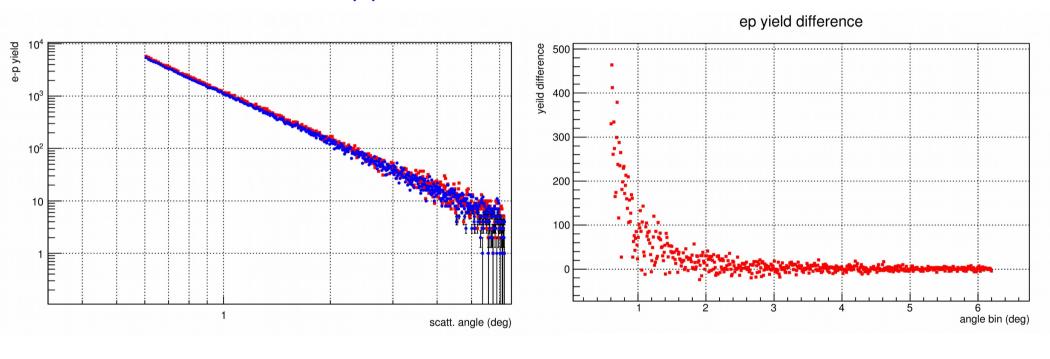


Red = without vacuum box, beam pipe, etc, ... Blue = with vacuum box, beam pipe, etc, ...

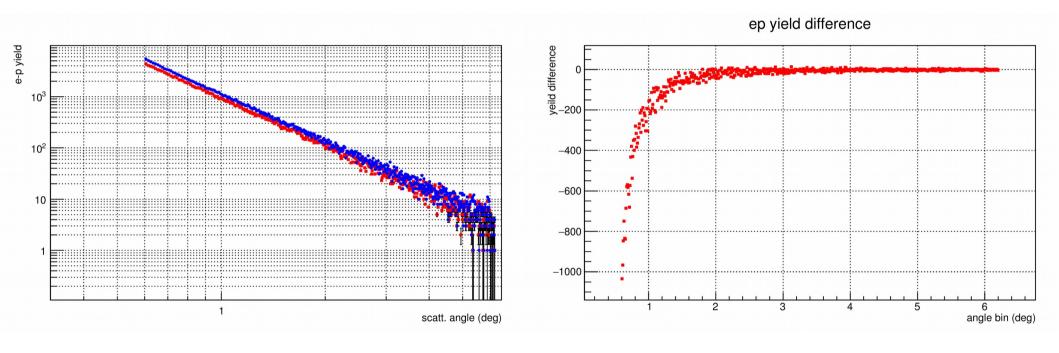
Difference relative to reference



Yield drop due to multiple scattering

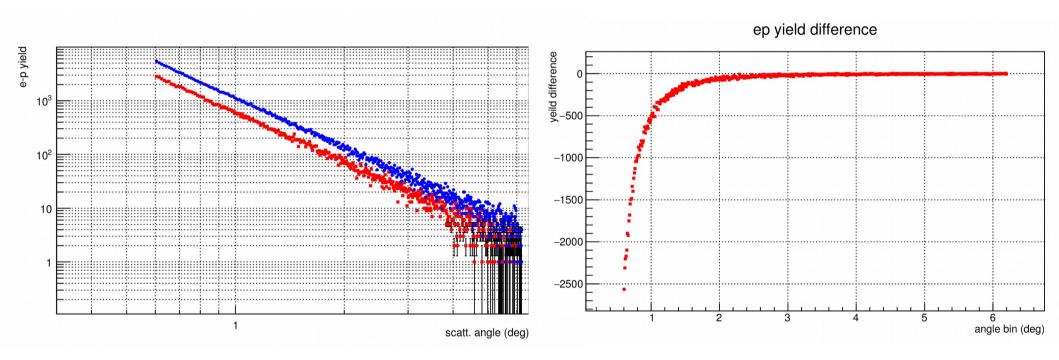
Red = source at down stream 0.5 meter Blue = target at 0. (reference)

Difference relative to reference



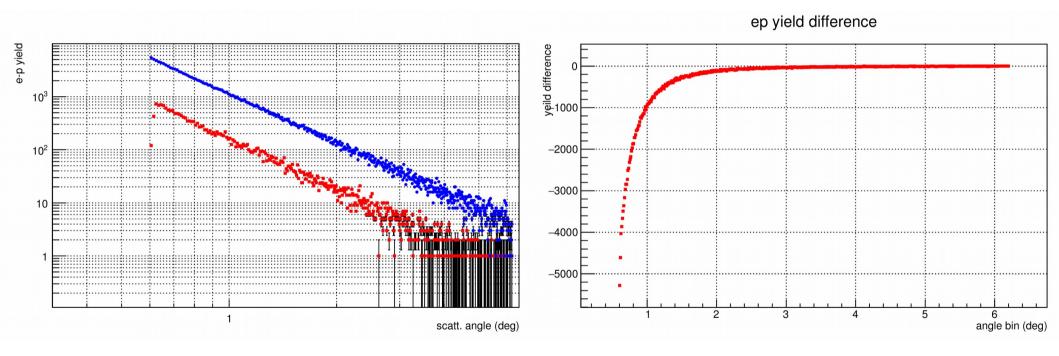
Red = source at down stream **1.5** meter Blue = target at 0. (reference)

