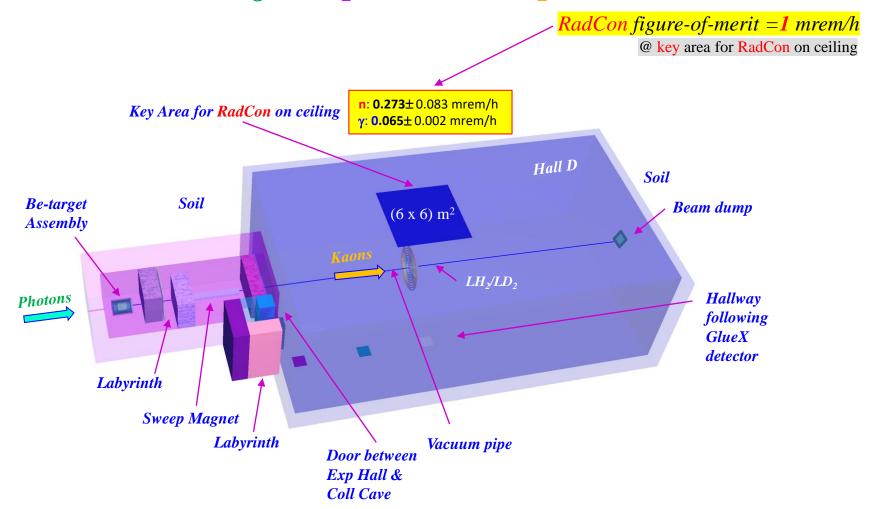








## Hall D Setting & Equivalent Prompt Dose Rate - 2 [Final]



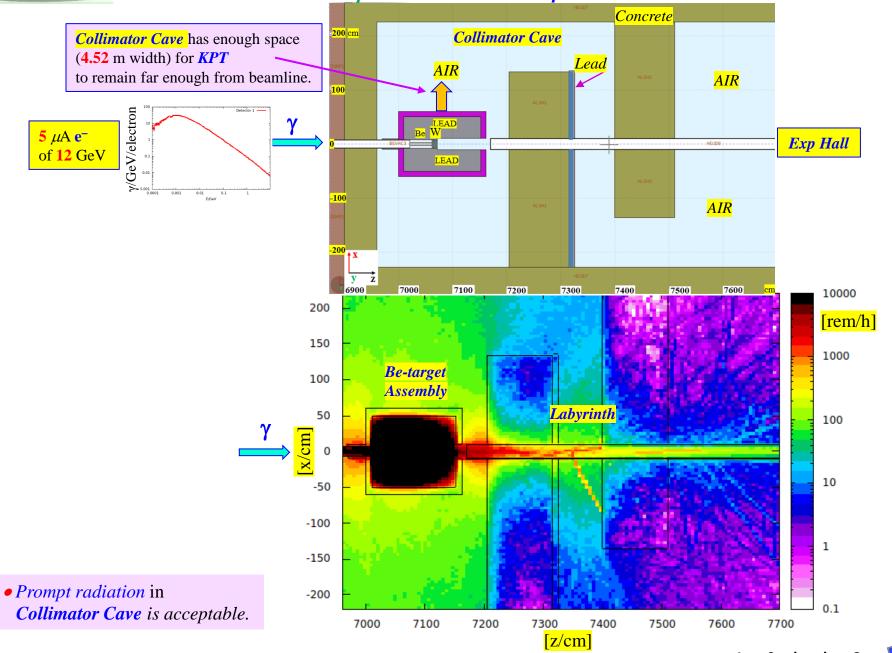
• Prompt radiation in Experimental Hall is acceptable.







