

SIDIS Simulation – Update

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Introduction

- Project: Quark-flavor decomposition from ratio

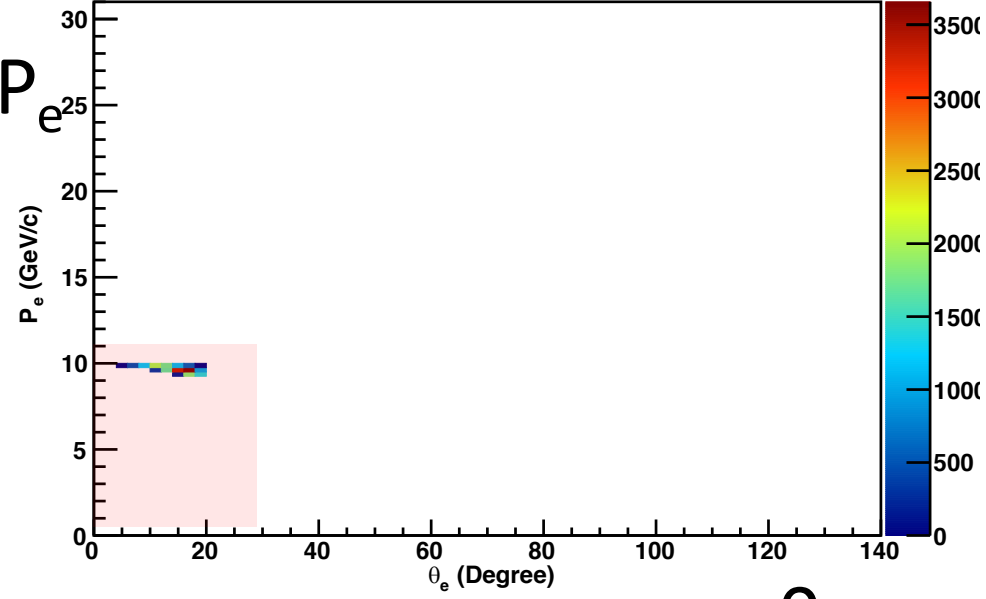
$$R(Q^2, z, x) = \frac{N_c(\pi^+) - N_c(\pi^-)}{N_d(\pi^+) - N_d(\pi^-)}$$

- Wanted: Error of the ratio = 1%
- Study with SIDIS simulation necessary statistics and systematic effects
- First step: MC sampling / integration error

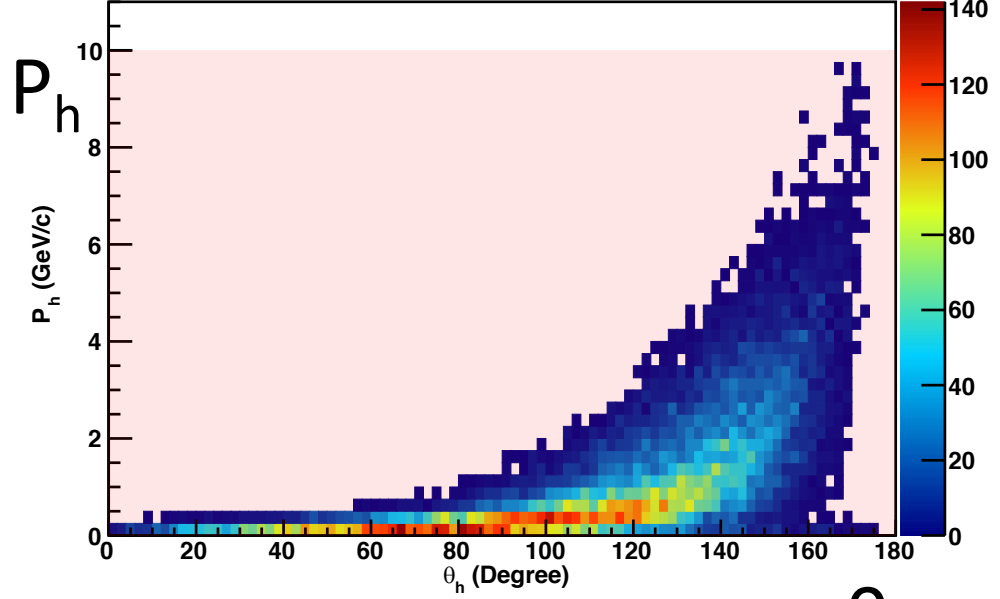
Simulation parameter

- ^{12}C with $E_e = 10 \text{ GeV}$ and $E_A = 600 \text{ GeV}$, d with $E_A = 100 \text{ GeV}$
- 500 Million events (already generated) for CTEQ ^{12}C and d
- LO PDF set and s-, sbar-, gluon-pdf = 0
- Event generation within:
 - $8.5 \text{ GeV}/c < p_e' < 10.5 \text{ GeV}/c$
 - $0 \text{ GeV}/c < p_h < 10 \text{ GeV}/c$
 - $0^\circ < \theta_e < 25^\circ$ but generation itself in $\cos(\theta)$
 - $0^\circ < \theta_h < 180^\circ$ but generation itself in $\cos(\theta)$
 - $0^\circ < \phi_{e/h} < 360^\circ$
- Cuts in event generation:
 - $0.03 < x < 0.15$ ($0.05 < x < 0.1$ cut applied later)
 - $Q^2 > 1$
 - $W > 2$

Electron Acceptance, $^{12}\text{C}(e,e'\pi^+)X$, $E_e=10\text{GeV}$, $E_A=600\text{GeV}$

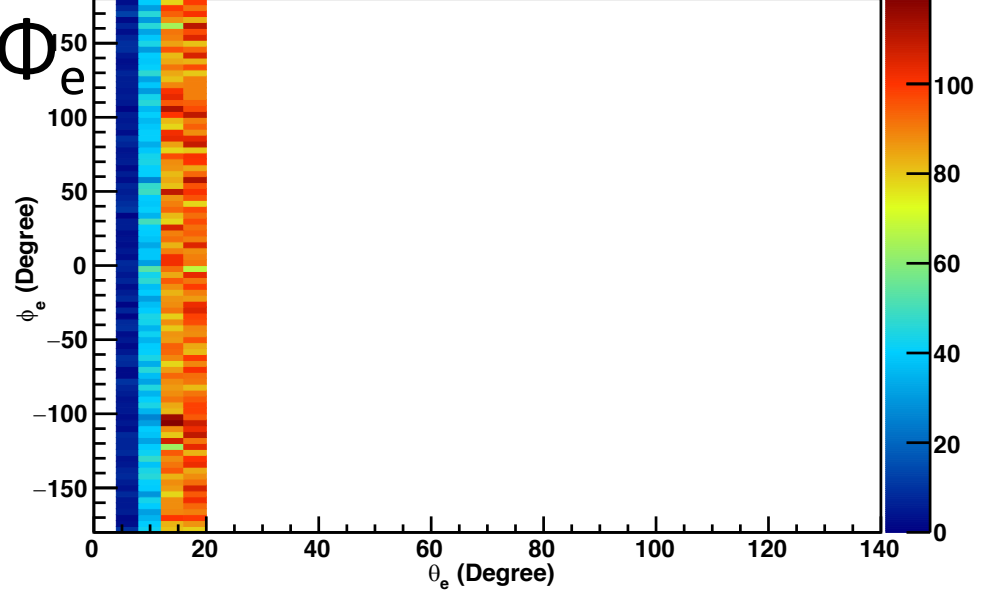


Hadron Acceptance, $^{12}\text{C}(e,e'\pi^+)X$, $E_e=10\text{GeV}$, $E_A=600\text{GeV}$

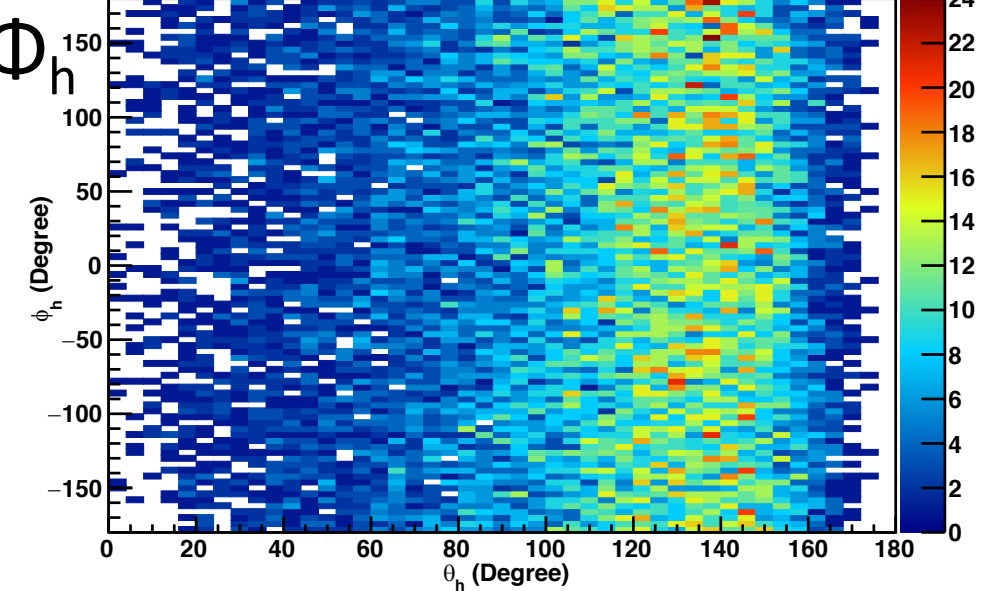


- $Q^2 < 10$
- $p_t < 1 \text{ GeV}/c$
- $0.05 < x_B < 0.1$
- xs weighted
- 1M events

Electron Acceptance, $^{12}\text{C}(e,e'\pi^+)X$, $E_e=10\text{GeV}$, $E_A=600\text{GeV}$



