

Strangeness production with real-photon beam at LEPS/LEPS2

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1. Introduction

characteristics of photo-induced reactions

How to produce real photon beams.

2. LEPS2-solenoid experiment

Detector systems and current situation.

Some physics program (Especially search for the K - pp bound state)

3. BGOegg experiment

Upgrade experiments

study the in-medium effect of η' (large $s\bar{s}$ component)

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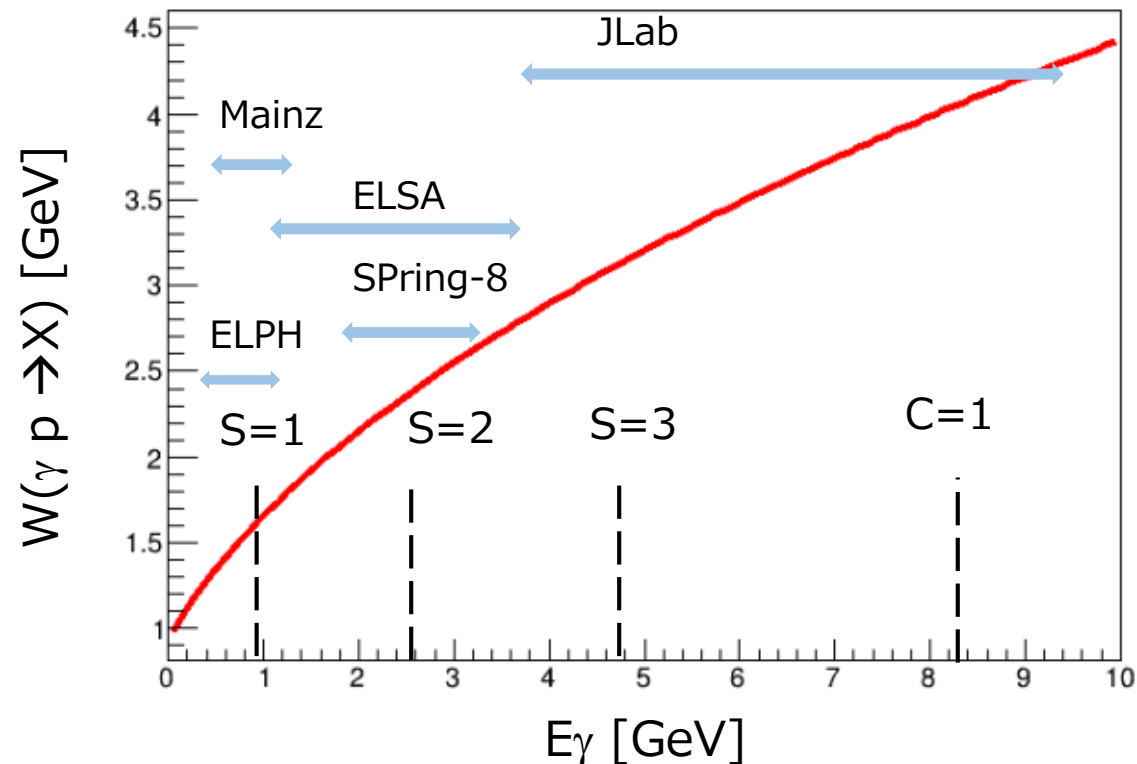
1. Flavor blind

$\gamma + p \rightarrow \pi + p$	$E_{th} = 150 \text{ MeV}$
$\gamma + p \rightarrow K + \Lambda$	$E_{th} = 912 \text{ MeV}$
$\gamma + p \rightarrow \phi + p$	$E_{th} = 1.57 \text{ GeV}$
$\gamma + p \rightarrow K + K + \Xi$	$E_{th} = 2.37 \text{ GeV}$
$\gamma + p \rightarrow K + K + K + \Omega$	$E_{th} = 4.83 \text{ GeV}$
$\gamma + p \rightarrow J/\Psi + p$	$E_{th} = 8.21 \text{ GeV}$
$\gamma + p \rightarrow D + \Lambda_c$	$E_{th} = 8.73 \text{ MeV}$