### Equivalent Prompt Dose in Collimator Cave



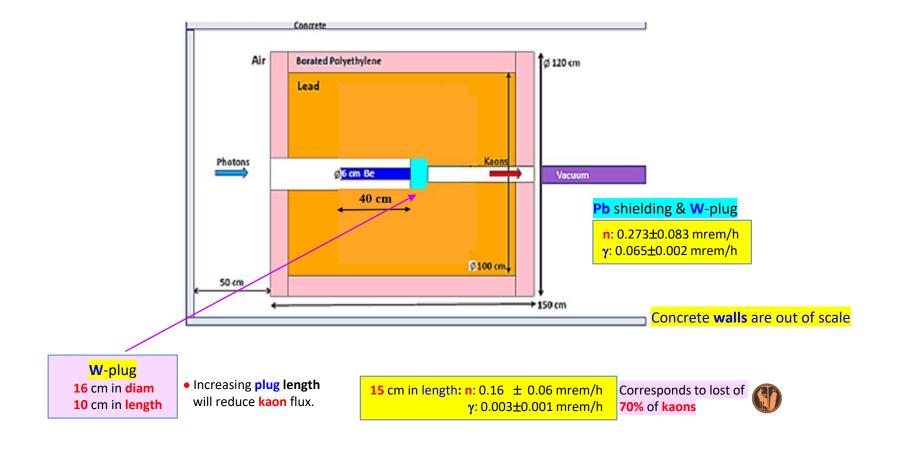


Igor Strakovsky 8



# Be-Target Assembly RadCon figure-of-merit = 1 mrem/h

@ key area for RadCon on ceiling



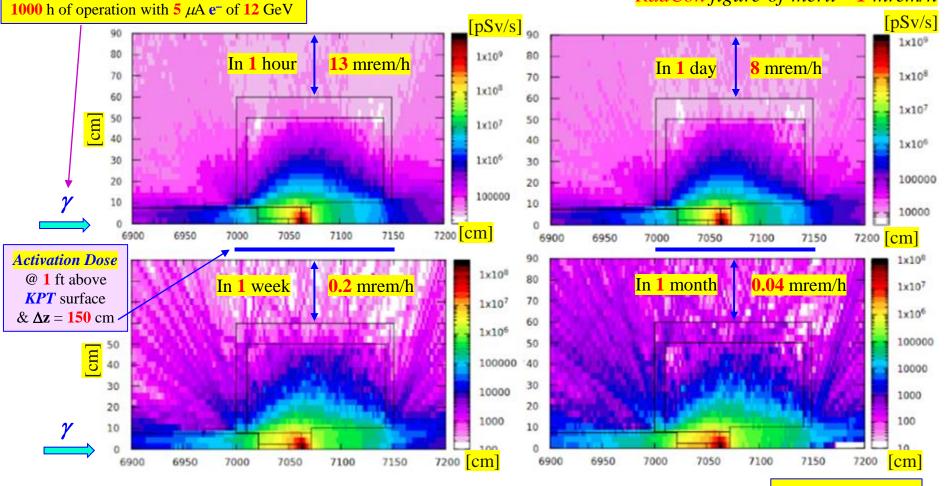
• Prompt radiation in Exp Hall due to Be-target & W-plug is acceptable.





