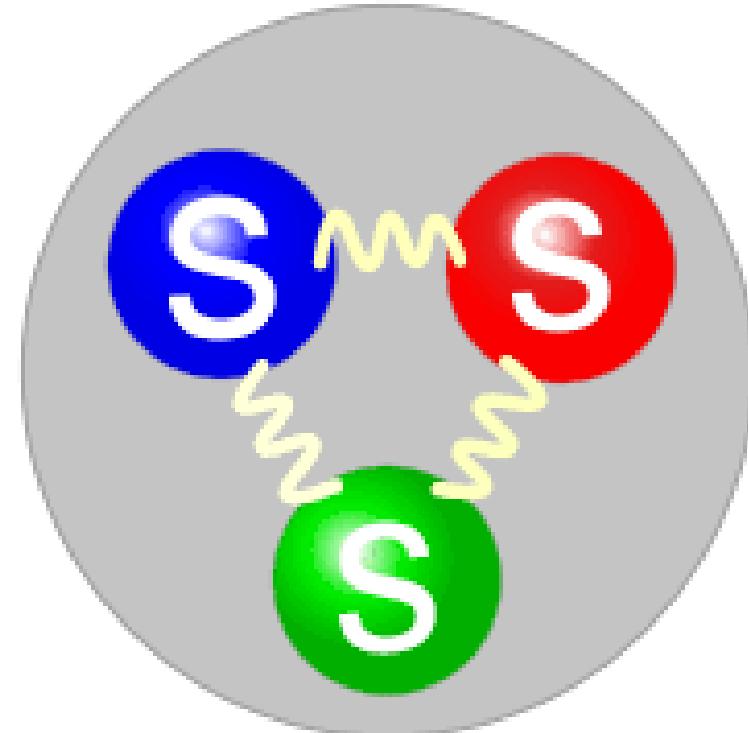


Ω^- and the other exotics production at K_L F-22GeV

Mikhail Bashkanov

Why Omega



Baryon summary table, PDG

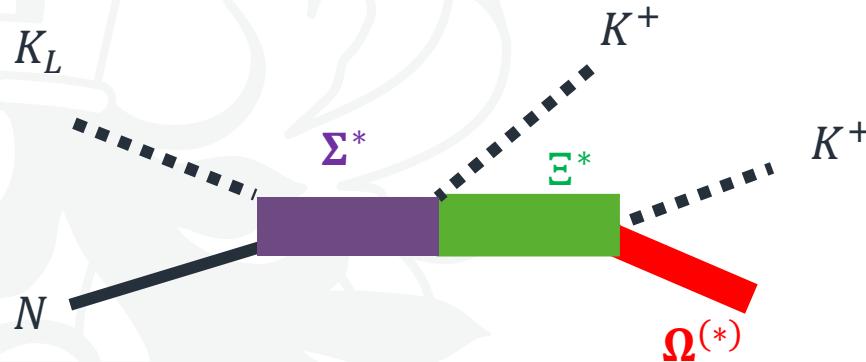
p	1/2 ⁺ ****	$\Delta(1232)$	3/2 ⁺ ****	Σ^+	1/2 ⁺ ****	Ξ^0	1/2 ⁺ ****	Λ_c^+	1/2 ⁺ ****
n	1/2 ⁺ ****	$\Delta(1600)$	3/2 ⁺ ***	Σ^0	1/2 ⁺ ****	Ξ^-	1/2 ⁺ ***	$\Lambda_c(2595)^+$	1/2 ⁻ ***
$N(1440)$	1/2 ⁺ ***	$\Delta(1620)$	1/2 ⁻ ****	Σ^-	1/2 ⁺ ****	$\Xi(1530)$	3/2 ⁺ ***	$\Lambda_c(2625)^+$	3/2 ⁻ ***
$N(1520)$	3/2 ⁻ ****	$\Delta(1700)$	3/2 ⁻ ****	$\Sigma(1385)$	3/2 ⁺ ****	$\Xi(1620)$	*	$\Lambda_c(2765)^+$	*
$N(1535)$	1/2 ⁻ ****	$\Delta(1750)$	1/2 ⁺ *	$\Sigma(1480)$	*	$\Xi(1690)$	***	$\Lambda_c(2880)^+$	5/2 ⁺ ***
$N(1650)$	1/2 ⁻ ****	$\Delta(1900)$	1/2 ⁻ **	$\Sigma(1580)$	3/2 ⁻ *	$\Xi(1820)$	3/2 ⁻ ***	$\Lambda_c(2940)^+$	***
$N(1675)$	5/2 ⁻ ****	$\Delta(1905)$	5/2 ⁺ ****	$\Sigma(1620)$	1/2 ⁻ *	$\Xi(1950)$	***	$\Sigma_c(2455)$	1/2 ⁺ ****
$N(1680)$	5/2 ⁺ ****	$\Delta(1910)$	1/2 ⁺ ****	$\Sigma(1660)$	1/2 ⁺ ***	$\Xi(2030)$	$\geq \frac{5}{2}?$ ***	$\Sigma_c(2520)$	3/2 ⁺ ***
$N(1685)$	*	$\Delta(1920)$	3/2 ⁺ ***	$\Sigma(1660)$	1/2 ⁺ ***	$\Xi(2120)$	*	$\Sigma_c(2800)$	***
$N(1700)$	3/2 ⁻ ***	$\Delta(1930)$	5/2 ⁻ ***	$\Sigma(1670)$	3/2 ⁻ ****	$\Xi(2250)$	**	Ξ_c^+	1/2 ⁺ ***
$N(1710)$	1/2 ⁺ ***	$\Delta(1940)$	3/2 ⁻ **	$\Sigma(1690)$	**	$\Xi(2370)$	**	Ξ_c^0	1/2 ⁺ ***
$N(1720)$	3/2 ⁺ ****	$\Delta(1950)$	7/2 ⁺ ****	$\Sigma(1730)$	3/2 ⁺ *	$\Xi(2500)$	*	Ξ_c^+	1/2 ⁺ ***
$N(1860)$	5/2 ⁺ **	$\Delta(2000)$	5/2 ⁺ **	$\Sigma(1750)$	1/2 ⁻ ***	Ω^-	3/2 ⁺ ****	Ξ_c^{10}	1/2 ⁺ ***
$N(1875)$	3/2 ⁻ ***	$\Delta(2150)$	1/2 ⁻ *	$\Sigma(1770)$	1/2 ⁺ *	$\Omega(2250)^-$	***	$\Xi_c(2645)$	3/2 ⁺ ***
$N(1880)$	1/2 ⁺ **	$\Delta(2200)$	7/2 ⁻ *	$\Sigma(1775)$	5/2 ⁻ ****	$\Omega(2380)^-$	**	$\Xi_c(2790)$	1/2 ⁻ ***