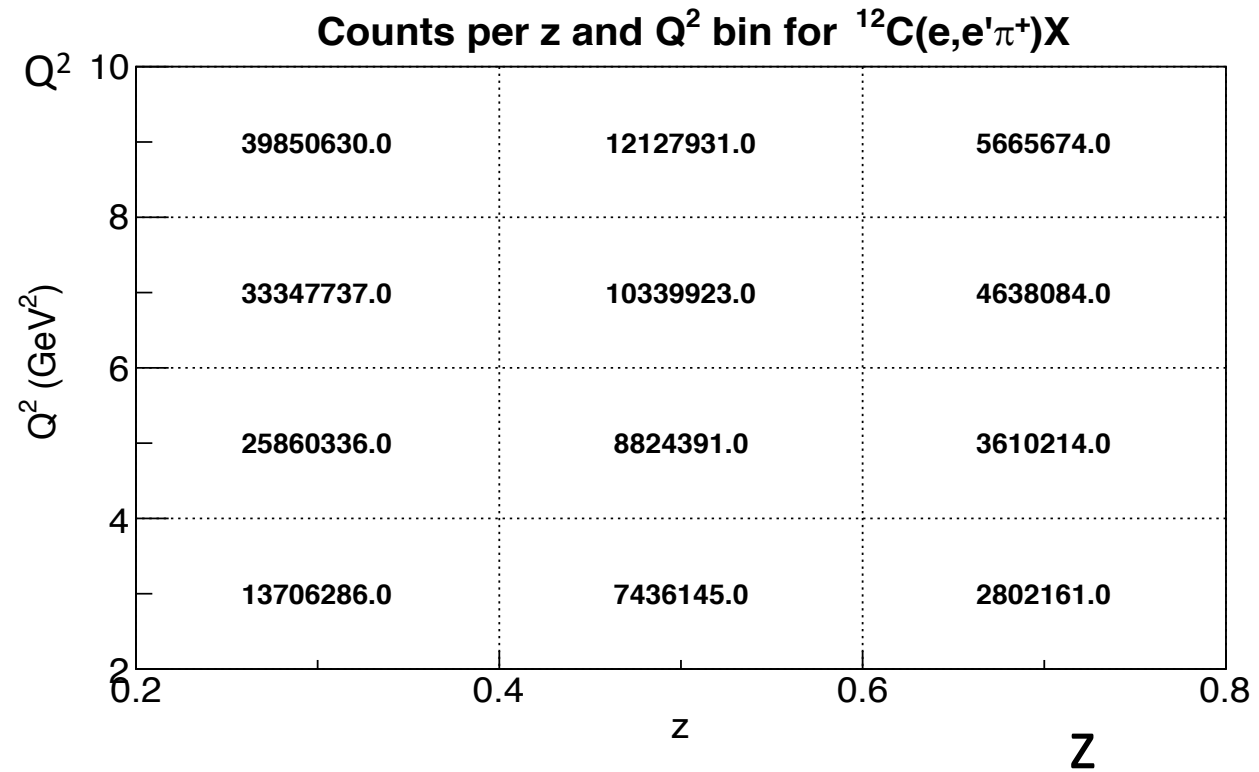
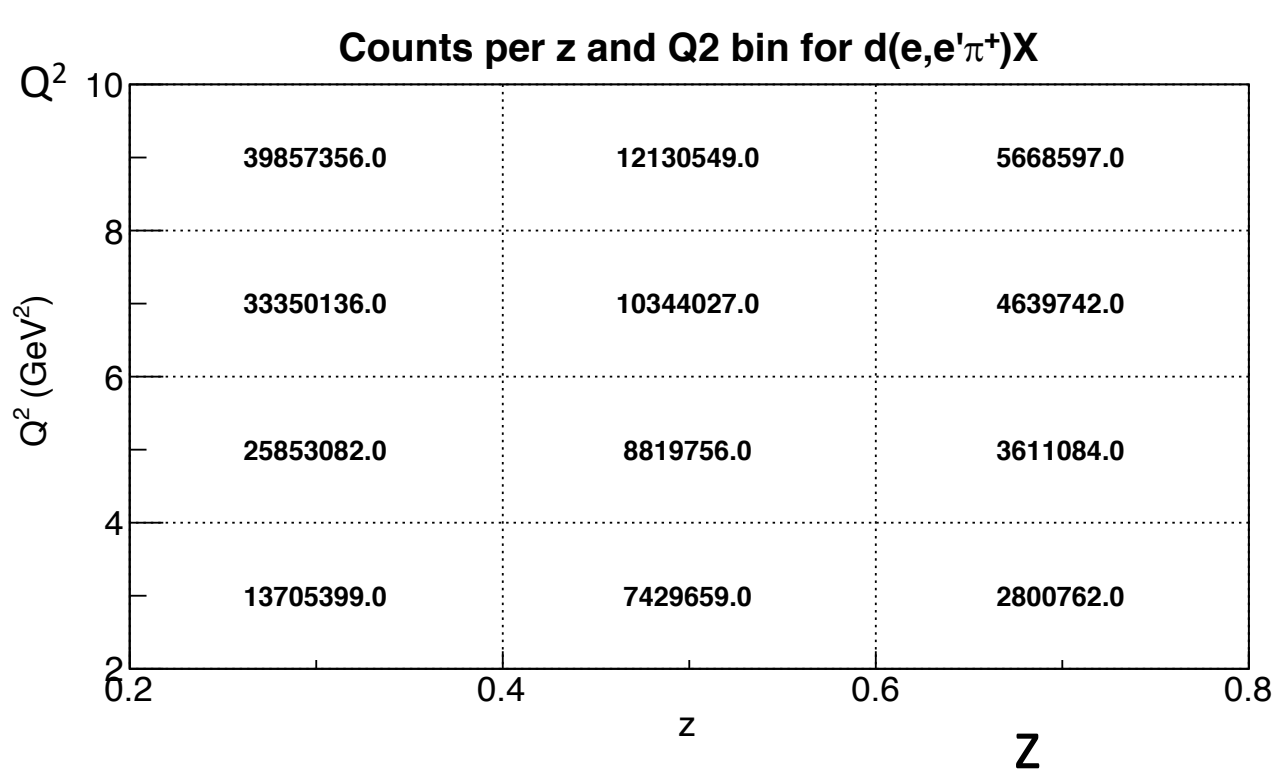
Hadron Acceptance, $^{12}\text{C}(e,e'\pi^+)X$, $E_e=10\text{GeV}$, $E_A=600\text{GeV}$



Q^2 and z Bins for SIDIS Ratio

- Q^2 cut limits:
 - $Q2_cut [5] = \{2.0, 4.0, 6.0, 8.0, 10.\}$
- z cut limits:
 - $z_cut[4] = \{0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8\}$
- x cut:
 - $0.05 \leq x_B \leq 0.1$
- $p_t < 1$ GeV/c (transversal to q)

Number of Events for 500M generated events



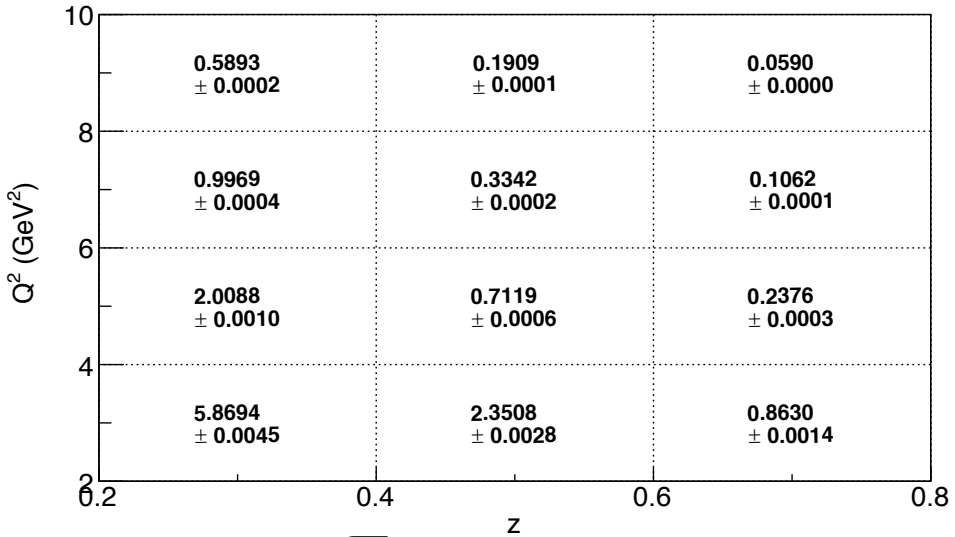
Calculation of MC Sampling / Integration Error

- Method 1 adapted from Numerical Recipes (Charles)
 - N events generated in phase space V with weights. Integral of function f (cross section) is given by
 - $$\frac{V}{N} \sum_i f(x_i) \pm \frac{V}{\sqrt{N}} \sqrt{\left[\frac{1}{N} \sum_i f^2(x_i) \right] - \left[\frac{1}{N} \sum_i f(x_i) \right]^2}$$
- Method 2 (adapted from Zhihongs Code):
 - Plot weighted Q2 distribution
 - Value = histo->GetSum() [ROOT]
 - Error = sqrt(sum (variance)) [done via ROOT]

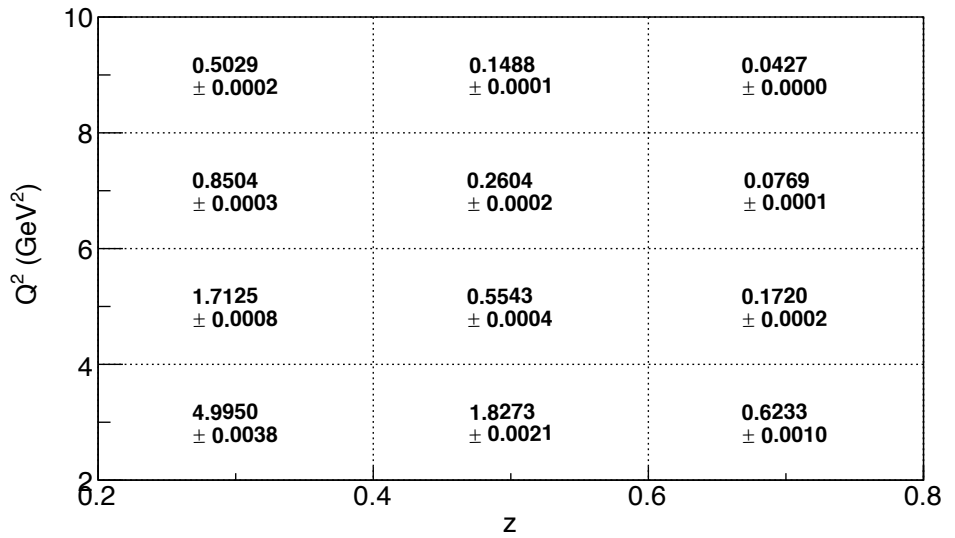
→ Both calculations gave the same error

Deuterium Results on (weighted) Integrated Cross Section from 500M Events (sampling error shown)

