The New Proton Charge Radius Experiment at JLab



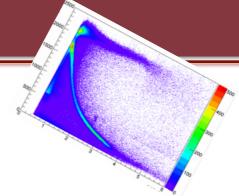
Dipangkar Dutta
Mississippi State
University
(for the PRad Collaboration)



INPC 2016 Sept 12, 2016 Adelaide, Australia

Outline





- 1. The Proton Charge Radius Puzzle
- 2. A New Experiment (PRad)
 - windowless target
 - high resolution calorimeter
 - simultaneous detection of elastic and Moller
- 3. Preliminary Online Results
- 4. Summary



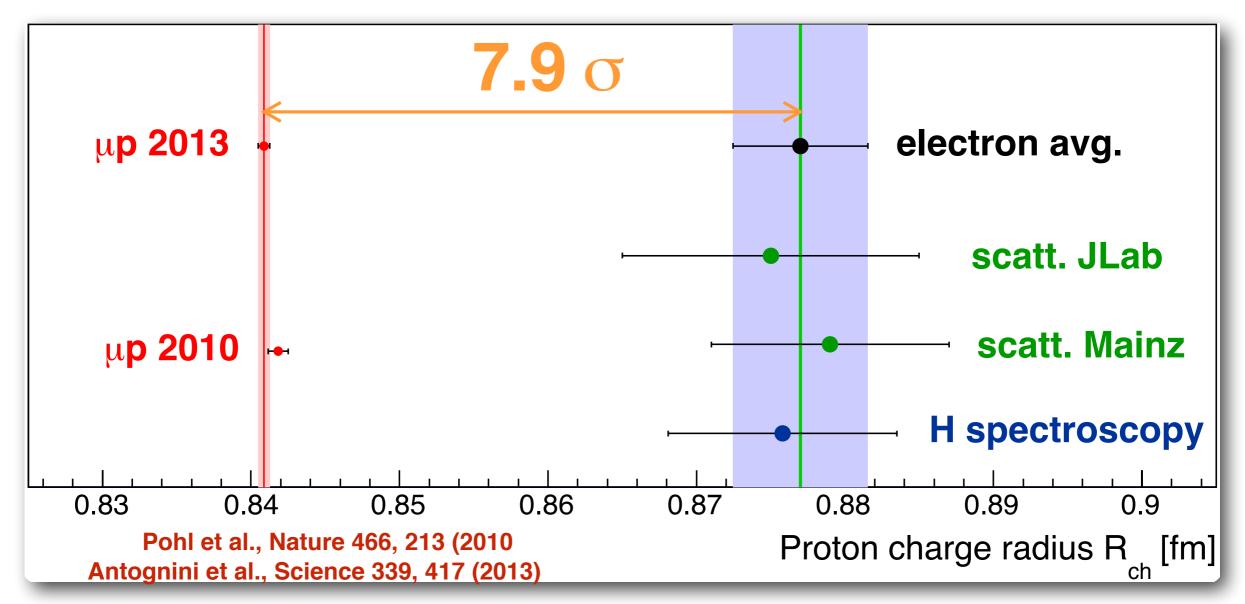




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The Proton Charge Radius Puzzle

~8\sigma discrepancy between muon and electron based measurements



Proton rms charge radius measured using

electrons: 0.8770 ± 0.0045 (CODATA2010 + Zhan et al.)