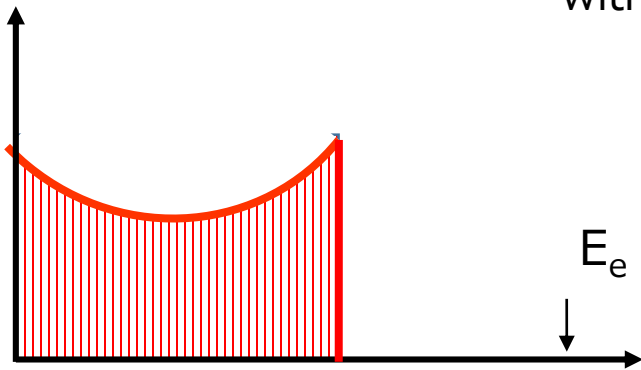
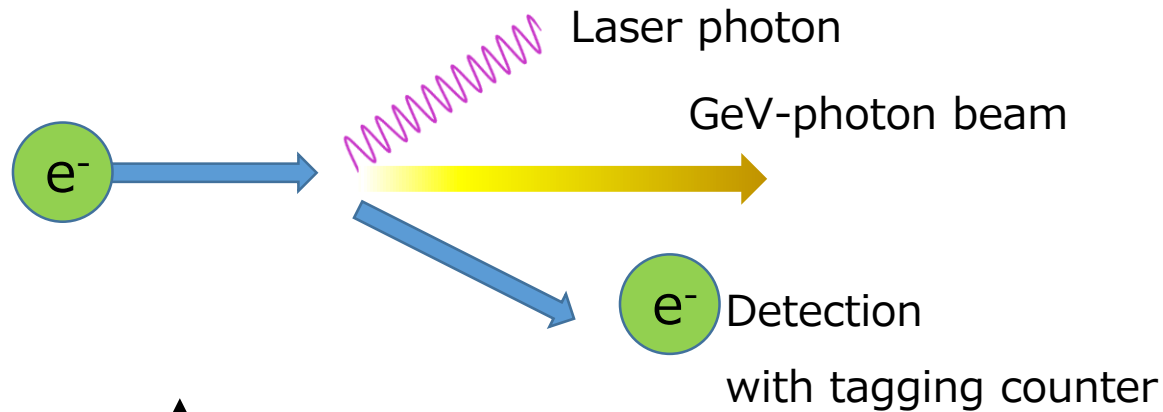
2. Spin-parity of real photon is 1^-

Polarization observables

- * s-channel \rightarrow Determination of Spin-parity of excited baryons
- * t-channel \rightarrow Specification of the exchange mesons

