

Prad Calibration

PRad weekly meeting

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2016-08-26

50 Calibration runs (snake scan runs)

[889 890 893 894 895 896 916 918 919 923]

[924 925 926 927 928 929 932 933 934 935]

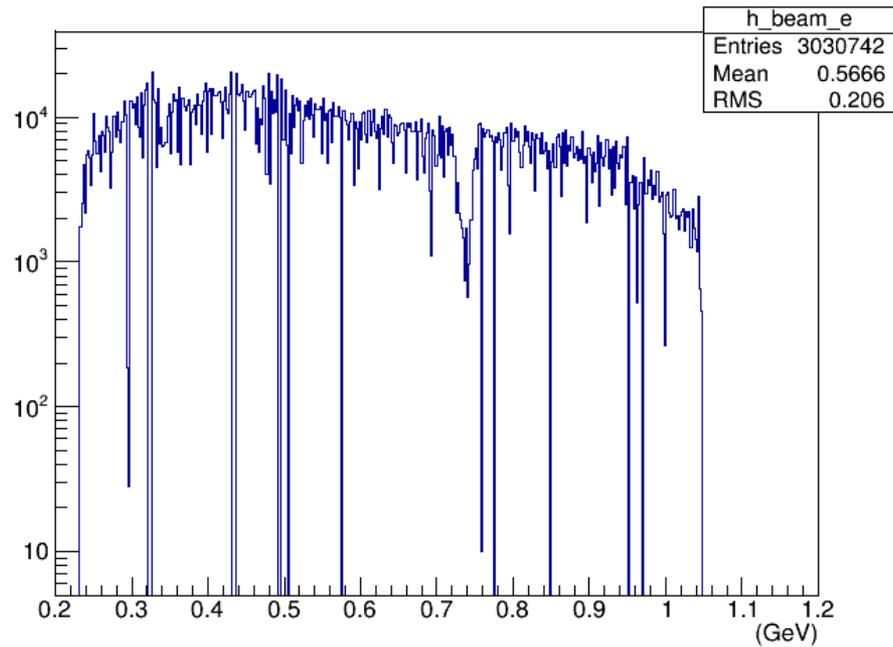
[946 947 948 949 950 951 952 953 955 956]

[957 958 960 961 962 965 966 967 968 969]

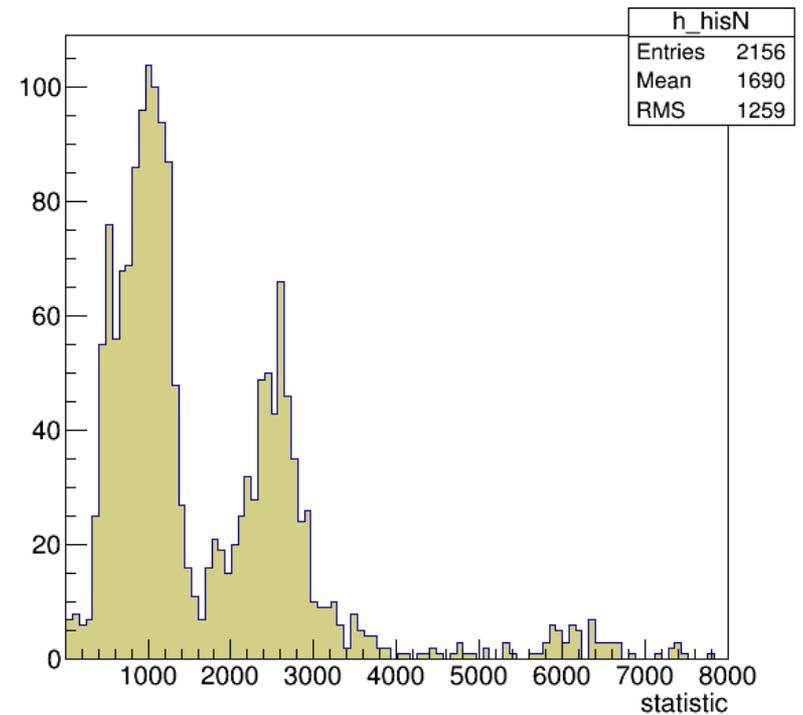
[970 971 972 973 974 975 976 977 978 979]

Electron beam energy 1.1 GeV photon beam energy 0.22GeV ~ 1.05GeV

Photon Energy



Statistics for each module (10% data)