muons: 0.8409 ± 0.0004

Numerous possible resolutions explored

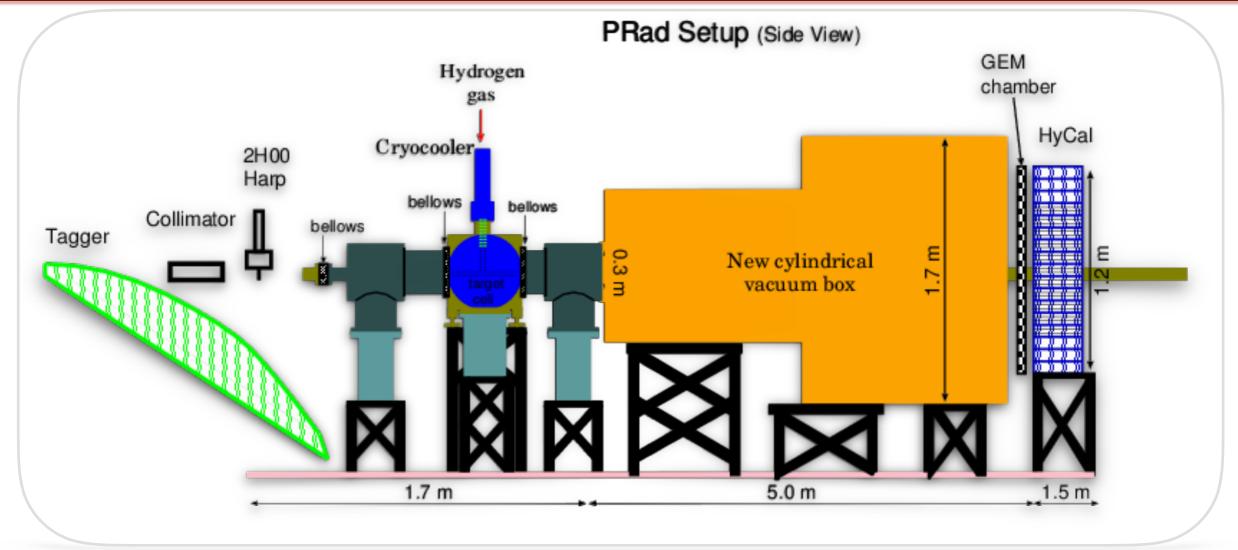
- ★ Are the state of the art QED calculations incomplete?
 - E. Borie, Phys. Rev. A 71, 032508 (2005)
 - U. D. Jentschura, Ann. of Phys. 326, 500 (2011)
 - F. Hagelstein, V. Pascalutsa, Phys. Rev. A 91, 040502 (2015)
- ★ Are there additional corrections to the muonic Lamb shift due to proton structure (such as proton polarizability ∝ m₁⁴)?
 - C. E. Carlson, V. Nazaryan and K. Griffioen, Phys. Rev. A 83, 042509 (2011)
 - R. J. Hill and G. Paz, Phys. Rev. Lett. 107, 160402 (2011)
- ★ Are higher moments of the charge distribution accounted for in the extraction of rms charge radius?
 - M. O. Distler, J. C. Bernauer and T. Walcher, Phys. Lett. B 696, 343 (2011)
 - A. de Rujula, Phys. Lett. B 693, 555 (2010), and 697, 264 (2011)
 - I. Cloet, and G. A. Miller, Phys. Rev. C. 83, 012201(R) (2011)
- ★ Is there a fitting problem in electron scattering data?
 - D. W. Higinbotham et al., Phys. Rev. C 93, 055207 (2016)
 - K. Griffioen, C. Carlson, S. Maddox, Phys. Rev. C 93, 065207 (2016)
- **★** Has new physics been discovered (violation of Lepton Universality)?
 - V. Barger, et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 106, 153001 (2011)
 - B. Batell, D. McKeen, M. Pospelov, Phys. Rev. Lett. 107, 011803 (2011)
 - D. Tucker-Smith, I. Yavin, Phys. Rev. D 83, 101702 (2011).

More experiments are needed!

- ★ Redo atomic hydrogen spectroscopy
- **♦ Muonic deuterium and helium (PSI)**
- **♦** Muon-proton scattering (MUSE experiment)
- ★ Electron scattering experiments (PRad) (preferably with completely different systematics)

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PRad: a novel electron scattering experiment



