



# Hyperon spectroscopy at KLF

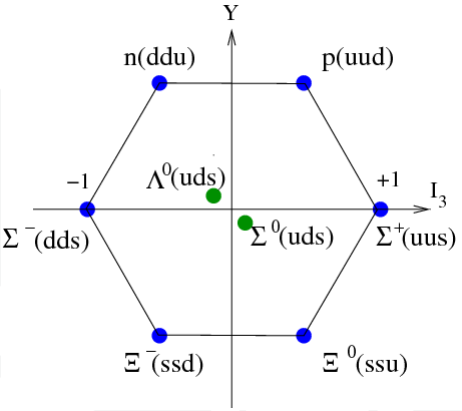
**Mikhail Bashkanov**

# Outlook

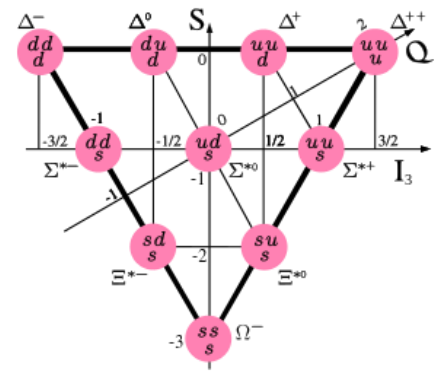


- WHY?
- BEAM-RELATED BACKGROUND
- KAON INDUCED REACTIONS
  - Simulation & reconstruction
- BEAM-RELATED BACKGROUND

# Hyperons



Octet:  $N^*$ ,  $\Lambda^*$ ,  $\Sigma^*$ ,  $\Xi^*$   
 Decuplet:  $\Delta^*$ ,  $\Sigma^*$ ,  $\Xi^*$ ,  $\Omega^*$



	Quark Models Predicted	“Observed”, PDG
$N^*$	64	16
$\Delta^*$	22	10
$\Lambda^*$	17	14
$\Sigma^*$	43	10
$\Xi^*$	42	6
$\Omega^*$	24	2

# Theory limitations

Kaon beam brings one unit of strangeness:

- No associated kaons for  $\Lambda^*$ ,  $\Sigma^*$  production
- 1 associated kaon for  $\Xi^*$
- 2 associated kaons for  $\Omega^*$



**Good**



**Acceptable**



**Simplified,  
model dependent analysis only**

# Questions

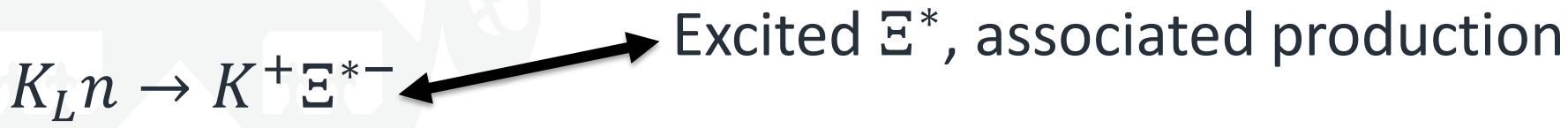
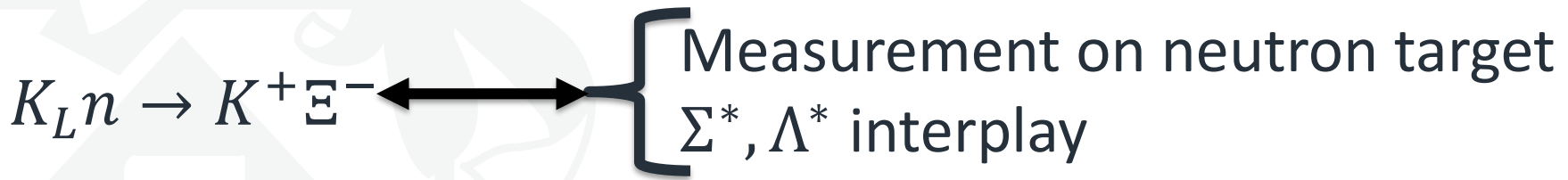
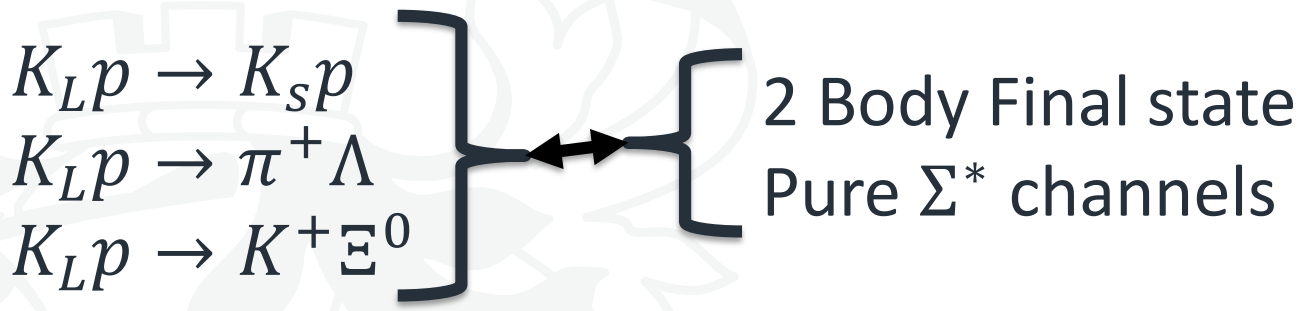
- Feasibility?
- Statistics?
- Systematics?