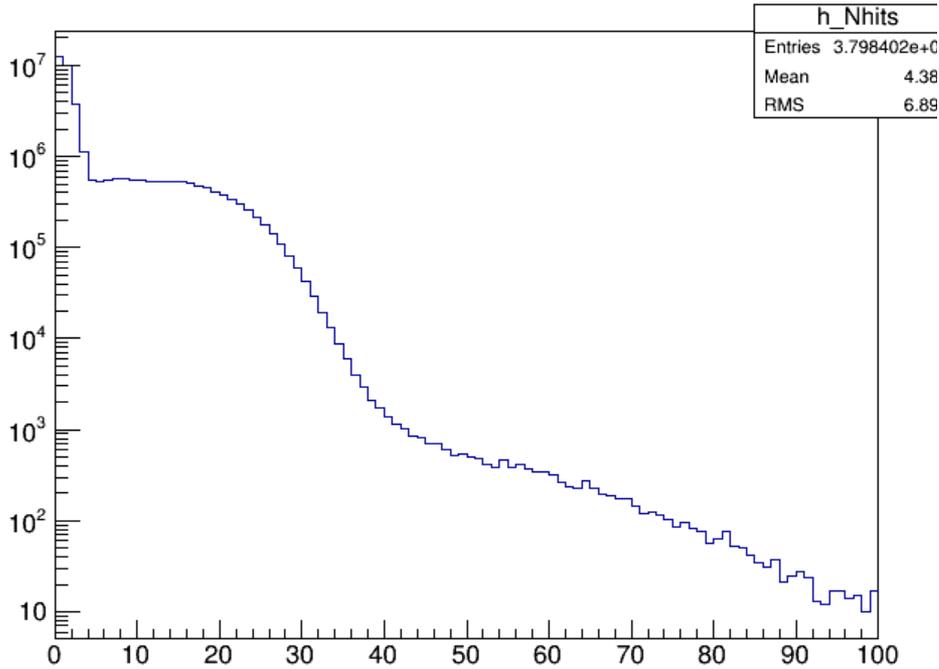


Cuts used :