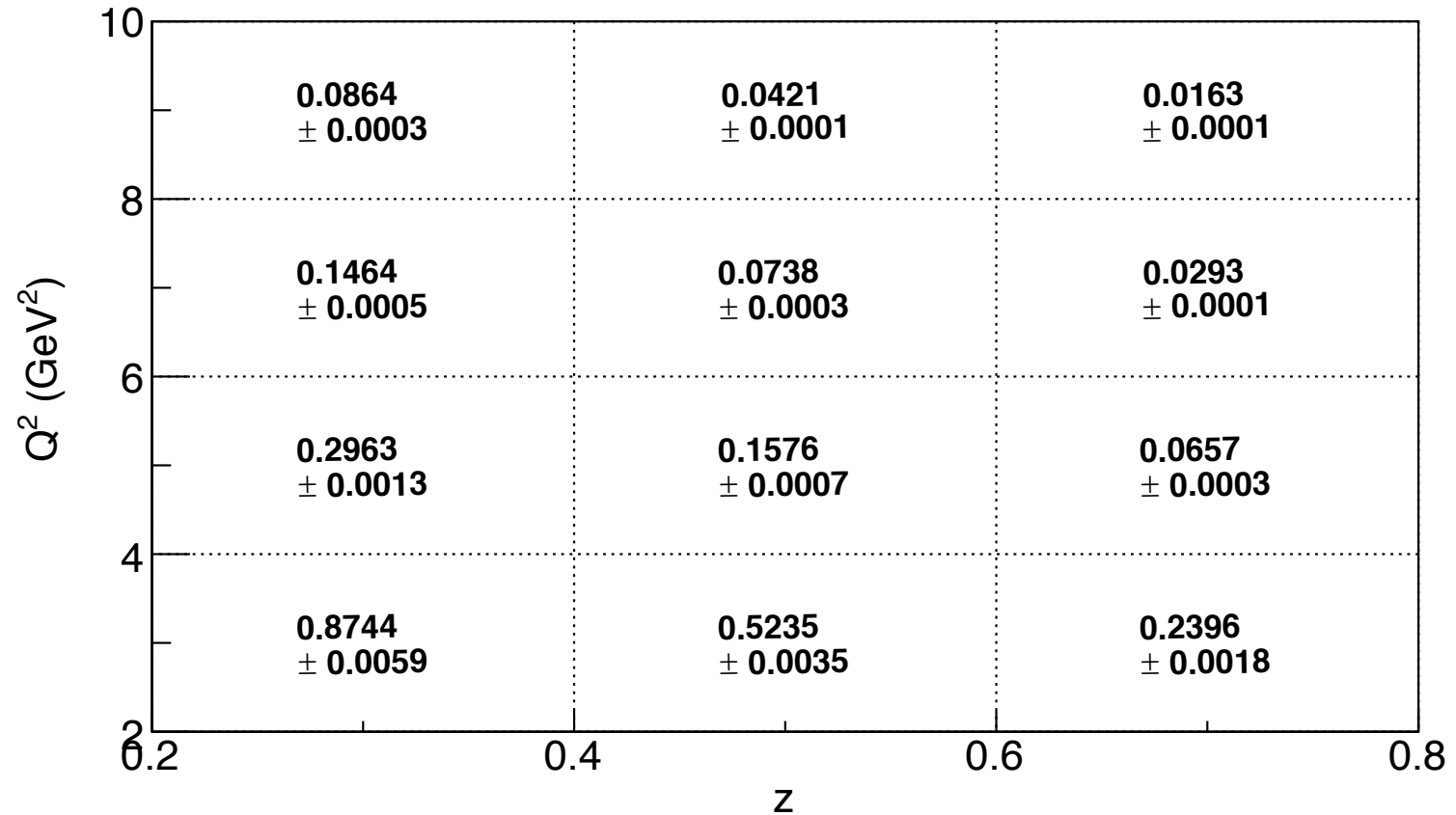
π^+



π^-

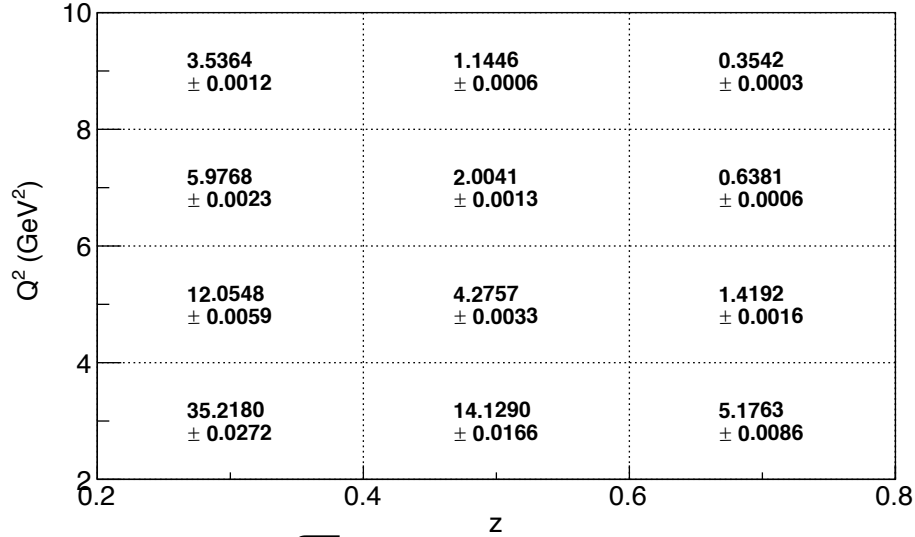


$\sigma(\pi^+) - \sigma(\pi^-)$ [nb]

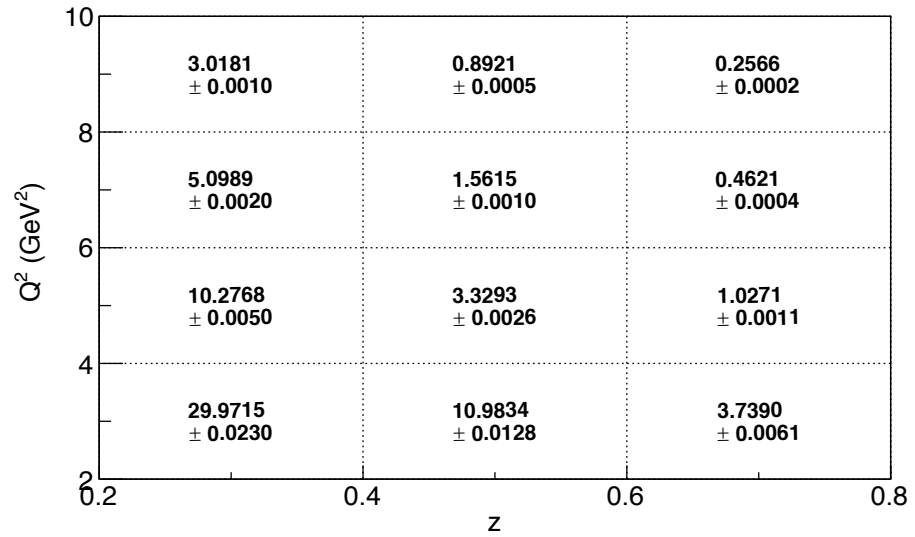


^{12}C Results on (weighted) Integrated Cross Section from 500M Events (sampling error shown)