Spokesperson: A. Gasparian,

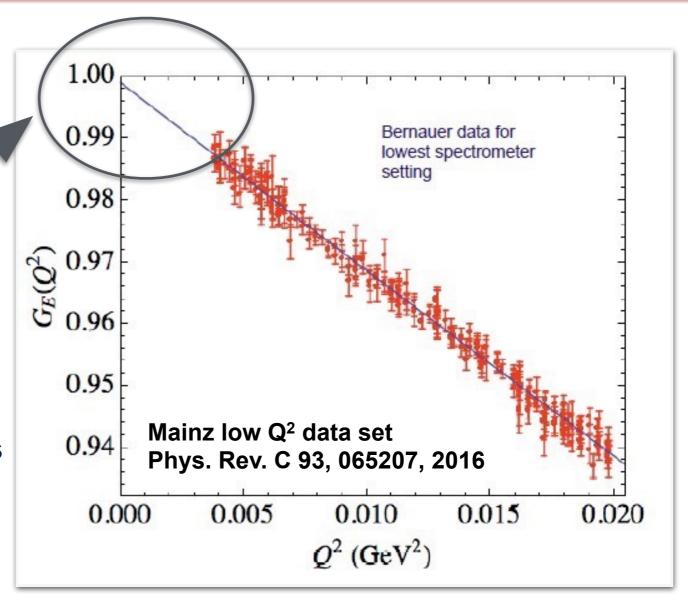
Co-spokespersons: D. Dutta, H. Gao, M. Khandaker

- High resolution, Hybrid calorimeter (Magnetic Spectrometer Free)
- Windowless, high density H₂ gas flow target (Reduced backgrounds)
- Simultaneous detection of elastic and Moller electrons (control of systematics)
- Vacuum box, one thin window, large area GEM chambers (improved resolution)
- Q² range of 10⁻⁴ 6x10⁻² GeV² (lower than all previous electron scattering expts.)

PRad: First JLab 12 GeV era experiment

Ran with 1.1 and 2.2 GeV beam in Hall-B at JLab

- Experimental goals:
 - **→** fill in the very low Q² range
 - large Q² range in a single setting (~1x10⁻⁴ - 6x10⁻² GeV²)
 - measure cross section with sub-percent precision
 - sub-percent rms proton charge radius extraction

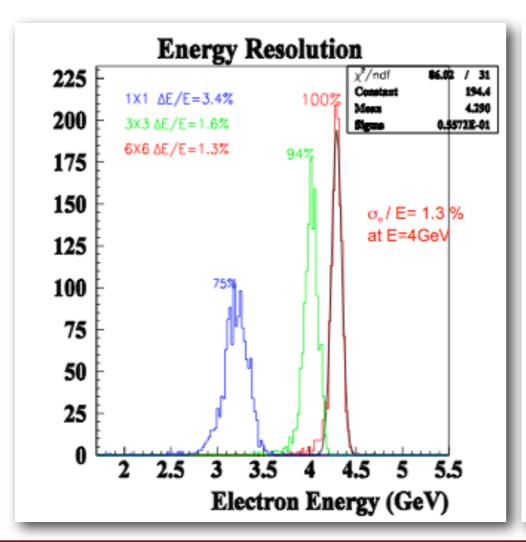


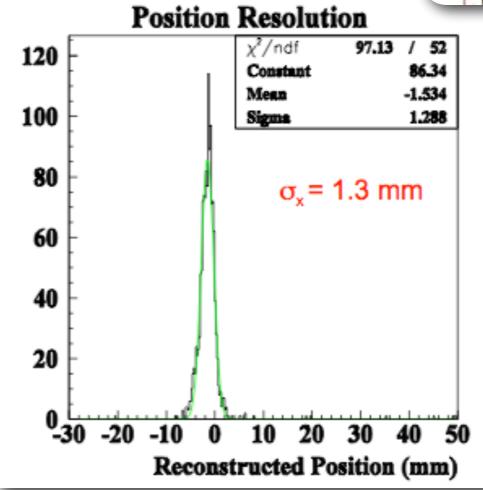
- High resolution, Hybrid calorimeter (access small scattering angle: 0.7° 7.0°)
- Windowless, high density H₂ gas flow target (Reduced backgrounds)
- Simultaneous detection of elastic and Moller electrons (control of systematics)
- Vacuum box, one thin window, large area GEM chambers (improved resolution)

High resolution calorimeter

Reused PrimEx HyCal

- PbWO₄ and Pb-glass calorimeter (118x118 cm²)
- 34x34 matrix of 2.05 x 2.05 cm² x18 cm PbWO₄
- 576 Pb-glass detectors (3.82x3.82 cm² x45 cm)
- 5.5 m from the target,
- 0.5 sr acceptance