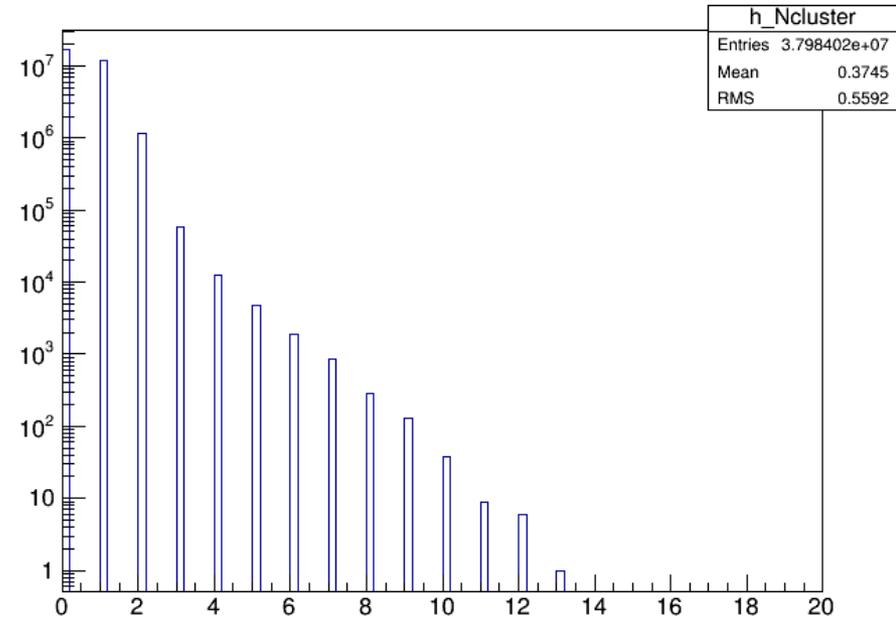
Nhits > 100

Ncluster > 3

Number of hits



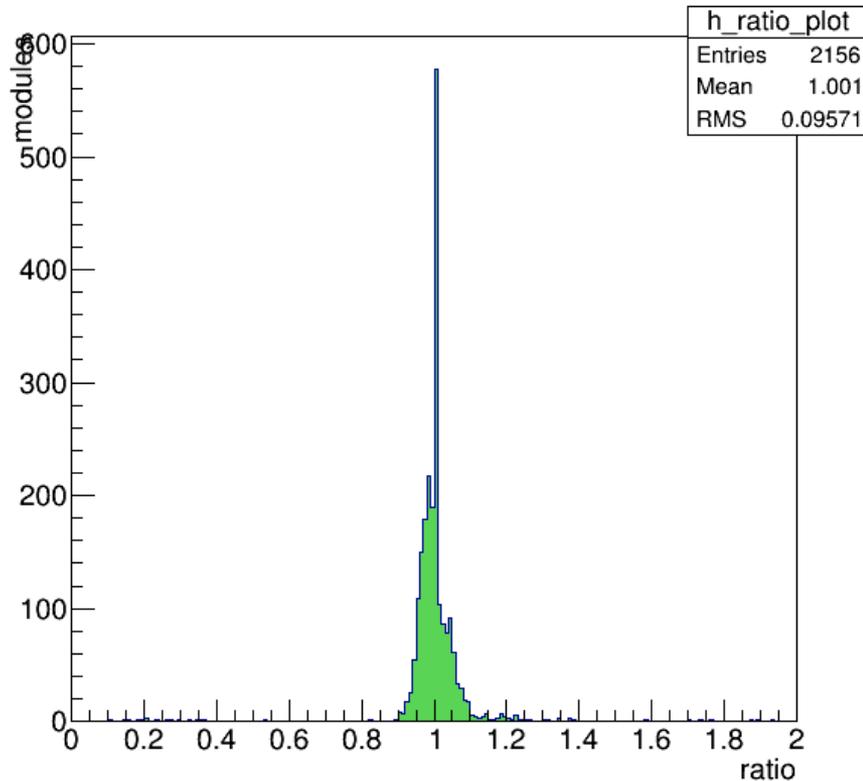
Number of clusters



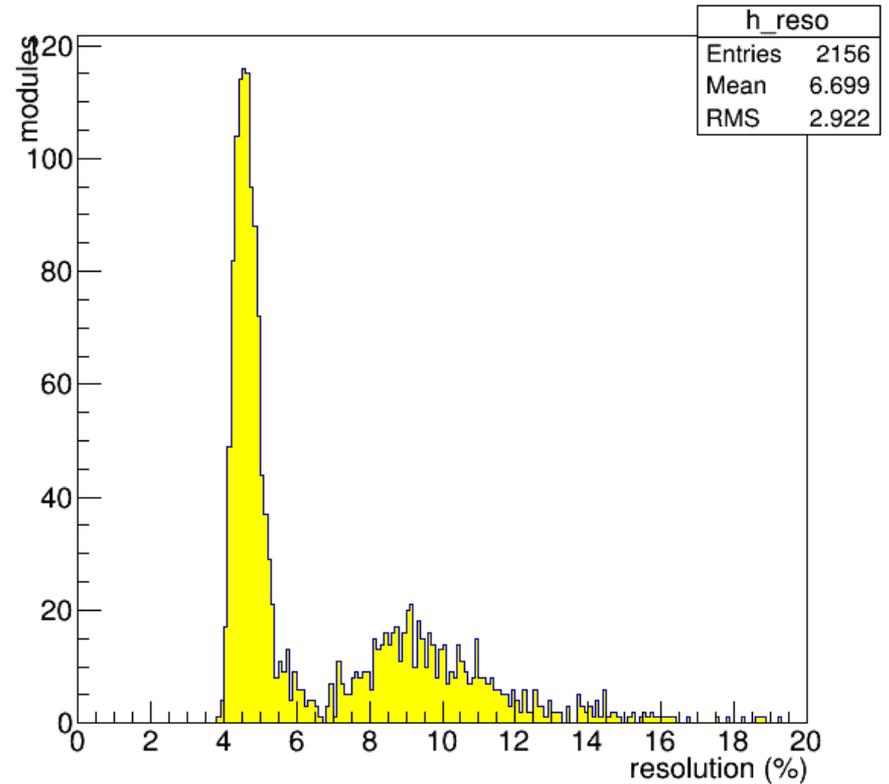
Start with 10% data (only read event.id%10 = 0)

