

APFB2020, Kanazawa, Japan, Mar 1—5, 2021

Lambda hypertriton binding energy measurement at Jefferson Lab

Graduate School of Science, Kyoto University, Japan

Toshiyuki Gogami

for the *JLab Hypernuclear Collaboration*

Mar 2, 2021



京都大学
KYOTO UNIVERSITY

Talk about the trigger system by Katayama (Kyoto Univ.), Room C at 15:00 on Mar 2



科研費
KAKENHI

SPIRITS
SUPPORTING PROGRAM FOR INTERACTION-BASED
INITIATIVE TEAM STUDIES

CONTENTS

- 1. Physics motivation**
- 2. Experiment**
- 3. Expected result**
- 4. Summary**

HYPERTRITON (${}^3_{\Lambda}\text{H}$) PUZZLESmall B_{Λ}

vs.

Short Lifetime



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} B_{\Lambda} = 0.13 \pm 0.05 \text{ MeV (emulsion}^1) \\ B_{\Lambda} = 0.41 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.11 \text{ MeV (STAR}^2) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\rightarrow \text{RMS radius, } \sqrt{\langle r^2 \rangle} \cong \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{4\mu B_{\Lambda}}}$$

$$\tau = (0.5 \sim 0.92) \tau_{\Lambda}$$

(HypHI, STAR, ALICE)

Fadееv calculation with realistic NN/YN interactions

$$\rightarrow \tau = 0.97 \tau_{\Lambda}$$

(H. Kamada *et al.*, *Phys. Rev. C* **57**, 4 (1998))

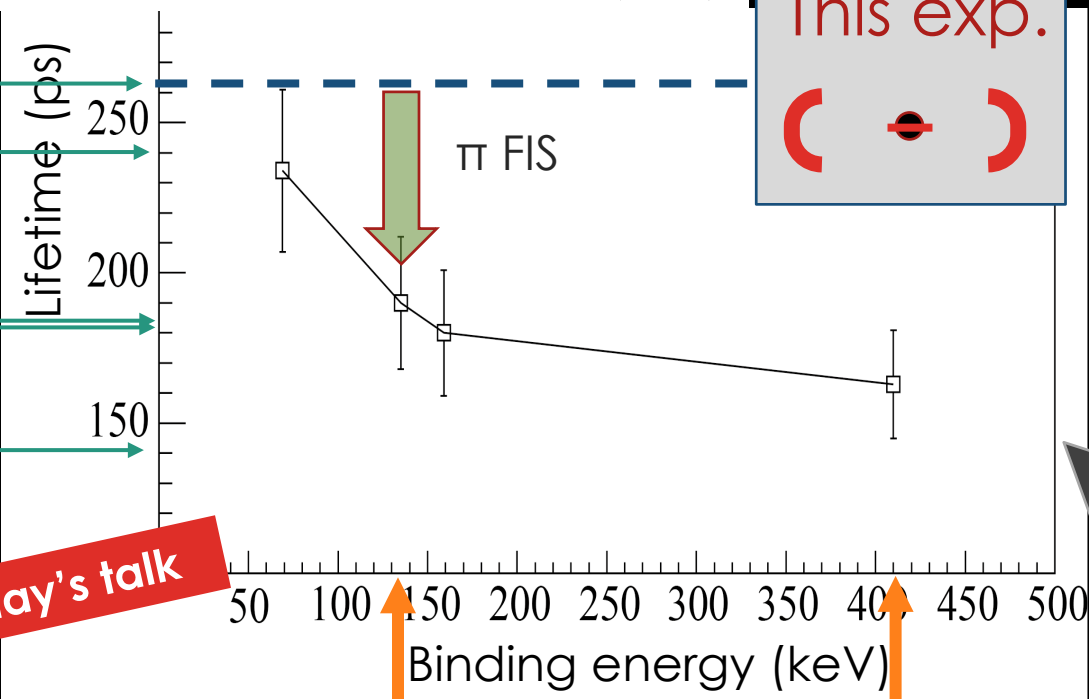
¹ M. Juric *et al.*, *Nucl. Phys. B* **52**, 1-30 (1973).

² The STAR Collaboration, *Nature Physics* (2020);
<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41567-020-0799-7>

LIFETIME VS. BINDING ENERGY OF ${}^3_{\Lambda}\text{H}$

A.Pérez-Obiol et al., *PLB* 811 135916 (2020)

Free Λ
ALICE 2
HypHI
ALICE 1
STAR



Yesterday's talk

Emulsion
NPB52 (1973)1—30
2BD: 60 ± 110 keV
3BD: 230 ± 110 keV

STAR
PRA982 (2019)811—814
2BD: 176 ± 150 keV
3BD: 586 ± 160 keV

ex.) Decay width of 2BD channel:

$$\frac{\Gamma_{\Lambda^3\text{H} \rightarrow {}^3\text{He} + \pi^-}}{(G_F m_\pi^2)^2} \approx \frac{q}{\pi} \frac{M_{^3\text{He}}}{M_{^3\text{He}} + \omega_{\pi^-}(q)} \times \left[\mathcal{A}_\Lambda^2 + \frac{1}{9} \mathcal{B}_\Lambda^2 \left(\frac{k_{\pi^-}}{2M} \right)^2 \right] 3|F^{\text{PV}}(q)|^2$$

Spin indep. amp. Form factor (π FSI is included)

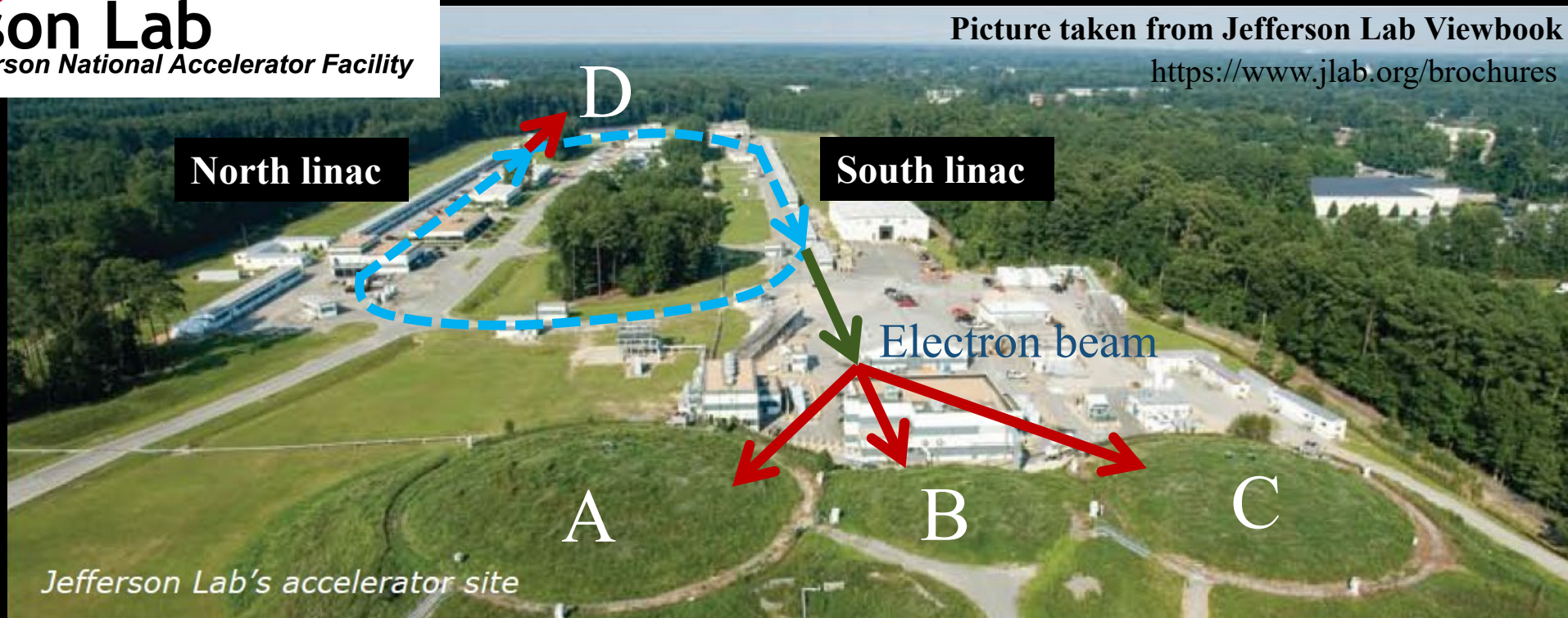
Spin dep. amp. $\propto \sqrt{B_\Lambda}$

Proposed experiment (C12-19-002)
 $|\Delta B^{\text{stat.}}| = 20$ keV, $|\Delta B^{\text{sys.}}| = 55$ keV

Best Accuracy on $B_\Lambda({}^3_{\Lambda}\text{H})$
→ Pin down the hyperon puzzle

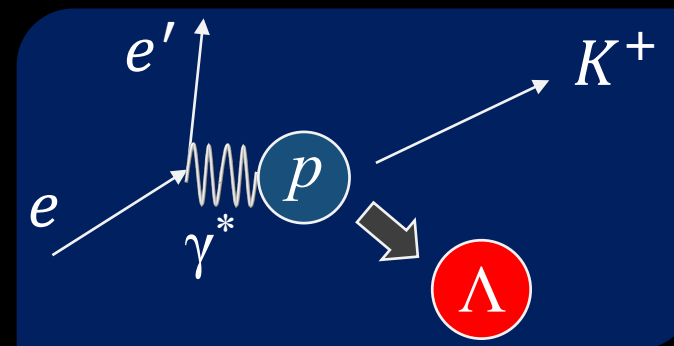
Picture taken from Jefferson Lab Viewbook

<https://www.jlab.org/brochures>



Continuous electron beam facility (CEBAF)

- ✓ 12 GeV at maximum
- ✓ 100 μA (> 600 THz)
- ✓ 2 or 4-ns interval bunches
- ✓ Emittance of $2 \mu\text{m}\cdot\text{mrad}$
- ✓ Energy spread ($\Delta E/E < 5 \times 10^{-5}$ rms)



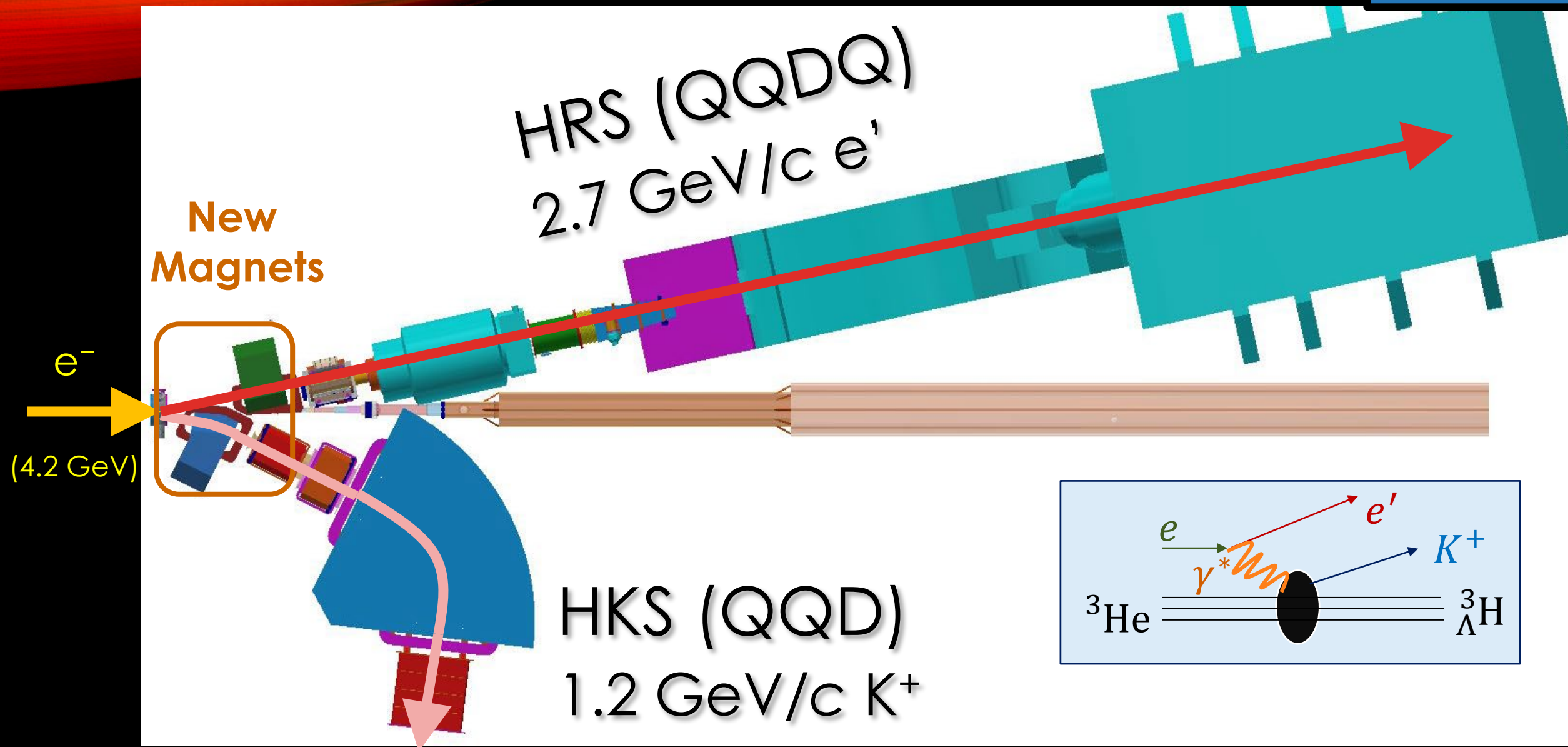
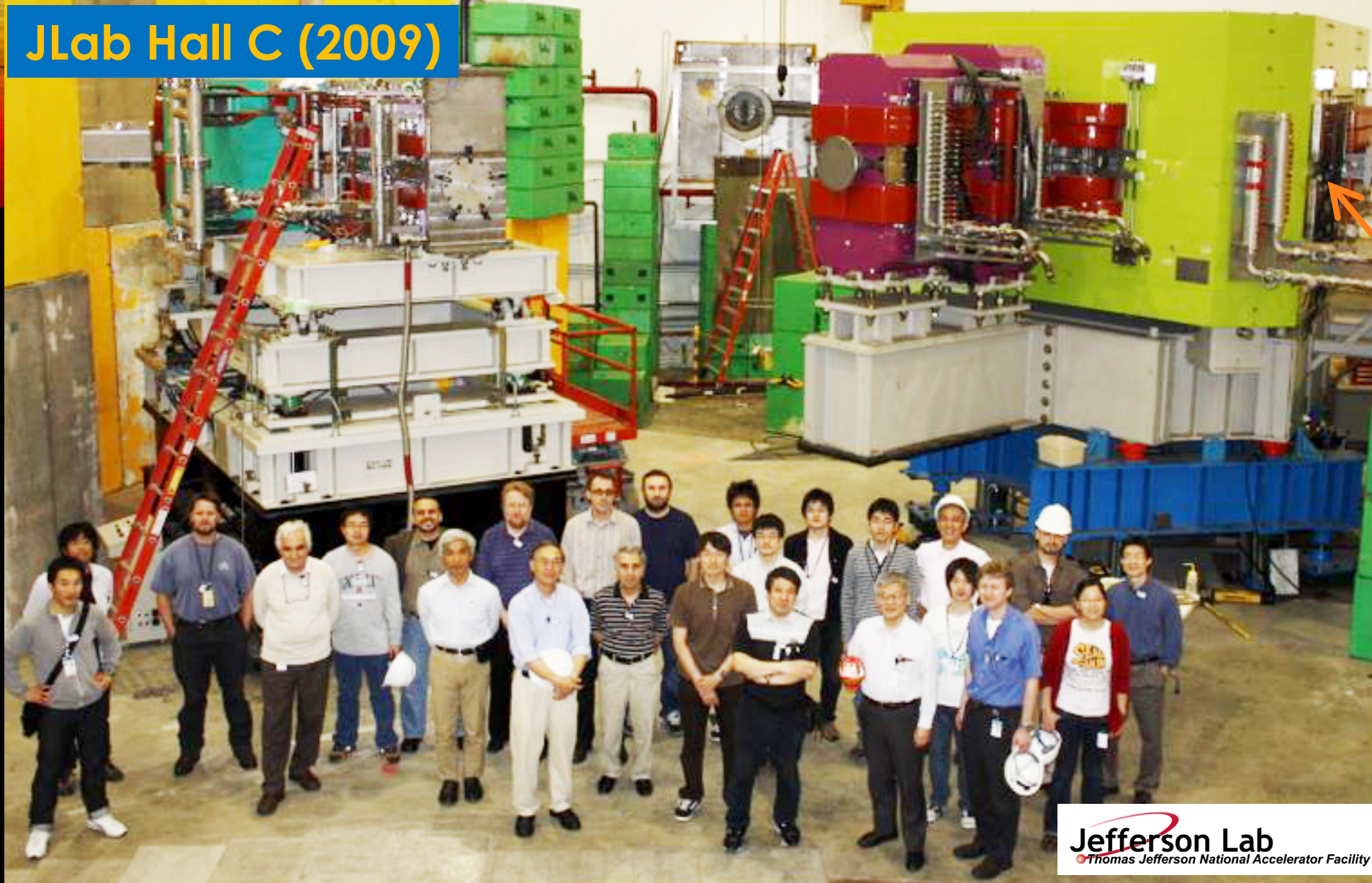


Figure taken from Sho's slides (Tohoku Univ.)



HKS

Y. Fujii et al.,
NIMA 795, 351—
363 (2015).

- L. Tang et al., PRC 90, 034320 (2014).
- TG et al., PRC 94, 02132(R) (2016).
- TG et al., PRC 93, 034314 (2016).