$N(1895)$	1/2 ⁻ **	$\Delta(2300)$	9/2 ⁺ **	$\Sigma(1840)$	3/2 ⁺ *	$\Omega(2470)^-$	**	$\Xi_c(2815)$	3/2 ⁻ ***
$N(1900)$	3/2 ⁺ ***	$\Delta(2350)$	5/2 ⁻ *	$\Sigma(1880)$	1/2 ⁺ **			$\Xi_c(2930)$	*
$N(1990)$	7/2 ⁺ **	$\Delta(2390)$	7/2 ⁺ *	$\Sigma(1900)$	1/2 ⁻ *			$\Xi_c(2980)$	***
$N(2000)$	5/2 ⁺ **	$\Delta(2400)$	9/2 ⁻ **	$\Sigma(1915)$	5/2 ⁺ ****			$\Xi_c(3055)$	**
$N(2040)$	3/2 ⁺ *	$\Delta(2420)$	11/2 ⁺ ****	$\Sigma(1940)$	3/2 ⁺ *			$\Xi_c(3080)$	***
$N(2060)$	5/2 ⁻ **	$\Delta(2750)$	13/2 ⁻ **	$\Sigma(1940)$	3/2 ⁻ ***			$\Xi_c(3123)$	*
$N(2100)$	1/2 ⁺ *	$\Delta(2950)$	15/2 ⁺ **	$\Sigma(2000)$	1/2 ⁻ *			Ω_c^0	1/2 ⁺ ***
$N(2120)$	3/2 ⁻ **			$\Sigma(2030)$	7/2 ⁺ ****			$\Omega_c(2770)^0$	3/2 ⁺ ***
$N(2190)$	7/2 ⁻ ****	Λ	1/2 ⁺ ****	$\Sigma(2070)$	5/2 ⁺ *			Ξ_{cc}^+	*
$N(2220)$	9/2 ⁺ ****	$\Lambda(1405)$	1/2 ⁻ ***	$\Sigma(2080)$	3/2 ⁺ **			Λ_b^0	1/2 ⁺ ***
$N(2250)$	9/2 ⁻ ****	$\Lambda(1520)$	3/2 ⁻ ****	$\Sigma(2100)$	7/2 ⁻ *			$\Lambda_b(5912)^0$	1/2 ⁻ ***
$N(2300)$	1/2 ⁺ **	$\Lambda(1600)$	1/2 ⁺ ***	$\Sigma(2250)$	***			$\Lambda_b(5920)^0$	3/2 ⁻ ***
$N(2570)$	5/2 ⁻ **	$\Lambda(1670)$	1/2 ⁻ ****	$\Sigma(2455)$	**			Σ_b	1/2 ⁺ ***
$N(2600)$	11/2 ⁻ ***	$\Lambda(1690)$	3/2 ⁻ ****	$\Sigma(2620)$	**			Σ_b^*	3/2 ⁺ ***
$N(2700)$	13/2 ⁺ **	$\Lambda(1710)$	1/2 ⁺ *	$\Sigma(3000)$	*			Ξ_b^0, Ξ_b^-	1/2 ⁺ ***
	$\Lambda(1800)$	1/2 ⁻ ***		$\Sigma(3170)$	*			$\Xi_b(5945)^0$	3/2 ⁺ ***
	$\Lambda(1810)$	1/2 ⁺ ***						Ω_b^-	1/2 ⁺ ***
	$\Lambda(1820)$	5/2 ⁺ ****							
	$\Lambda(1830)$	5/2 ⁻ ****							
	$\Lambda(1890)$	3/2 ⁺ ****							
	$\Lambda(2000)$	*							
	$\Lambda(2020)$	7/2 ⁺ *							
	$\Lambda(2050)$	3/2 ⁻ *							
	$\Lambda(2100)$	7/2 ⁻ ****							
	$\Lambda(2110)$	5/2 ⁺ ***							
	$\Lambda(2325)$	3/2 ⁻ *							
	$\Lambda(2350)$	9/2 ⁺ ***							
	$\Lambda(2585)$	**							