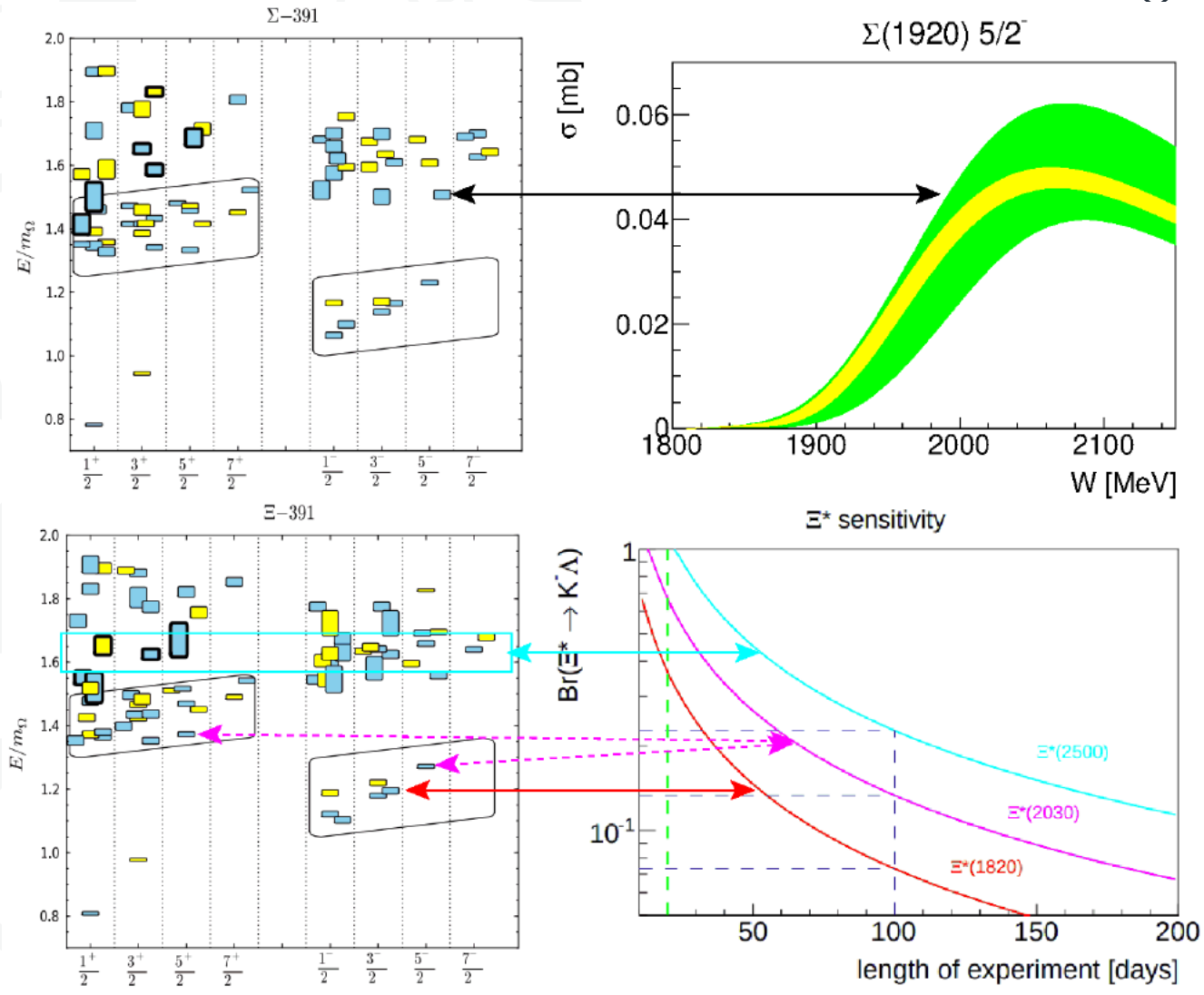
Hyperon analysis note:

[https://wiki.jlab.org/klproject/images/0/08/KLF\\_Analysis\\_Report\\_%284%29.pdf](https://wiki.jlab.org/klproject/images/0/08/KLF_Analysis_Report_%284%29.pdf)

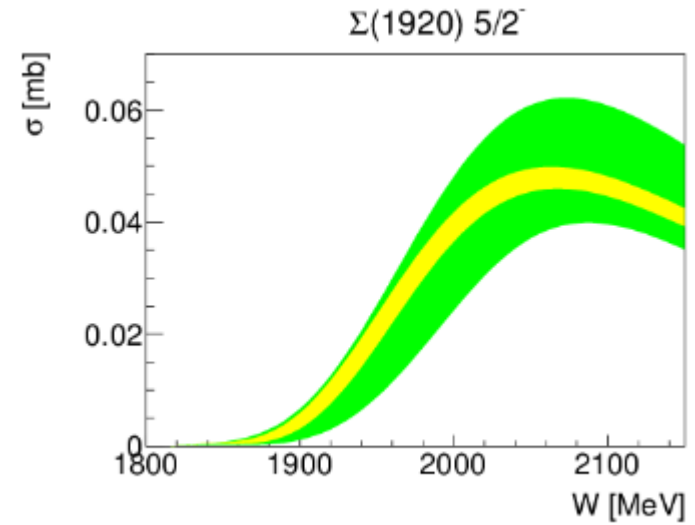
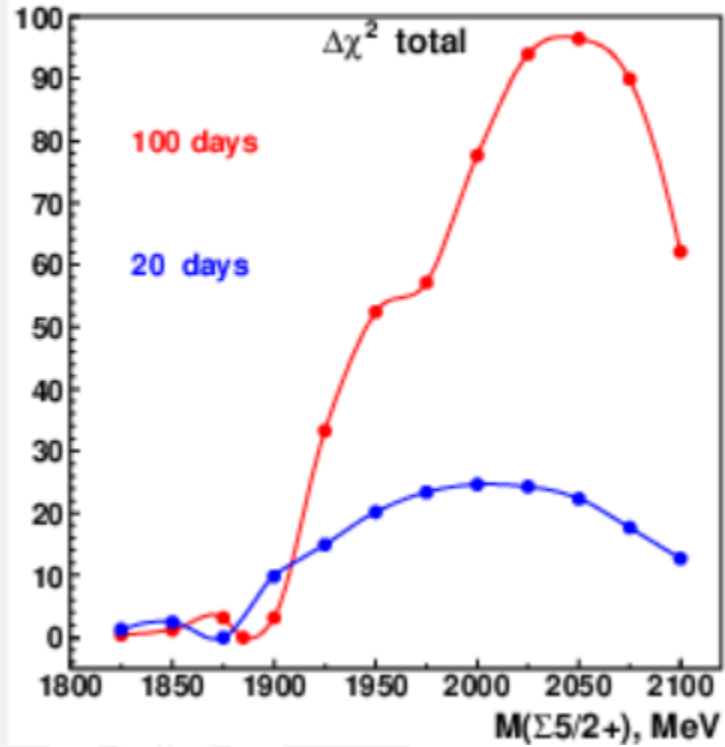
# Reactions of interest