- TG et al., Submitted to PRC (2021);
<https://arxiv.org/abs/2102.04437>

RHRS



JLab Hall A (Apr 2019)

TRIGGER RATE ESTIMATION

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SIMULATION

Geant4 (PCS+HRS+HKS) + Physics Event Generators



Talk about the trigger system by Katayama (Kyoto Univ.), Room C at 15:00 on Mar 2

(K. Katayama, "Development of HRS-HKS coincidence trigger with FPGA - Precise Hypernuclear Spectroscopy at JLab -", Master's Thesis, Kyoto Univ. JFY2020)

Target	Thickness (mg/cm ²)	Beam Current (μA)	e' (kHz)	ρ (kHz)	π (kHz)	Acc. rate (kHz)	Acc. rate w/ Chernkovs (kHz)
¹² C	100	100	21.5	56	71	0.4	0.023
⁴⁰ Ca	100	50	64.5	48	71	1.2	0.060
²⁰⁸ Pb	100	25	97.0	22	33	0.8	0.041
³ He+ ²⁷ Al	37+160	50	71.8	95	170	2.8	0.13
⁴ He+ ²⁷ Al	74+160	50	74.0	112	197	3.4	0.16

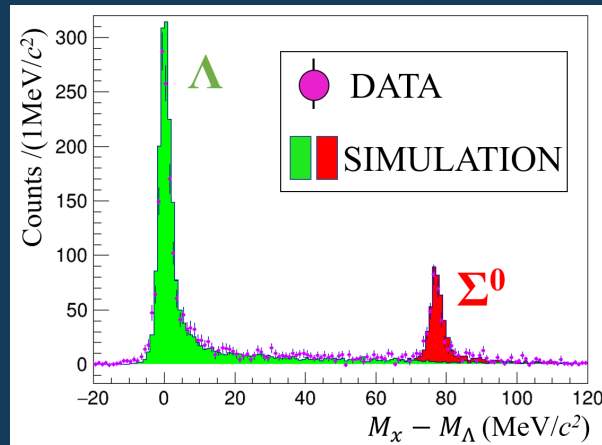
Particle identification by HKS: **TG et al., NIMA 729, 816—824 (2013).**

EXPECTED MISSING MASS RESOLUTION

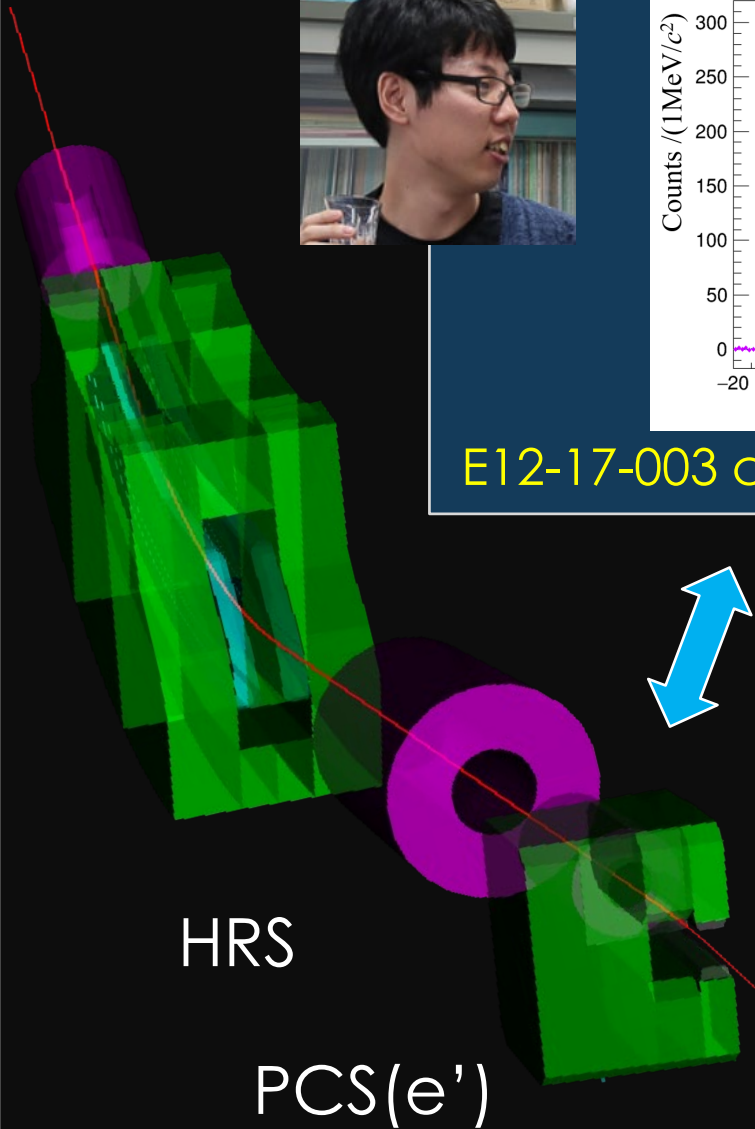
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Analysis by K.N. Suzuki (Kyoto)



E12-17-003 could be reproduced



Same framework

Geant4 simulation for C12-19-002

$$z_{T,HRS} = \sum_{i+j+k+l=0}^{n_1} a_{ijklm} x_{FP}^i x'_{FP}{}^j y_{FP}^k y'_{FP}{}^l$$

$$\overrightarrow{p}^{HRS,HKS} = \sum_{i+j+k+l+m=0}^{n_2} a_{ijklm} x_{FP}^i x'_{FP}{}^j y_{FP}^k y'_{FP}{}^l (z_{T,HRS}^m)$$

w/ materials (e.g. target cell):

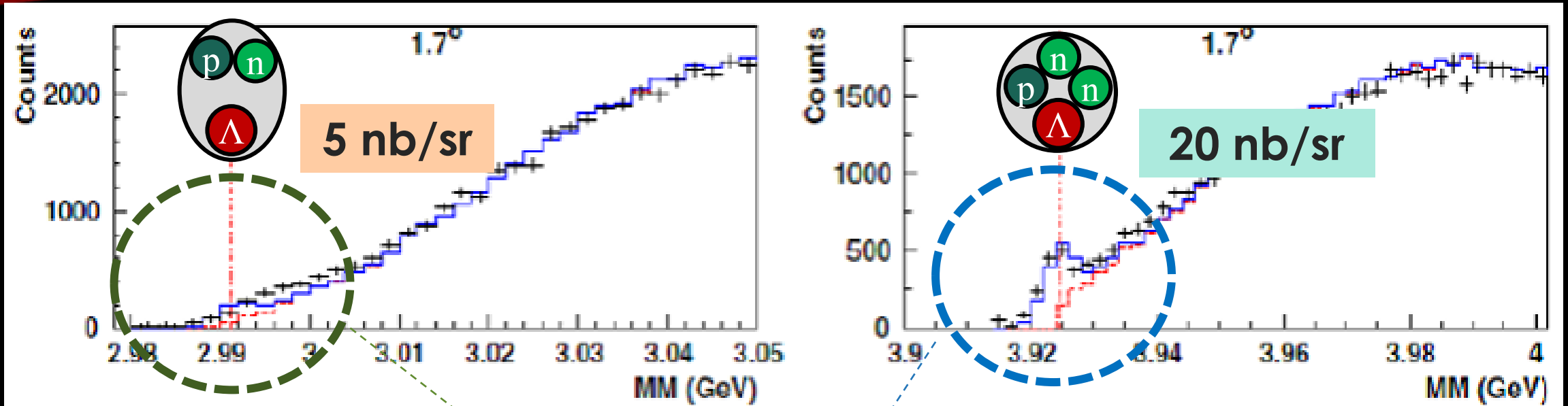
Spectrometer	$\Delta p/p$ (FWHM)
HRS (e')	3.2×10^{-4}
HKS (K ⁺)	5.7×10^{-4}



$\Delta M_{HYP} = 1.1 \text{ MeV}/c^2$ (FWHM)

YIELD ESTIMATION

F. Dohrmann et al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **93**, 242501 (2004).

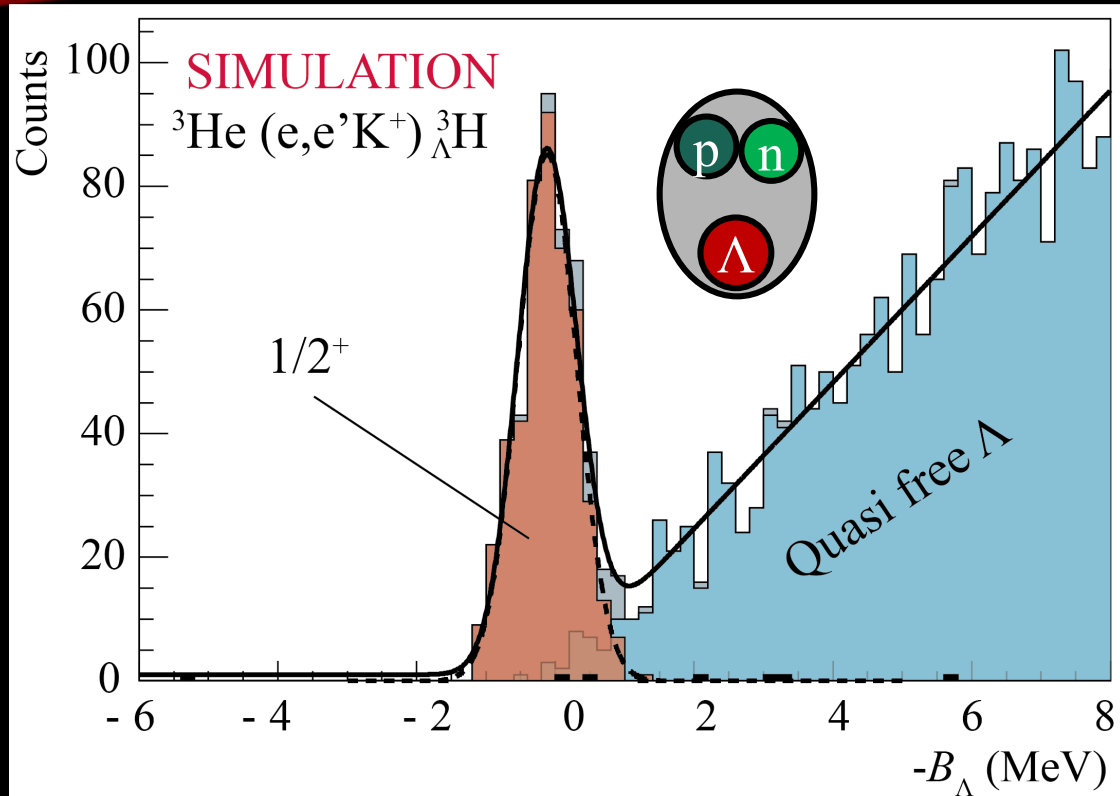


Product	Target (mg/cm ²)	I_{beam} (μA)	CS (nb/sr)	Yield / day	Beamtime (day)	Total yield
${}^3_{\Lambda}H$	3He (37)	50	5	23	20	464
${}^4_{\Lambda}H$	4He (74)		20	139	2	278

$$VP \text{ flux} = 2 \times 10^{-5} (/e), \epsilon_{det} = 0.75, f_{density} = 0.85, f_{Kdecay} = 0.26, \Omega_K = 7 \text{ msr}$$

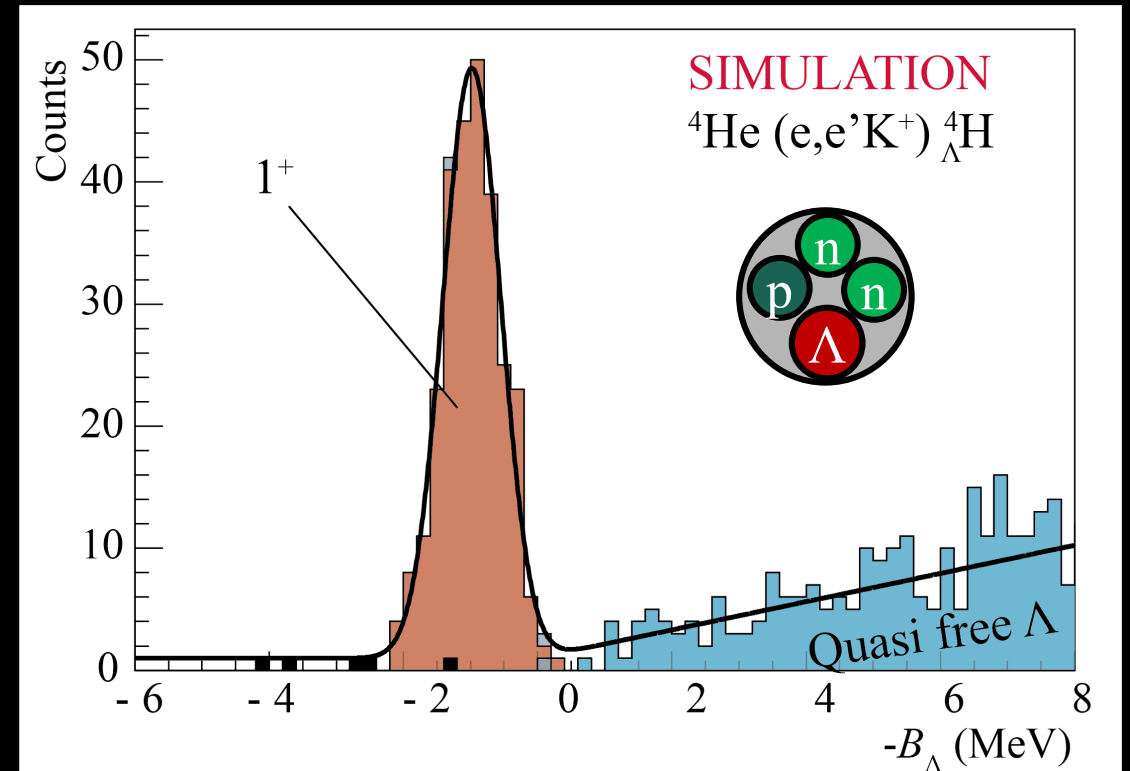
EXPECTED SPECTRA AND STATISTICAL ERRORS

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$$|\Delta B_\Lambda^{\text{stat.}}| = 20 \text{ keV}$$

➔ Hypertriton Puzzle + ΛN int.
(g.s. or excited states)



$$|\Delta B_\Lambda^{\text{stat.}}| = 30 \text{ keV}$$

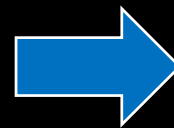
➔ ΛN CSB in $A = 4$

CALIBRATIONS AND A SYSTEMATIC ERROR ON B_Λ

Calibration	Target + Sieve Slit	Reaction	z_t range (mm)	Beamtime (day)	Remarks
Mom. + z_t	H	$p(e, e' K^+) \Lambda, \Sigma^0$	$-115 < z_t < 115$	1	$\Lambda: 6100, \Sigma^0: 2030$
Mom. + z_t	^{12}C (multi foils)	$^{12}\text{C}(e, e' K^+) ^{12}_\Lambda\text{B}$		1	$^{12}_\Lambda\text{B}^{\text{g.s.}}: 300 \times 5$
Angle + z_t	^{12}C (multi foils) + SS	-		0.2	
z_t	Empty	-	$-100 < z_t < 100$	0.1	+ Background study
	Empty (or gas) + SS	-		0.2	+ Angle resolution check
Physics	$^{3,4}\text{He}$	$^{3,4}_\Lambda\text{H}$	$-100 < z_t < 100$	22	

Major contributions to a systematic error on B_Λ

- Energy scale calibration^(*): ± 50 keV
- Energy loss correction: ± 23 keV
 - target density $|\Delta d| = 3\%$
 - cell thickness uniformity $|\Delta t| = 10\%$

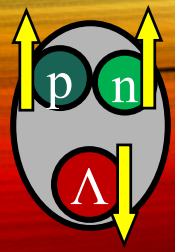


$$|\Delta B_\Lambda^{\text{sys.}}| = 55 \text{ keV}$$



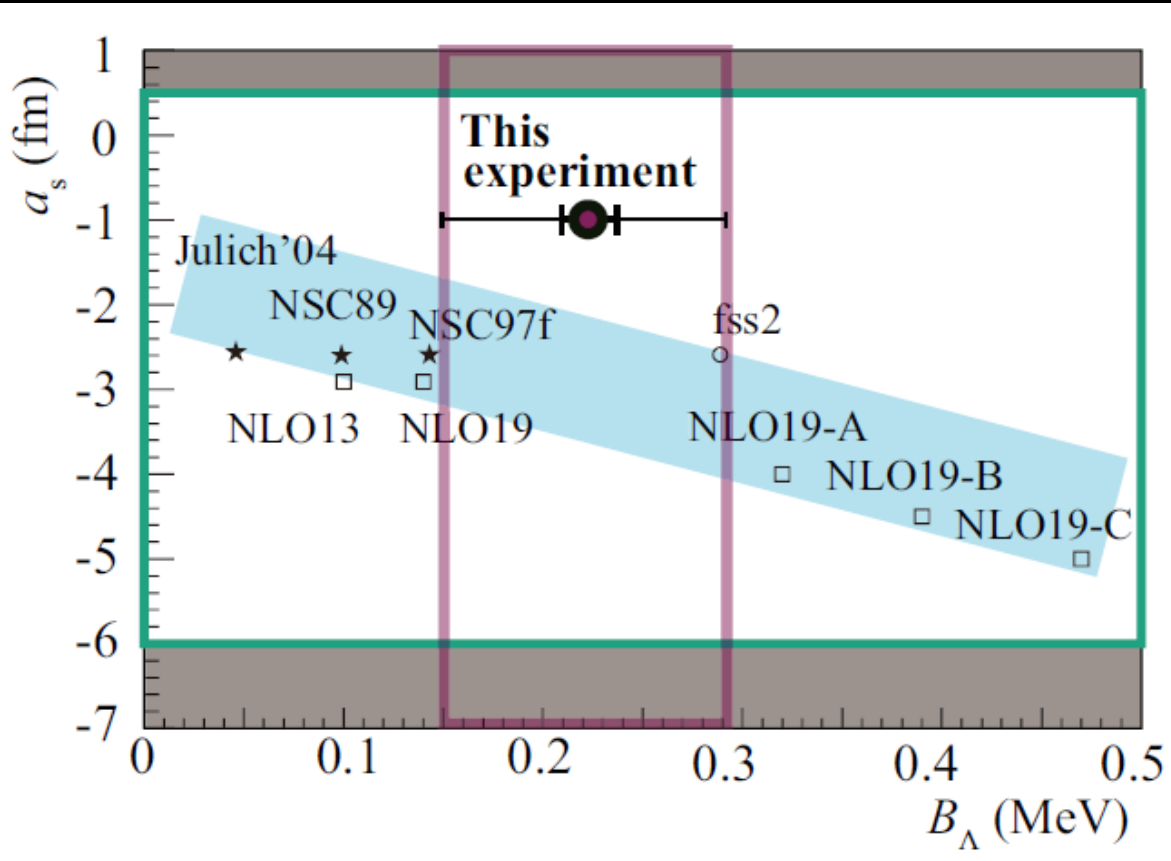
(T. Toyoda, "Basic design of gas targets for precise hypertriton mass measurement at JLab", Master's Thesis, Kyoto Univ. JFY2020)