Number of 3- and 4-star Resonances

Baryon	2004	2020
N^*	15	21
Δ	10	12
Λ	14	14
Σ	10	9*
Ξ	6	6
Ω	2	2

* $\Sigma(2250)$ was downgraded

Omega production

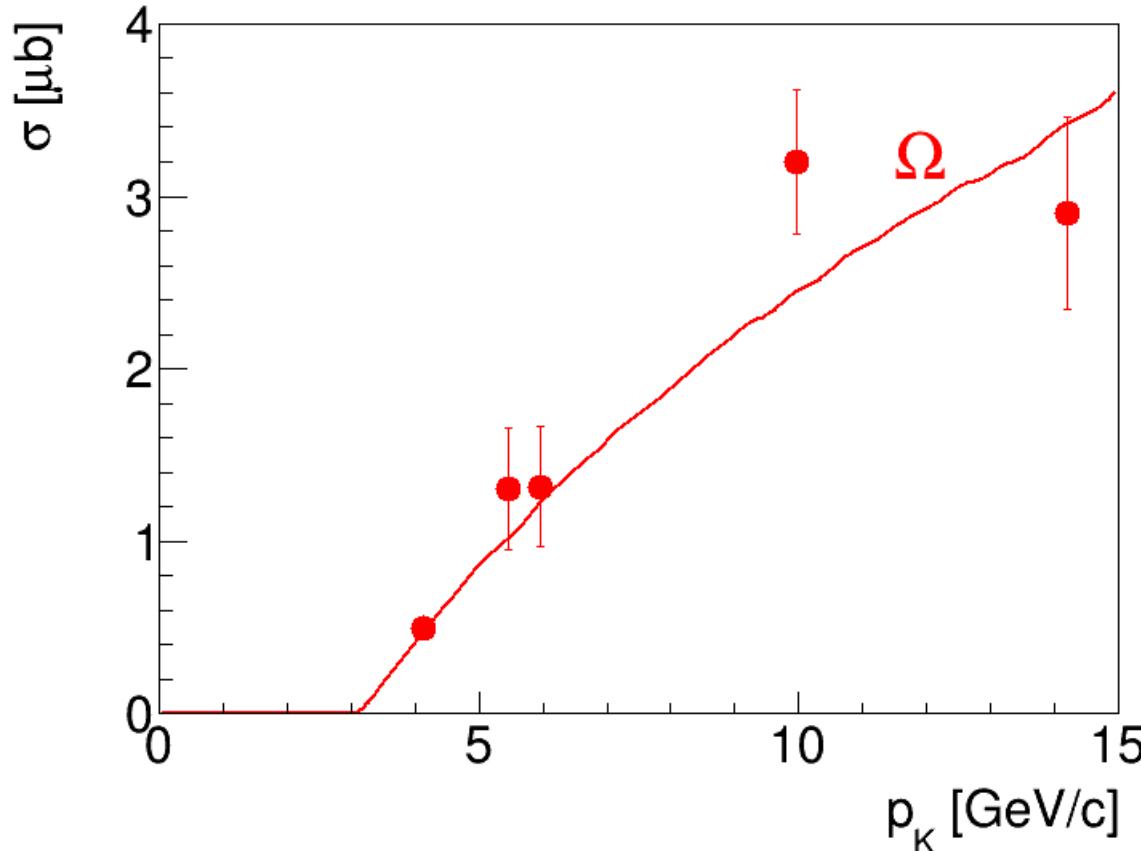


$$\sigma(K^- p \rightarrow \Omega X) = \sigma(K^0 p \rightarrow \Omega X)$$



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Omega Cross section

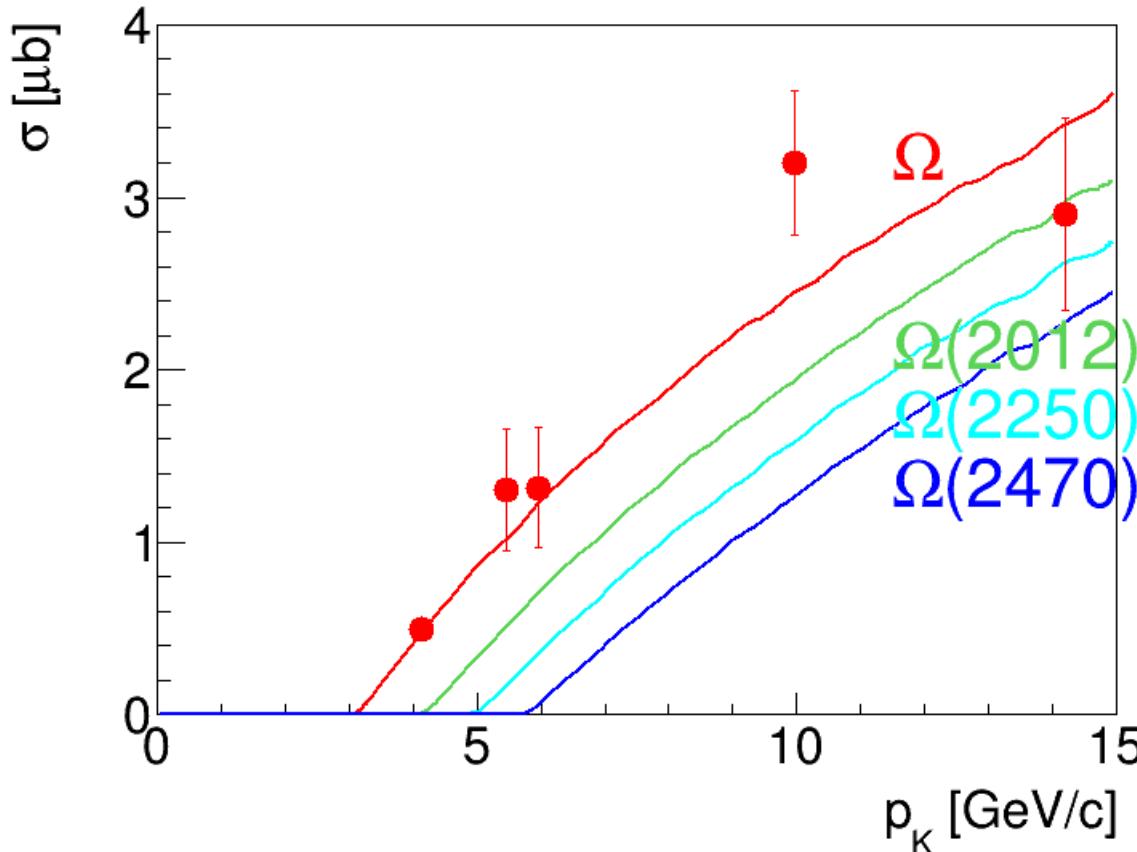


$$\sigma(K^- p \rightarrow \Omega X) \sim \frac{\text{PhaseSpace}}{Q} \quad (\text{fit curve})$$



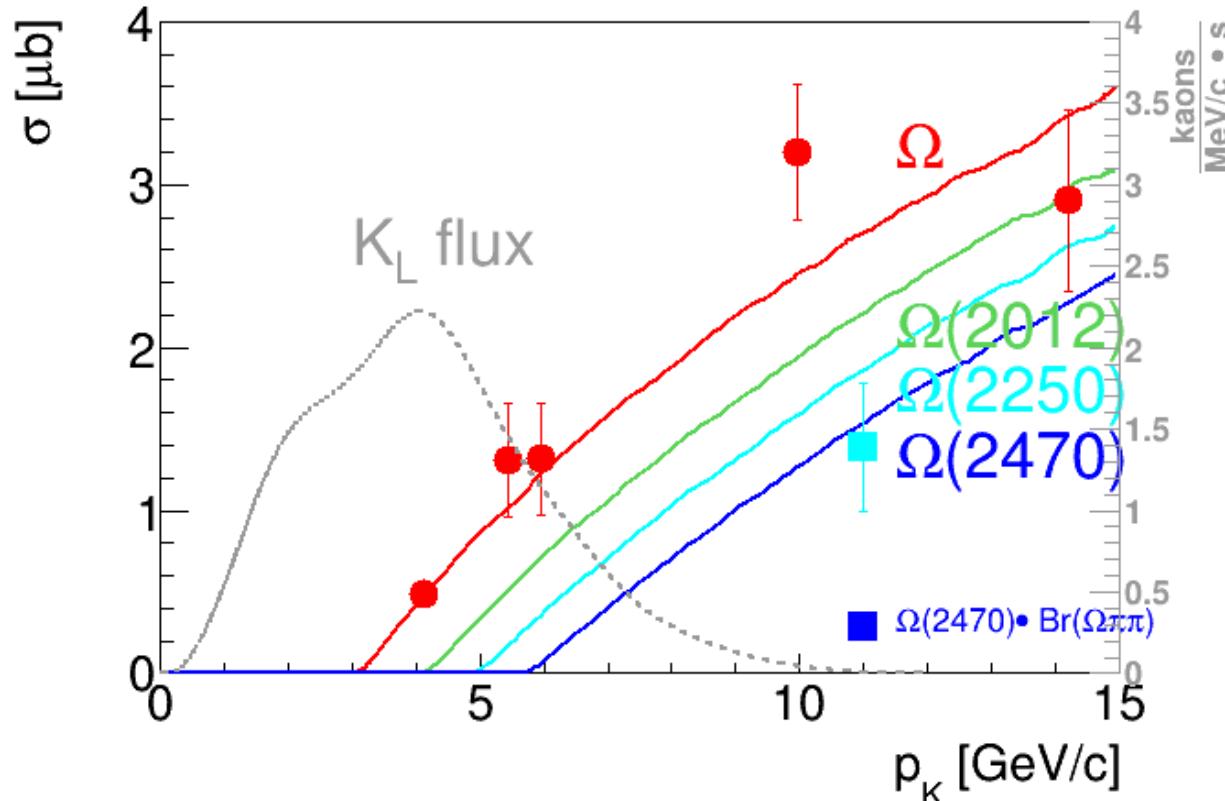
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Omega Cross section