# Results



# Systematics





# New findings: $\pi\Lambda/\pi\Sigma$

Isospin amplitudes

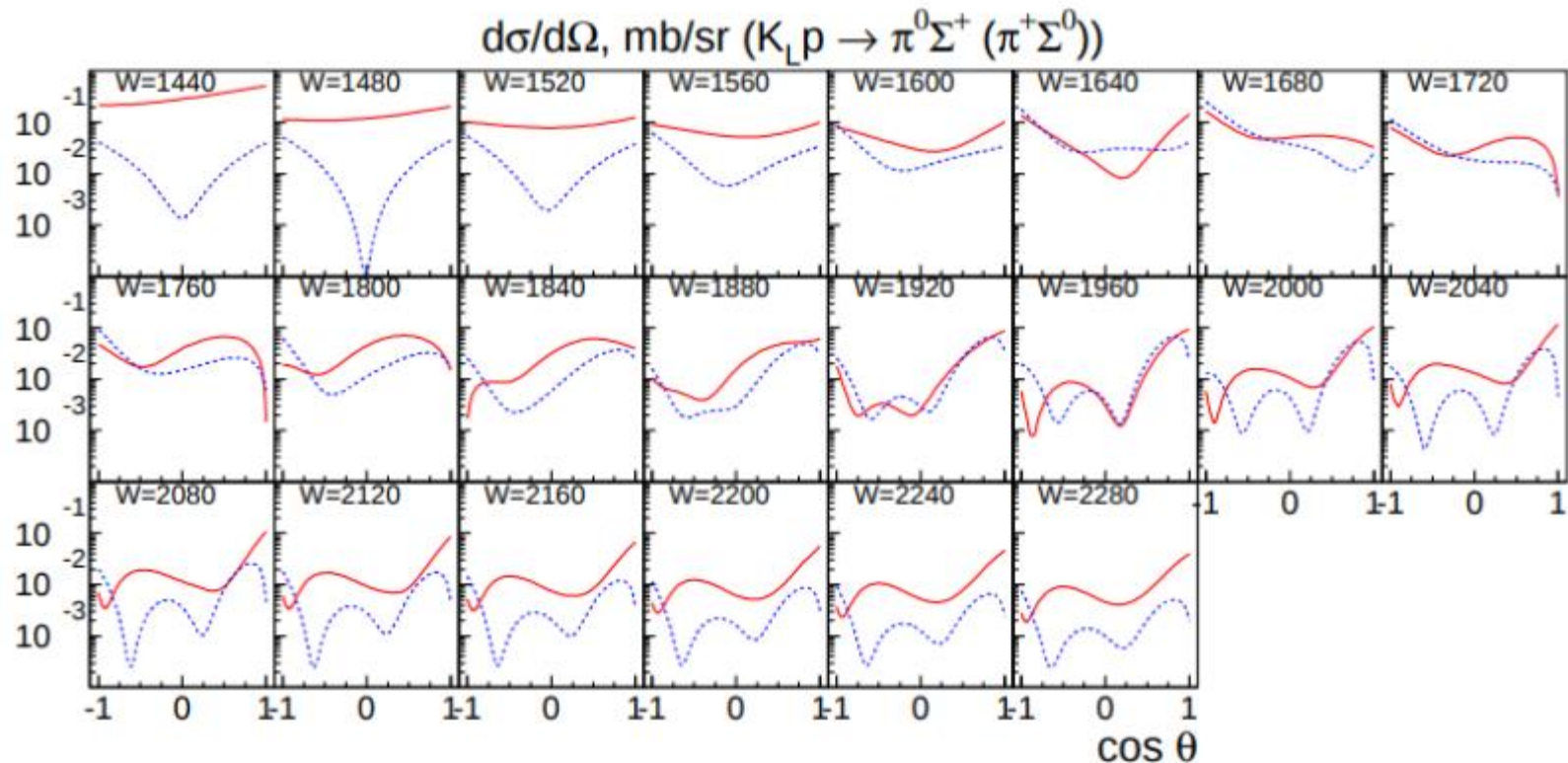


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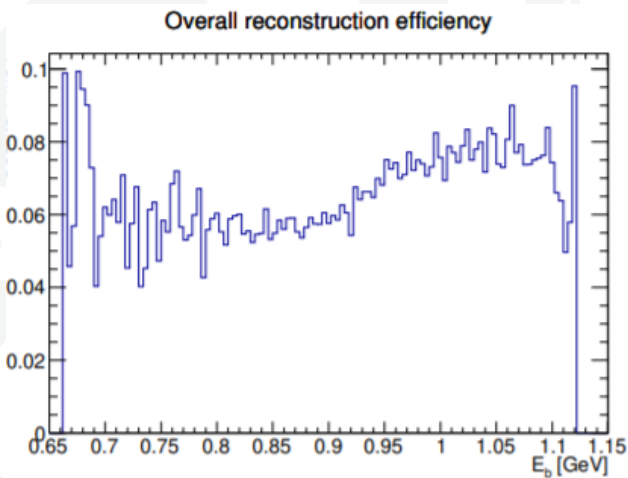
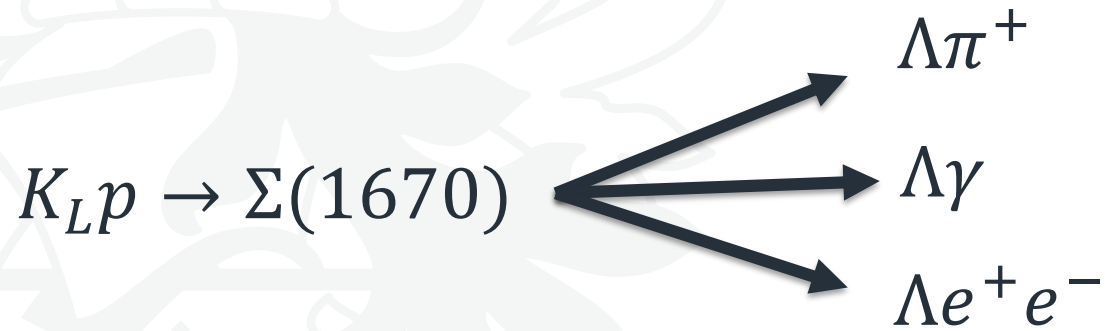
$$|A(K^- p)|^2 = \frac{1}{2}(|A_1|^2 + |A_0|^2 + 2\text{Re}(A_1 A_0^*))$$