^(*) TG et al., NIMA 900 (2018) 69—83



GROUND STATE OF ${}^3_{\Lambda}\text{H}$ ($T = 0, J^{\pi} = 1/2^{+}$)

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Hypertriton Puzzle

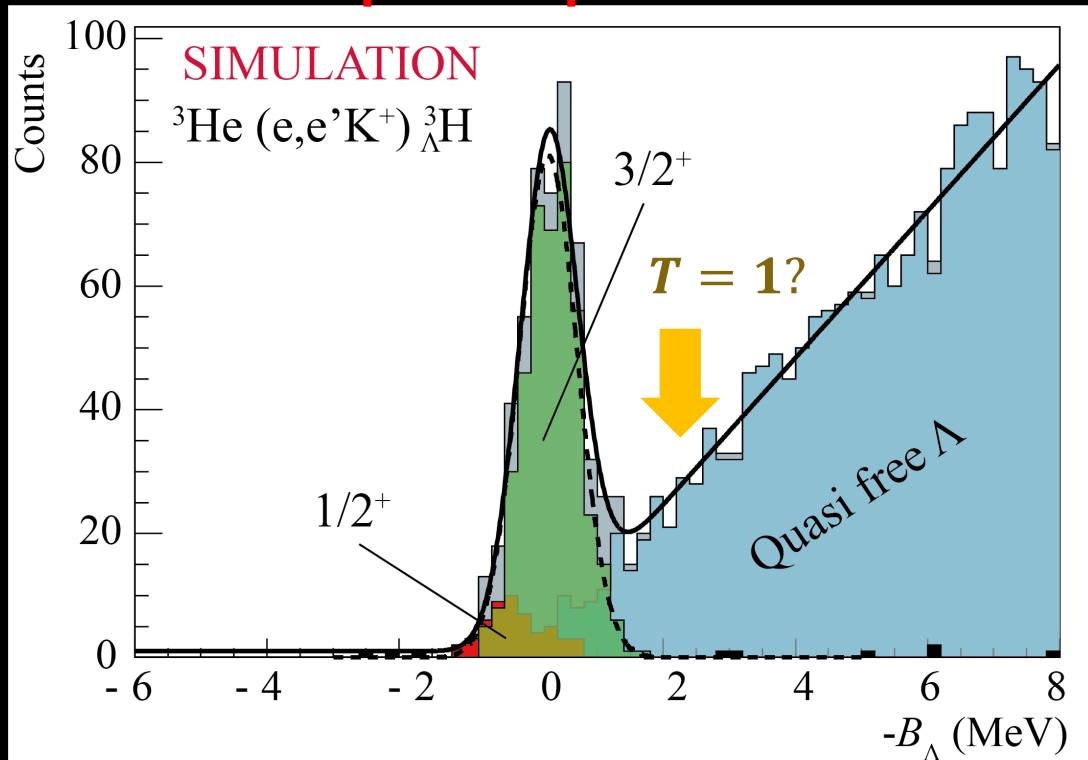
- Λ d m radius ($|\Delta r| \leq 1$ fm)
 → Better estimation for the lifetime

ΛN interaction

- Constraint for
 - Interaction models
 - The ΛN spin singlet scattering length ($|\Delta a_s| \sim 1$ fm; cf. $a_s = 1.8^{+2.3}_{-4.2}$ fm)

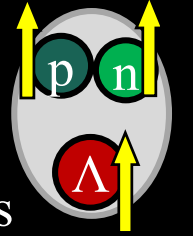
EXCITED STATES OF ${}^3_{\Lambda}\text{H}$

$T = 0$



${}^3_{\Lambda}\text{H} (T = 0, J^{\pi} = 3/2^{+})$

- Has NOT been measured
- Hard to measure by emulsion / HI experiments
- Does it exist?
 - If yes, the CS is larger than $1/2$ by a factor of 8 ⁽¹⁾
 - If no, only the $1/2^{+}$ state will be observed
- \leftarrow $\bar{\kappa}$ EFT predicts $3/2^{+}$ as a virtual state ⁽²⁾
- Strong constraint for the ΛN spin triplet interaction



${}^3_{\Lambda}\text{H} (T = 1, J^{\pi} = 1/2^{+})$

- Isospin partner of $nn\Lambda$ (and $pp\Lambda$)
 - \rightarrow significant information on the existence of $nn\Lambda$
- CSB study in the $A = 3$ hypernuclear system
- If the CS is 0.5 nb/sr $\rightarrow |\Delta B_{\Lambda}^{\text{stat.}}| \sim 70$ keV



(1) T. Mart *et al*, *Nucl. Phys. A* **640**, 235-258 (1998)

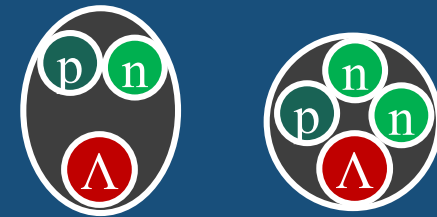
(2) M. Schäfer *et al.*, *Phys. Lett. B* **808**, 135614 (2020)

SUMMARY

HRS-HKS @ Hall A (JLab C12-19-002, 2023~)

- $B_{\Lambda}({}^3, {}^4_{\Lambda}\text{H})$ with an accuracy of

$$\Delta B_{\Lambda}^{\text{tot.}} = \sqrt{|\Delta B_{\Lambda}^{\text{sys.}}|^2 + |\Delta B_{\Lambda}^{\text{stat.}}|^2} < 70 \text{ keV}$$



→ Hypertriton Puzzle / Charge Symmetry Breaking

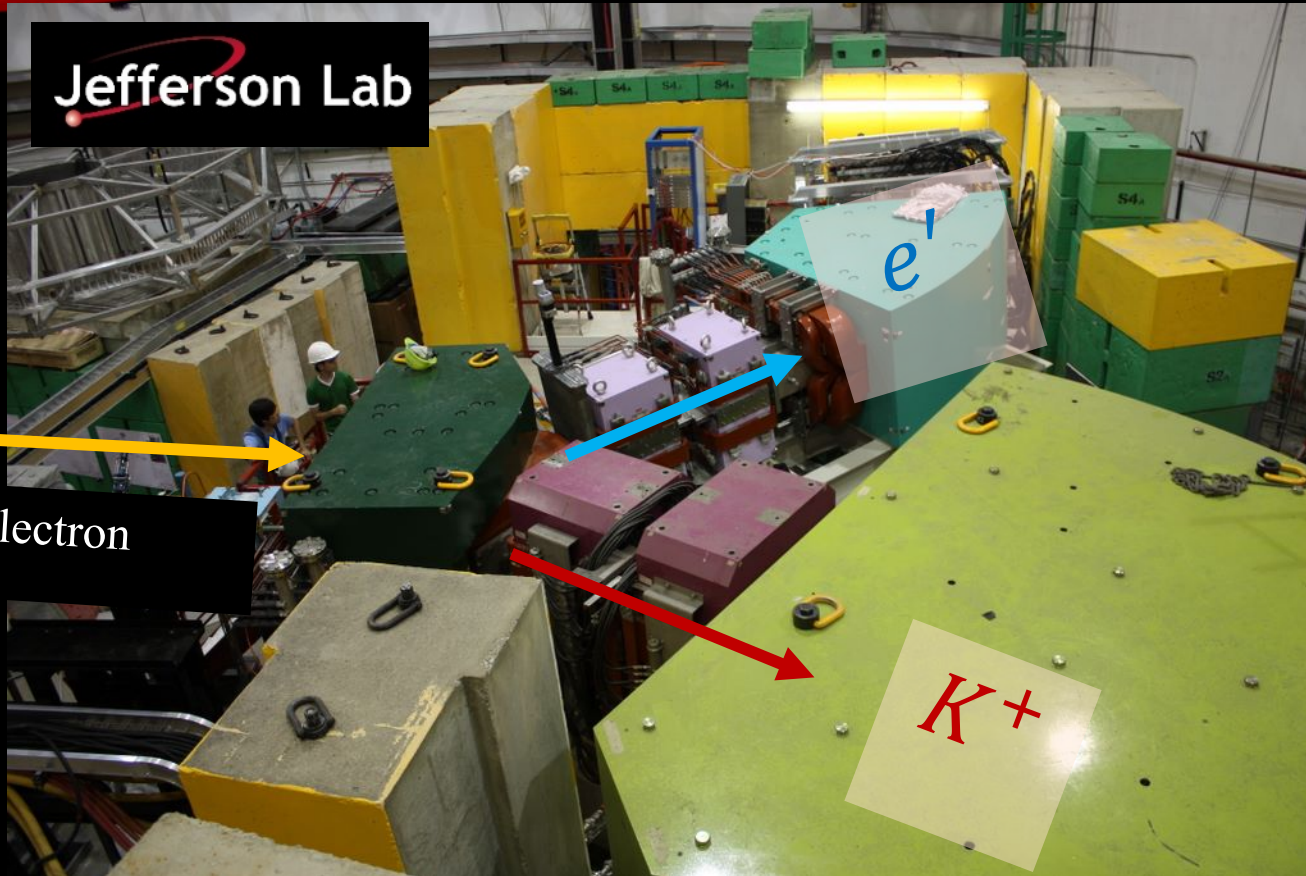
Reference:

TG et al., "Accurate Λ hypernuclear spectroscopy with electromagnetic probe at Jefferson Lab ", AIP Conf. Proc. **2319**, 080019 (2021); <https://doi.org/10.1063/5.0037353>

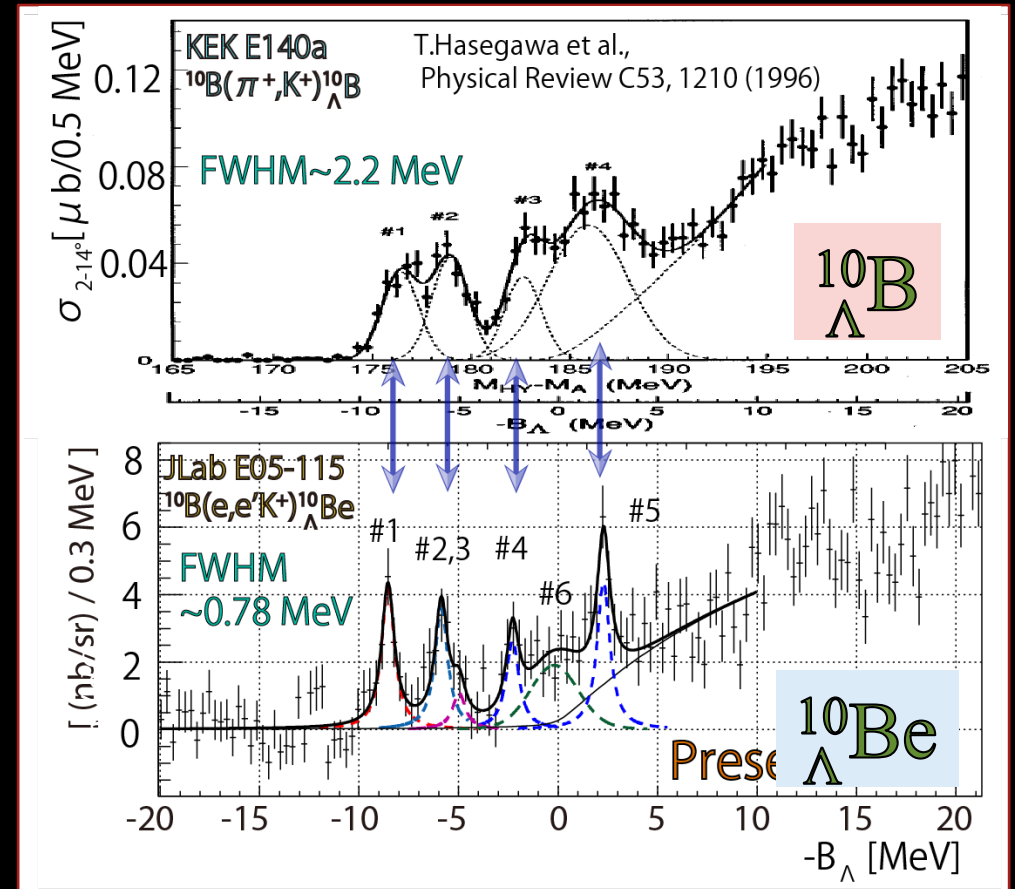


BACKUP

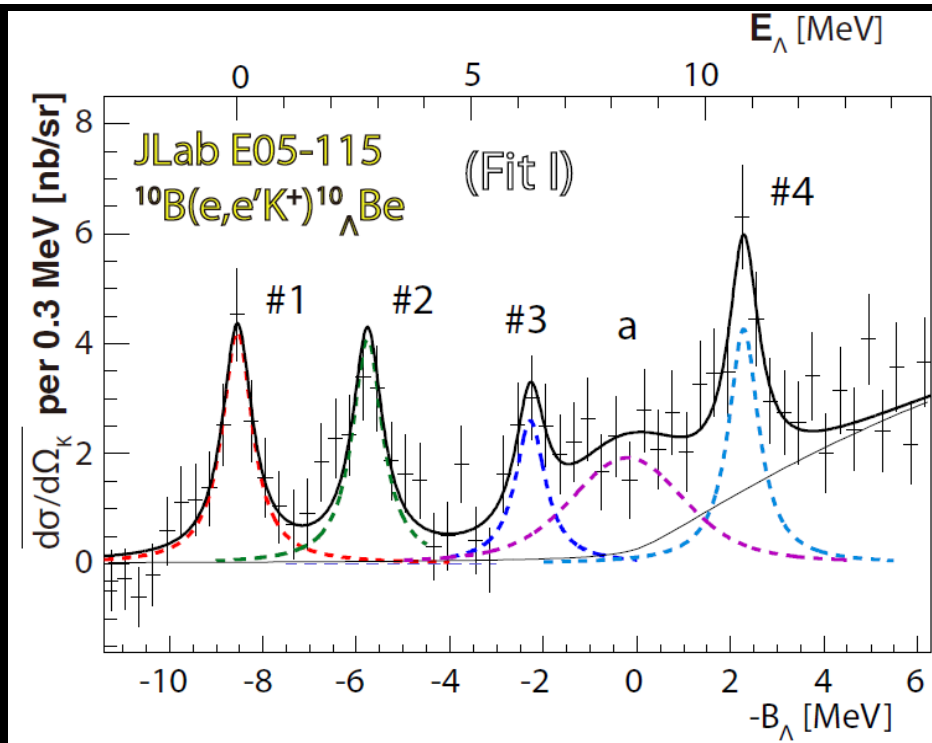
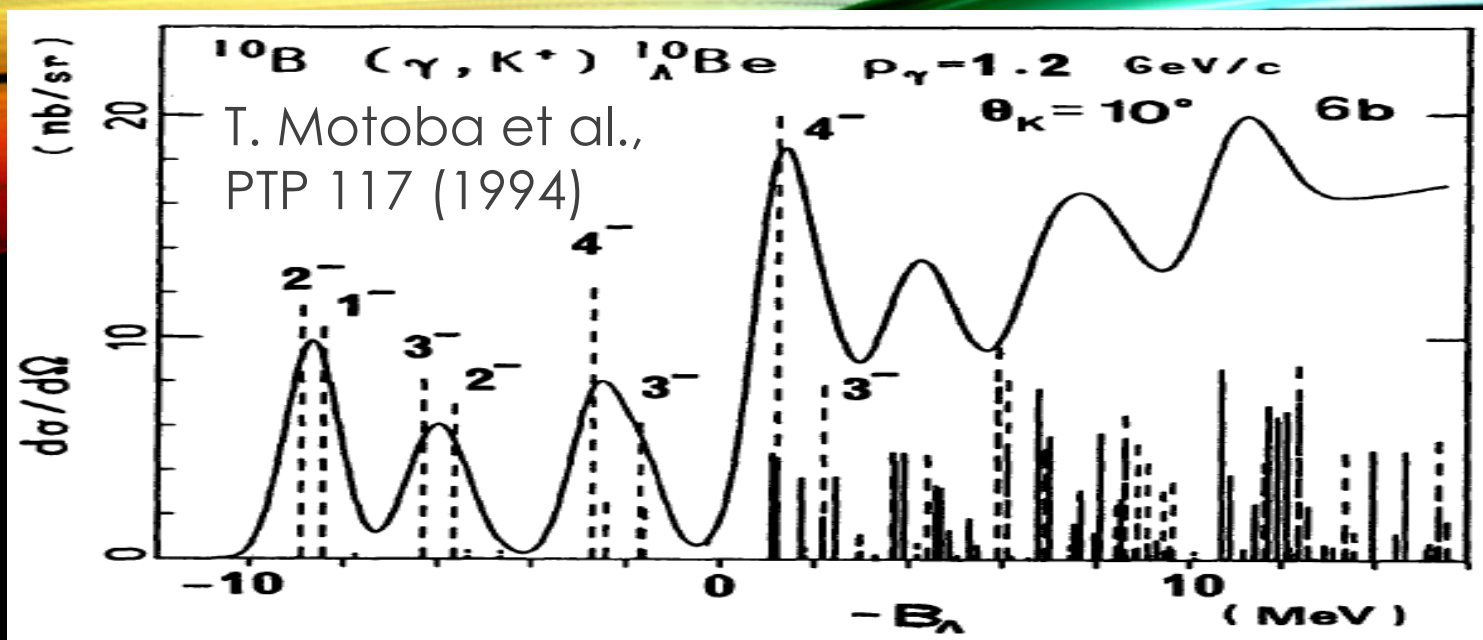
High precision measurement $^{10}_{\Lambda}\text{B}$ and $^{10}_{\Lambda}\text{Be}$



- ✓ High resolution
- ✓ High accuracy



RPC 93 (2016) 034314.