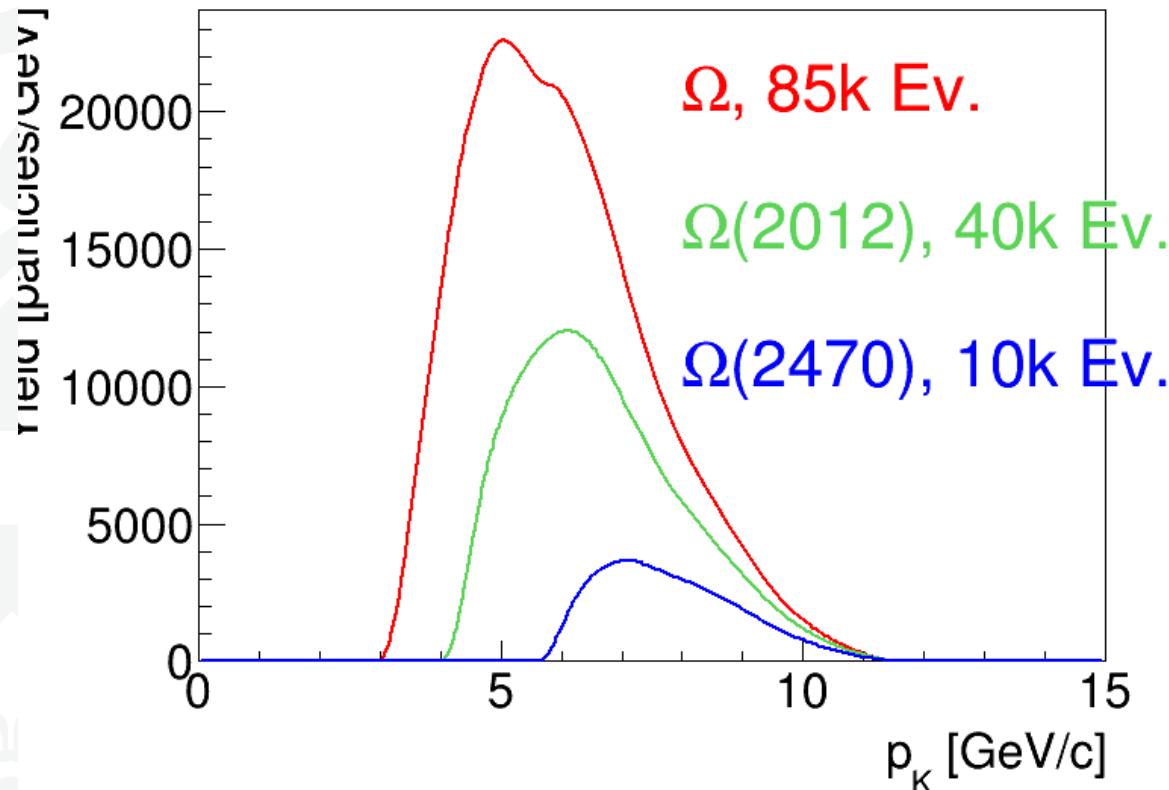
$$\sigma(K^- p \rightarrow \Omega X) \sim \frac{\text{PhaseSpace}}{Q} \quad (\text{fit curve})$$

Omega Yield



$$\sigma(K^- p \rightarrow \Omega X) \sim \frac{\text{PhaseSpace}}{Q} \quad (\text{fit curve})$$

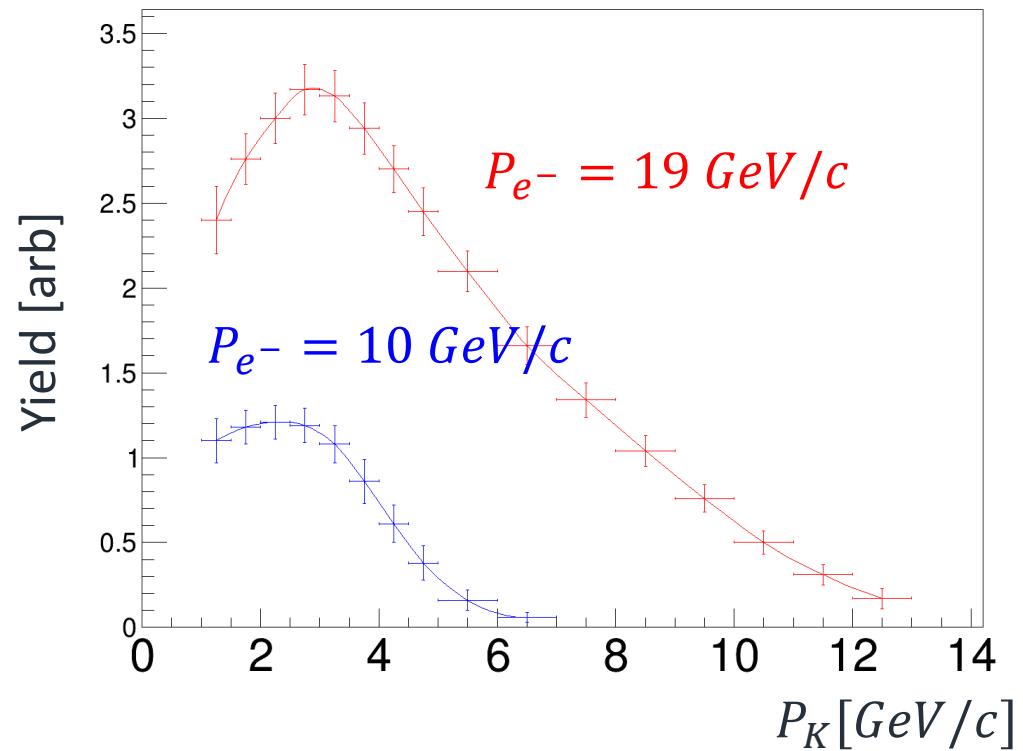
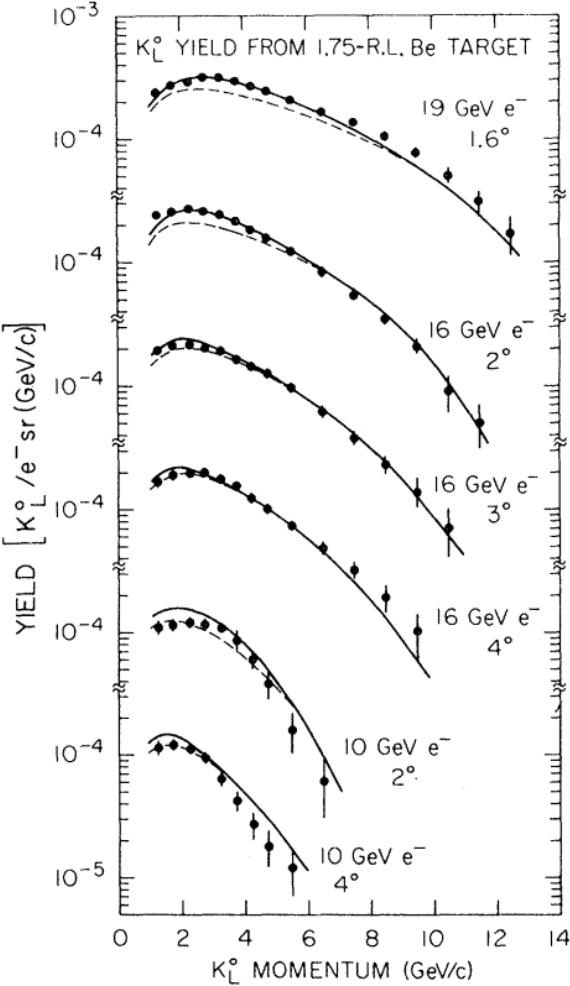
Omega Yield