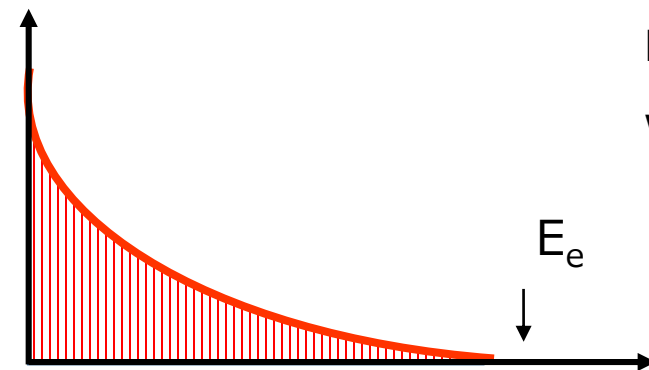
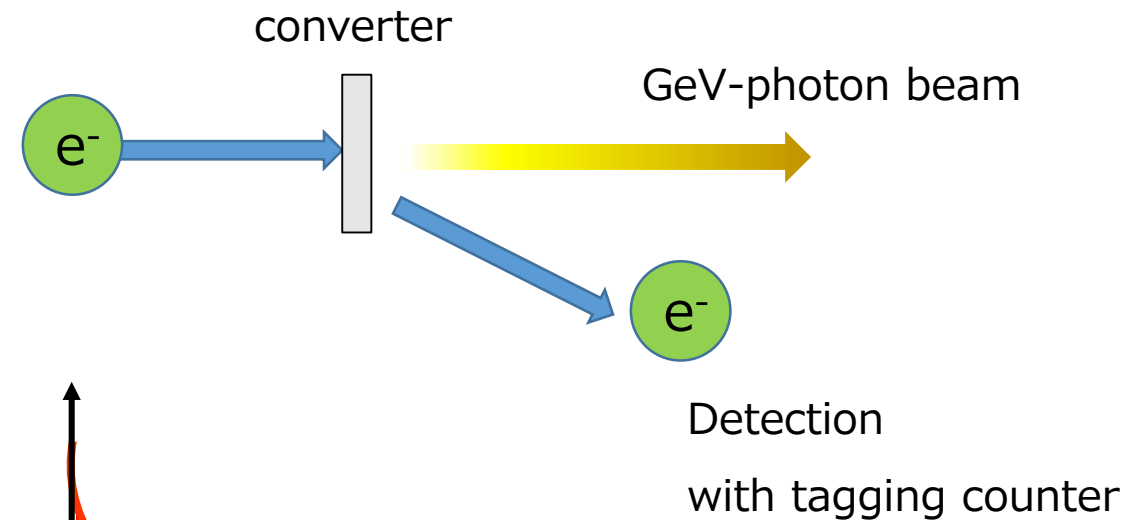


