

Status of PRad Experiment

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for the PRad Collaboration



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Outline



- 1 The Proton Charge Radius
- 2 PRad Setup
- PRad Run
- 4 Data Analysis Status
 - GEM Analysis Status
 - HyCal Analysis Status
- **5** Summary



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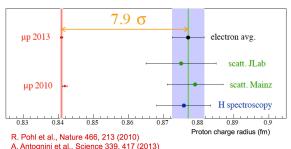
The Proton Charge Radius Puzzle



4 different methods to measure the proton charge radius



 $ightharpoonup \sim 8\sigma$ discrepancy between muonic hydrogen spectroscopy and atomic hydrogen measurements



Model dependent fitting of G_E to extract r_p

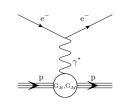


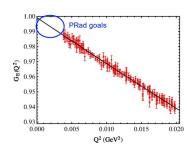
ep **Scattering**



- Previous measurements with large systematic uncertainties and small Q² limited range
- Requirements for PRad Experiment:
 - ▶ large Q² range
 - extend to very low Q²
 - controlled systematics at sub-percent precision
- ► Extraction of $\langle r^2 \rangle = -6 \cdot \frac{dG_E^p}{dQ^2} \Big|_{Q^2=0}$ through:

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = \left(\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}\right)_{Mott} \frac{E'}{E} \frac{1}{1+\tau} \left(G_E^{p2}(Q^2) + \frac{\tau}{\epsilon} G_M^{p2}(Q^2)\right)$$





Phys. Rev. C 93, 065207



PRad Timeline

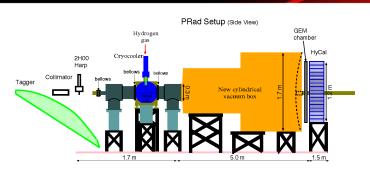


•	2011 - 2012 2012	Initial proposal Approved by JLab PAC39
•	2012	Funding proposal for windowless H_2 gas flow target
•	2012 - 2015	Development, construction of the target
•	2013	Funding proposals for the GEM detectors
•	2013 - 2015	Development, construction of the GEM detectors
•	2015, 2016	Experiment readiness reviews
•	January/April 2016	Beam line installation
•	May 2016	Beam commissioning
•	May 24 - May 31	Detectors calibration
•	June 4 - June 15	1.1 GeV data taking
•	June 15 - June 22	2.2 GeV data taking



PRad Setup





- \blacktriangleright Electron beam or tagged photon beam at ~ 1 GeV and ~ 2 GeV
- ▶ Windowless *H*₂ gas flow target
- Vacuum box

- GEM detectors
- Primex HyCal

Windowless H₂ Gas Flow Target



- gas target of cryogenically cooled hydrogen at 19.5 K
- beam opening: 2 mm, length: 4 cm
- cell density: $\sim 2 \cdot 10^{18} \text{ H atoms/cm}^2$
- pressures:
 - cell pressure: 471 mTorr
 - chamber pressure: 2.34 mTorr
 - vacuum chamber pressure: 0.3 mTorr

Developed and build by JLab target group

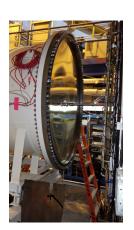




Vacuum Box







- ▶ 1.7 m diameter, 2 mm aluminum vacuum window
- ightarrow Limited background



Primex HyCal



Hybrid detector:

- Central part:
 - ▶ 34 x 34 matrix of PbWO₄ detectors
 - ▶ dimension of block: 2 x 2 x 18 cm³
 - 2 x 2 blocks removed from the center for beam line to pass through
- ► Peripheral part:
 - ▶ 576 lead glass detectors
 - dimension of block: 4 x 4 x 45 cm³



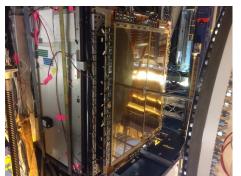


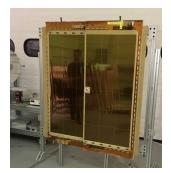


GEM Detectors



- ► Two large area GEM detectors: 55 cm x 123 cm
- Purpose:
 - improve spatial resolution by a factor 20 to 40 \rightarrow 100 $\mu \mathrm{m}$
 - \rightarrow to reduce uncertainties on θ and Q^2
- Central overlap between the 2 planes and central hole for the beam line





Developed and build by UVA



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Data Collected



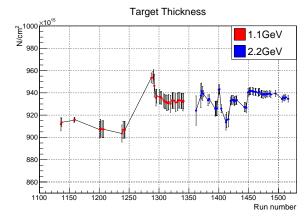
- Calibration with tagged photon beam
 - Every calorimeter module moved into the beam
 - Allows study of resolution, linearity, trigger efficiency
- ▶ 1.1 GeV electron beam
 - ▶ 4.2 mC
 - ▶ 604 M events with target
 - ▶ 53 M events with "empty target"
 - 25 M events with ¹²C target for calibration
- 2.2 GeV electron beam
 - ▶ 14.3 mC
 - 756 M events with target
 - 38 M events with "empty target"
 - ▶ 10.5 M events with ¹²C target for calibration