TG et al., PRC 93 (2016) 034314.

What's surplus, a ?

- Conventional shell model did not predict the state
- It was found that model space needs to be extended (A. Umeya et al., JPS Conf. Proc. 26, 023016 (2019)).

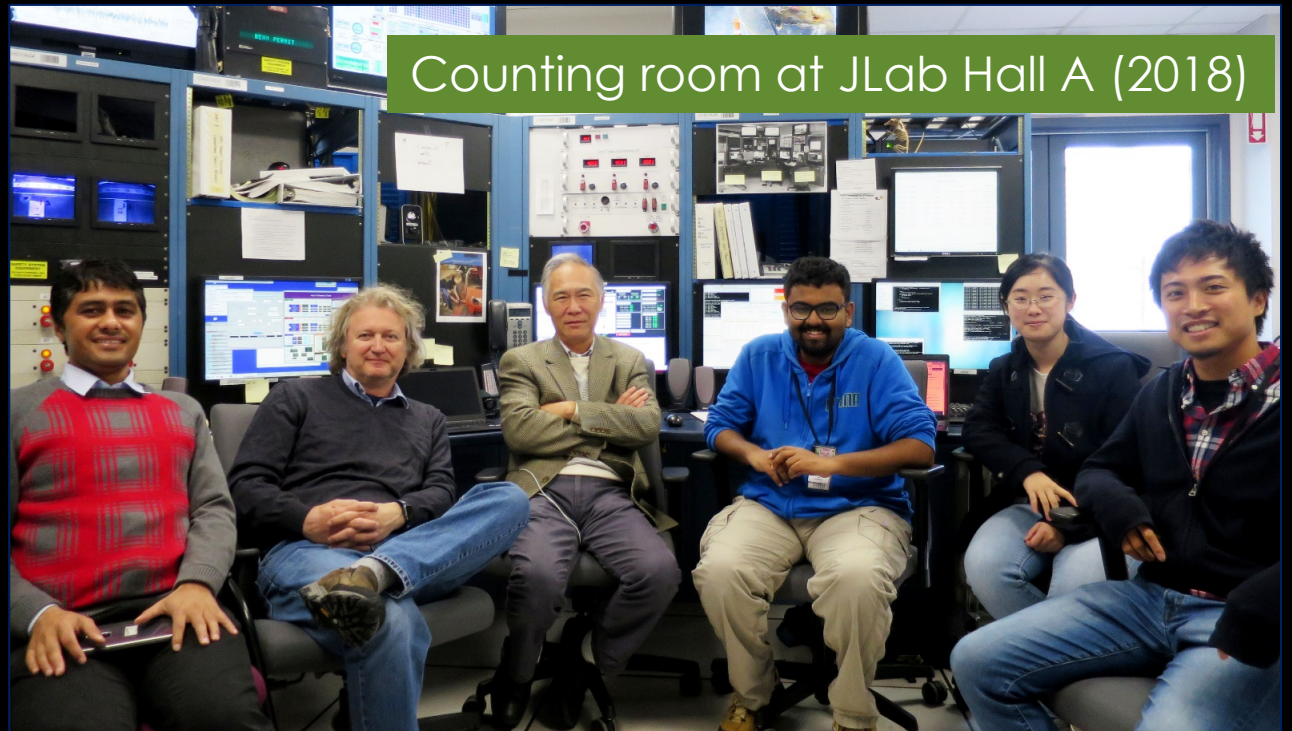
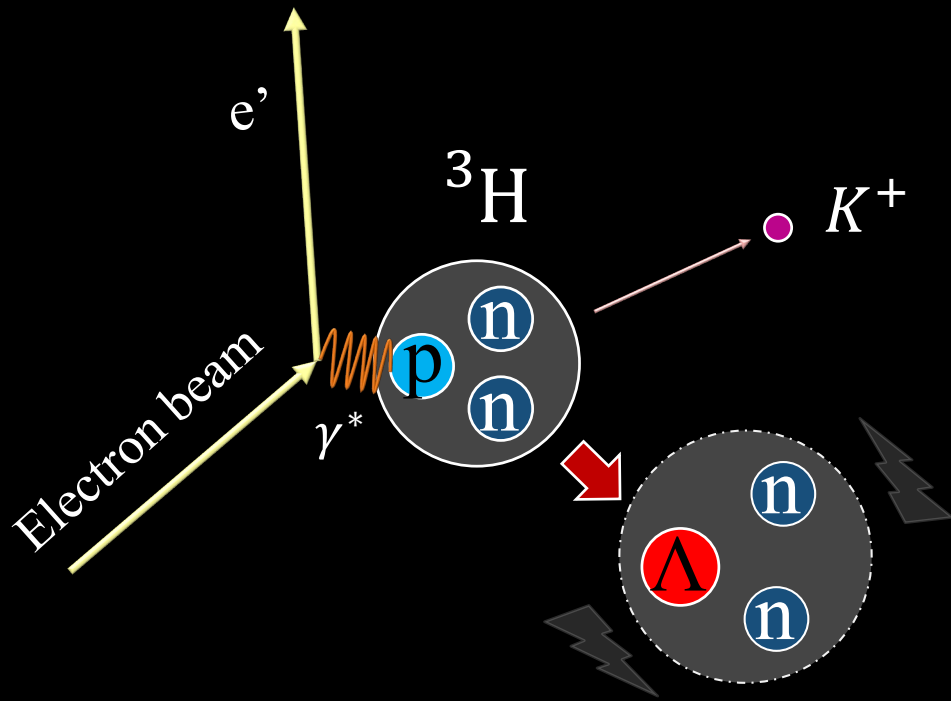


E12-17-003 (nnΛ)

nn Λ search experiment at JLab

${}^3\text{H}(e, e'K^+)nn\Lambda$ with HRSs

E12-17-003 (Oct 30—Nov 25, 2018)



We have sensitivity to both bound and resonant states

STUDENTS WHO ANALYZE DATA

Independent analyses are in progress by students to doublecheck (triplecheck) results



K. Itabashi



K. Okuyama



E. Umezaki



K.N. Suzuki



B. Pandey



東北大学

Tohoku Univ., Japan



Kyoto Univ., Japan



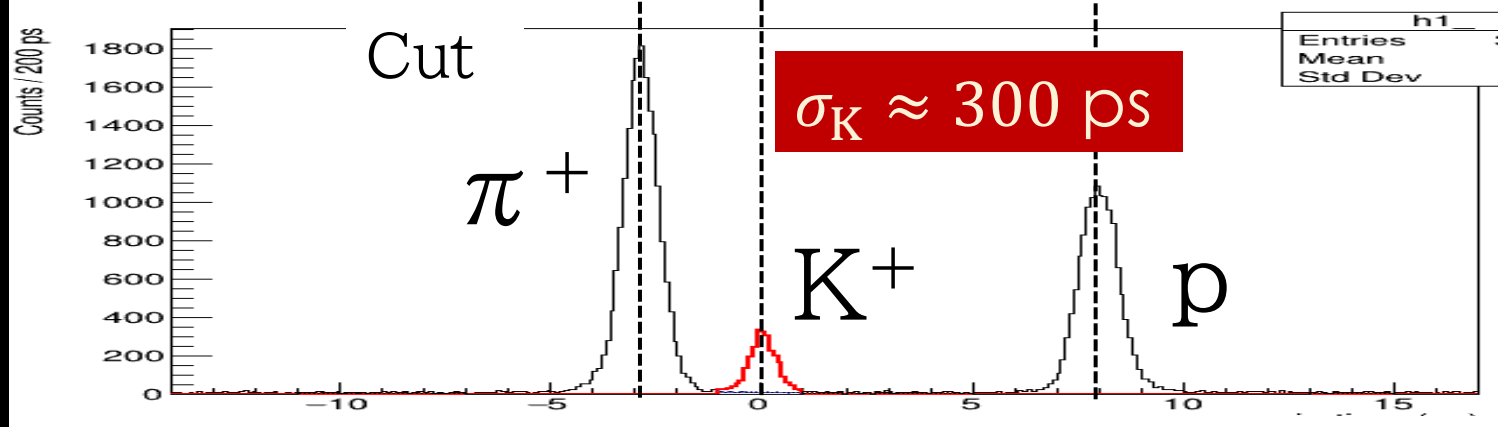
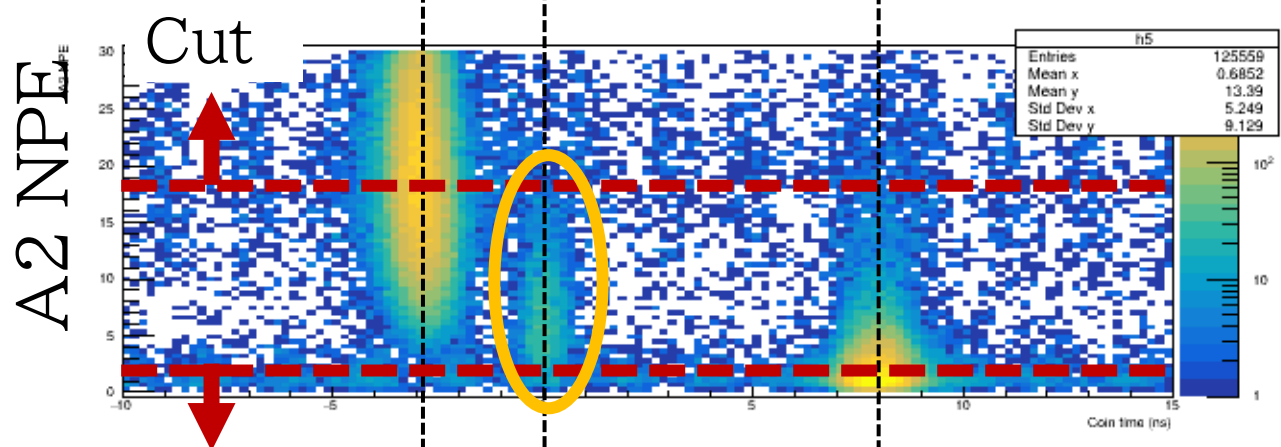
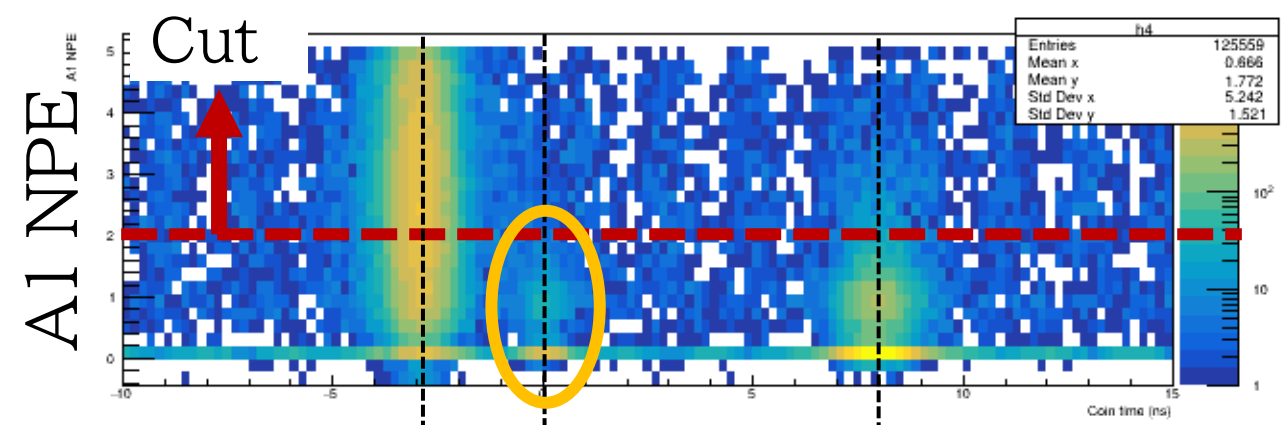
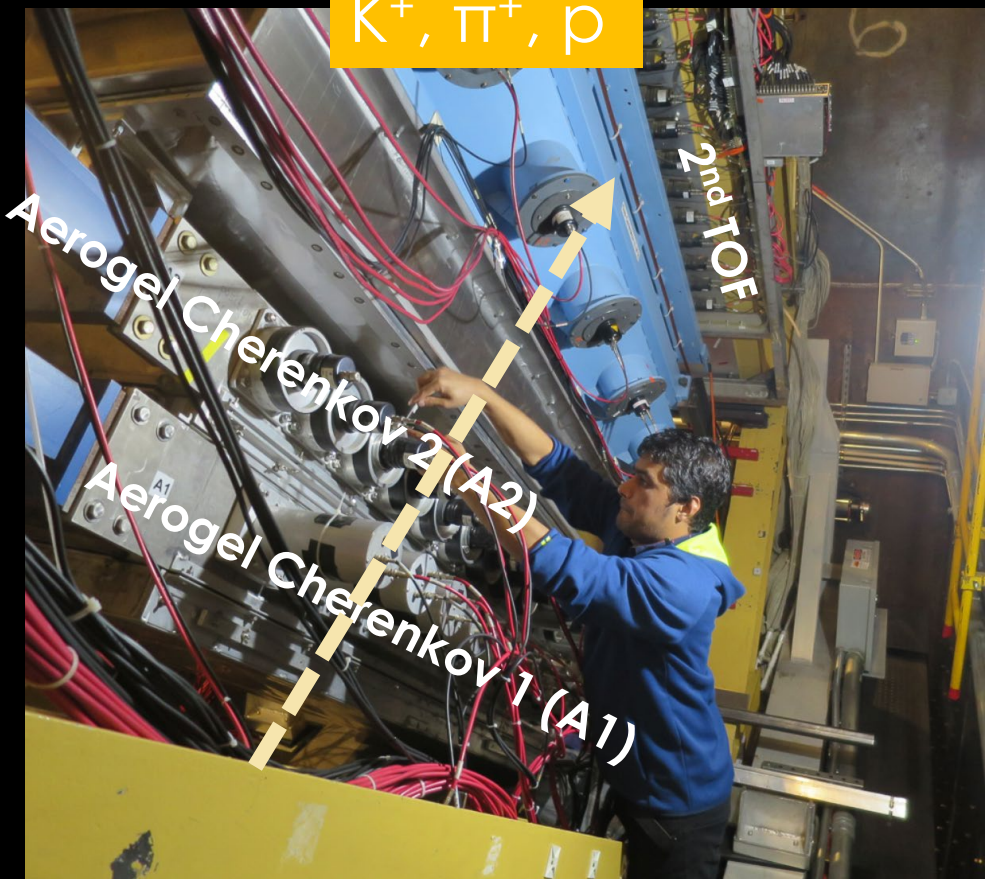
Hampton Univ., US

Talked Yesterday

An FSI, elementary production, nnΛ search/CS, etc.

KAON IDENTIFICATION

K^+ , π^+ , p



Timing consistency between L and R assuming m_K → Coin time (ns)

CALIBRATION

5th order matrix ($z_t < 2$)

Angle calibration

5th order matrix ($z_t < 2$)

Momentum calibration

Sieve Slit

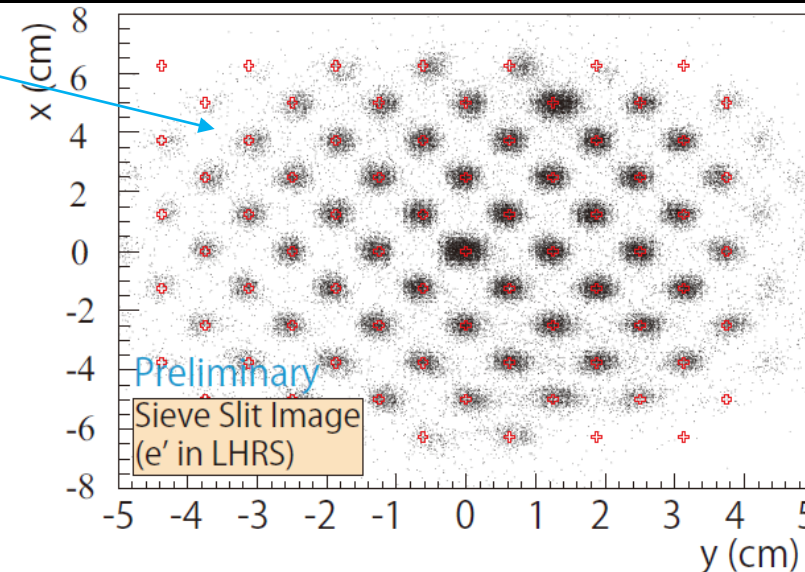
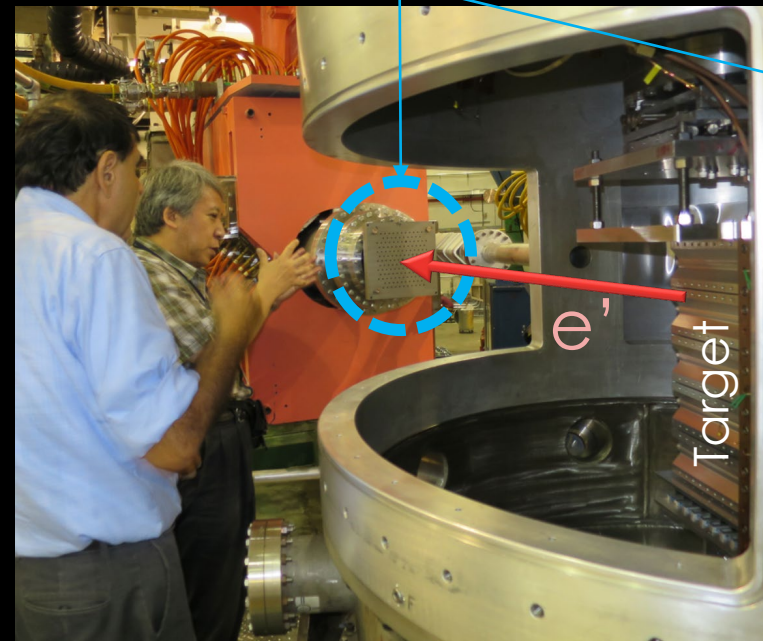


FIGURE 1. A reconstructed particle image at the sieve slit for the sieve slit data in LHRs (e'). Matrix parameters for reconstruction of angle at target were calibrated by using the sieve slit image. π^- s were eliminated by an event selection of light yield of a gas Cherenkov detector (CO_2) [41] installed in LHRs.