$$\sigma(K^- p \rightarrow \Omega X) \sim \frac{\text{PhaseSpace}}{Q} \quad (\text{fit curve})$$

12 GeV \rightarrow 20 GeV

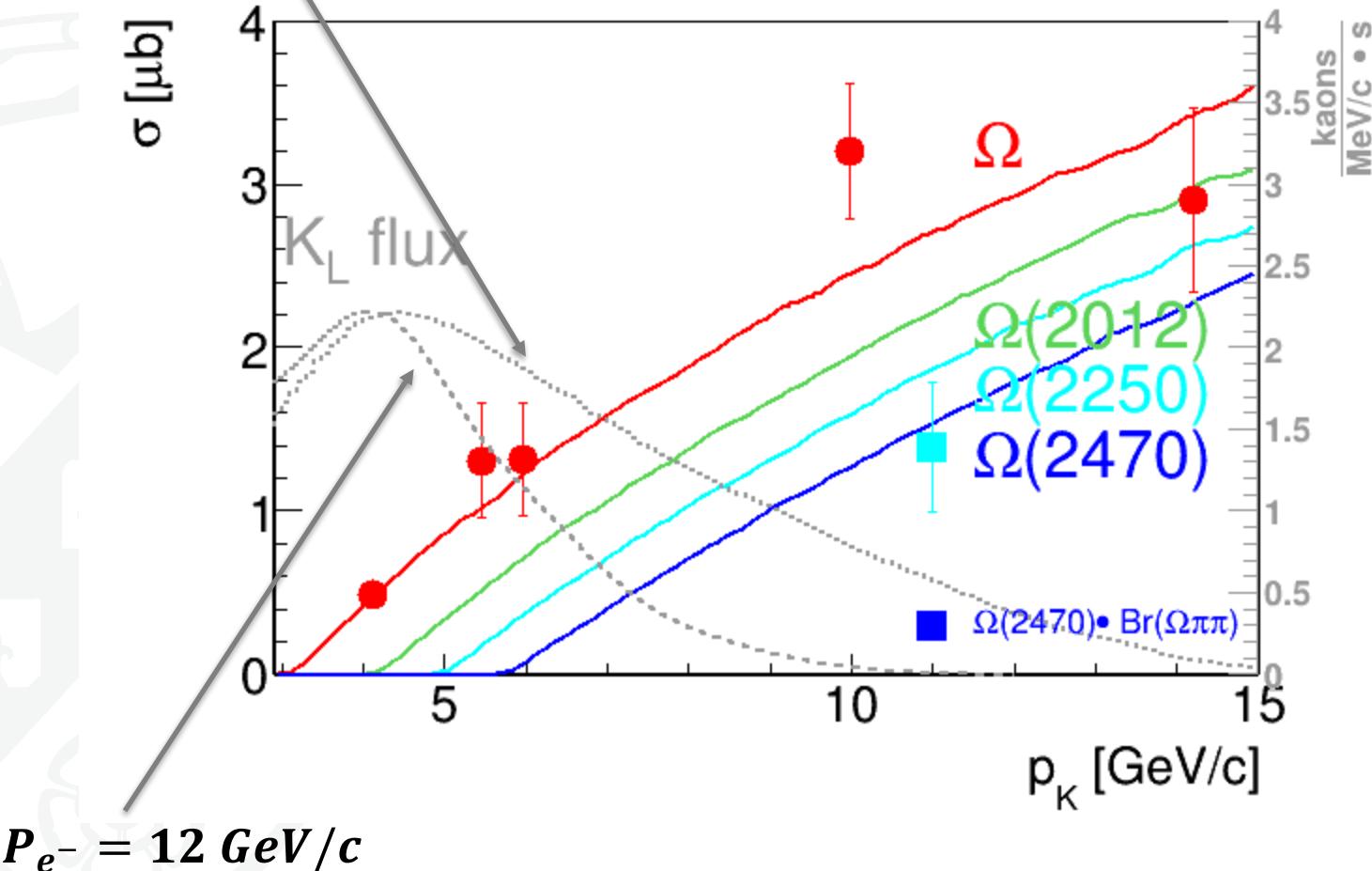
$e^- Be \rightarrow K_L + X; \Theta_K < 2^\circ$