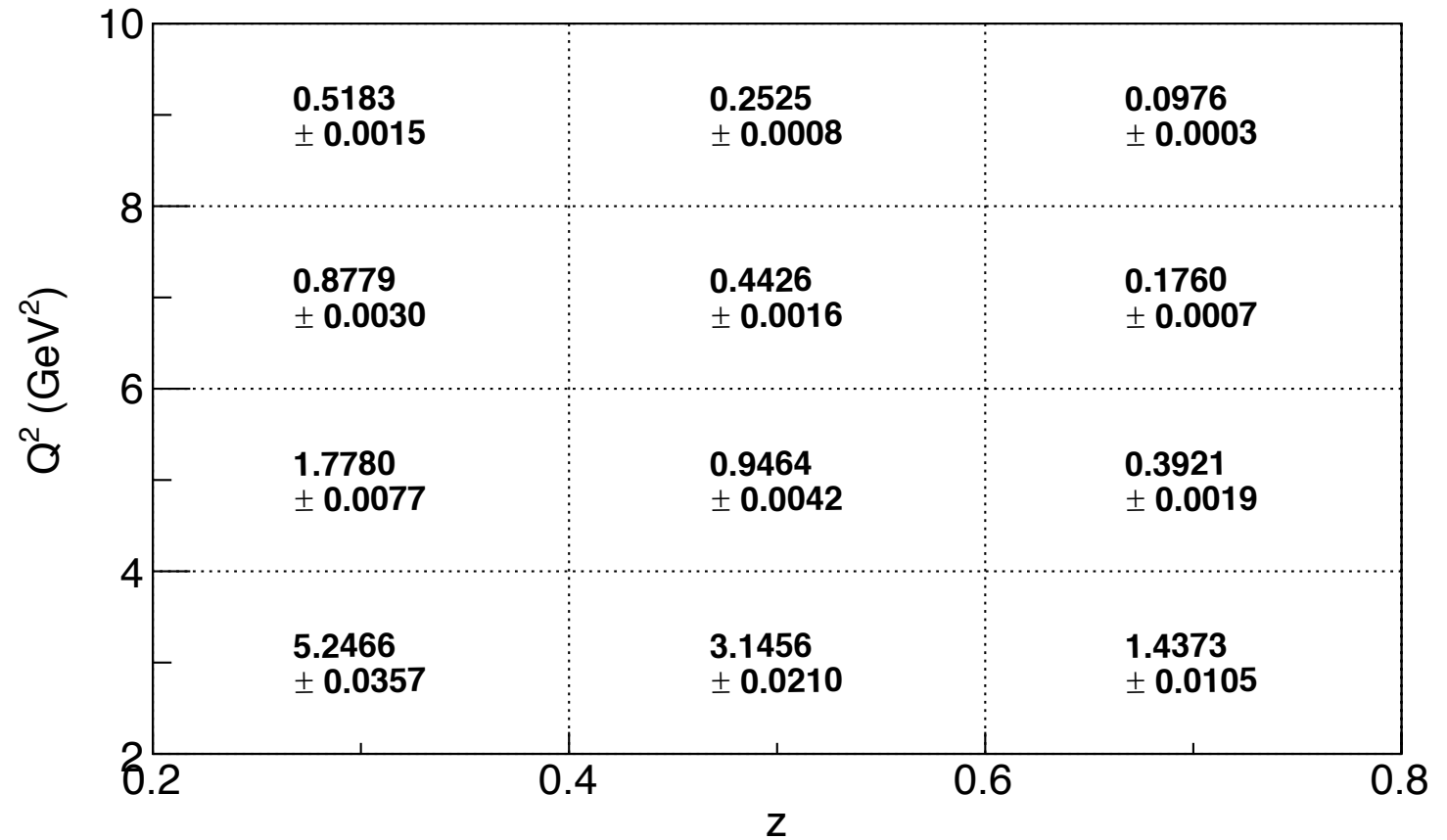
π^+



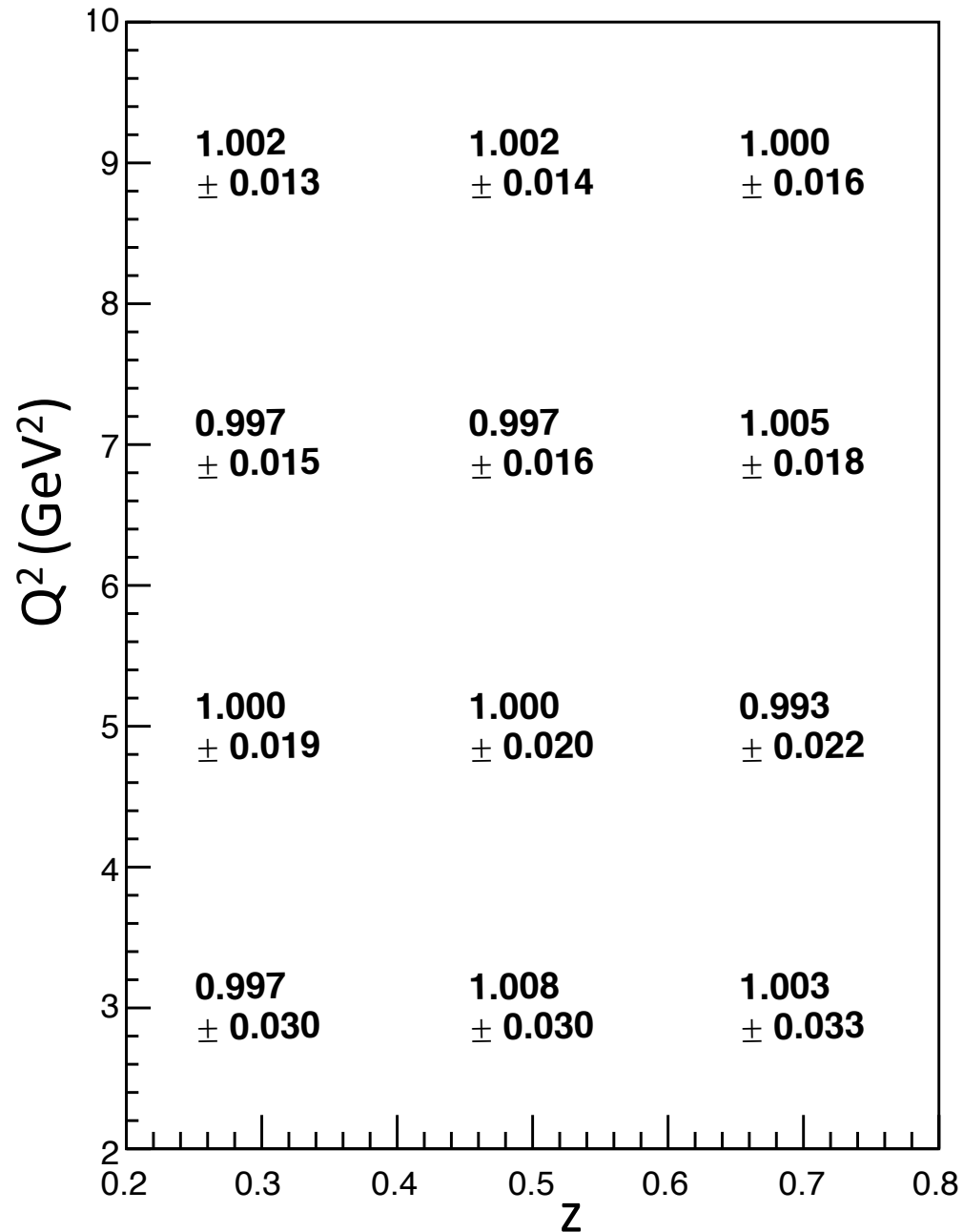
π^-



$\sigma(\pi^+) - \sigma(\pi^-)$ [nb]



Previous Result for SIDIS Ratio - 50M Events

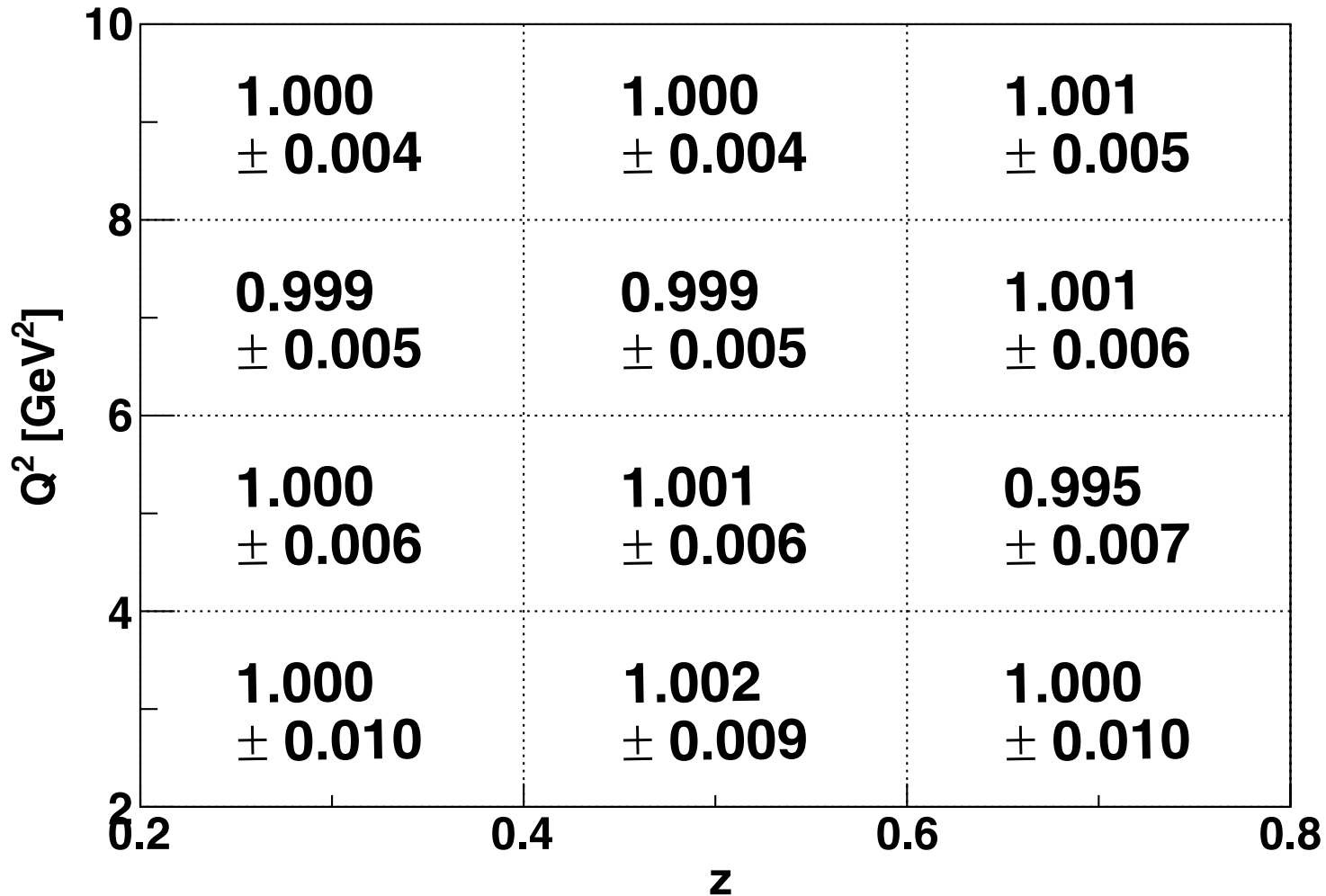


$$R(Q^2, z, x) = \frac{\sigma_C(\pi^+) - \sigma_C(\pi^-)}{6 * [\sigma_d(\pi^+) - \sigma_d(\pi^-)]}$$

Error from standard error
propagation of individual
weighted count rates

-> not sufficient statistic
in each bin for error < 1%

Result for SIDIS Ratio with 500M Events



$$R(Q^2, z, x) = \frac{\sigma_C(\pi^+) - \sigma_C(\pi^-)}{6 * [\sigma_d(\pi^+) - \sigma_d(\pi^-)]}$$

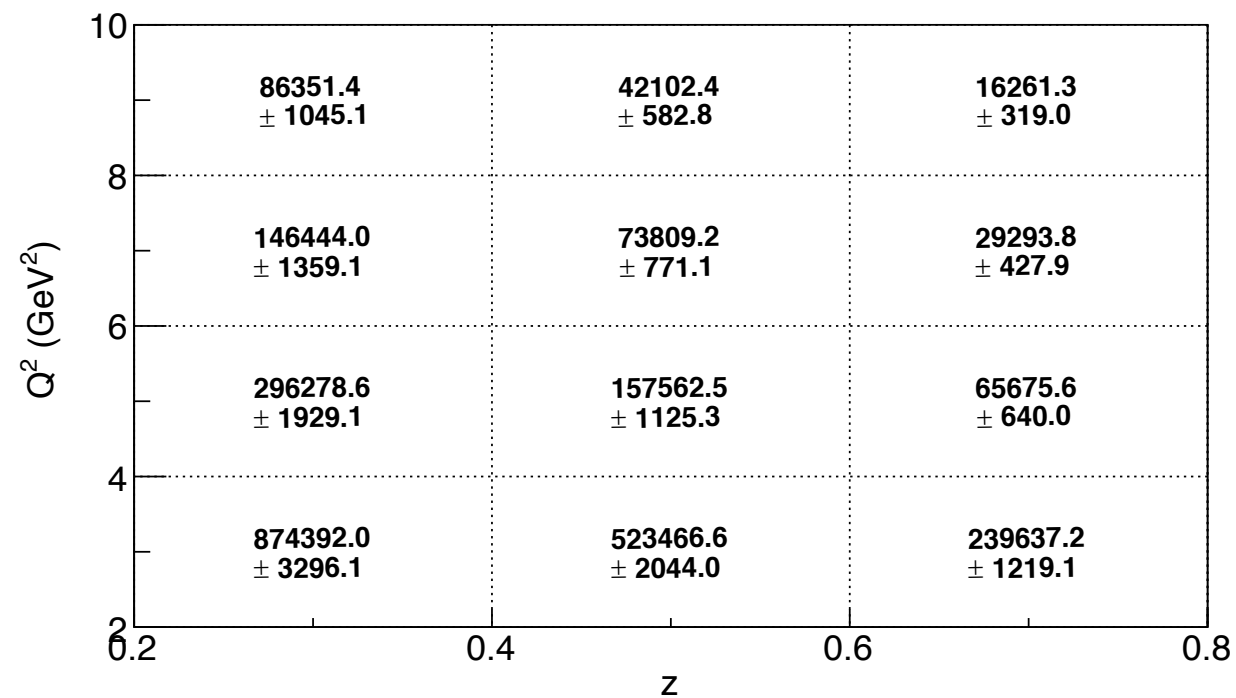
-> sufficient statistic for all bins that MC sampling error is < 1%