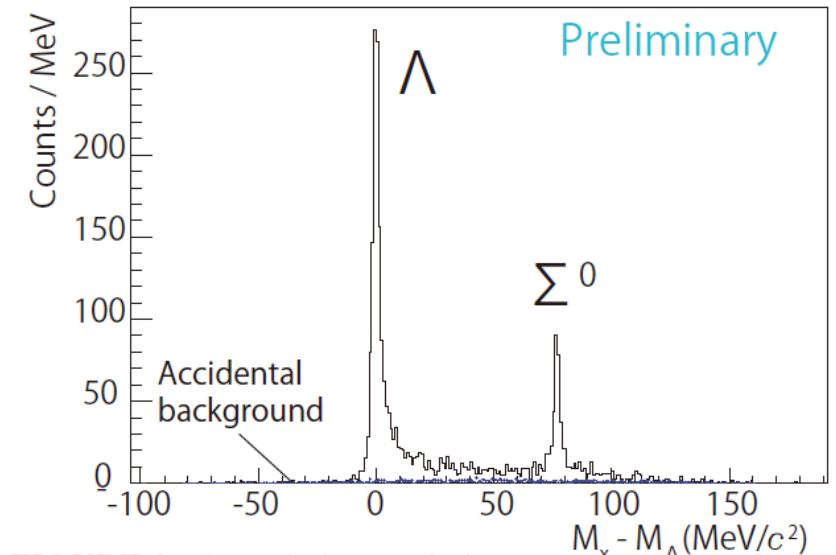


FIGURE 2. A preliminary missing mass spectrum of Λ and Σ^0 from a 71-mg/cm² H_2 gas target for a kinematics condition of M-kine in JLab E12-17-003. The beam charge on the H_2 target with M-Kine was about 2.5 C. The mass resolution is about 3.5 MeV/ c^2 (FWHM).

TG et al., “Accurate Λ hypernuclear spectroscopy with electromagnetic probe at Jefferson Lab”, AIP Conf. Proc. **2319**, 080019 (2021); <https://doi.org/10.1063/5.0037353>

Data vs. Geant4 (sim) for T₂ target

Momentum

x_{FP} (cm)

y_{FP} (cm)

x'_{FP}

y'_{FP}

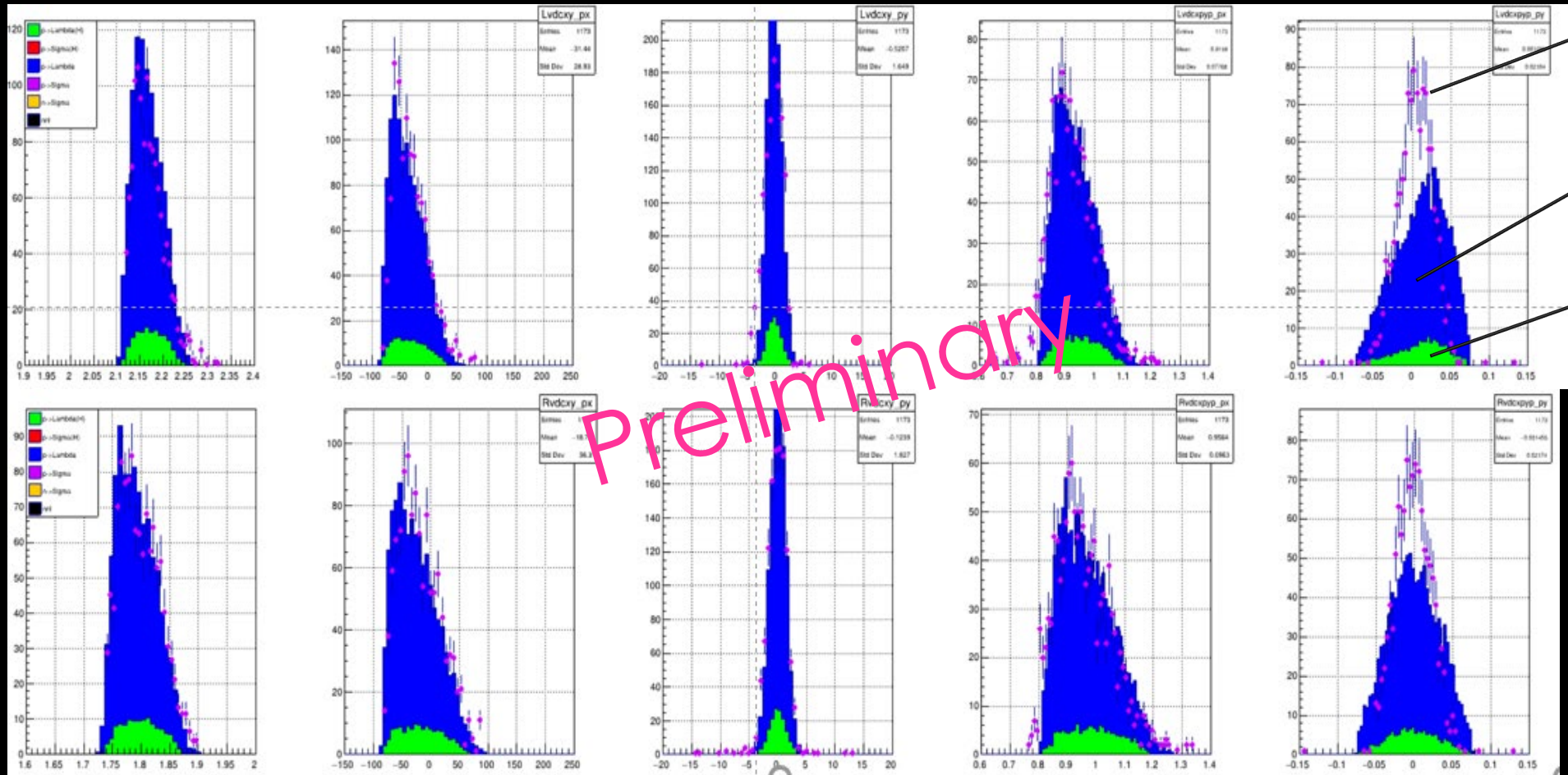
DATA (Λ , Σ)

G4 SIM. (T2)

G4 SIM. (H)
H contamination

→ Acceptance evaluation
→ Cross section

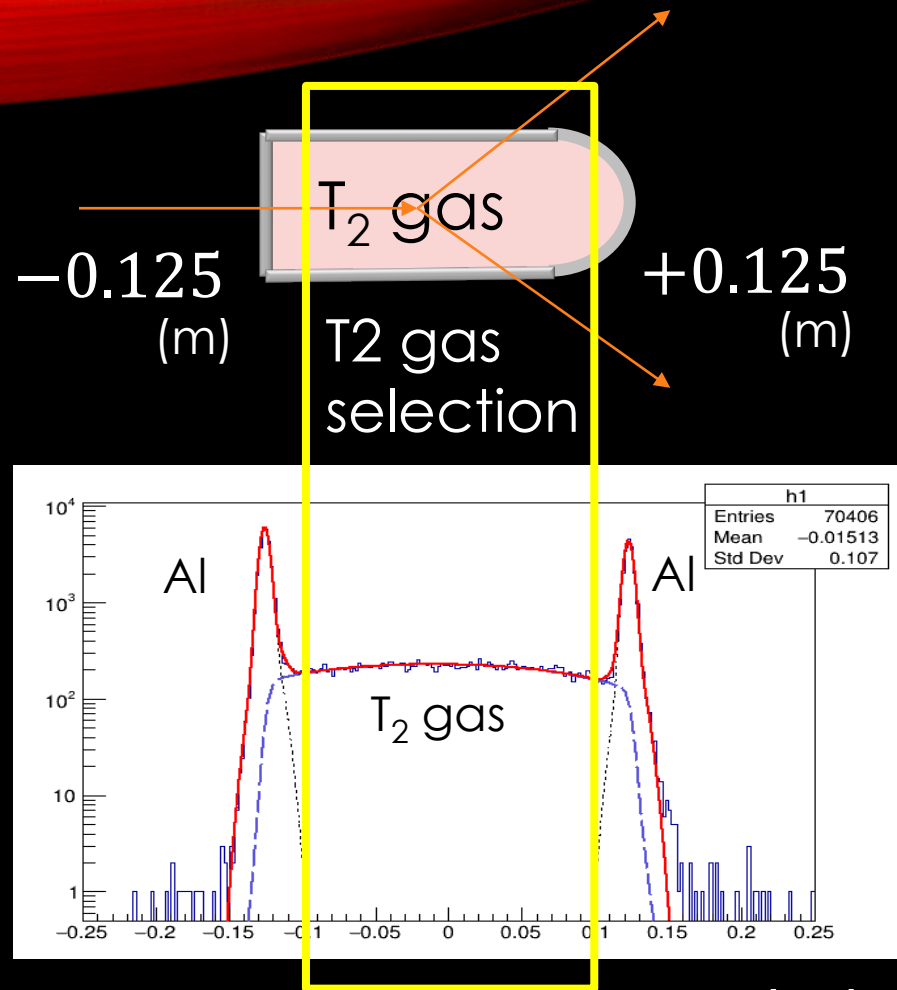
Preliminary



L-HRS
(e')

R-HRS
(K⁺)

PRELIMINARY ${}^3\text{H}(e, e'K^+)nn\Lambda$



FWHM = 8.5 mm
(by two arms)

z_t (m)



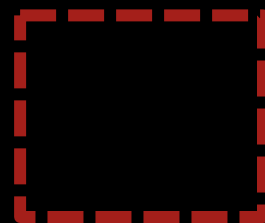
Figure made by K.N. Suzuki 2021 (Kyoto)

Preliminary

DATA (Λ , Σ)

G4 SIM. (QF- Λ)

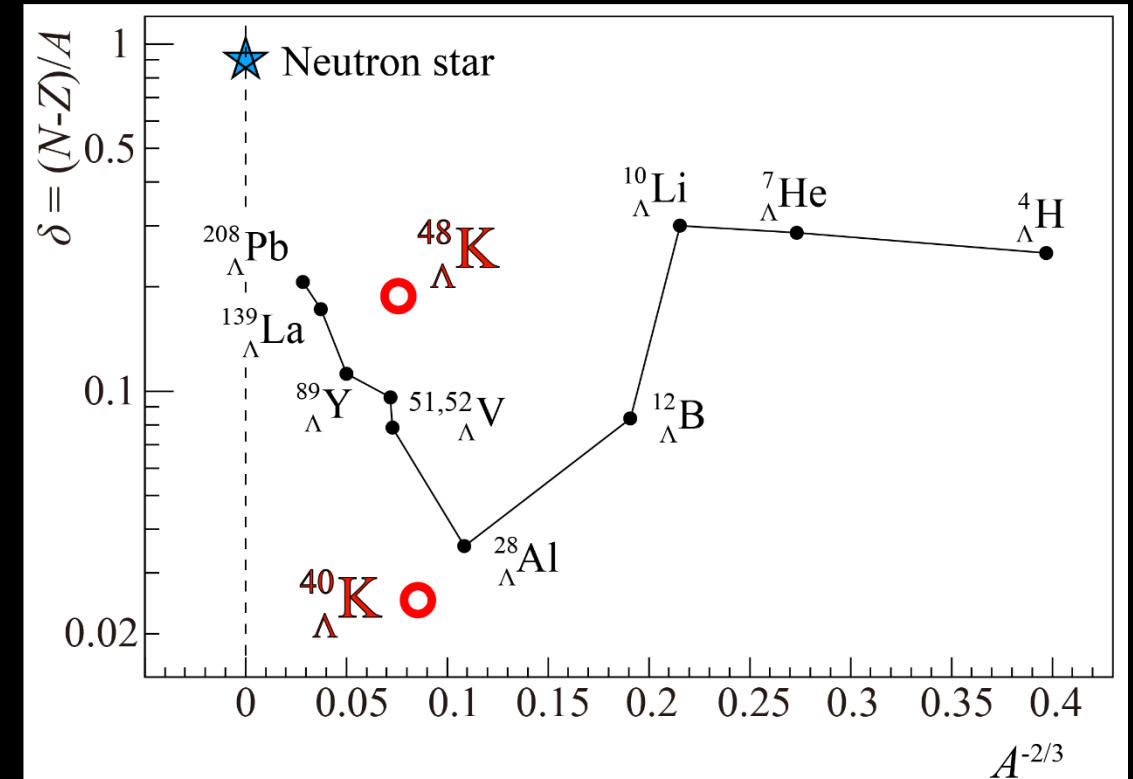
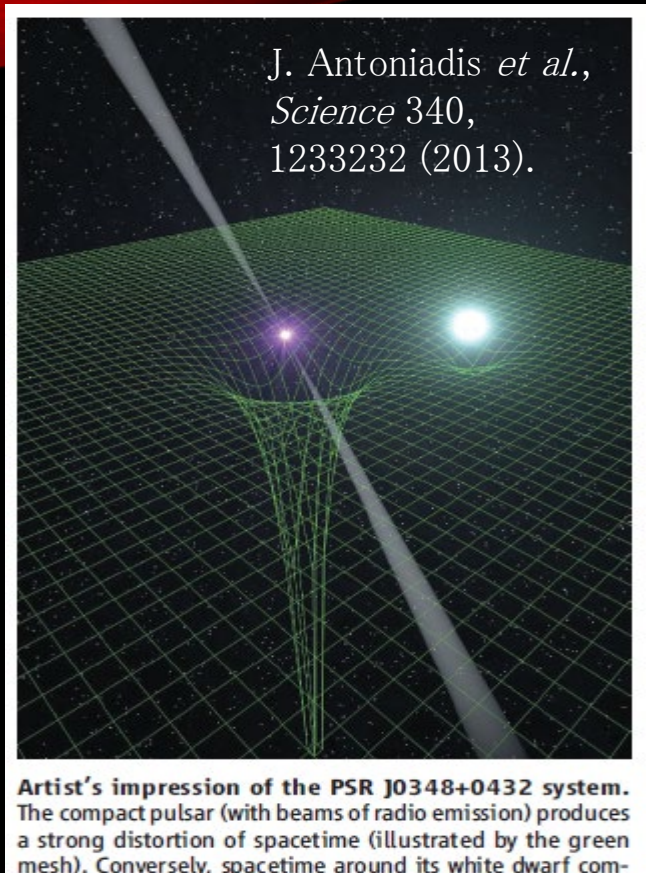
G4 SIM. (Λ)
H contamination (~3%)



$$-B_\Lambda [= M_x - (M_\Lambda + 2M_n)] \text{ (MeV)}$$

E12-15-008 (${}^{40,48}_{\Lambda}\text{K}$)

Study of isospin dependence through precise measurement of ${}^{40,48}\text{Ca}(e, e'K^+){}^{40,48}_{\Lambda}\text{K}$



Neutron star:

- ✓ Very dense nuclear matter ($\delta = \frac{N-Z}{A} \sim 0.9$)
- ✓ $\leq 2M_{\odot} \Leftrightarrow \Lambda$ inclusion (hyperon puzzle)

$B_{\Lambda}({}^{40,48}_{\Lambda}\text{K})$ with high precision

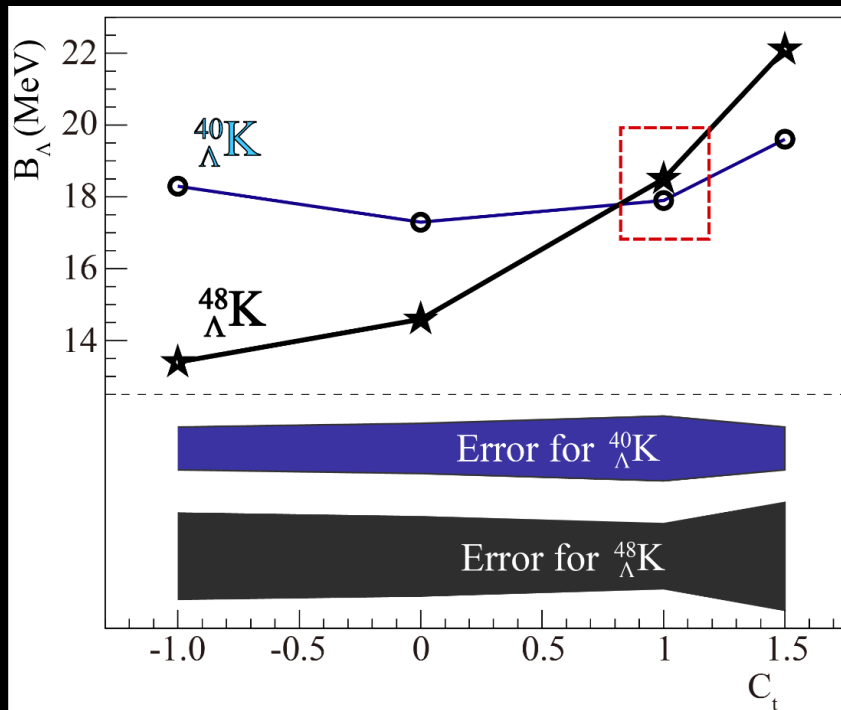


**Isospin dependence
of the NNA interaction**

ΛNN isospin dependence

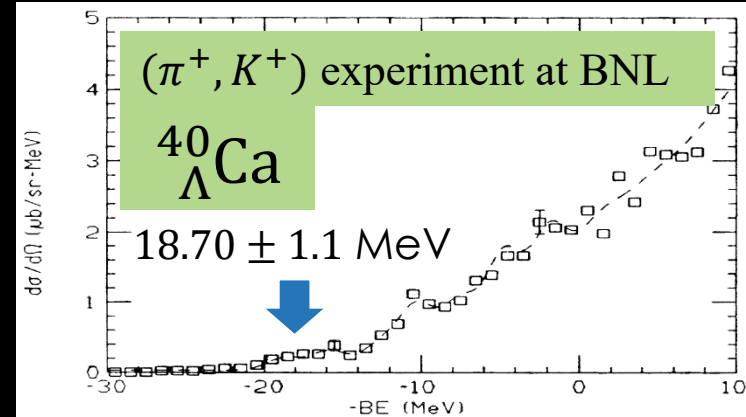
AFDMC calculation

(F. Paderiva et al., arXiv:1506.04042v1 (2015))