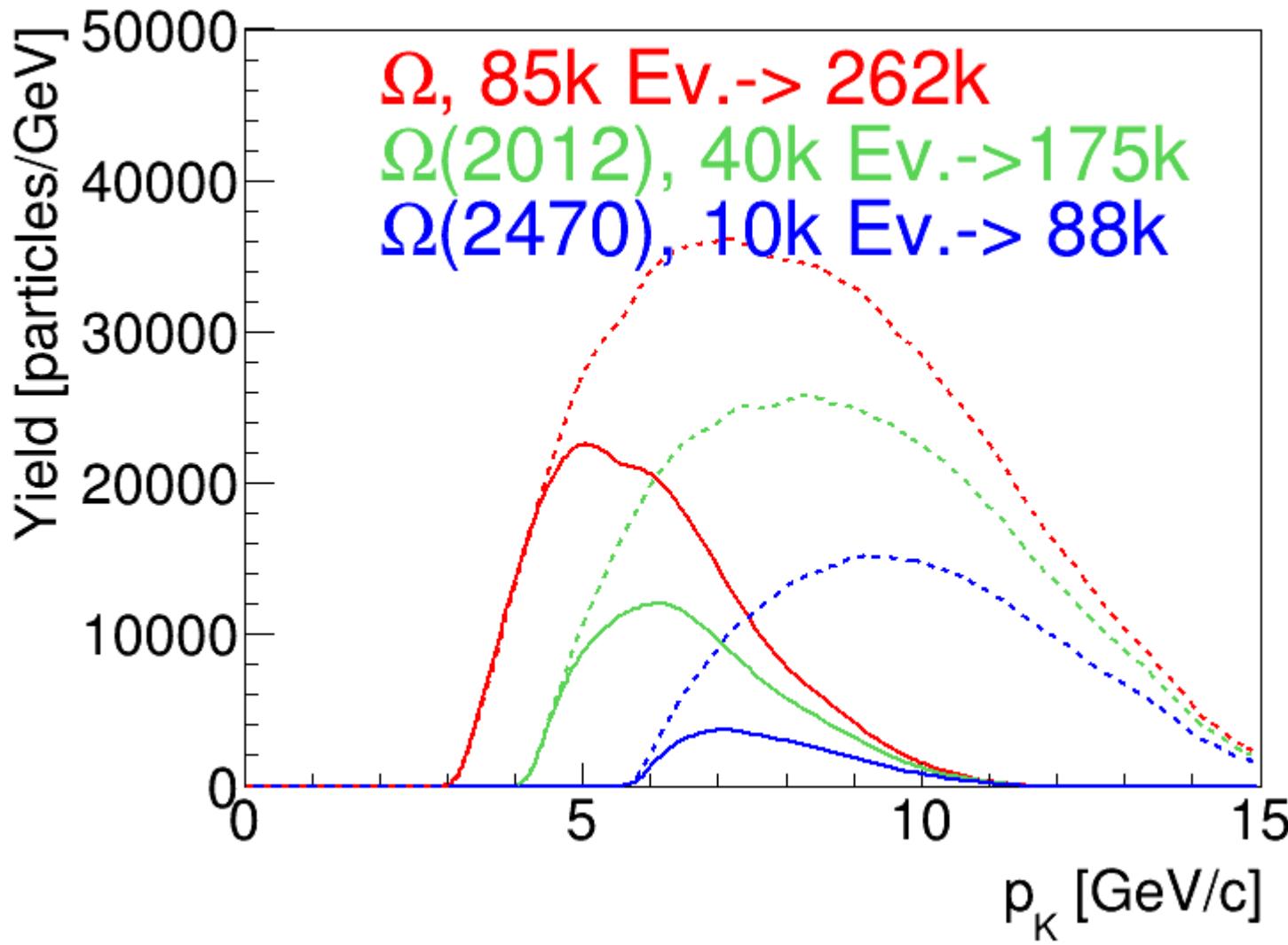


Omega Yield

$P_{e^-} = 19 \text{ GeV}/c$

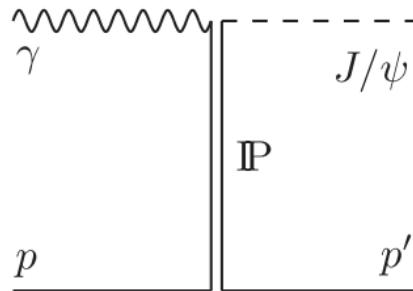


Omega Yield

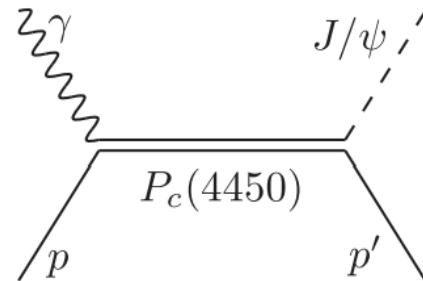


Strange-Charm exotics

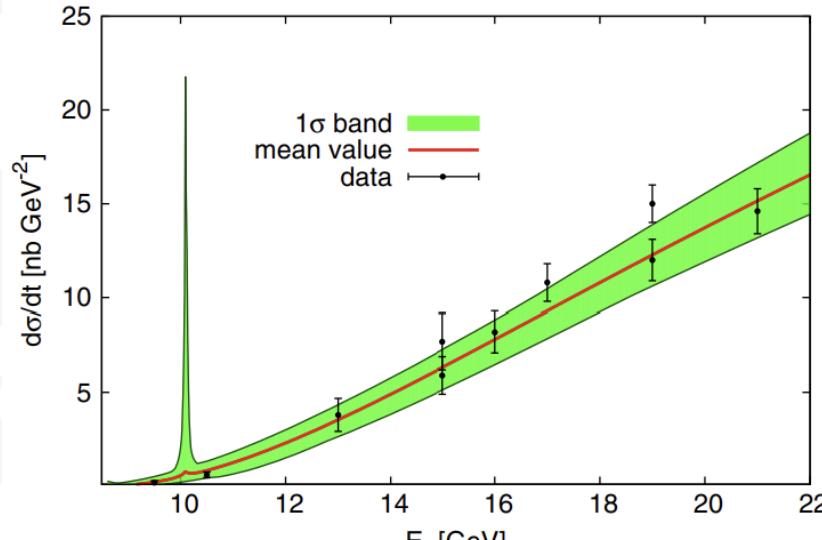
Hidden charm pentaquarks



(a) Pomeron exchange

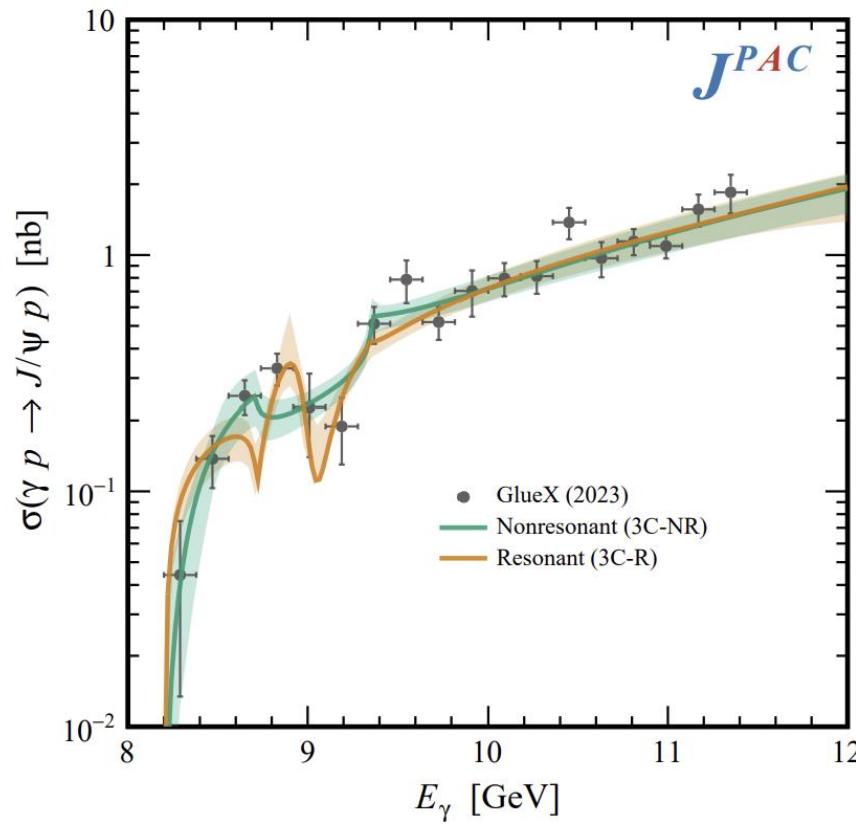