Difference relative to reference



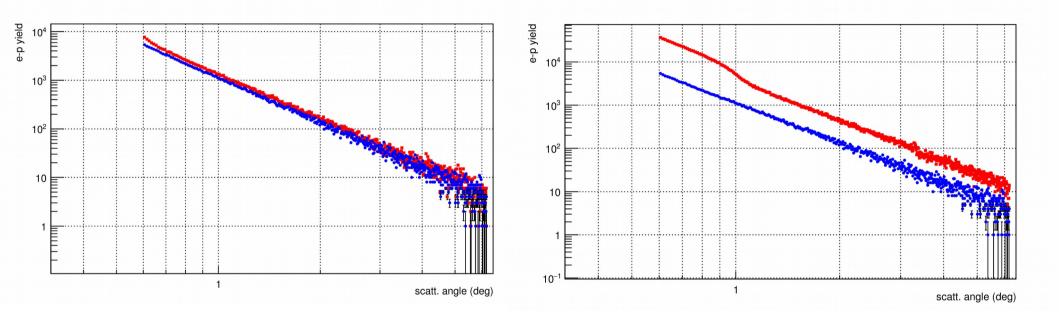
Red = source at down stream **3.5** meter Blue = target at 0. (reference)

Difference relative to reference



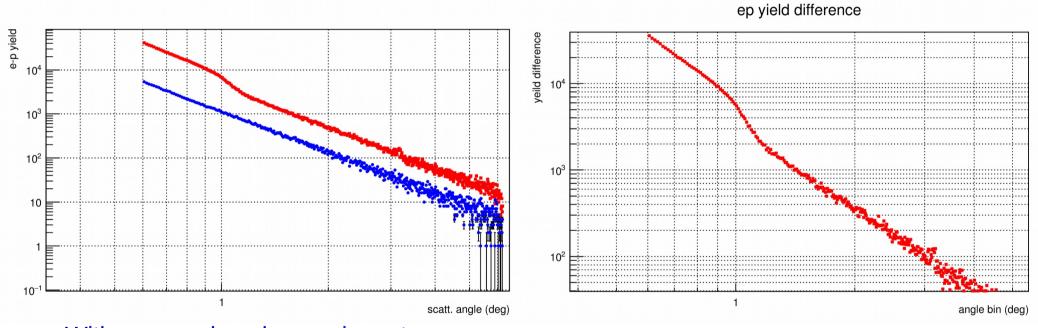
Red = source at up stream **0.5** meter Blue = target at 0. (reference)

Red = source at up stream **4.5** meter Blue = target at 0. (reference)

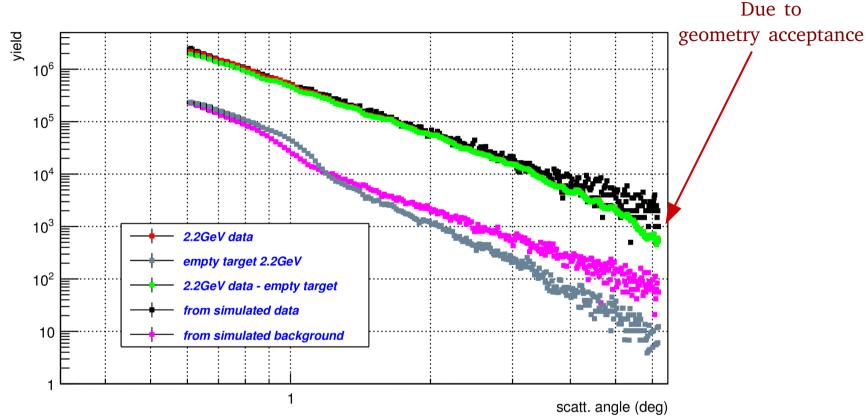


Red = source at up stream **5.0** meter Blue = target at 0. (reference)

Difference relative to reference



Compare with data



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Summary:

down stream source won't introduce bump to the e-p yield

- The bump should be due to source at upstream >= 5.0 meters away, after subtraction, bump should disappear.
- Larger angle bin has lower background,
 possible reason: higher angle has better Z resolution --> better noise rejection
 possibly can be confirmed by introduce GEM and HyCal resolution into simulation
- Background: seems not so easy to simulate.