1. Backward Compton scattering (BCS)

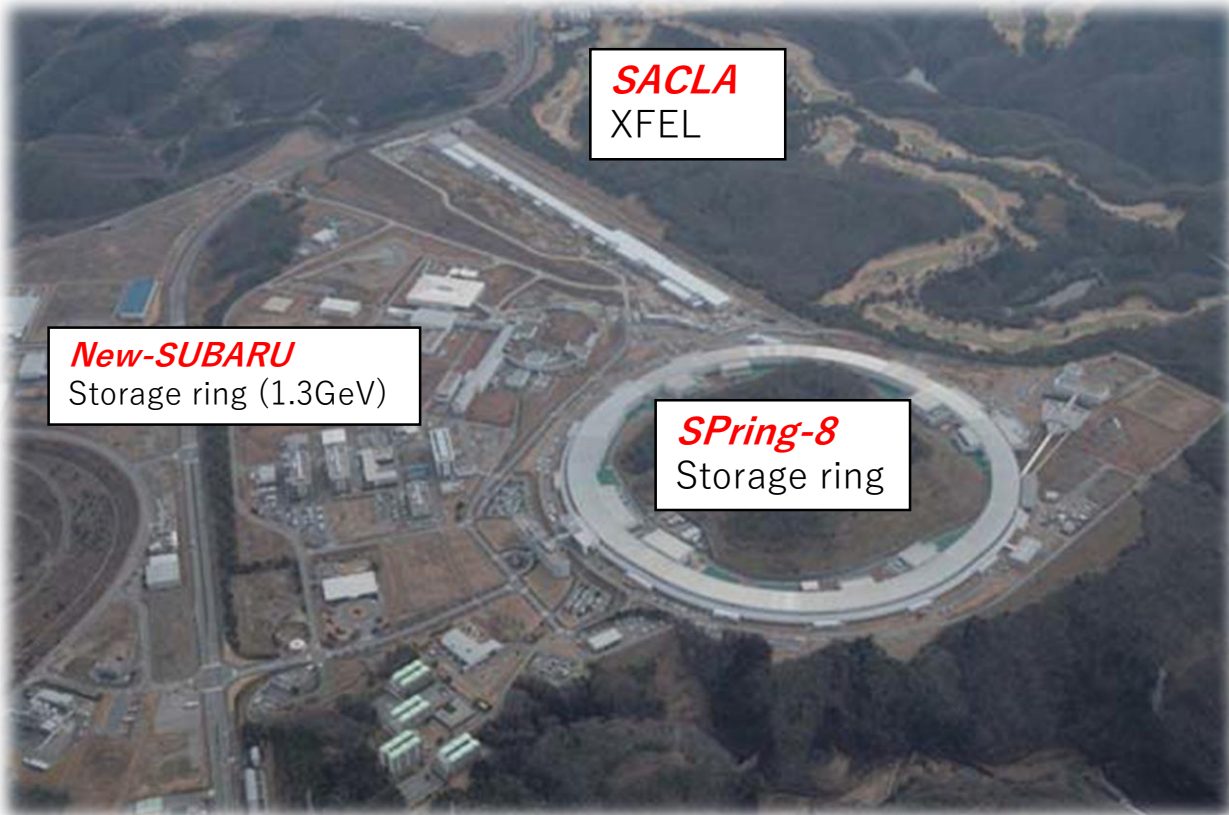


- * $E_{\gamma\text{max}}$ dep. on wave length of laser photon
- *Maximum at highest photon energies
- *Highly polarized beam

2. Bremsstrahlung



- * $E_{\gamma\text{max}} \sim E_e$
- *High intensity beam
- *Tagged photon energy resolution is better



SACLA
XFEL

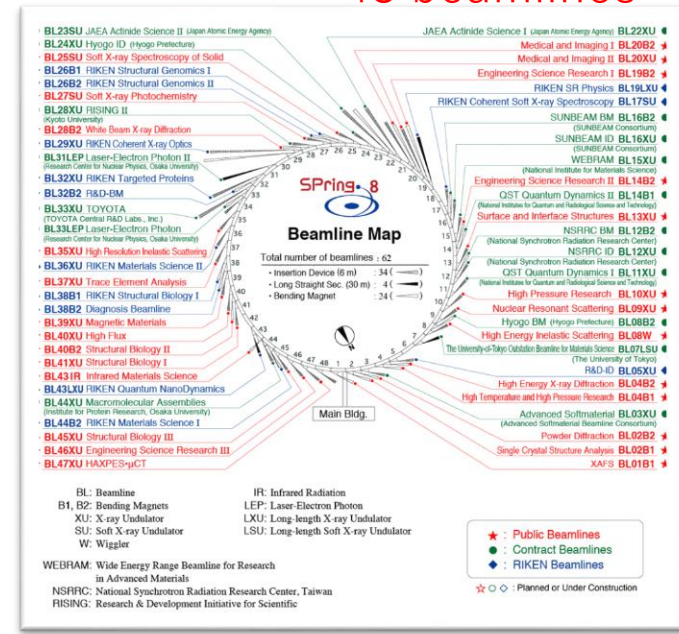
New-SUBARU
Storage ring (1.3GeV)

SPring-8
Storage ring

SPring-8 : The largest synchrotron radiation facility in the world.

beam energy	< 8 GeV
circumference	1435.95 m
nominal stored current	100 mA
critical photon energy / wavelength	28.9 keV / 0.429 Å
natural emittance	2.4 nm•rad