Event Rate Estimates

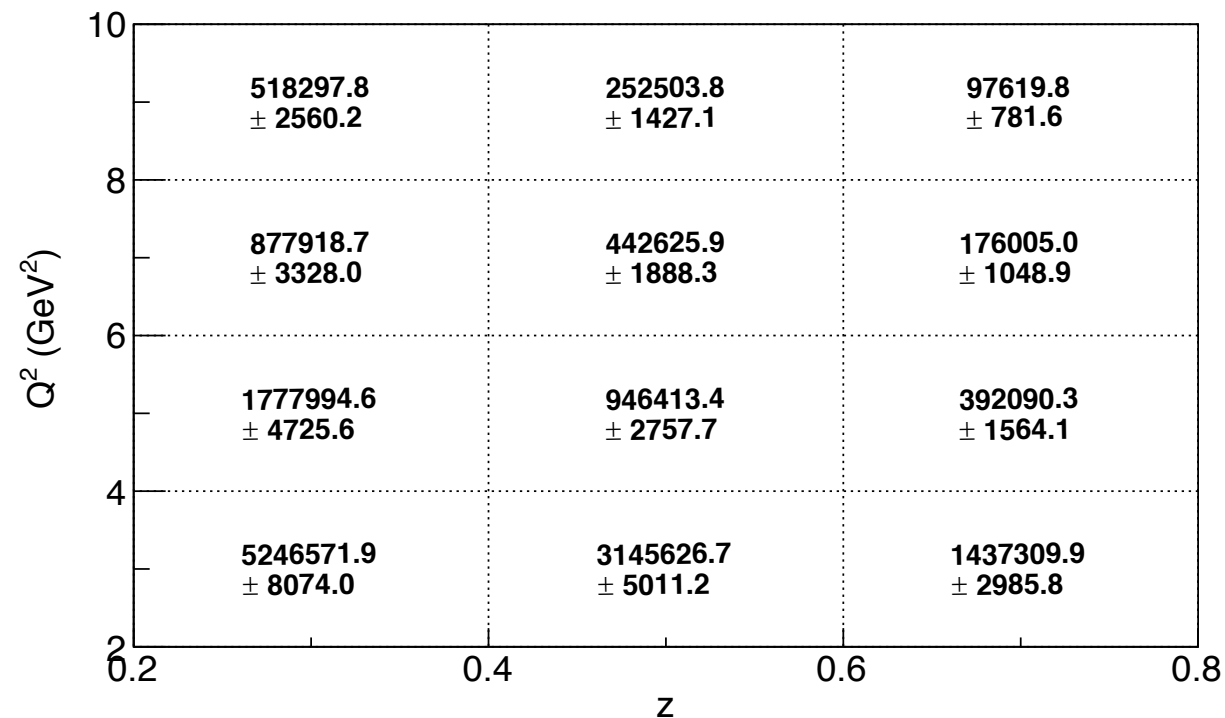
- Assuming luminosity $10^{-33} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1} = 1 \text{ nb}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$
- Calculate rates for integrated luminosity 1 fb^{-1} and 0.1 fb^{-1}
- For each bin assume the integrated cross section from the 500M MC sample

Estimation for $N(\boldsymbol{\pi}+) - N(\boldsymbol{\pi}-)$ for $L = 1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

Deuterium

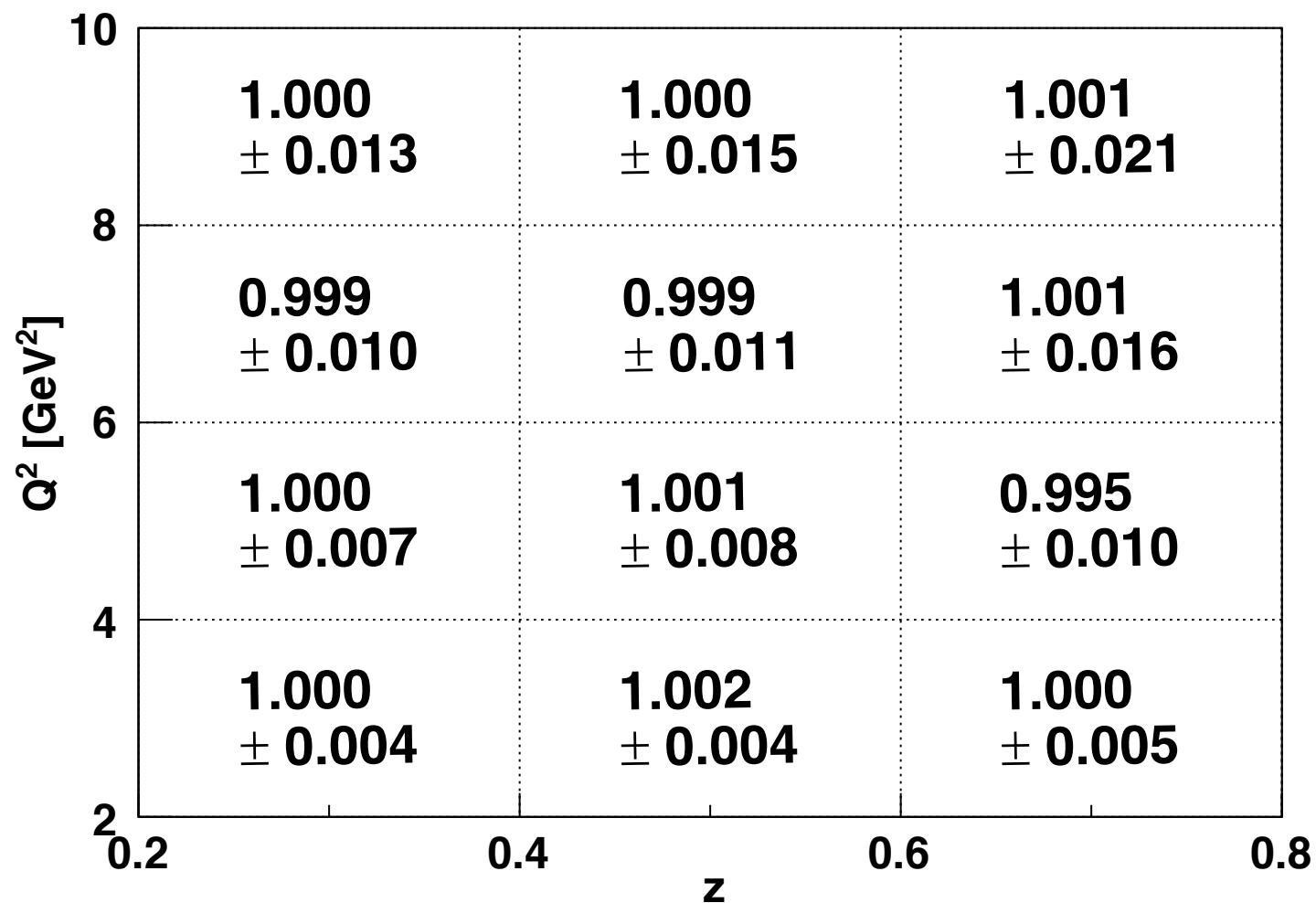


Carbon



Error is statistical error

SIDIS Ratio for $L = 1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ for both Targets

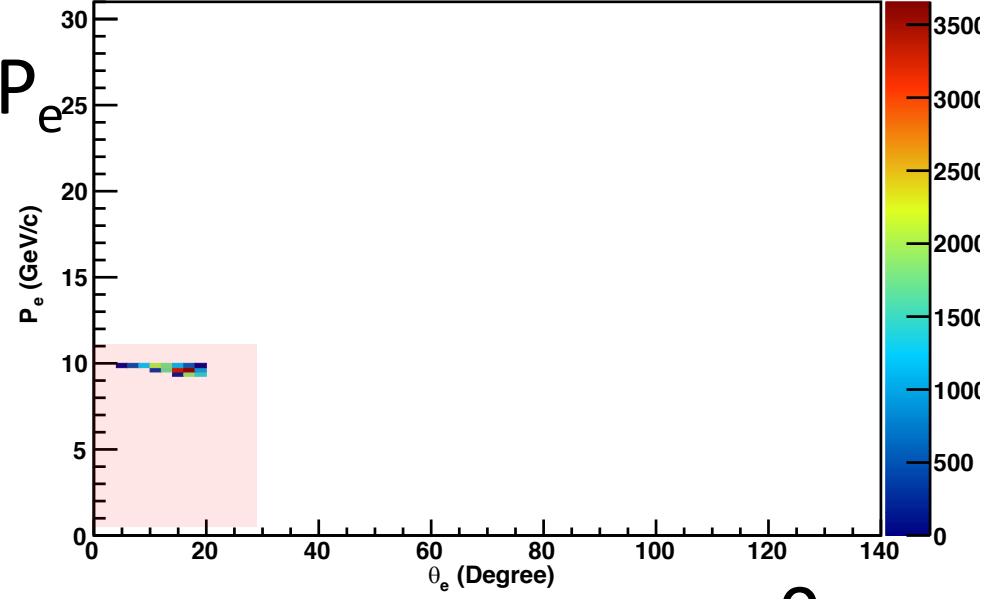


$$R(Q^2, z, x) = \frac{N_C(\pi^+) - N_C(\pi^-)}{6 * [N_d(\pi^+) - N_d(\pi^-)]}$$

- **Statistical** error from standard error propagation of individual count rates
- Note: Error is dominated by deuterium error due factor 6