PbWO₄ resolution: $\sigma_E/E = 2.6\%/\sqrt{E}$ $\sigma_{xy} = 2.5 \text{ mm}/\sqrt{E}$

Pb-glass: 2.5 times worse

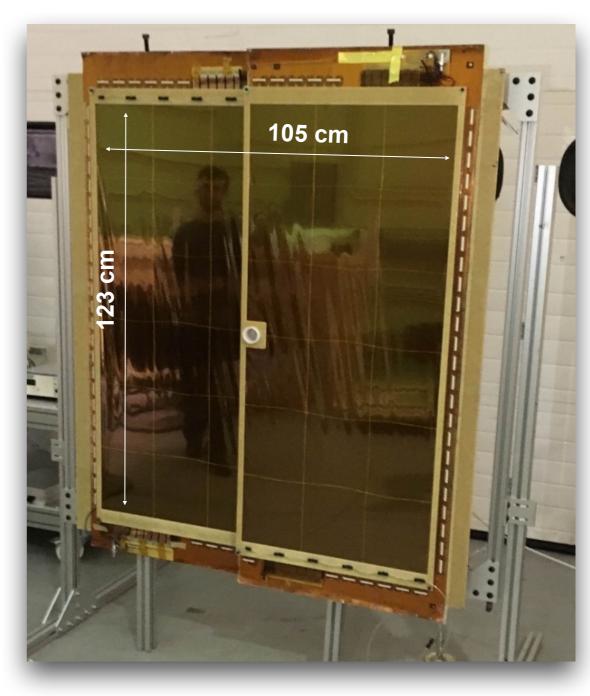
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Large area GEM coordinate detectors

Two large GEM based
 X and Y- coordinate detectors with
 100 µm position resolution

- The GEM detectors provided:
 - factor of >20 improvements in coordinate resolutions
 - > similar improvements in Q² resolution
 - unbiased coordinate reconstruction (including HyCal transition region)
 - increase Q² range by enabling use of Pb-glass part of calorimeter

Designed and built at University of Virginia (UVa)

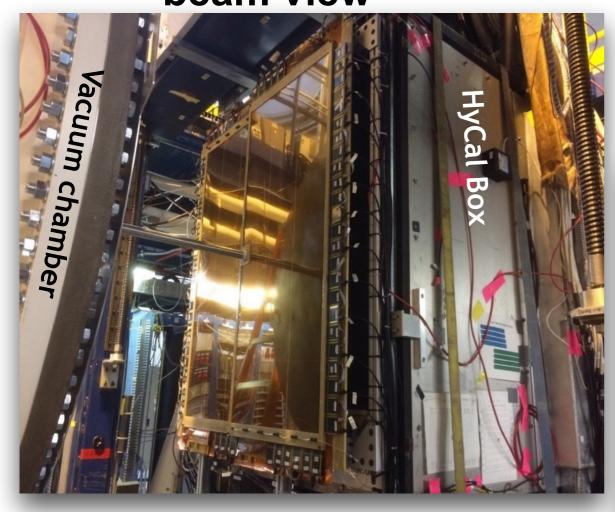


9 / 18

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HyCal and GEMs on the beamline