### Activation Dose @ KPT

RadCon figure-of-merit = 1 mrem/h



Equivalent dose:  $10^5 \text{ pSv/s} = 36 \text{ mrem/h}$ 

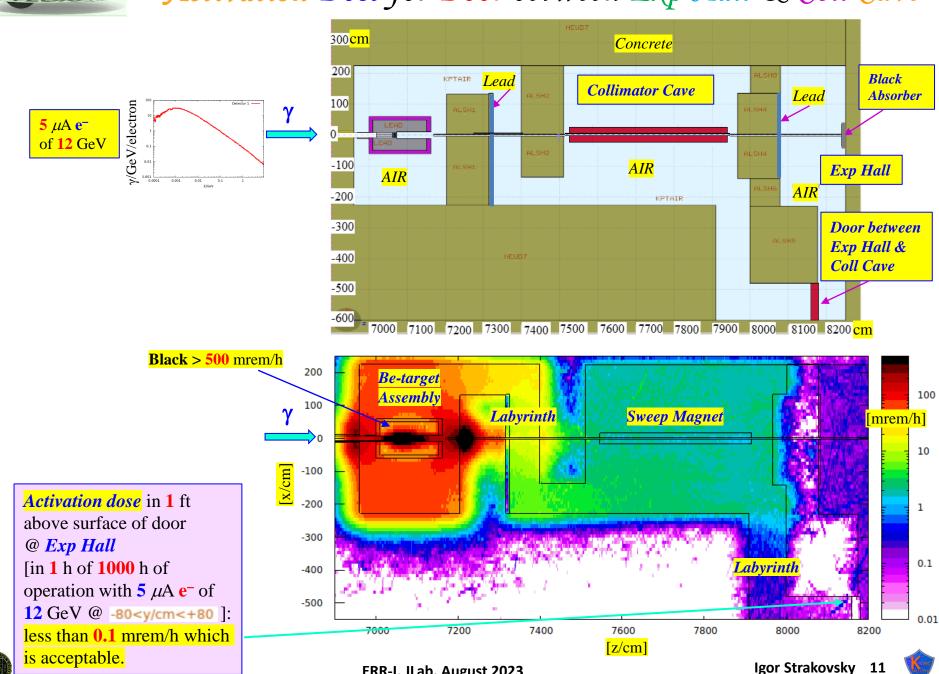
- *KPT* is kept in *Cave* & moved sideways.







### Activation Dose for Door between Exp Hall & Coll Cave

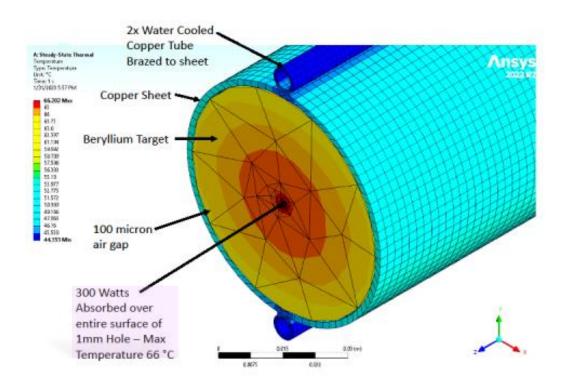


ERR-I, JLab, August 2023



### Beryllium Target Cooling

See Tim's report



- Since there is concern with *air contamination* from Be if air is blown onto surface for cooling, it is decided to use *water cooling* for this Be target.
- Maximum *temperature* of 66°C was found in Be.
- Target is wrapped with 0.065 in thick copper sheet in which 0.25 in cooling tubes are brazed on to.
- Inner surface of water-cooling tube is assumed to have a convection coefficient of 5 kW/m<sup>2</sup> K & water *temperature* of 40°C on average.
- This is *conservative* since there will be some actual contact.







- *KPT* is ready to be assembled and installed in *Hall D beamline*.
- Report addressed to ##5,6,7, & partly 12 of ERR-I charge.
  - Radiation in *Experimental Hall & Collimator Cave*, & ground is acceptable.
  - We have been working closely together to *Pavel Degtyarenko & Lorenzo Zana*.
  - Civil constructions be needed in *Collimator Cave*.

See Tim's report

• Decommissioning of *Collimator Cave* does not require long time.

See Tim's report

- Design for *Be-target Assembly & Collimator Cave* completed drawings finalizing.
- Thermal analysis of *Beryllium Target Tungsten Absorber* completed. Designer from *Engineering Group* loan.

See Tim's report

Do you have any questions to speaker?











## Codes Used for MC Simulations



is general MC N-particle transport *code*.

T. Goorley et al, Nucl Tech **180**, 298 (**2012**); https://mcnp.lanl.gov/



is general purpose MC *code* simulating interaction & transport of hadrons, heavy ions, & EM particles.