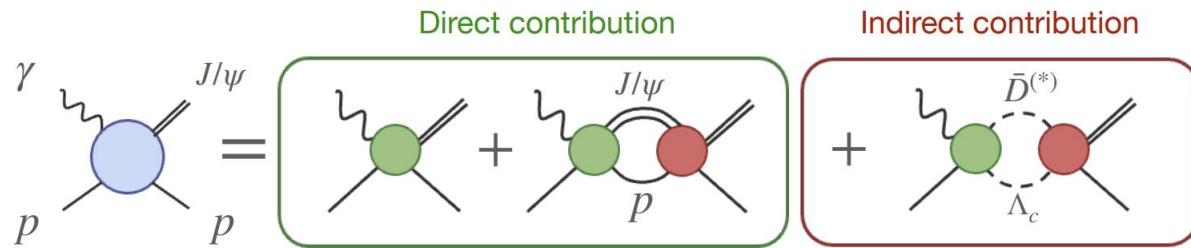


(b) Resonant contribution



(a) $J_r = 3/2$, $\sigma_s = 0$ MeV

Hidden charm pentaquarks



Hidden charm pentaquarks

J-PARC



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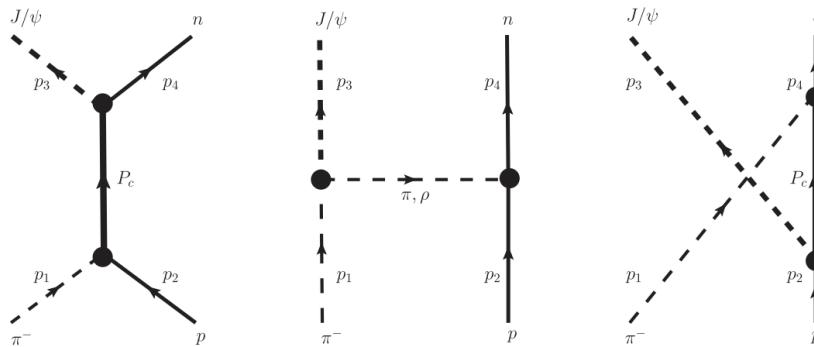


FIG. 1. Feynman diagrams for the $\pi^- p \rightarrow J/\psi n$ reaction.