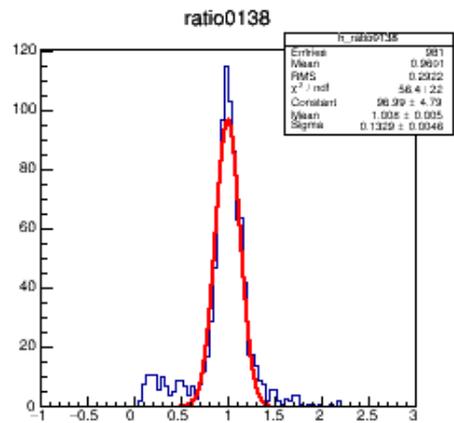
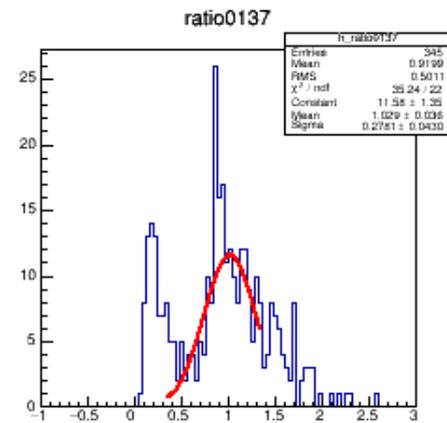
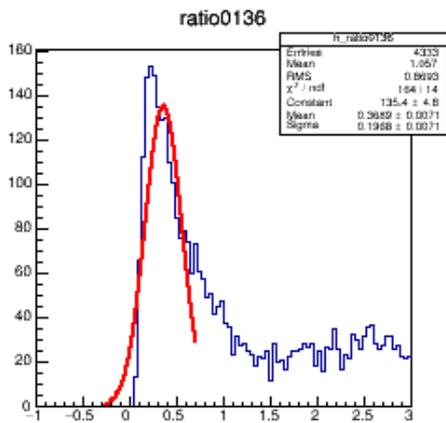
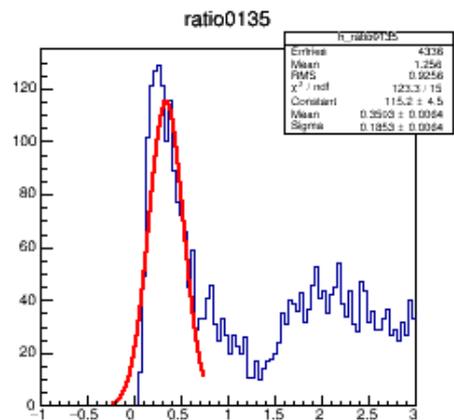
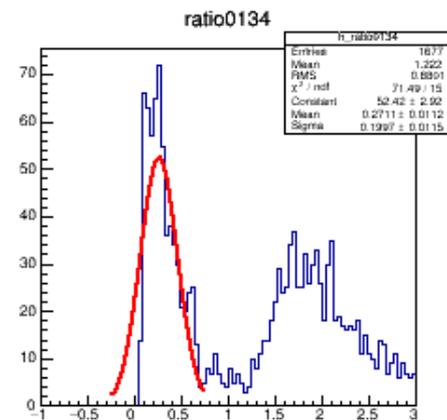
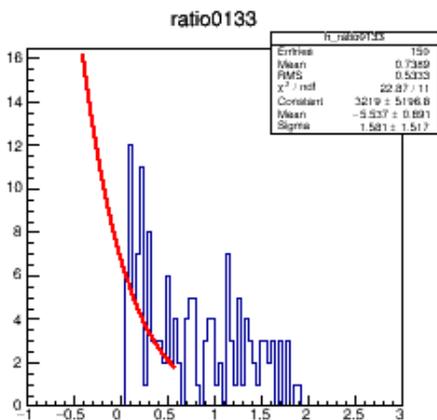
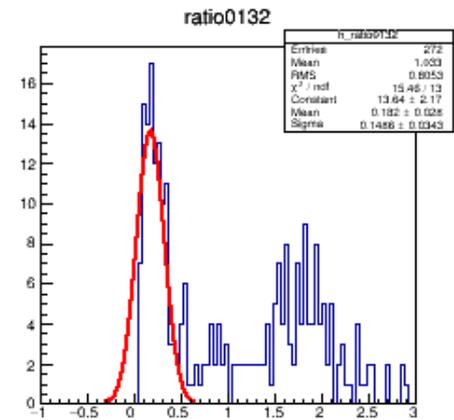
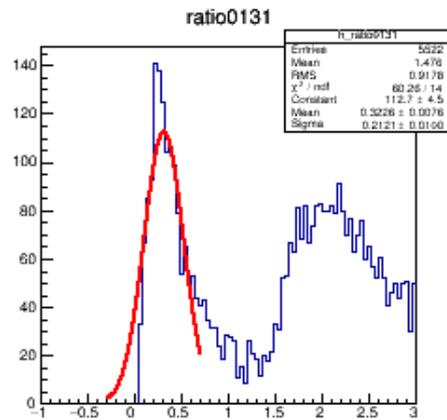
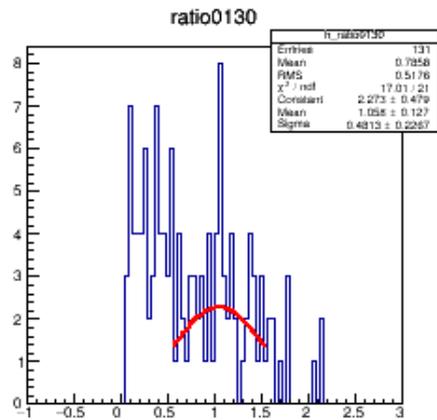
Calculate ratio = e_rec / e_photonbeam .

ratio = e_rec / e_beam (Round1)



Energy Reconstruction Resolution (Round1)





Find mean value of ratio for each module:

ratio_val[i], where i=module.id

new_gain[i] = old_gain[i]/ratio_val[i].

Then next round ...

Till good enough then do different energy bins get :

ratio[ebin][i] → new_gain[ebin][i] → fit → gain function
(gain[e] = a * e + b)