$$|A(K^0 n)|^2 = \frac{1}{2}(|A_1|^2 + |A_0|^2 - 2\text{Re}(A_1 A_0^*))$$

$$|A(K^0 p)|^2 = |A_1|^2.$$



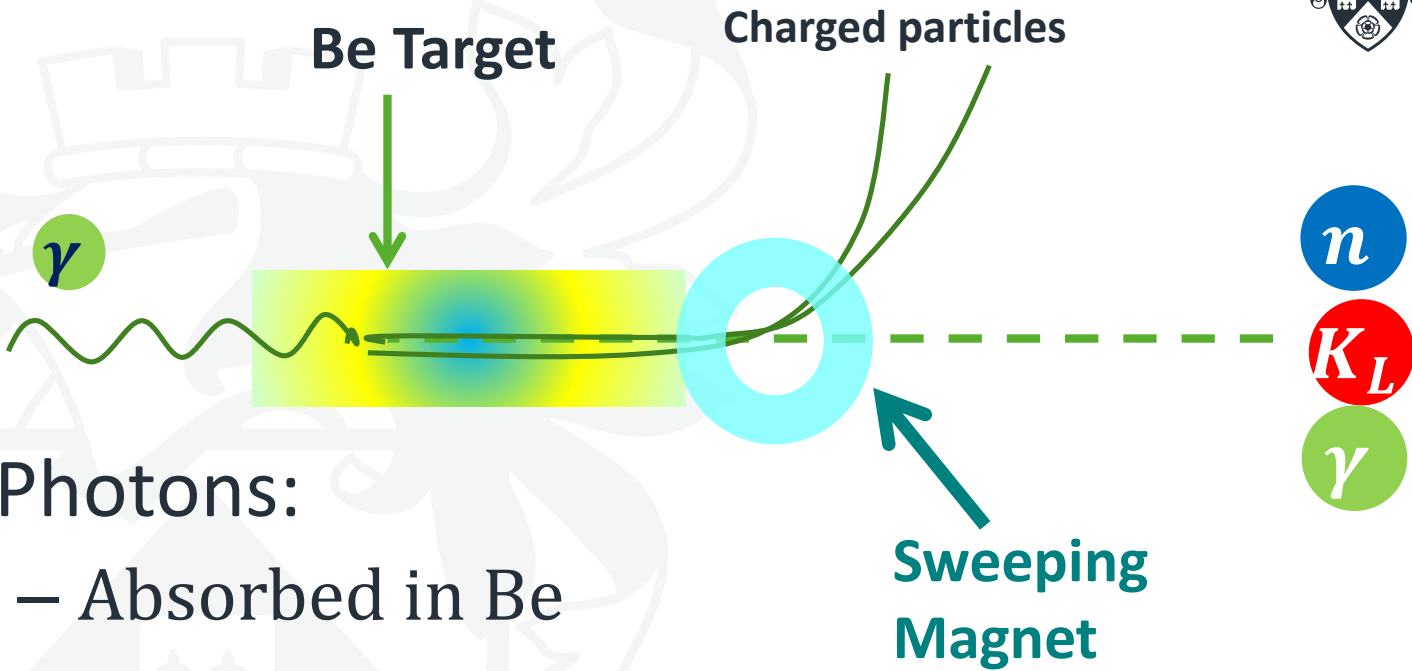
# Further studies





# Backgrounds

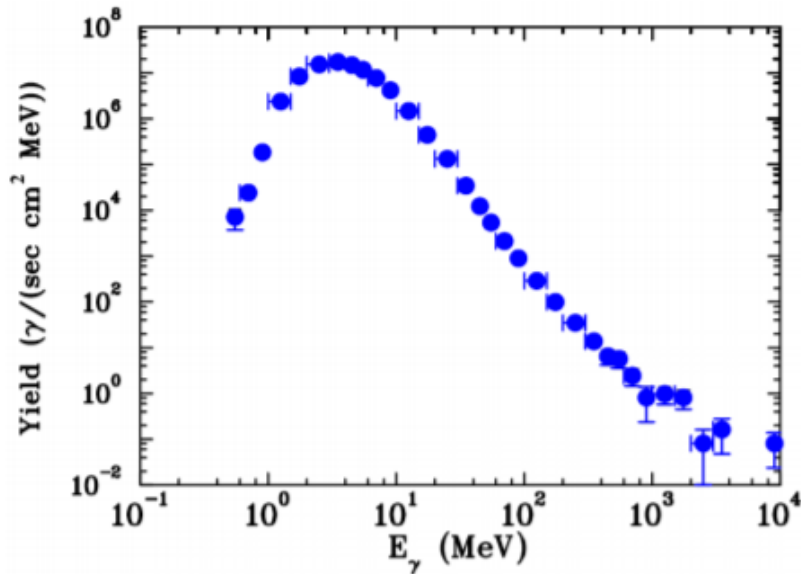