T.T. Boehlen *et al*, Nucl Data Sheets **120**, 211 (**2014**) G. Battistoni *et al*, Annals Nucl Energy **82**, 10 (**2015**)



Pythia is *code* for generation of high-energy physics collision events.

T. Sjoestrand *et al*, Comput Phys Commun **191**, 159 (2015)



is workbench 2022 R2 finite element program.

ANSYS inc. Workbench 2022 R2 Finite Element Program



is software which is flexible & powerful integrated solution that helps to deliver better products faster & more efficiently.

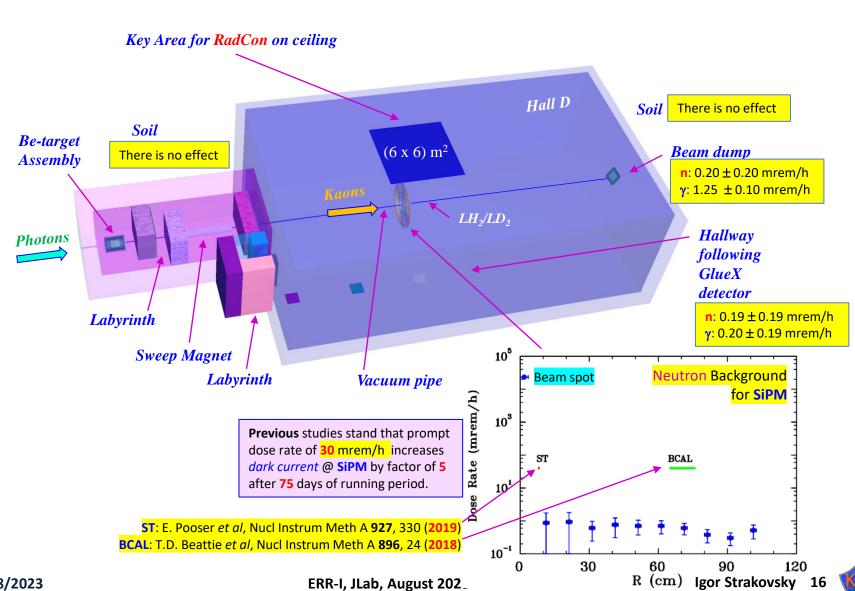




## Hall D Setting & Equivalent Prompt Dose Rate

### RadCon figure-of-merit = 1 mrem/h

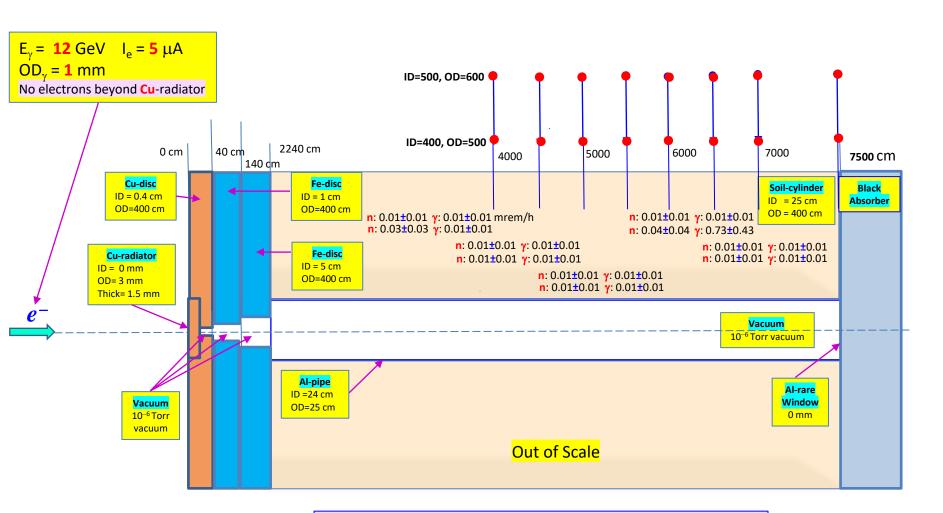
At key area for RadCon on ceiling





## Radiation Budget on Ground above Tagger Cave

 $RadCon\ figure-of-merit = 1\ mrem/h$ 

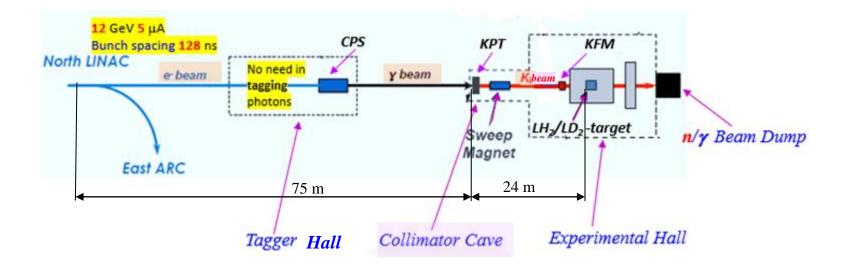


• Radiation on ground above Tagger Cave is acceptable.



## Hall D: Beam Line for K-long

- Electrons (3.1 x  $10^{13}$  e/sec) are hitting Cu-radiator [10% X<sub>0</sub>] @ CPS located in Tagger Hall.
- Photons (4.7 x  $10^{12}$  y/sec,  $E_y > 1.5$  GeV) are hitting Be-target located in *Collimator Cave*.