Target Stability



Control of target properties (pressure, temperature, position)
 via EPICS



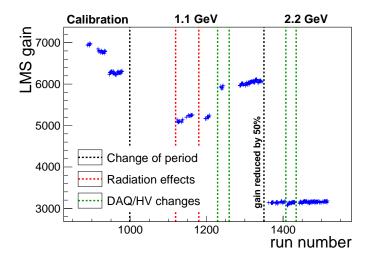
 \rightarrow Less than 2% deviation

Weizhi Xiong

HyCal Gain Stability



Control of HyCal gain with its Light Monitoring System (LMS)





Outline



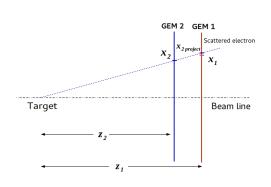
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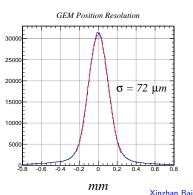


GEM Spatial Resolution



 Extraction of GEM spatial resolution using GEM central overlapping region





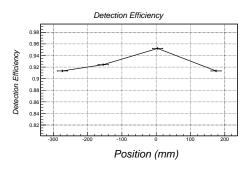
Good spatial resolution achieved



GEM Detection Efficiency



- Study of efficiency with tagged photon beam
 - Scintillators added on the beam line before GEM detector
 - Efficiency calculated using scintillators and HyCal matching



Xinzhan Bai

- Average detection efficiency of 0.92 with 0.12% of statistical uncertainty
 - GEM are also calibrated using physics runs



HyCal Energy Calibration



- ► Gains controlled by *Light Monitoring System (LMS)*
- Two different calibrations:
 - Before data taking:
 Scan with 250-1050 MeV tagged photon beam moved in front of each module
 - ightarrow study of resolution, efficiency and non linearity
 - During physics data taking: With Møller and ep events
- Iterative method:

$$gain_{module}(n+1) = \frac{gain_{module}(n)}{\langle E_{measured} / E_{expected} \rangle}$$

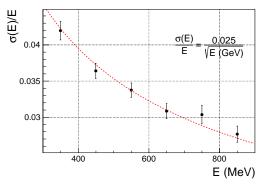
▶ Different clustering algorithms used for cross-check



HyCal Resolution



 Crystal energy resolution with statistical uncertainties and systematic coming from non-uniformity



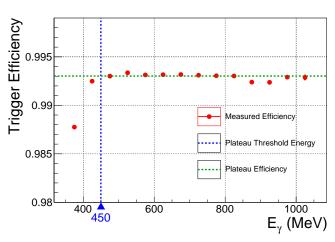
Li Ye, Ilya Larin, Weizhi Xiong, Maxime Levillain

- Achieved expected energy resolution at 1 GeV:
 - ▶ 2.5% for crystal part
 - ▶ 6.1% for lead glass part



HyCal Trigger Efficiency





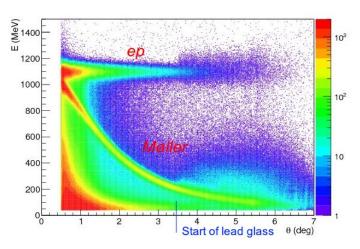
Maxime Levillain

- Plateau from 450 MeV with an efficiency of 0.994
- Good uniformity



Phase Space (1.1 GeV)





Weizhi Xiong

► Separation between *ep* scattering and Møller events possible for $\theta >$ 0.7 $^{\circ}$

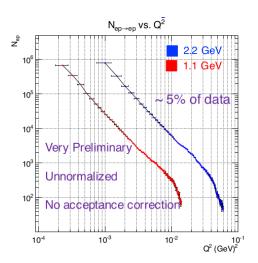




 No normalization and acceptance correction

▶ 1.1 GeV data set: $Q^2 \in [2 \cdot 10^{-4}, 1.3 \cdot 10^{-2}] \text{ GeV}^2$

▶ 2.2 GeV data set: $Q^2 \in [8 \cdot 10^{-4}, 6 \cdot 10^{-2}] \text{ GeV}^2$



Weizhi Xiong

Summary



- ► The PRad experiment was uniquely designed to address the Proton Radius Puzzle
- ▶ The experiment was successfully performed in May-June 2016
- GEM calibration and alignment are finalized
 - \rightarrow spatial resolution of 72 $\mu\mathrm{m}$ and detection efficiency of 0.92 ± 0.001
- ► HyCal calibration from photon tagged beam finalized
 → good energy resolution and high and uniform efficiency
- ► HyCal and GEM calibration with physics events in progress
- ▶ The physics analysis will start soon!

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