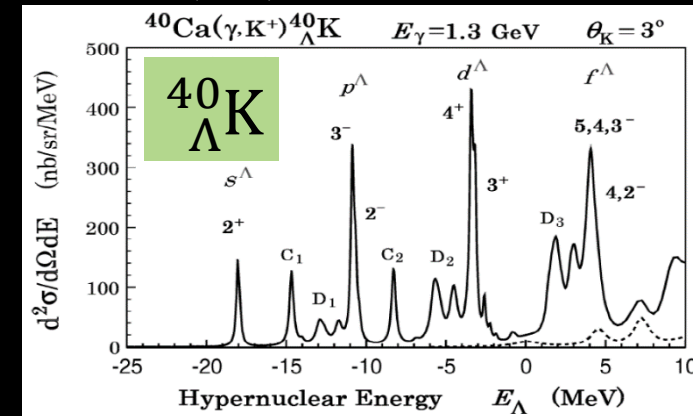


C_t : Strength factor for the isospin triplet term

P. H. Pile et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 66, 20 (1991).



T. Motoba et al., Prog. Theor. Phys. Suppl., 185, 224 (2010).

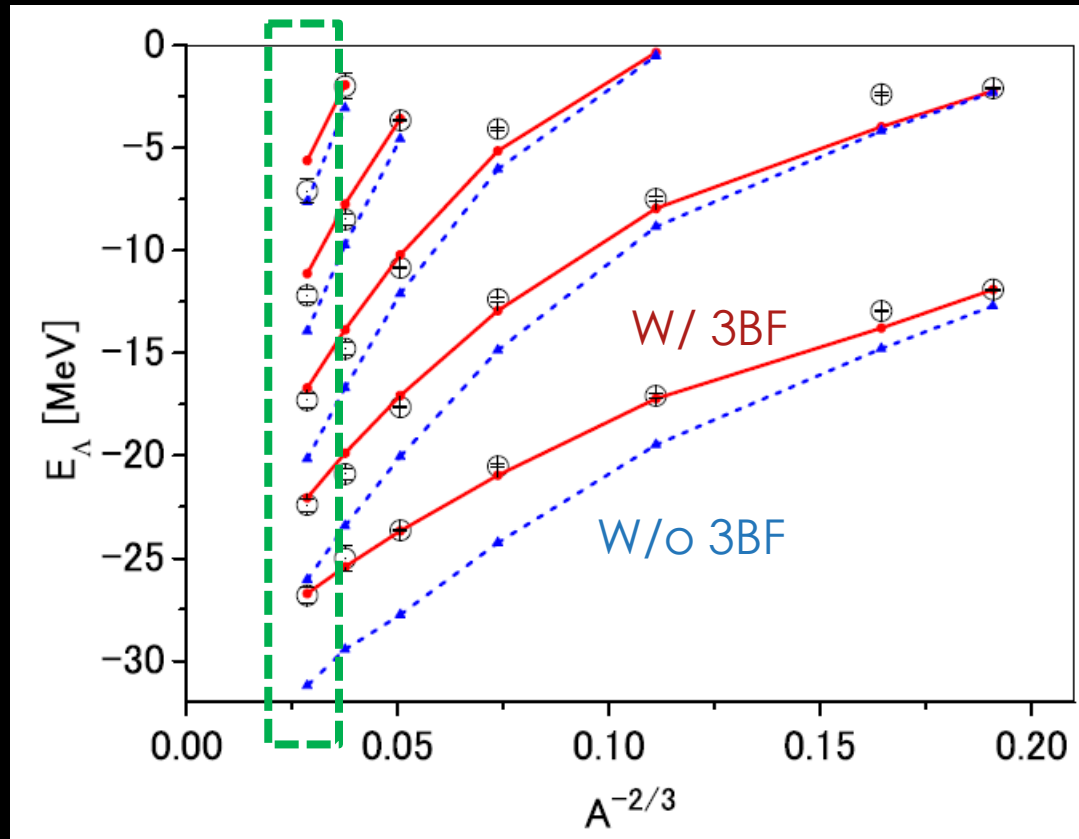


$B_\Lambda({}^{40}_\Lambda\text{K}) - B_\Lambda({}^{48}_\Lambda\text{K})$
with **< 100 keV accuracy**
→ Insights for the isospin dependence of ΛNN force

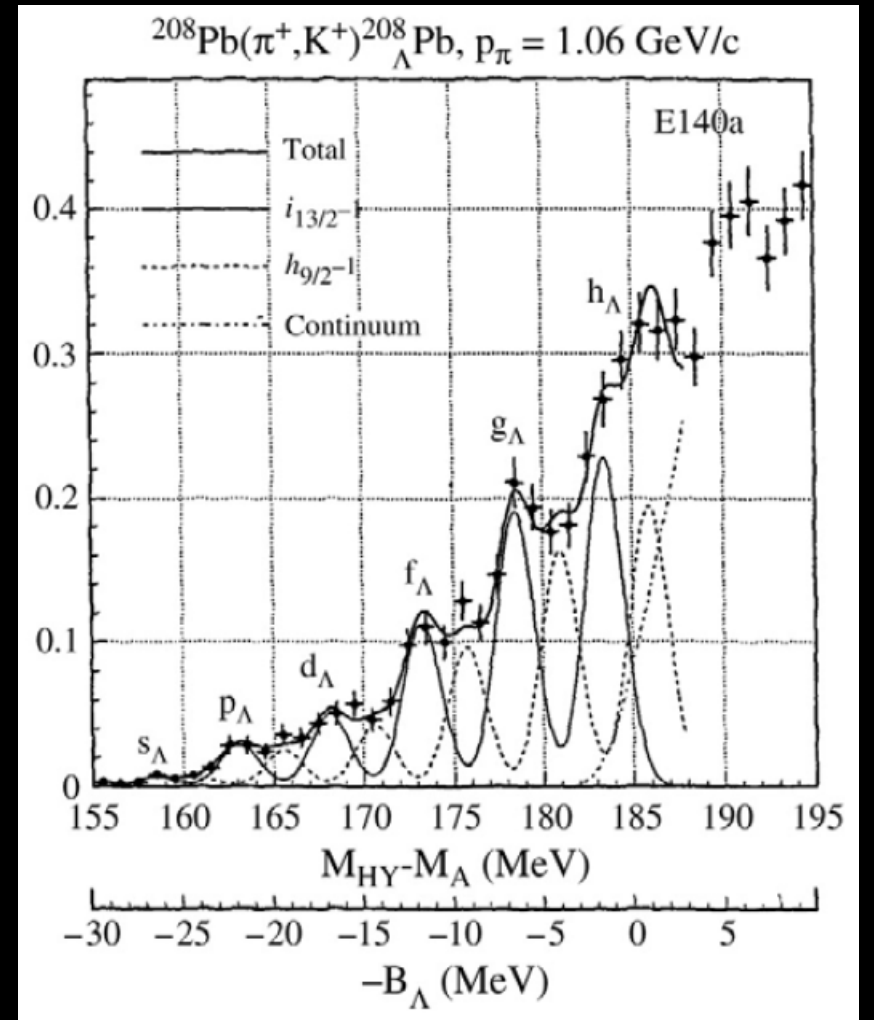
E12-20-013 (${}^{208}_{\Lambda}\text{Tl}$)

THREE BODY FORCE

ESC16+ / ESC16



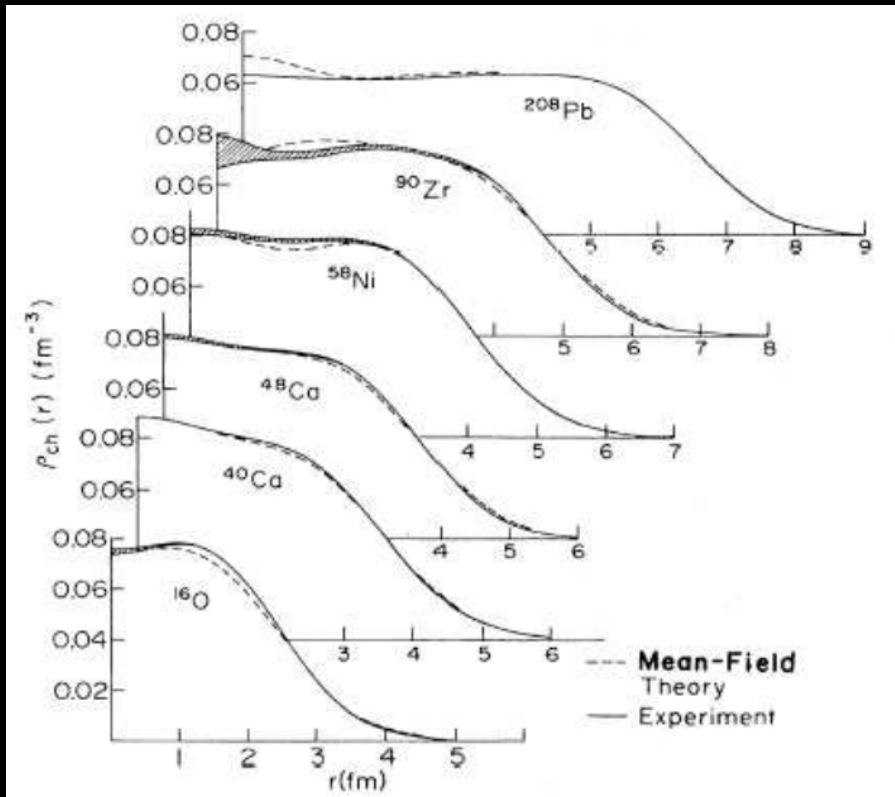
M. M. Nagels et al., Phys. Rev. C 99, 044003 (2019)



T. Hasegawa et al., Phys. Rev. C 53 (1996) 1210.

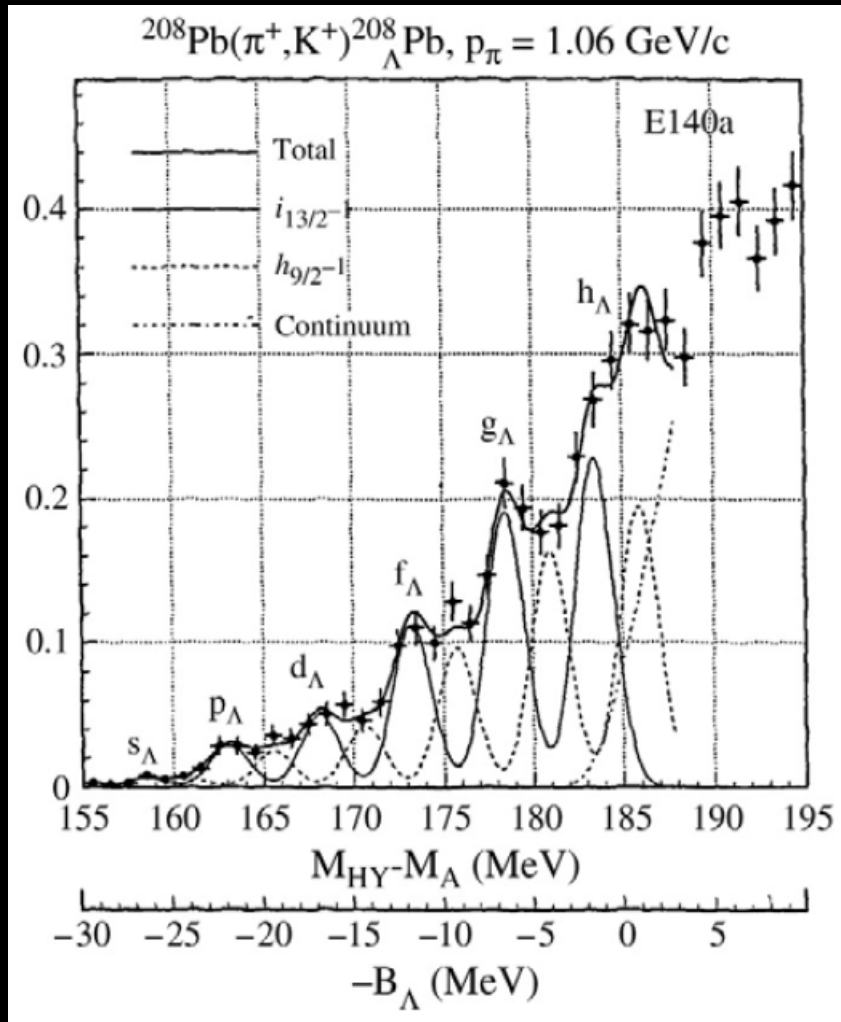
Λ in (almost) nuclear matter

B. Frois and C.N. Papanicolas, Ann. Rev. Nucl. Part. Sci. 37, 133 (1987)

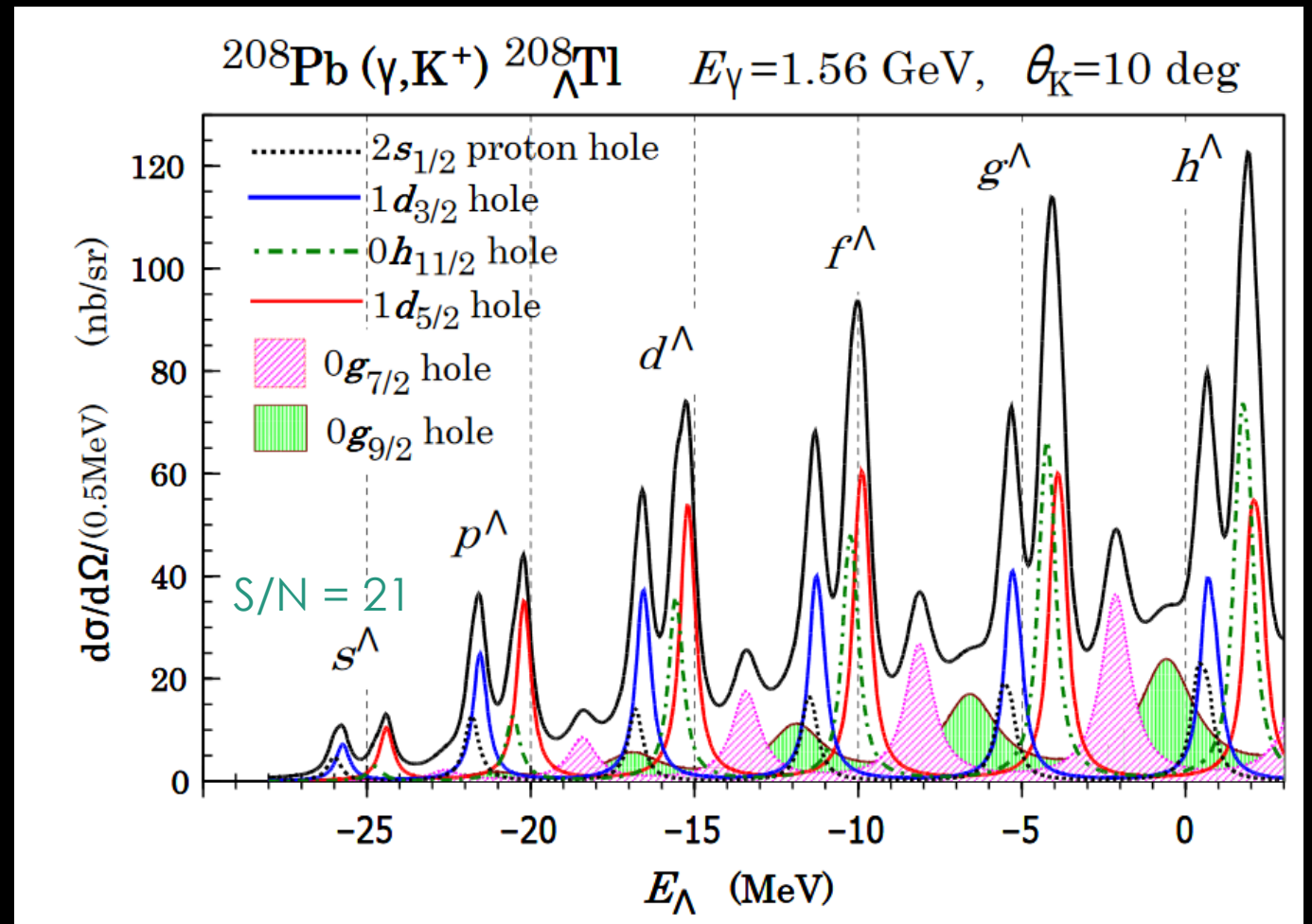


Deeply bound protons in the ^{208}Pb ground state largely unaffected by finite size and shell effect
→ It behave as if they were in **nuclear matter**
→ The use of a ^{208}Pb target appears to be uniquely suited to study Λ interactions in a uniform nuclear medium with **large neutron excess**