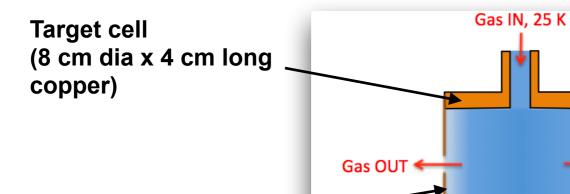
beam view



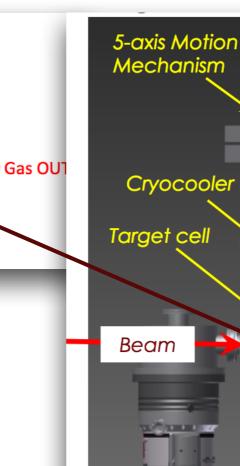
downstream view



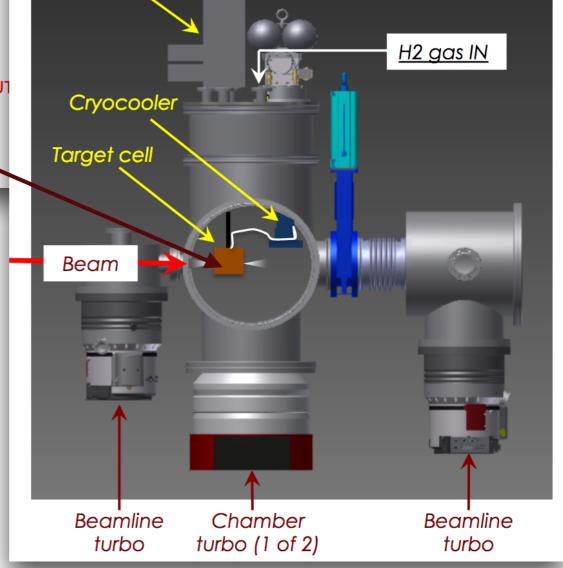
Windowless cryo-cooled gas flow target



7.5 µm kapton foil with 2mm hole



40 mm





Operating parameters:

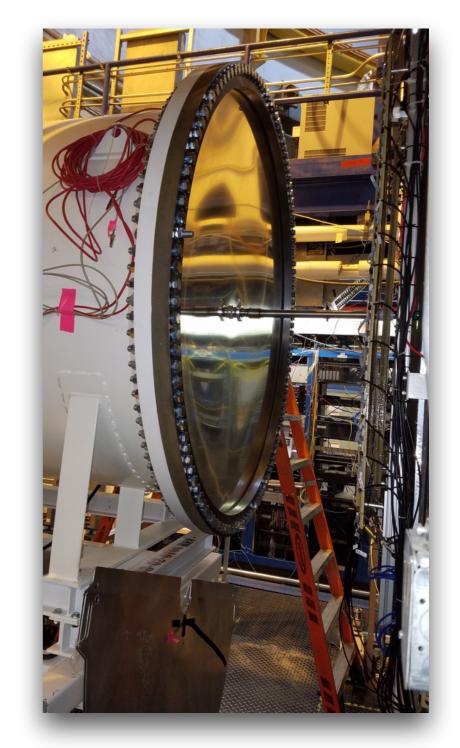
Areal density: ~2x10¹⁸ H atoms/cm² cell / chamber/ vacuum tank pressure: 470 mtorr / 2.3 mtorr / 0.3 mtorr

e- beam

Vacuum chamber with one thin window



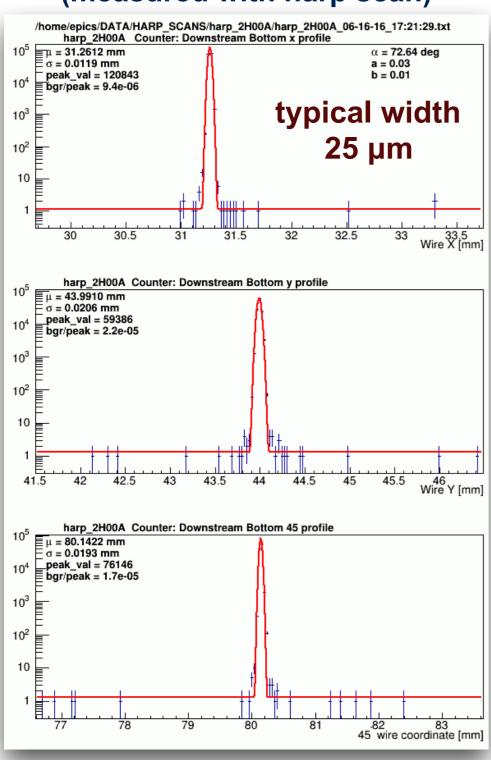
two stage, 5 m long vacuum box



1.7 m dia, 2 mm thick Al window

High quality, stable CEBAF electron beam

electron beam profile at target (measured with harp scan)



position stability: ± 250 µm

Experiment ran during May/June 2016

With $E_e = 1.1$ GeV beam collected 4.2 mC on target (2x10¹⁸ H atoms/cm²)