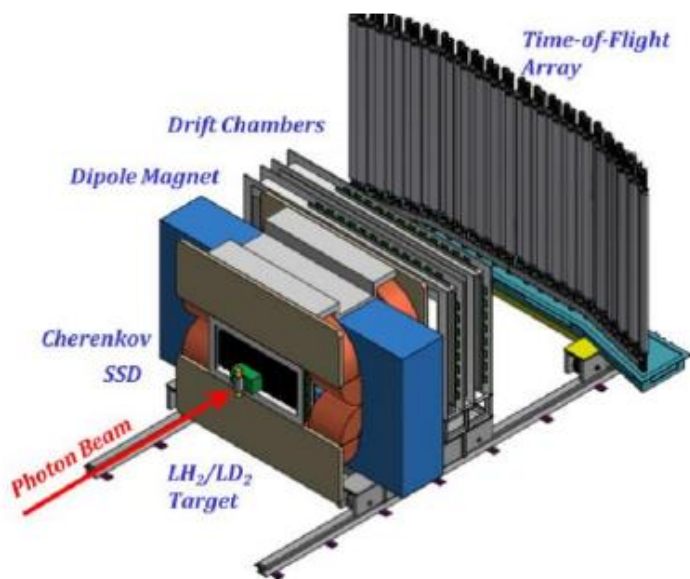
48 beamlines



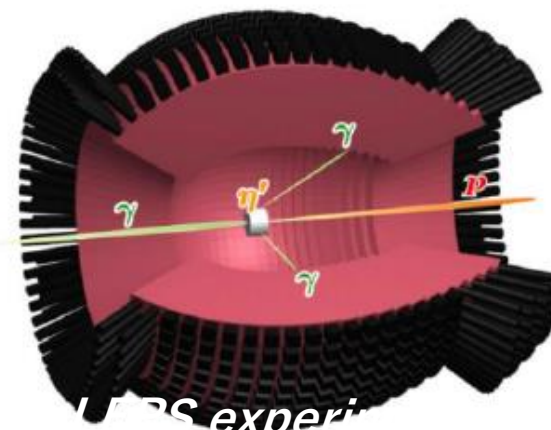
Study of hadron photo-production mechanism by using real photon beam from Backward Compton scattering

BL33LEP :LEPS experiment (terminated)