TOWARD PRECISE SPECTROSCOPY



T. Hasegawa et al., Phys. Rev. C 53 (1996) 1210.



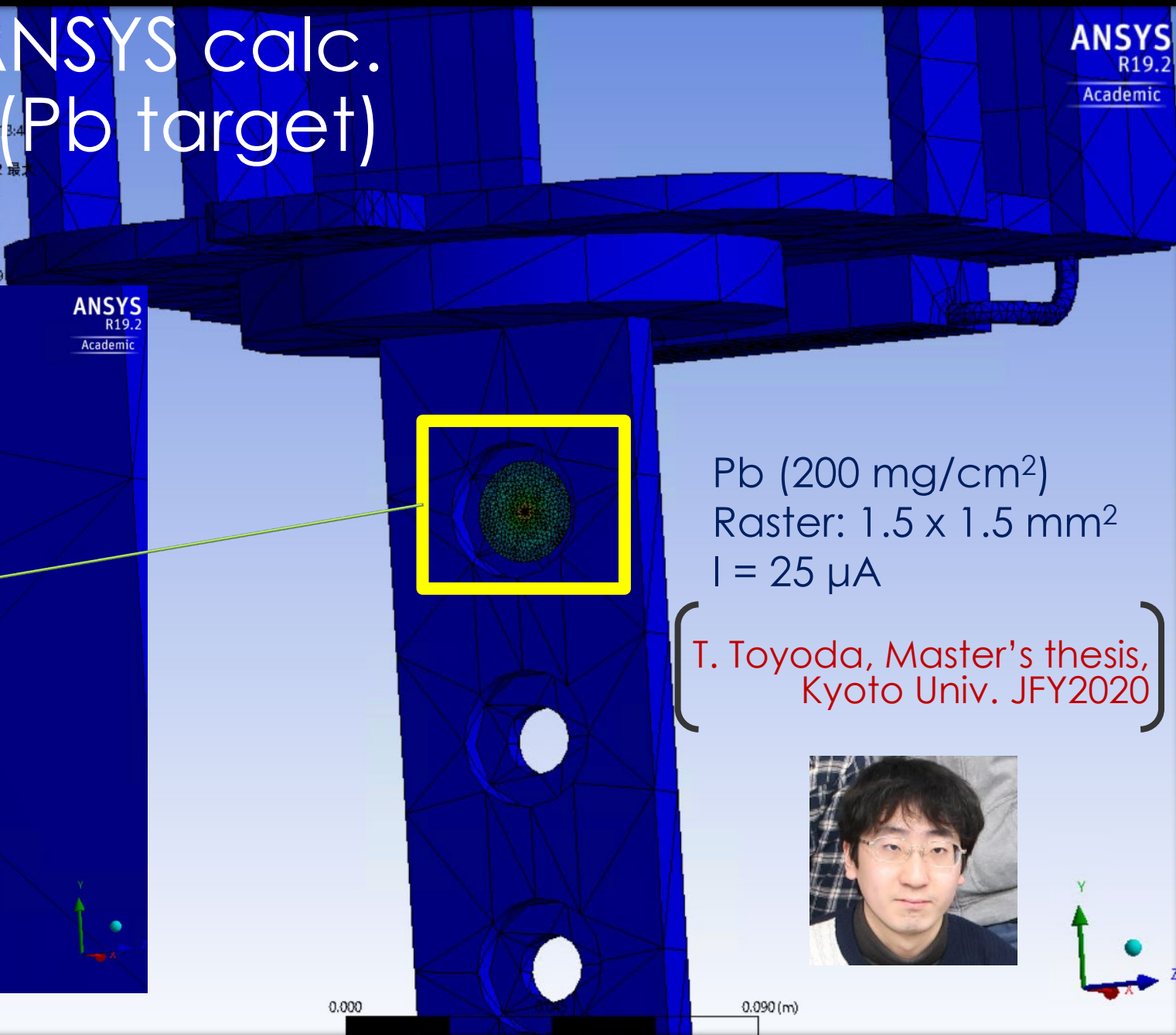
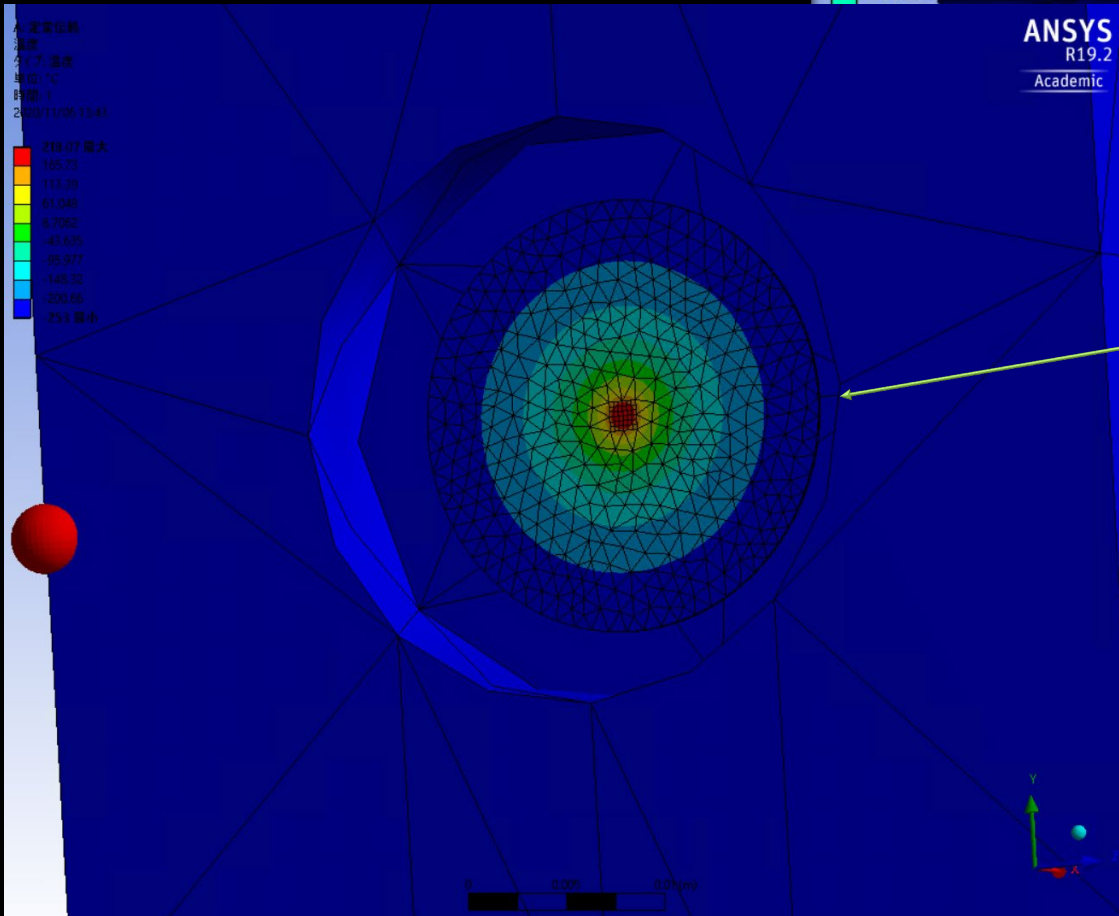
T. Motoba, JPS Conf. Proc. 17, 011003 (2017)

ANSYS calc. w/ simple model (Pb target)

A: 定常状態
温度
タイプ: 温度
単位: °C
時間:
2022/11/06 13:4

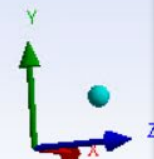
290.92	最大
230.48	
170.05	
109.61	
49.176	
-11.259	

ANSYS
R19.2
Academic



Pb (200 mg/cm^2)
Raster: $1.5 \times 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$
 $I = 25 \mu\text{A}$

T. Toyoda, Master's thesis,
Kyoto Univ. JFY2020



SUMMARY

- ① E12-17-003 (${}^3_{\Lambda}n$): nn Λ puzzle, Λ N interaction
- ② C12-19-002 (${}^{3,4}_{\Lambda}H$): hypertriton puzzle, CSB issue = **25 days (requesting)**
- ③ E12-15-008 (${}^{40,48}_{\Lambda}K$): Λ NN isospin interaction = **28 days (approved)**
- ④ E12-20-013 (${}^{208}_{\Lambda}Tl$): Λ NN 3BF in uniform nuclear medium = **20 days (approved)**

- Spectrometer system
 - PCS was constructed → needs to be transported to JLab
 - HKS base design/construction
- Detectors
 - New WC → Design was done (Master's thesis, Tohoku Univ. JFY2020)
 - Need detectors' commissioning
- Target
 - Basic concept to integrate solids and He targets was agreed
 - Detailed design with JLab target group will be done
- Software
 - Geant4 → Trigger rate / yield / resolutions were estimated
 - FPGA → Being developed (Master's thesis, Kyoto Univ. JFY2020)
 - Analyzer needs to be developed



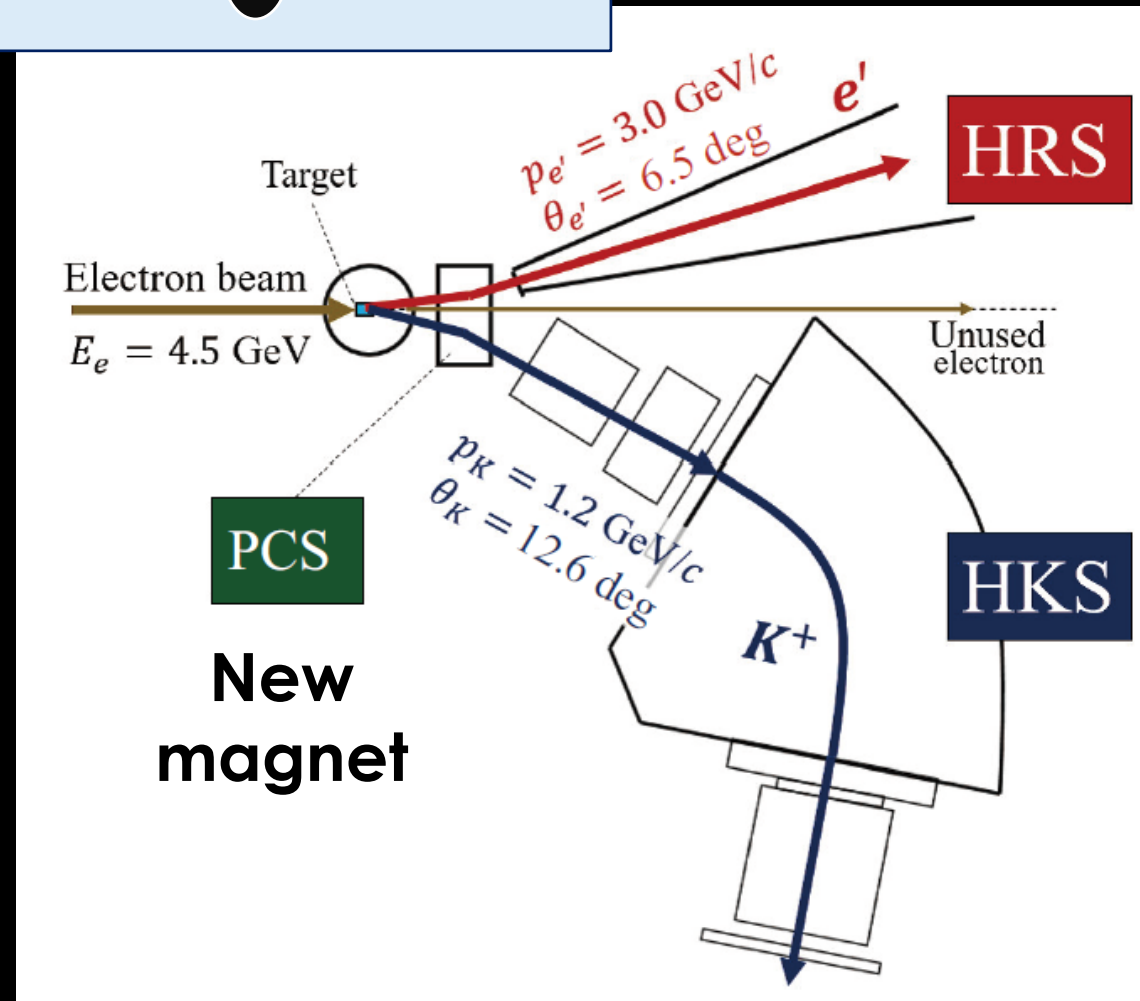
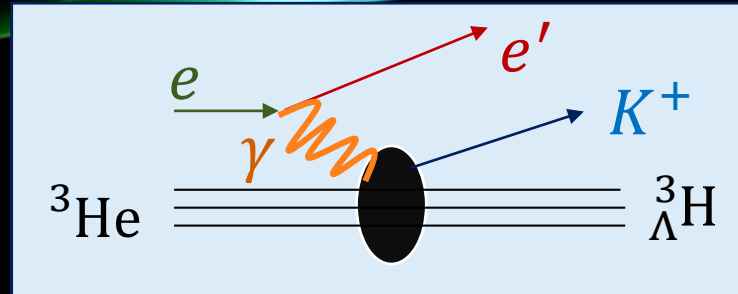
Ready by 2022

EXPERIMENTAL SETUP

- Same as E12-15-008 (${}^{40,48}_{\Lambda}\text{K}$)
- PCS \rightarrow constructed in Japan
- Proposed targets
 - Physics: ${}^3\text{He}$, ${}^4\text{He}$ gases
 - Calibration: ${}^1\text{H}$ gas, Multi-C, Empty
- Target ladder may be separated from others

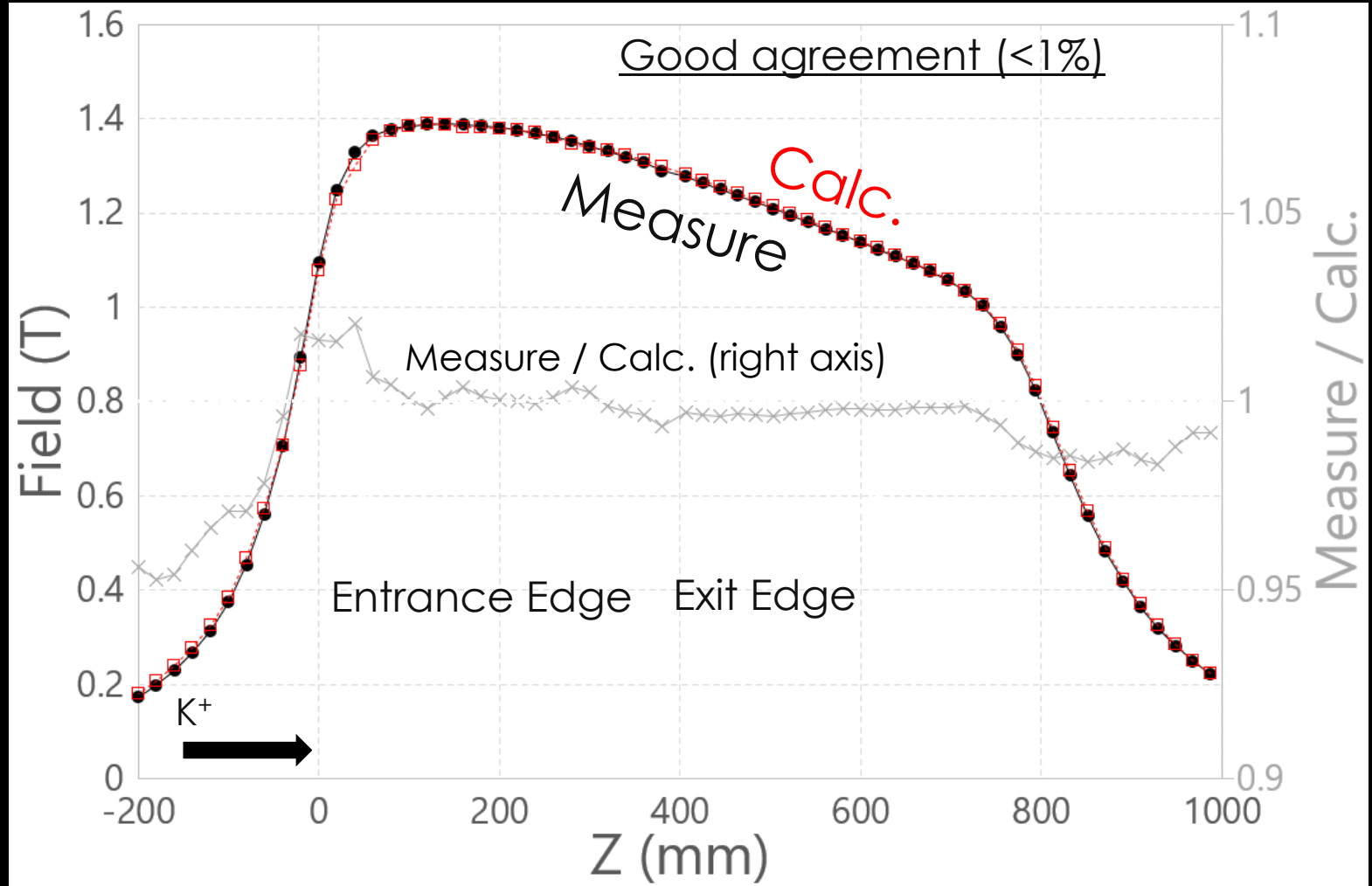
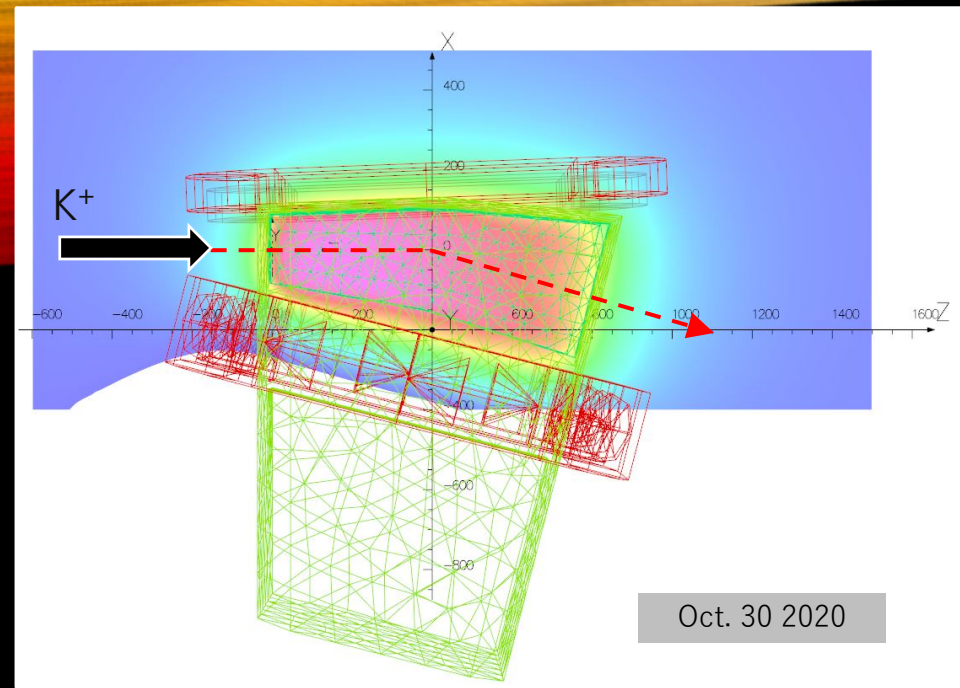