604 M events with H and 53 M events without H in target

25 M events on 1µm Carbon foil target

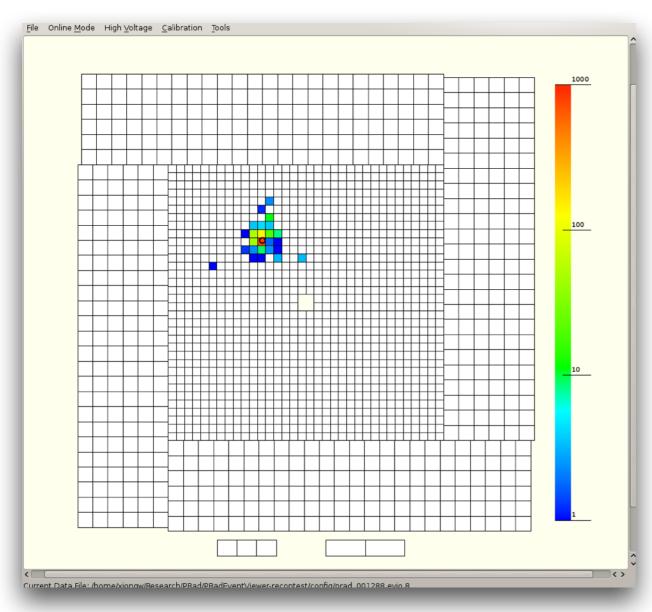
With $E_e = 2.2$ GeV beam collected 14.3 mC on target (2x10¹⁸ H atoms/cm²)