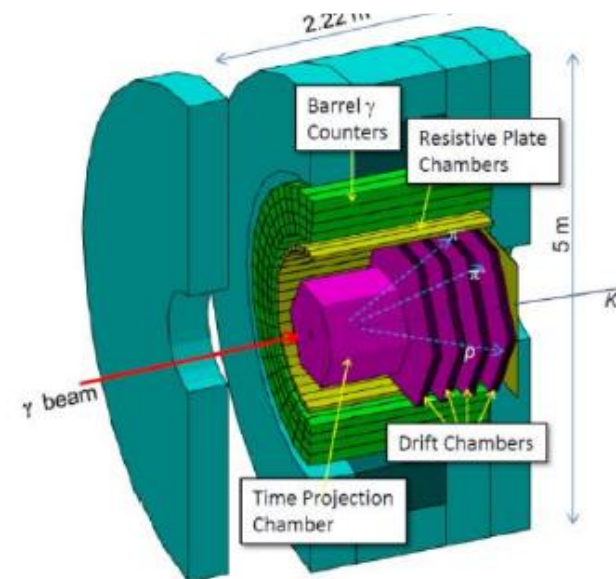
BL31LEP :LEPS2 experiment



LEPS spectrometer

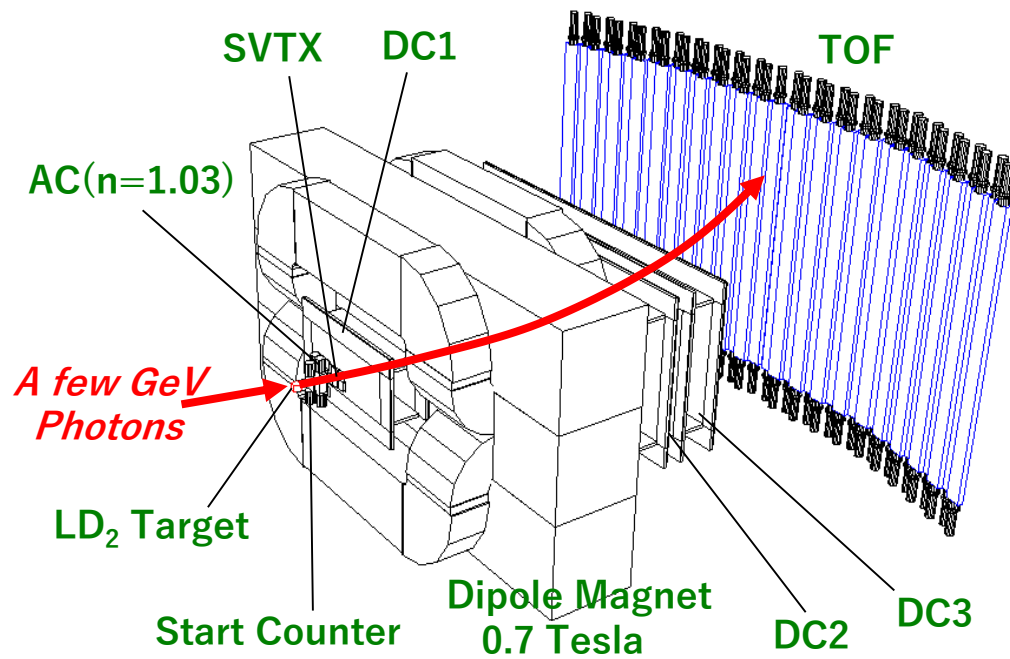


BGOegg calorimeter



Solenoid spectrometer

	LEPS (2000 – 2020)	LEPS2 (2013 –)
Tagged γ Energy	$1.5 < E_\gamma < 2.4$ GeV (UV laser) $1.5 < E_\gamma < 2.9$ GeV (DUV laser)	$1.3 < E_\gamma < 2.4$ GeV (UV laser) $1.3 < E_\gamma < 2.9$ GeV (DUV laser)
Photon Beam Intensity	Two laser injection 2×10^6 cps (UV laser) 2×10^5 cps (UV laser)	Four laser injection $< 10^7$ cps (UV laser) $< 10^6$ cps (DUV laser)
Detector	Forward Dipole Spectrometer	BGOegg EM Calorimeter Solenoid Spectrometer



Charged particle tracking in the forward region.

(Acceptance < 15 deg. $\Delta p/p < 1$ %)

→ t-channel reaction was studied mainly.

Large data set for 20-years is available.

of tagged photon

$\sim 10^{13}$ for various target (LH₂, LD₂, LHe, Li, C, Cu, Pb)

27 publications for the hadron photo-production

(19 publications for the K⁻/K⁺ production reaction)

*Measurement of the cross section
polarization observables

(especially beam asymmetry) of $\gamma p \rightarrow Y/Y^* + K^+$

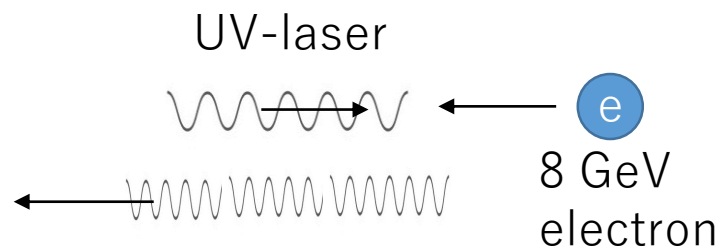
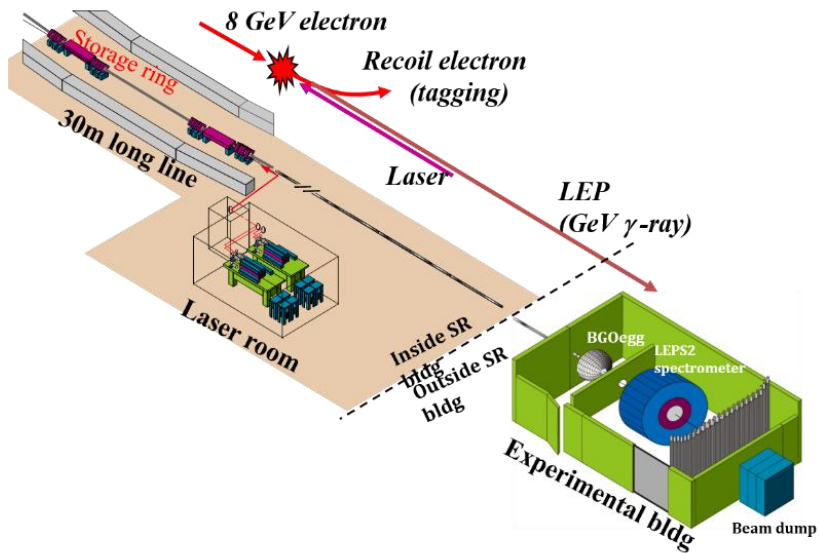
*Search for the exotic hadrons like