# Possible Backgrounds



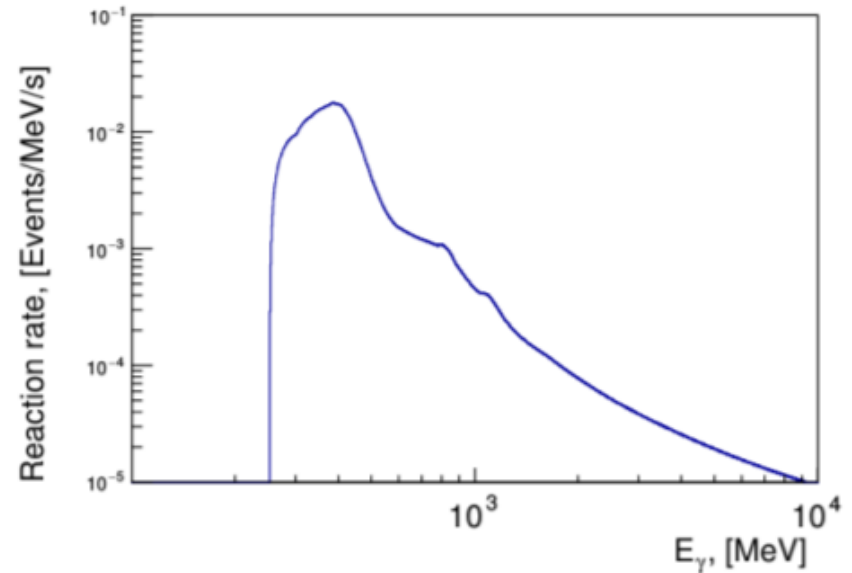
- Photons:
  - Absorbed in Be
  - $v = c$
  - Small x-section
- Neutrons:
  - $v_n \ll v_{K_L}$
  - Different kinematics