- $K_L s$  (1 x 10<sup>4</sup>  $K_L / sec$ ) are hitting Cryo target within *GlueX* spectrometer.
- Neutrons (6.6 x  $10^5$  n/sec) are hitting Cryo target within *GlueX* spectrometer.
- Photons (6.5 x 10<sup>5</sup>  $\gamma$ /sec,  $E_{\gamma} > 100$  MeV) are hitting Cryo target within *GlueX* spectrometer.



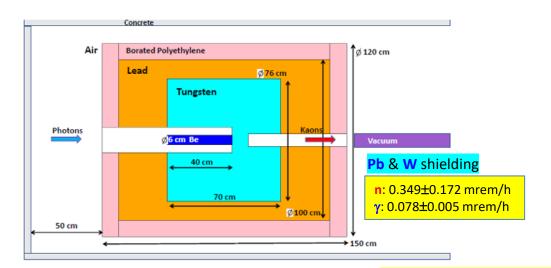


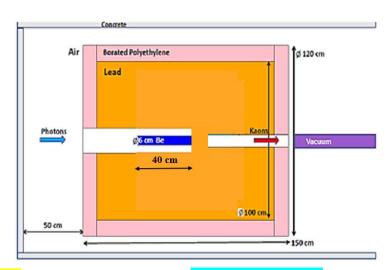


## **Be-Target** Assembly

#### RadCon figure-of-merit = 1 mrem/h

@ key area for RadCon on ceiling





#### Concrete walls are out of scale **Borated Polyethylene** Ø 120 cm Lead **Photons** Vacuum 40 cm Pb shielding & W-plug n: 0.273±0.083 mrem/h y: 0.065±0.002 mrem/h Ø 100 cm. 50 cm +150 cm Increasing plug diam **24** cm in **diam**: $n: 0.77 \pm 0.33$ mrem/h W-plug

#### Pb & no W shielding

n: 0.614±0.246 mrem/h y: 0.527±0.006 mrem/h

• Prompt radiation in Exp Hall due to **Be-target** & **W-plug** is acceptable.

will increase n background. y: 0.074±0.002 mrem/h Increasing plug length **15** cm in **length:** n: 0.16  $\pm$  0.06 mrem/h will reduce kaon flux. γ: 0.003±0.001 mrem/h

Corresponds to lost of 70% of kaons

16 cm in diam

10 cm in length