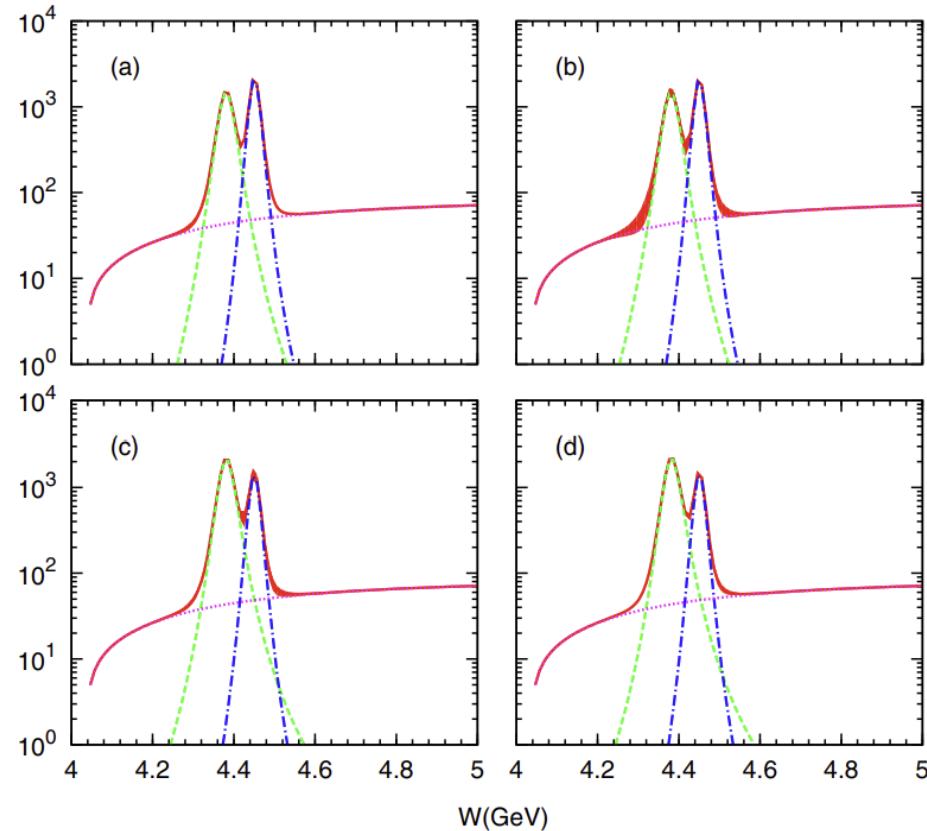


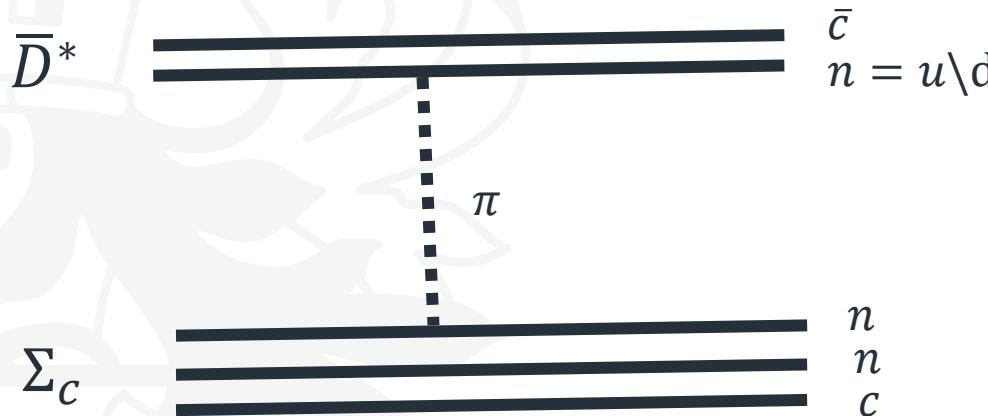
FIG. 2. The total cross sections for the $\pi^- p \rightarrow J/\psi n$ reaction

Hidden charm pentaquarks:

KLF



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Molecule:

- Pion does not couple to s-quark
- Weaker long range pion exchange

Pentaquark:

- Colour-magnetic force
$$\Delta E(QQ) = \frac{4\pi\alpha_s}{9m_i m_j} |\Psi(0)|^2 \sigma_i \sigma_j$$
- Suppressed for s-quark
- Smaller attraction/repulsion

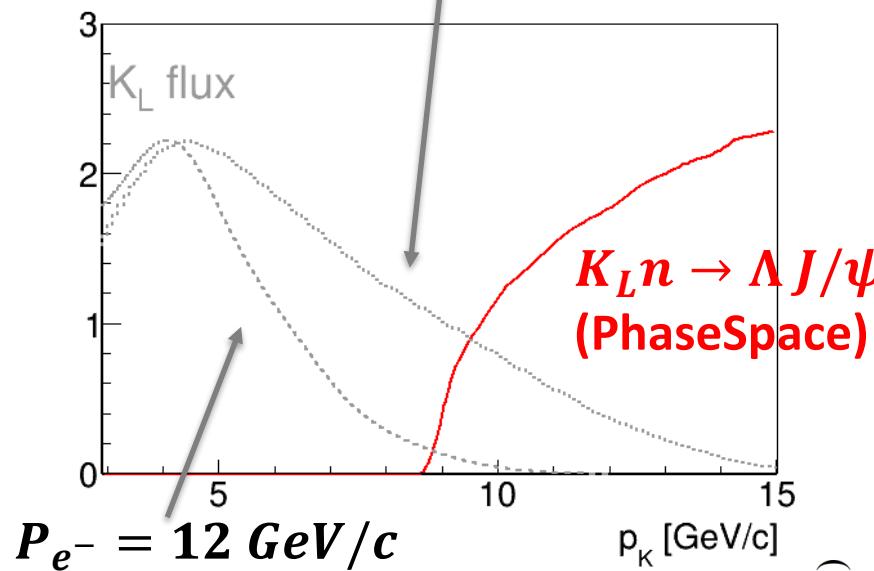
Hidden charm pentaquarks:

KLF

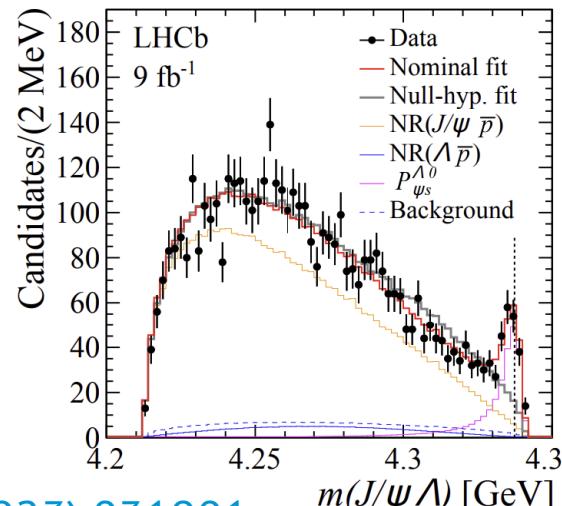
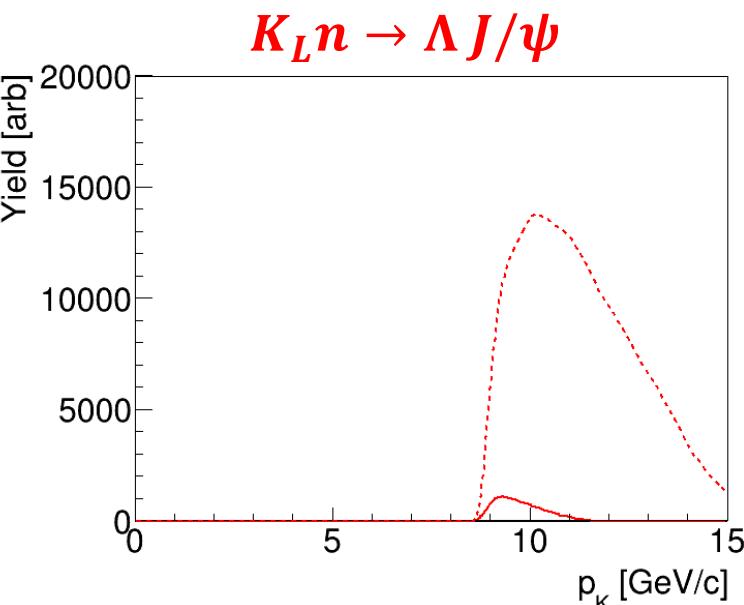


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$$P_{e^-} = 19 \text{ GeV}/c$$



$$\begin{aligned} &K_L n \rightarrow \Lambda J/\psi \\ &K_L p \rightarrow \Sigma^+ J/\psi \\ &K_L n \rightarrow \Sigma^0 J/\psi \end{aligned}$$



$$B^- \rightarrow \Lambda J/\psi \bar{p}$$

Conclusion

- Omega at KLF is measurable
 - decent statistics
- Require further simulations (acceptance/efficiency)
- 22 GeV JLab might be advantageous
 - Can run with 32ns or even 16ns bunch spacing
- Hidden-charm strange pentaquarks
 - S-channel
 - Different production mechanism& background
 - Molecule vs pentaquark