Θ^+ , K⁻pp bound state, η' n bound state

High intensity photon beam/

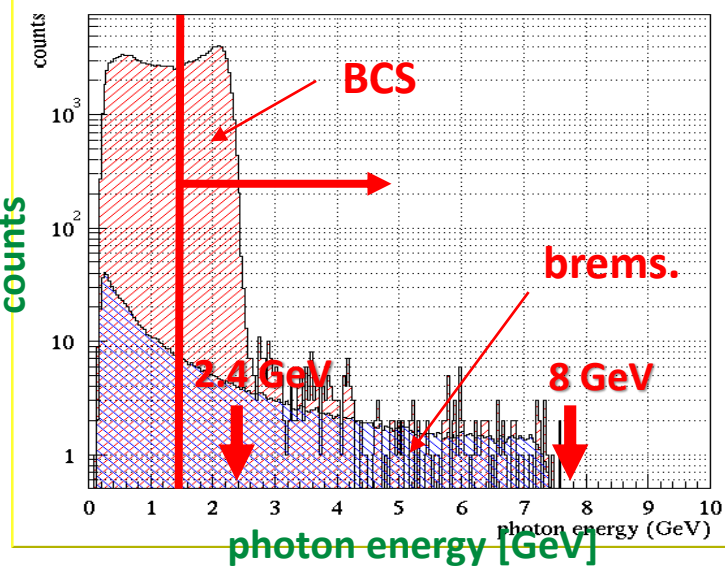
Large acceptance detector systems

→LEPS2 beamline.

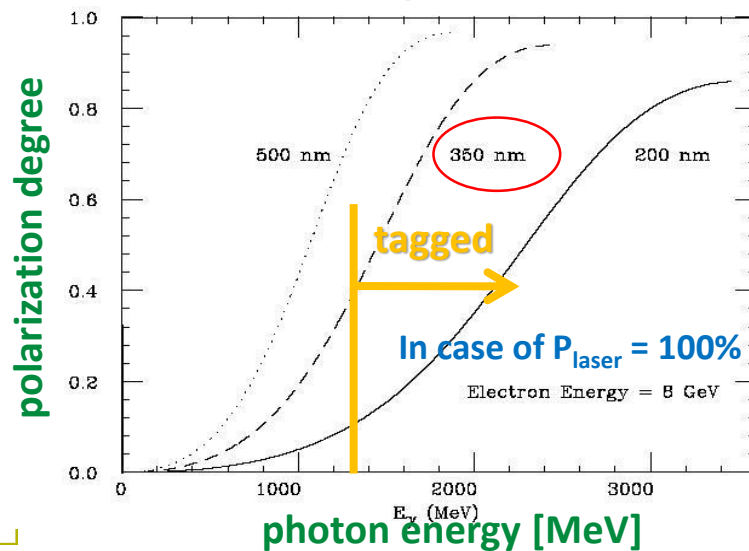


backward-Compton scattering (BCS)
 with 355nm UV laser and 8 GeV electron.
 → Small BG of low energy γ
 E_γ 1.3 – 2.4 GeV
 beam intensity ~ 2 Mcps
 beam polarization
 > 90% at maximum energy

E_γ spectrum (PWO calorimeter)



Linear polarization



1. BGOegg experiment
 → High resolution calorimeter experiment
2. LEPS2-solenoid experiment
 → Large acceptance spectrometer experiment