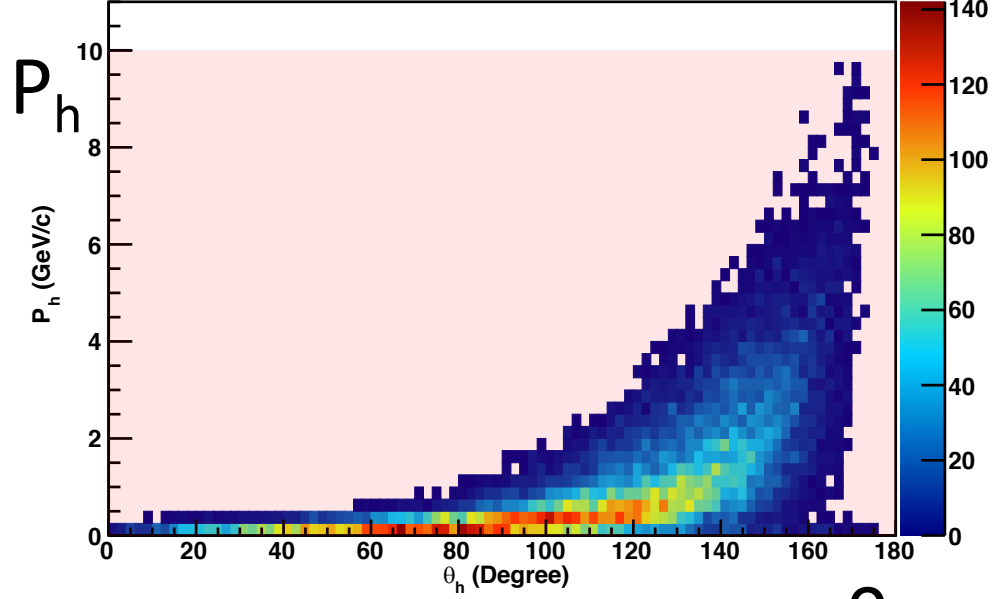
Resolution in Detector - Smearing of Momenta and Angle

Electron Acceptance, $^{12}\text{C}(e,e'\pi^+)X$, $E_e=10\text{GeV}$, $E_A=600\text{GeV}$



θ_e

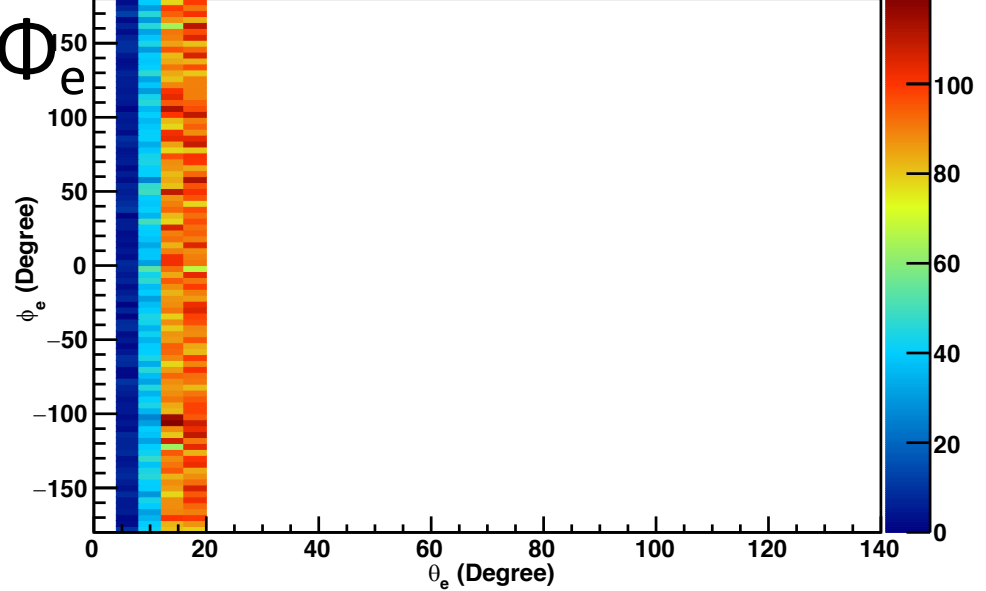
Hadron Acceptance, $^{12}\text{C}(e,e'\pi^+)X$, $E_e=10\text{GeV}$, $E_A=600\text{GeV}$



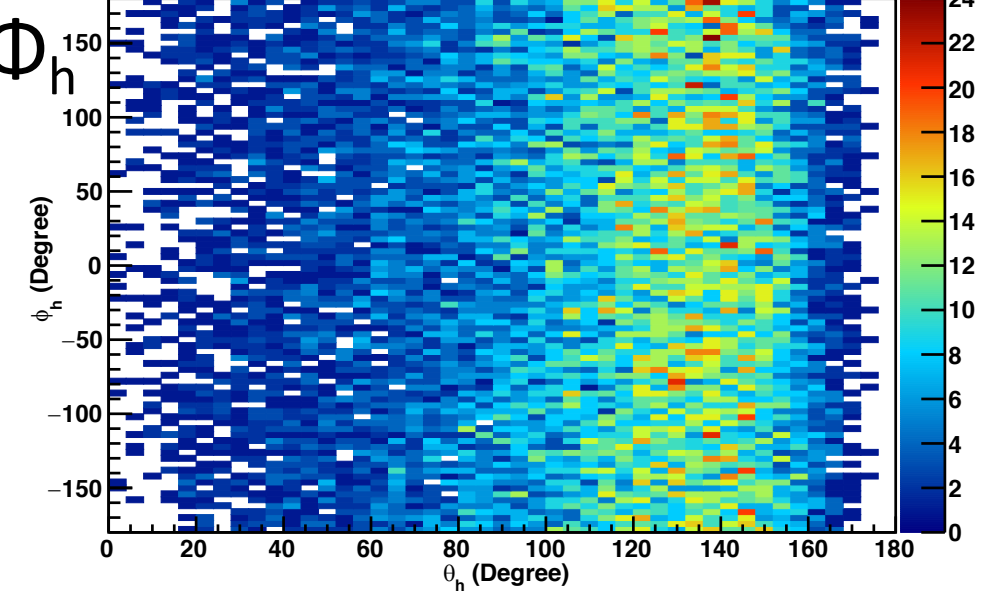
θ_h

- $Q^2 < 10$
- $p_t < 1 \text{ GeV}/c$
- $0.05 < x_B < 0.1$
- xs weighted
- 1M events

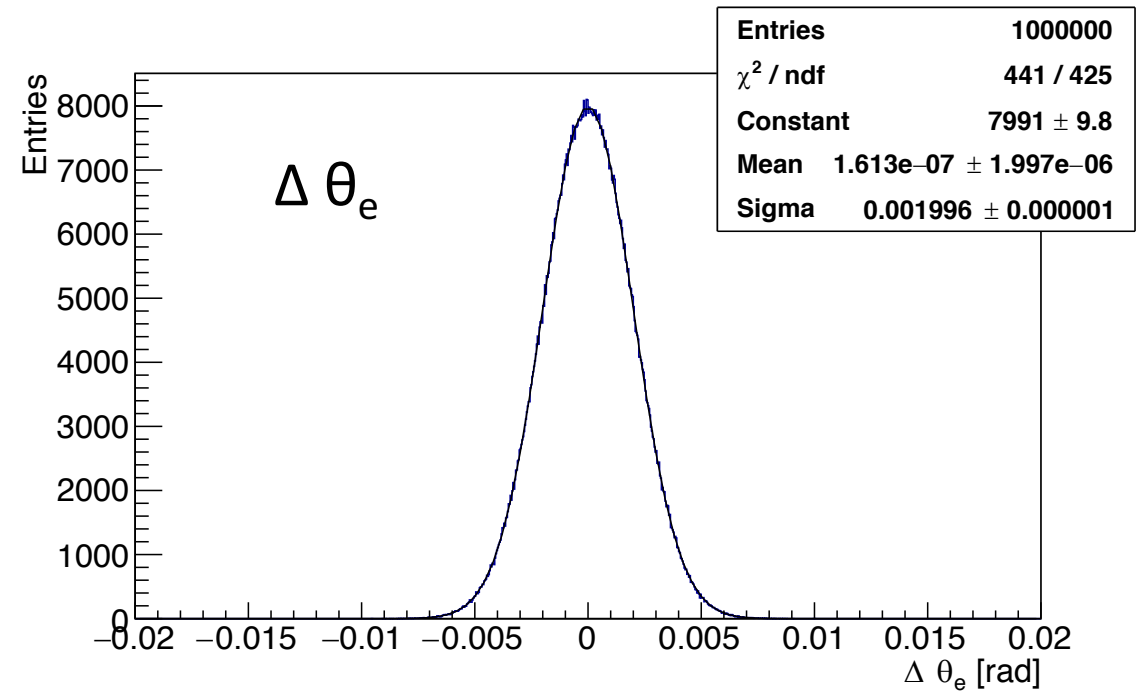
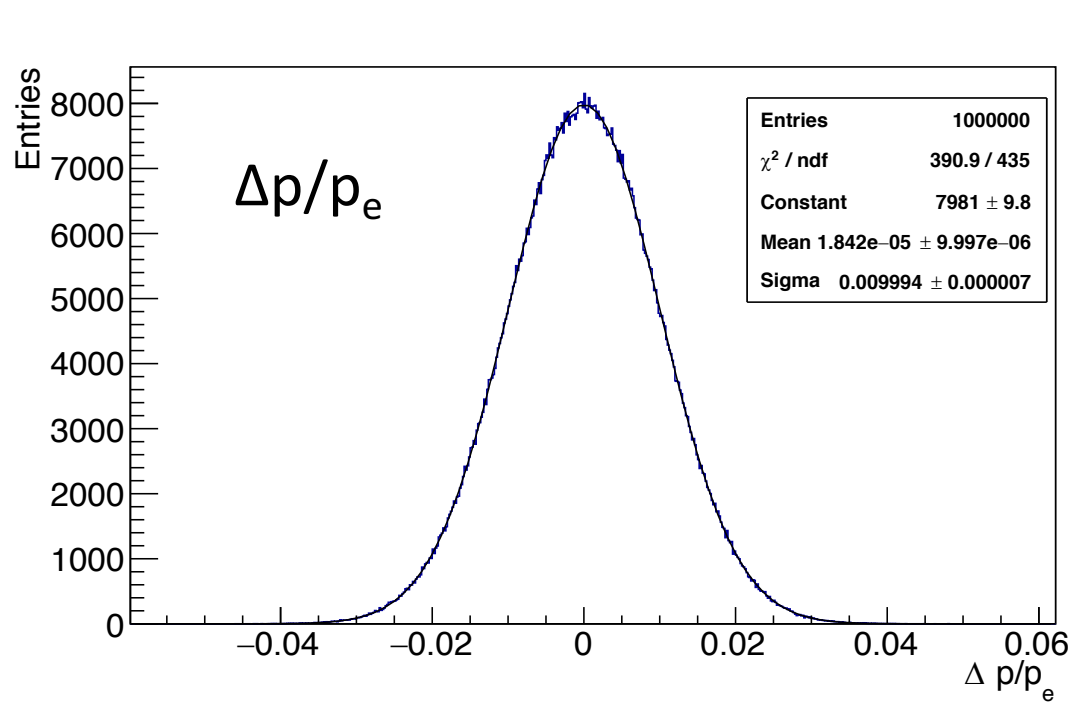
Electron Acceptance, $^{12}\text{C}(e,e'\pi^+)X$, $E_e=10\text{GeV}$, $E_A=600\text{GeV}$