94% of neutrons associated with  $T < 300\text{MeV}$

# Photon background



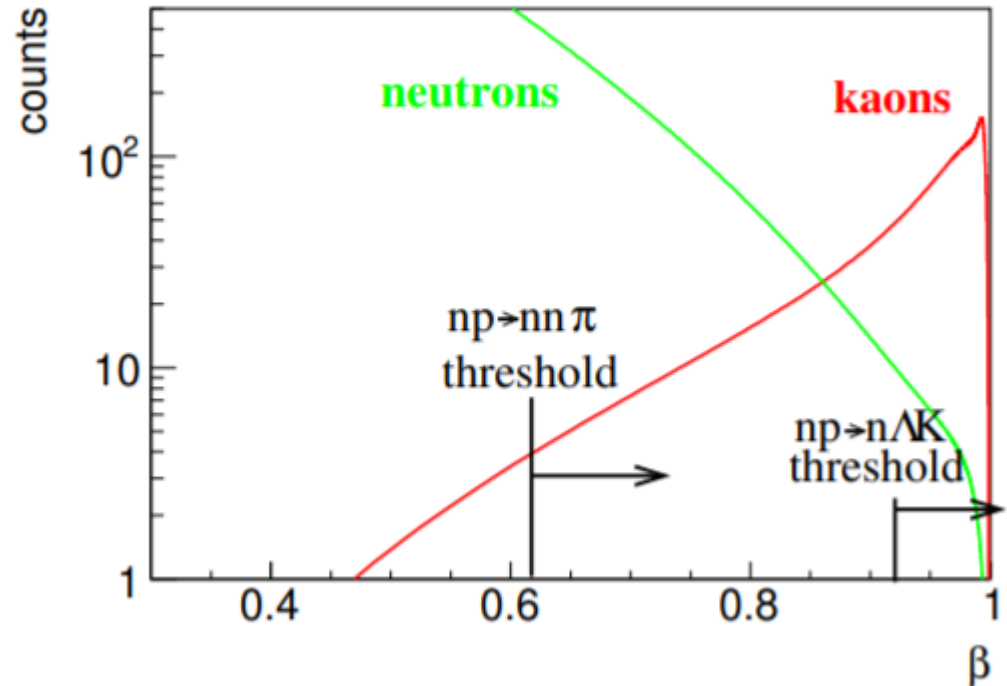
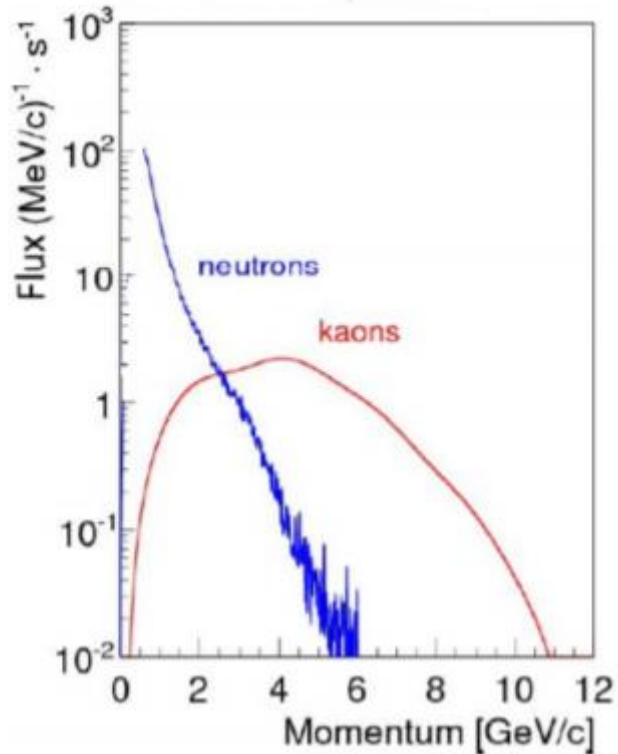
Photon flux at LH2/LD2