PCS @ TOKIN, Sendai, Japan (March 2020)



HKS magnet: Y. Fujii et al., NIMA 795 (2015) 351—363
Kaon ID: TG et al., NIMA 729 (2013) 816—824

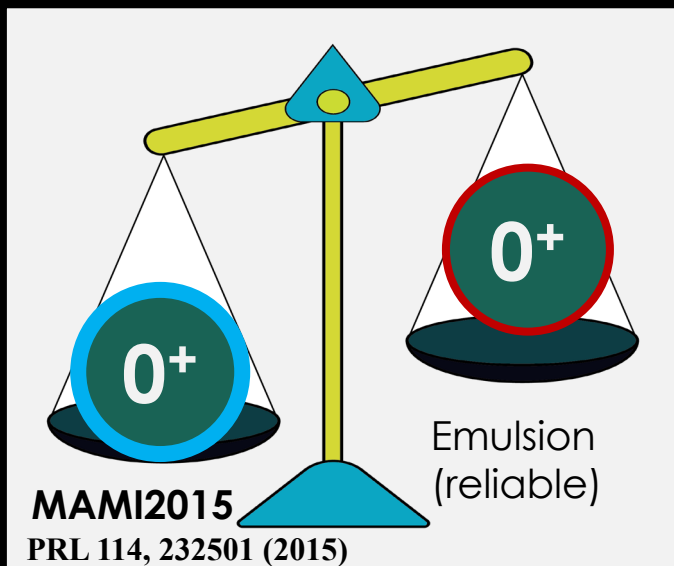
MAGNETIC FIELD MEASUREMENT



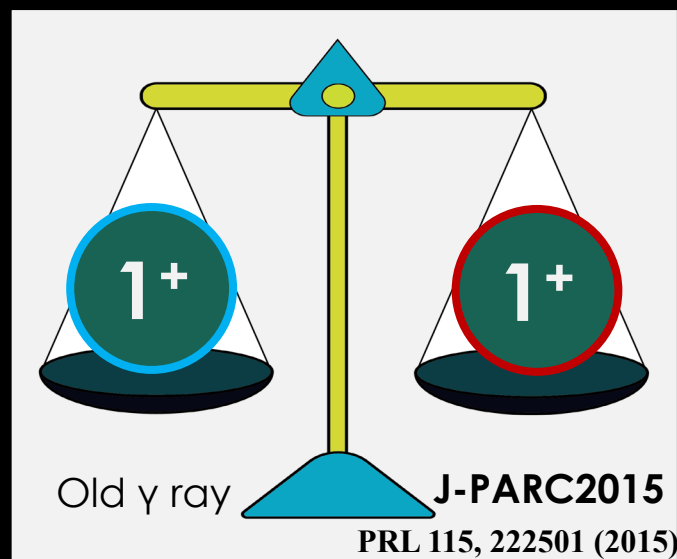
Taken from Sho's slides (Tohoku Univ.)

CHARGE SYMMETRY BREAKING IN THE ΛN INTERACTION

Unbalanced



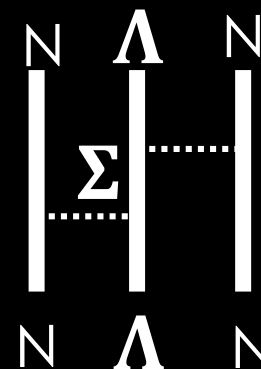
Balanced



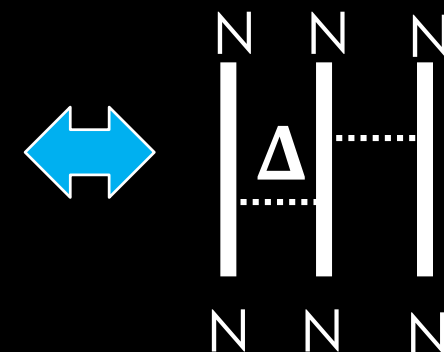
Mirror
 \longleftrightarrow



ΛN - ΣN 3BF⁽¹⁾



Fujita-Miyazawa 3BF⁽²⁾



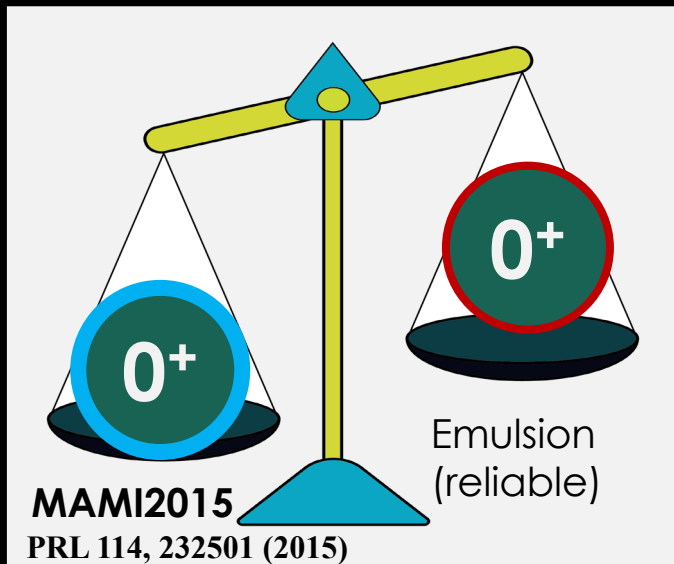
Σ may admix in the
 $\Lambda N/\Lambda NN$ interaction

(1) Y. Akaishi et al., PRL 84, 3539 (2000)

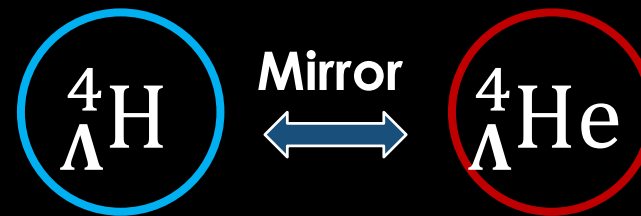
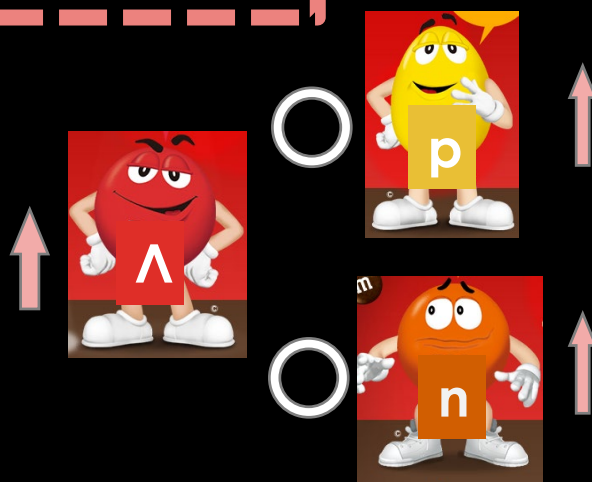
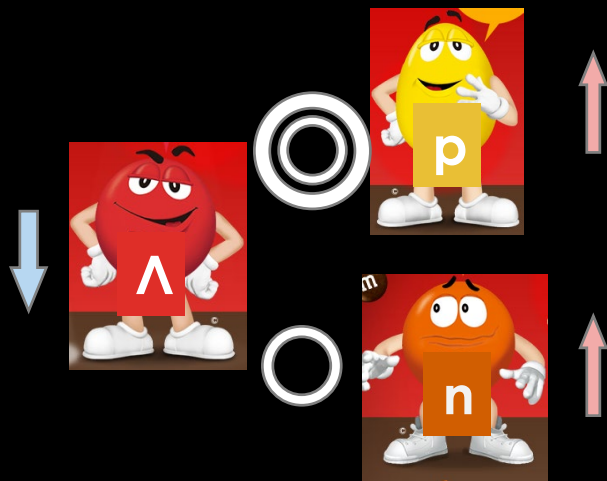
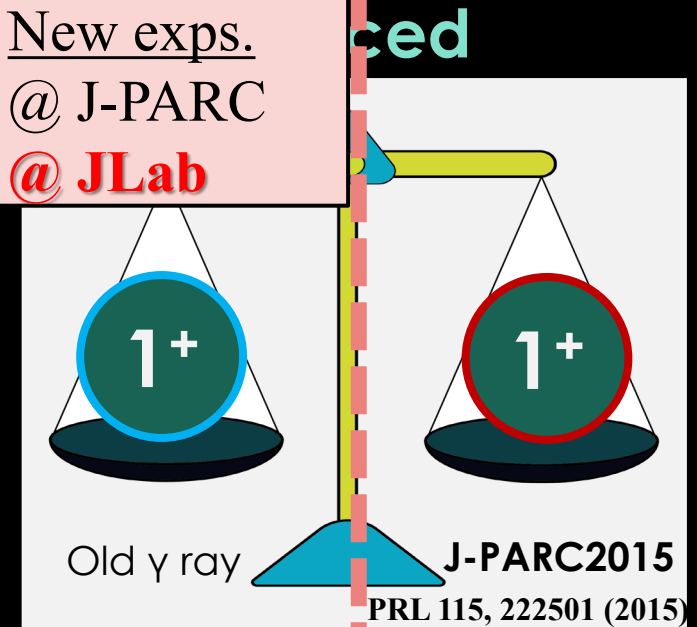
(2) J. Fujita and H. Miyazawa,
Prog. Theor. Phys., 17, 3, 360–365 (1957)

CHARGE SYMMETRY BREAKING IN THE ΛN INTERACTION

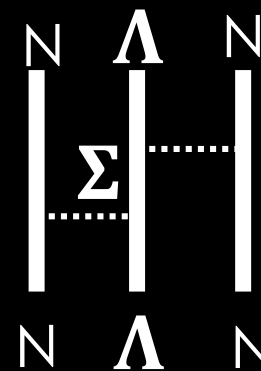
Unbalanced



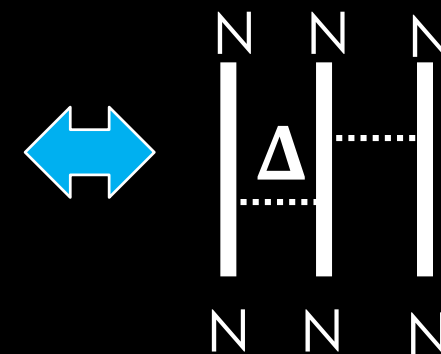
New expts.
@ J-PARC
@ JLab



ΛN - ΣN 3BF⁽¹⁾



Fujita-Miyazawa 3BF⁽²⁾



Σ may admix in the
 $\Lambda N/\Lambda NN$ interaction

(1) Y. Akaishi et al., PRL 84, 3539 (2000)

(2) J. Fujita and H. Miyazawa,
Prog. Theor. Phys., 17, 3, 360-365 (1957)

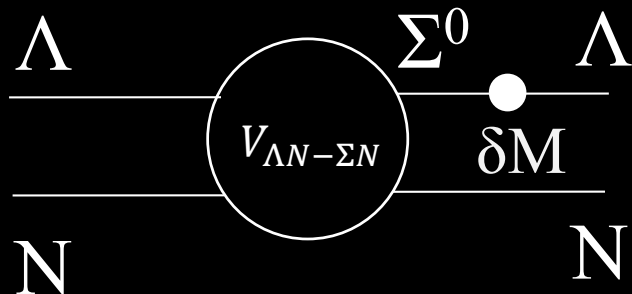
BASIC INFORMATION FOR THE ΛN CSB STUDY: ${}^4_{\Lambda}\text{He} - {}^4_{\Lambda}\text{H}$

Explicit inclusion of Σ

A. Gal, Phys. Lett. B 744, 352 (2015)

D. Gazda and A. Gal, Phys. Rev. Lett. 116, 122501 (2016)

A. Gal et al., IOP Conf. Series: Jour. Phys.: Conf. Ser. 966 (2018) 012006



$$\langle N\Lambda | V_{CSB} | N\Lambda \rangle = -0.0297 \tau_{Nz} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \langle N\Sigma | V_{CS} | N\Lambda \rangle$$

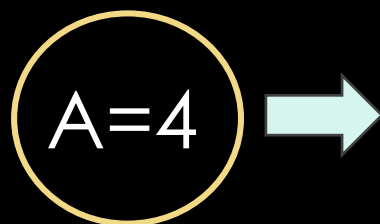
Phenomenological potential

E. Hiyama *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C 80, 054321 (2009).

M. Isaka *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C 101, 024301 (2020).

$$V_{\Lambda N}^{CSB}(r) = -\frac{\tau_z}{2} \left[\frac{1 + P_r}{2} \left(v_0^{\text{even},CSB} + \sigma_{\Lambda} \cdot \sigma_N v_{\sigma_{\Lambda} \cdot \sigma_N}^{\text{even},CSB} \right) e^{-\beta_{\text{even}} r^2} + \frac{1 - P_r}{2} \left(v_0^{\text{odd},CSB} + \sigma_{\Lambda} \cdot \sigma_N v_{\sigma_{\Lambda} \cdot \sigma_N}^{\text{odd},CSB} \right) e^{-\beta_{\text{odd}} r^2} \right]$$

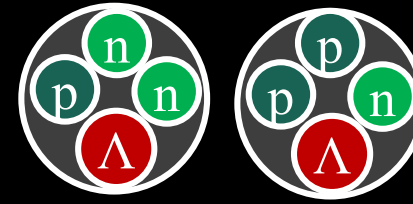
Fundamental benchmark



CSB interaction

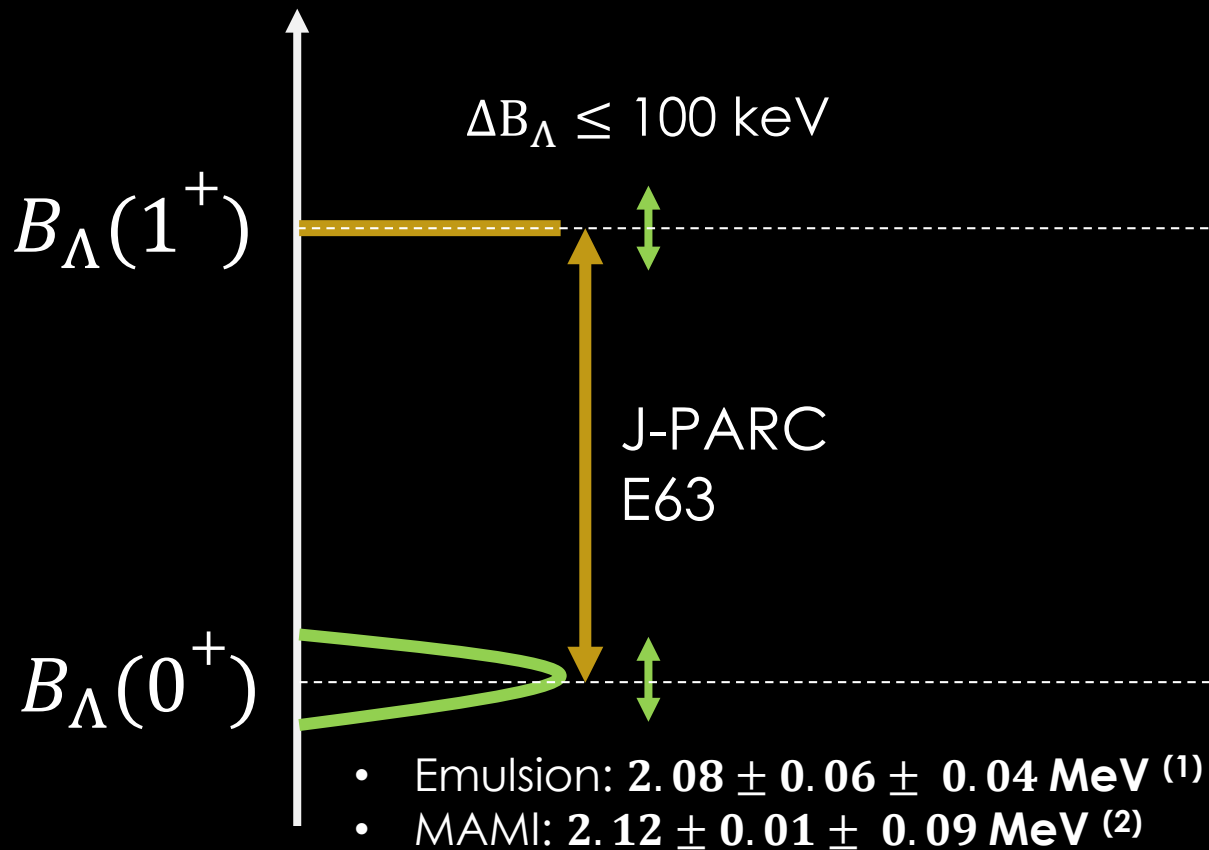


HOW WE CONFIRM THE $B_{\Lambda}({}_{\Lambda}^4\text{H}; 1^+)$



Conventional way

Proposed exp.



$\Delta B_{\Lambda} \leq 100 \text{ keV}$

C12-19-002
(2 days)



Absolute Energy Measurement:

- Very unique (direct meas.)
- Complementary with other data

(1) NPB 52, 1-30 (1973)

(2) PRL 114, 232501 (2015)