Hadron Acceptance, $^{12}\text{C}(e,e'\pi^+)X$, $E_e=10\text{GeV}$, $E_A=600\text{GeV}$

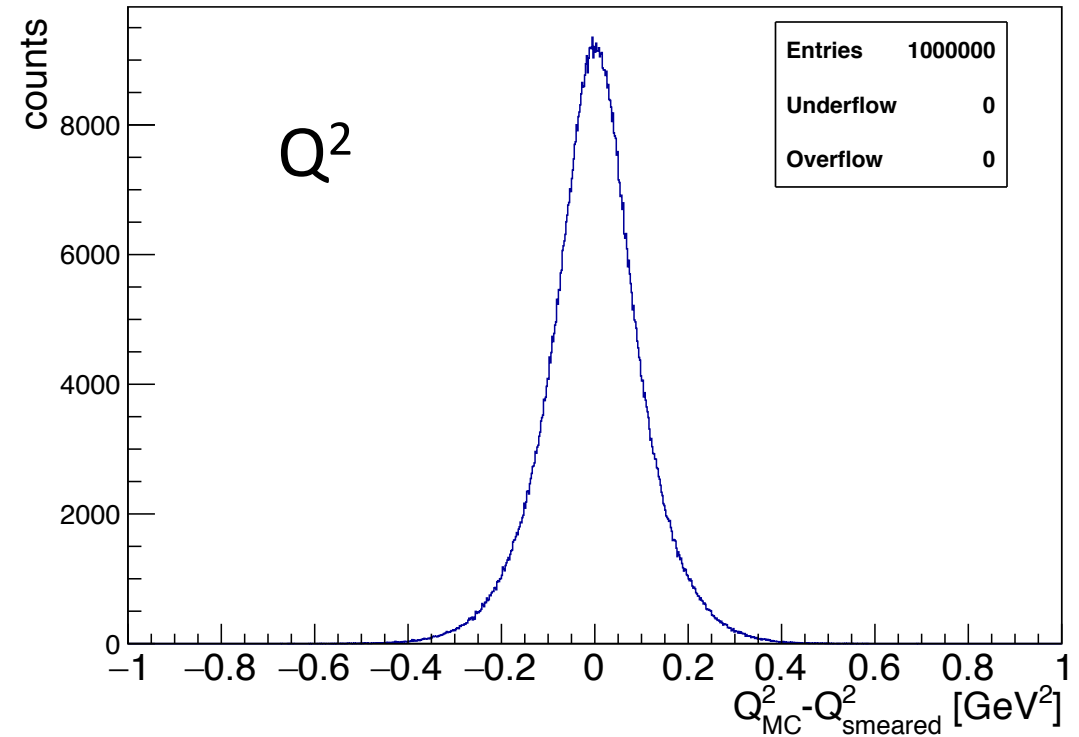
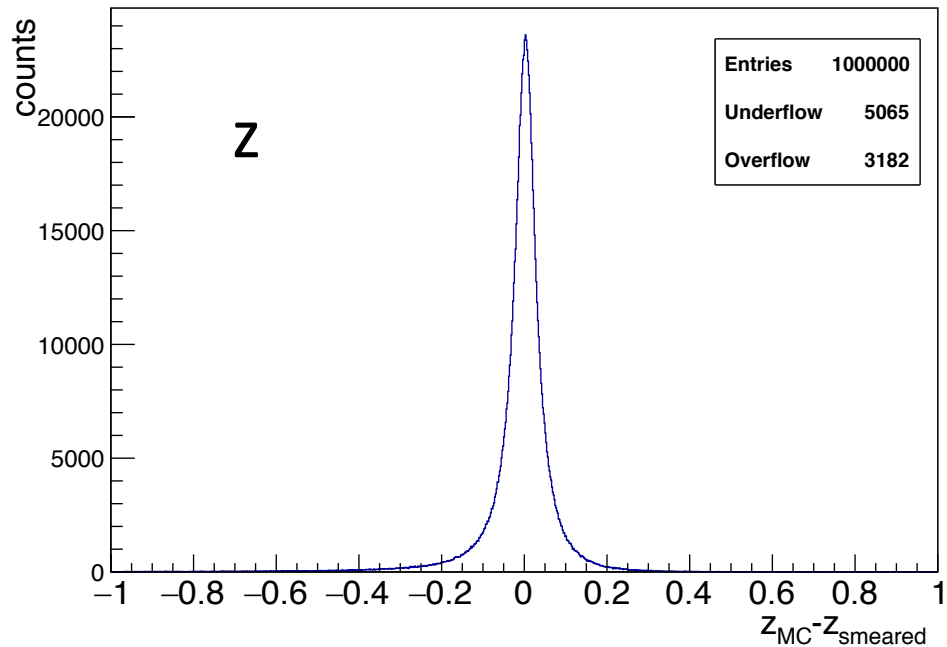
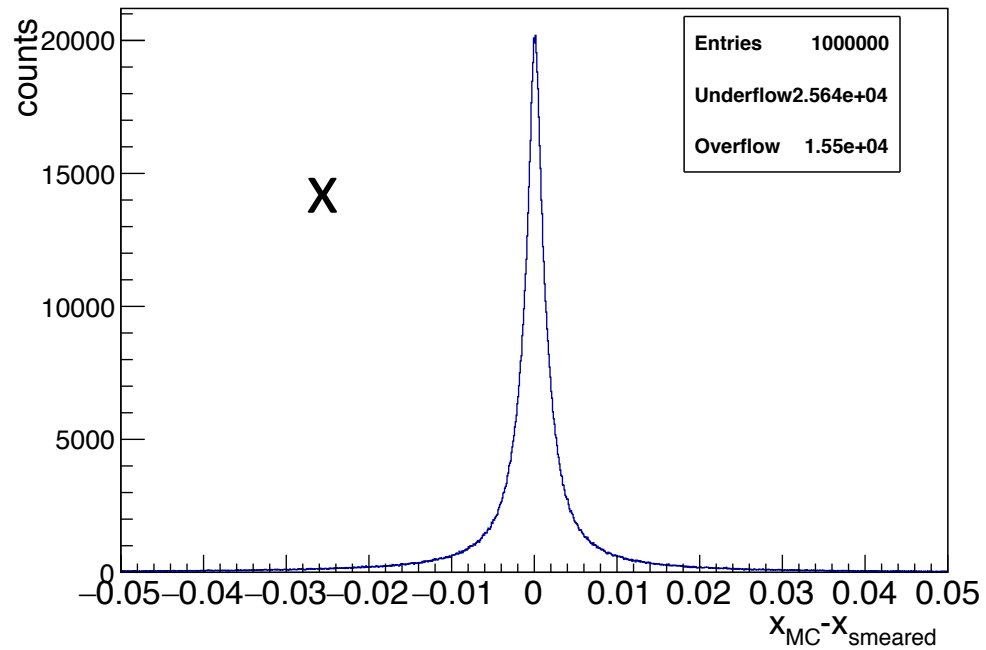


Smearing Plots for $\Delta p/p_e = 1\%$, $\Delta p/p_h = 2\%$, $\Delta\theta_{e/h} = 2\text{mrad}$)



(similar for the pions)

Results of Smearing on x, z and Q^2



-> Further study of bin migration and effects from limits in MC generation

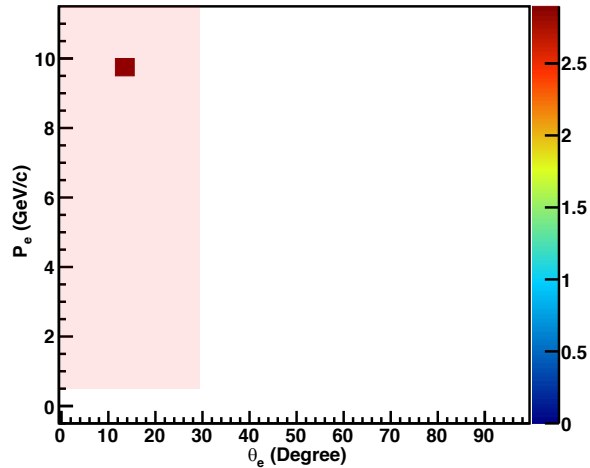
Next steps

- Smearing: Study systematics from bin migration
- More simulations with nuclear modification (EPS09) for C12
- Check results with half the events for π^+ and the other half for π^-
- Kaons?