756 M events with H and

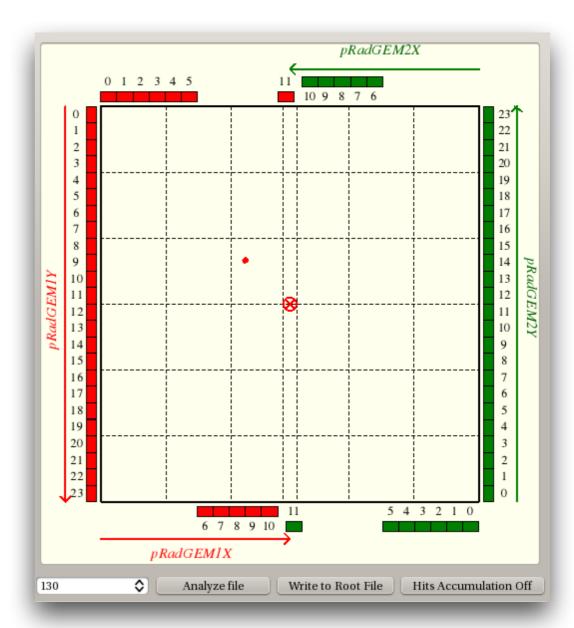
38 M events without H in target

10.5 M events on 1µm Carbon foil target

ep → ep event candidate

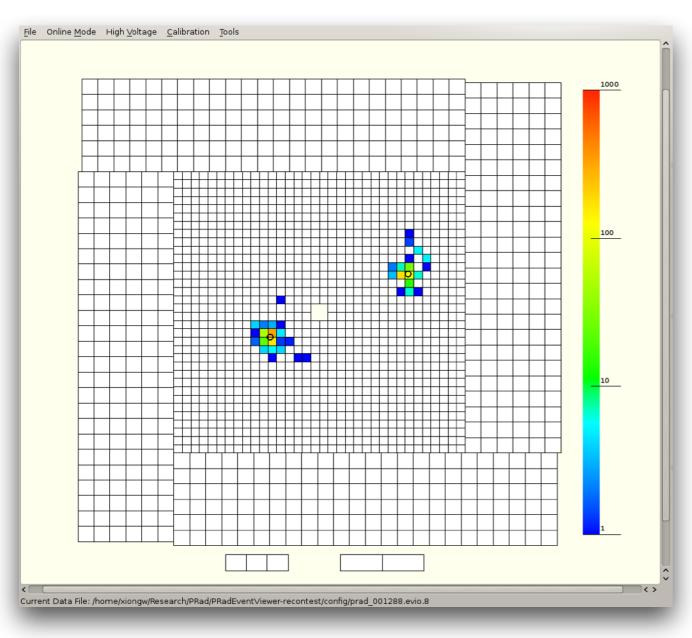


HyCal calorimeter



GEM detectors

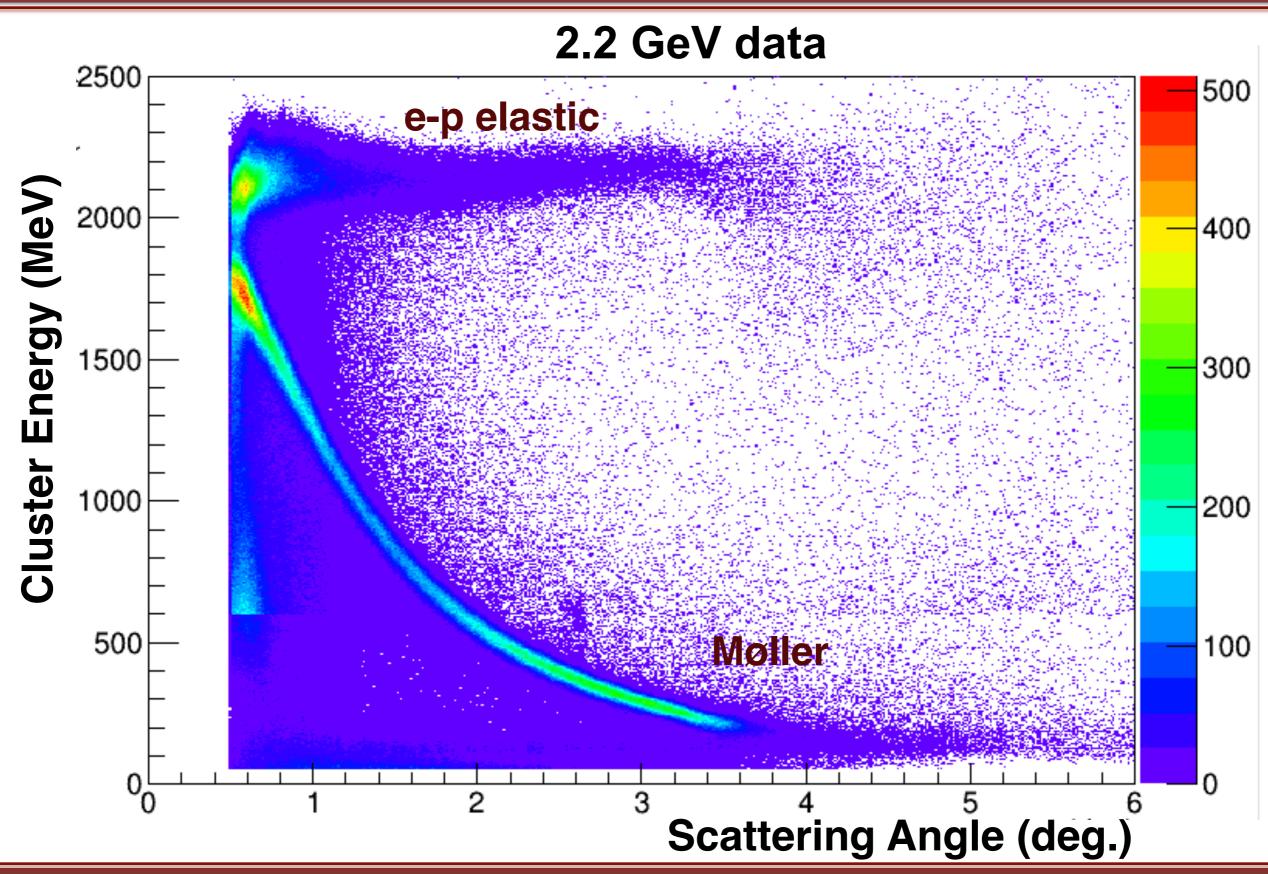
ee → ee event candidate



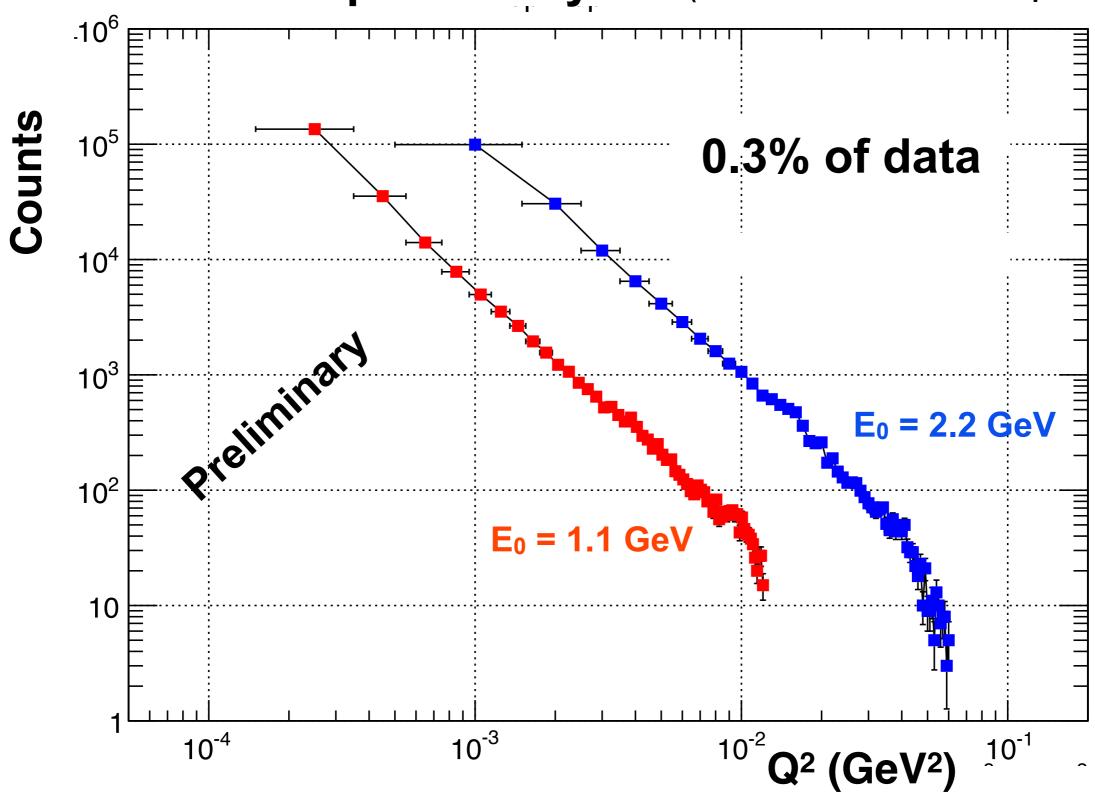
pRadGEM2X 0 1 2 3 4 5 21 20 11 12 14 21 5 4 3 2 1 0 6 7 8 9 10 pRadGEM1XAnalyze file Write to Root File Hits Accumulation Off

HyCal calorimeter

GEM detectors







Summary

- The proton charge radius is a fundamental quantity in Physics
 - ✓ Important for precision atomic spectroscopy
 - ✓ Precision tests of future lattice QCD calculations
 - ✓ "New Physics"
- The proton radius puzzle is still unresolved
- A novel electron scattering experiment (PRad) was recently completed at JLab Hall-B.
 - ✓ large statistics, high quality, rich data have been collected;
 - ✓ lowest Q² (~10-4 GeV/C²) in ep-scattering experiments was achieved;
 - √ simultaneous measurement of the Møller and elastic scattering processes was demonstrated to control systematic uncertainties;
 - √ data in a large Q² range (10-4 6x10-2 GeV²) have been recorded with the same experimental settings, for the first time in ep-scattering experiments.
 - Analysis underway, first preliminary results expected soon.

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The PRad Collaboration

Jefferson Lab, **NC A&T State University, Duke University, Idaho State University,** Mississippi State University, **Norfolk State University, University of Virginia** University of North Carolina at Wilmington, **Old Dominion University,** University of Kentucky, College of William & Mary, **Argonne National Lab, Hampton University Tsinghua University, China** ITEP, Moscow, Russia **Budker Institute of Nuclear Physics, Russia**

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Abhisek Karki (MSU)