Photoinduced reaction rate

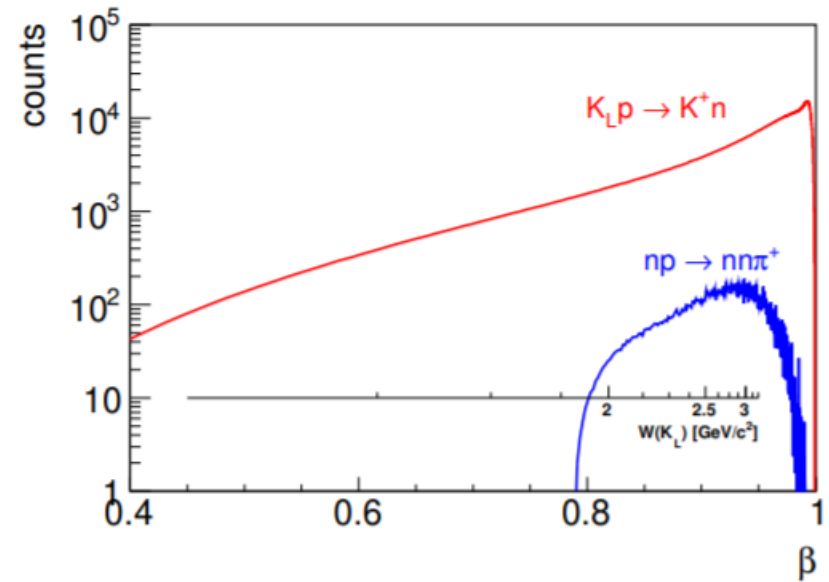
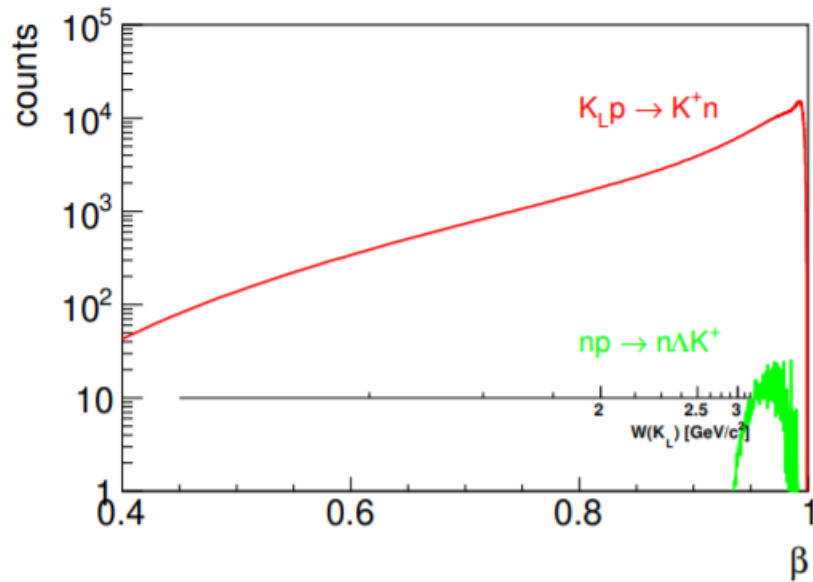
Photoinduced reaction rate < 4Hz

# Neutron Background



- $E_n > 1.6 \text{ GeV}$  (strangeness threshold) ~ 1% of neutron flux
- $0.3 < E_n < 1.6 \text{ GeV}$  (above pion threshold) ~ 5% of neutron flux
- $E_n < 0.3 \text{ GeV}$  ~ 94% of neutron flux – do not contribute

# Neutron Background



# Other sources of n-induced background

- $np \rightarrow K^+ X$  – *NOT A PROBLEM*
  - the x-section and a flux is too small to be a problem.
- $np \rightarrow \pi^+ X$  – *NOT A PROBLEM*
  - very different kinematics
  - exclusivity



# Conclusion

- Hyperon spectroscopy programme is under control
- Good progress
- Nice results (statistics/systematics/background)