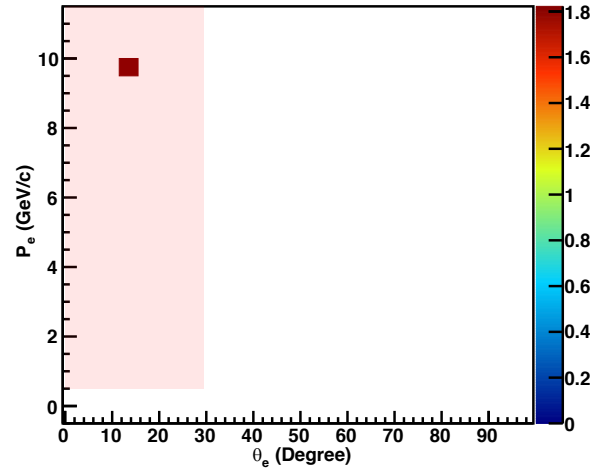
Extra Slides

Generated Values for fix Q^2 and variable z ($0.05 < x_B < 0.1$)

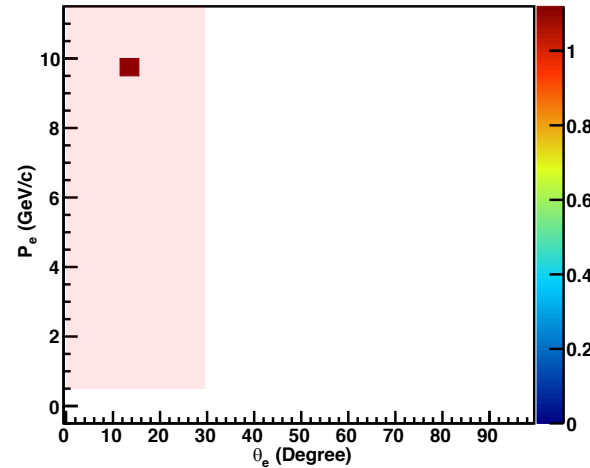
$5.0 \leq Q^2 < 6.0$ and $0.2 \leq z < 0.3$



$5.0 \leq Q^2 < 6.0$ and $0.3 \leq z < 0.4$



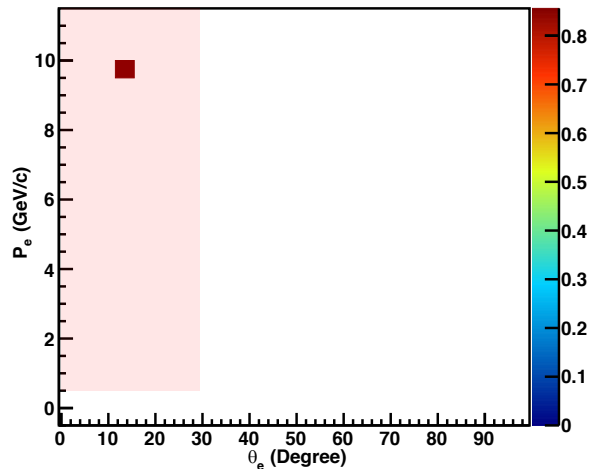
$5.0 \leq Q^2 < 6.0$ and $0.4 \leq z < 0.5$



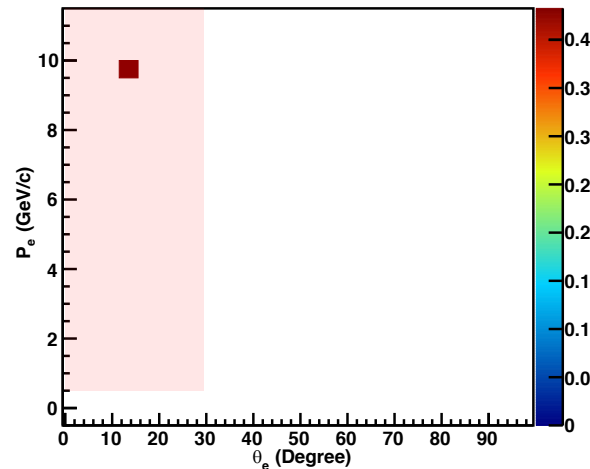
Electrons
weighting
only positive hadrons

$5.0 \leq Q^2 < 6.0$

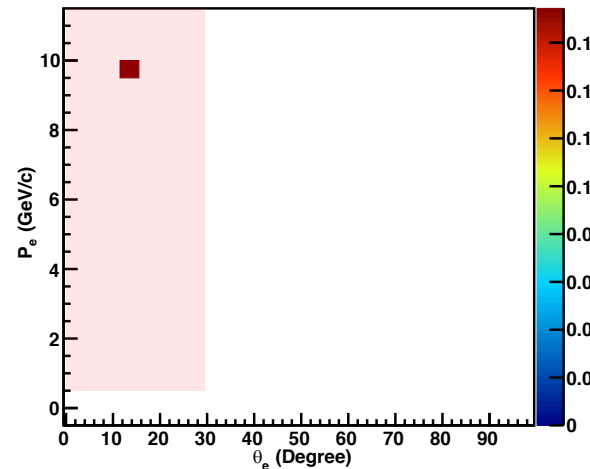
$5.0 \leq Q^2 < 6.0$ and $0.5 \leq z < 0.6$



$5.0 \leq Q^2 < 6.0$ and $0.6 \leq z < 0.7$



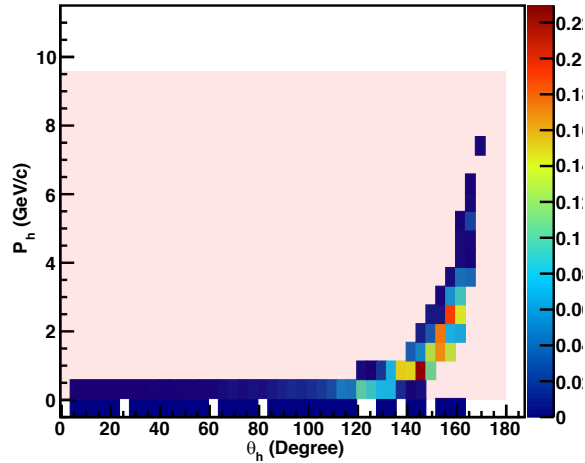
$5.0 \leq Q^2 < 6.0$ and $0.7 \leq z < 0.8$



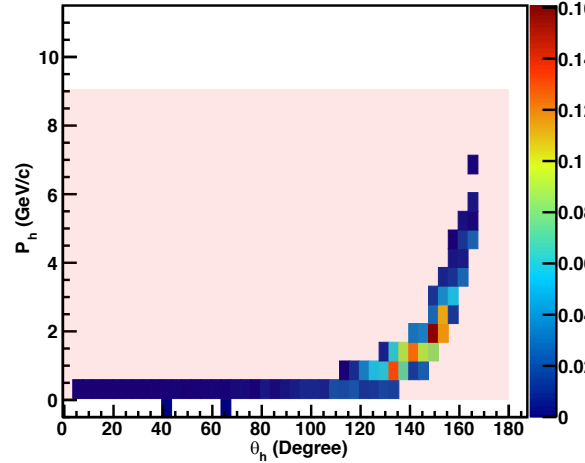
Very small
phase space
In generated
values

Generated Values for fix Q^2 and variable z ($0.05 < x_B < 0.1$)

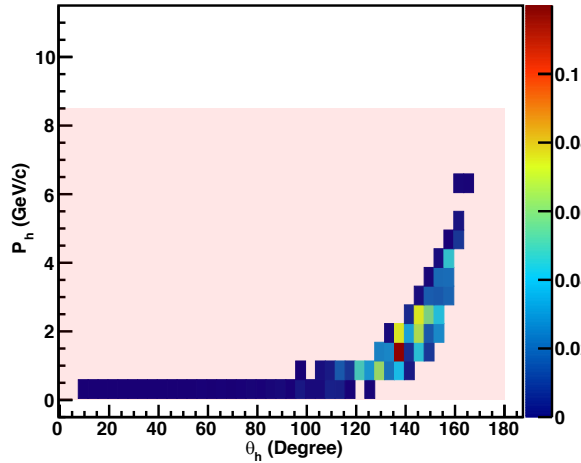
$5.0 \leq Q^2 < 6.0$ and $0.2 \leq z < 0.3$



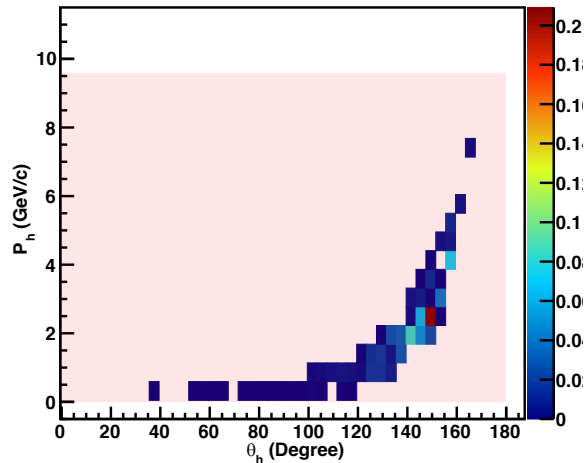
$5.0 \leq Q^2 < 6.0$ and $0.3 \leq z < 0.4$



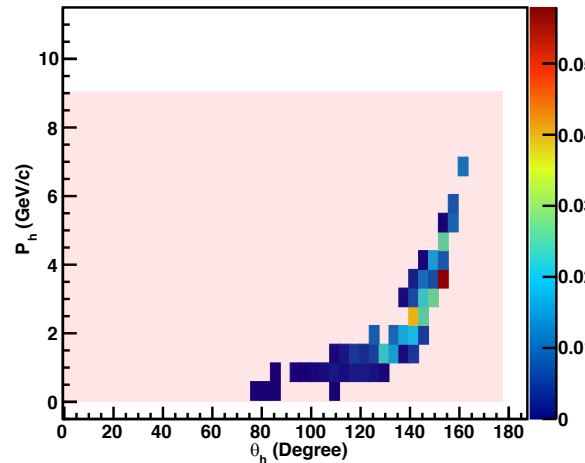
$5.0 \leq Q^2 < 6.0$ and $0.4 \leq z < 0.5$



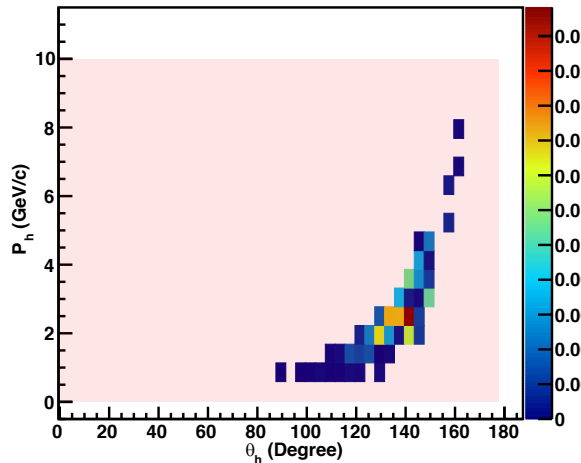
$5.0 \leq Q^2 < 6.0$ and $0.5 \leq z < 0.6$



$5.0 \leq Q^2 < 6.0$ and $0.6 \leq z < 0.7$



$5.0 \leq Q^2 < 6.0$ and $0.7 \leq z < 0.8$



Hadrons
weighting
only positive hadrons

$5.0 \leq Q^2 < 6.0$