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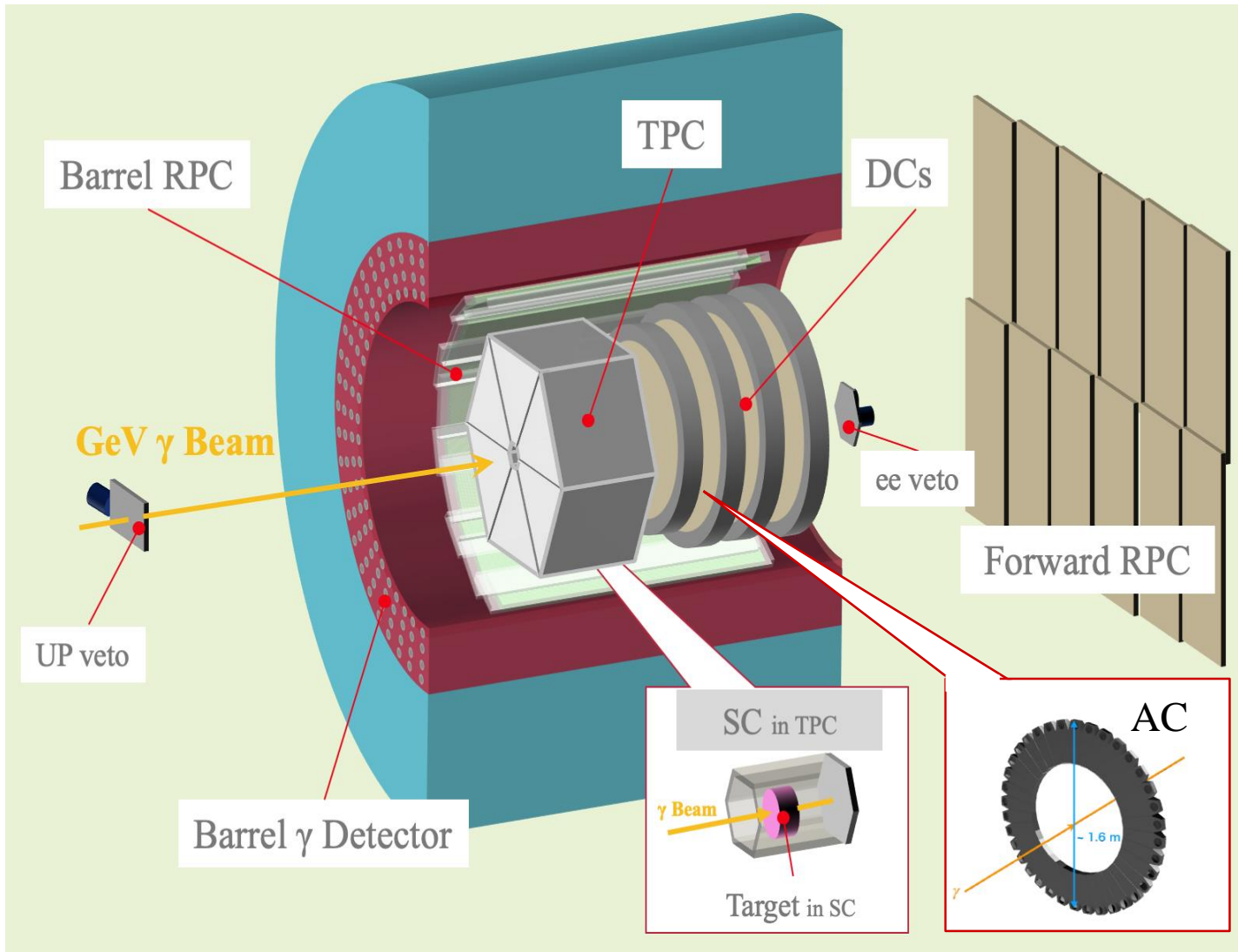
Detector systems and current situation.

Some physics program (Especially Search for the K-pp bound state)

3. BGOegg experiment

Upgrade experiments

study the in-medium effect of η' (large $s\bar{s}$ component)



- * Charged particles tracking:
 Acceptance : 7° – 110°
 Side: Time Projection Chamber (TPC)
 Forward : Drift Chamber (DC x 4)
- * γ -rays
 Acceptance : 40° – 110°
 Barrel- γ 1st – 2nd layer ($6.48 X_0$, Full : 4 layers)
- * Particle Identification ($\pi/K/p$)
 Side: Barrel Resistive Plate Chamber (RPC)
 Middle : Aerogel Cherenkov Counter
 Forward: Forward RPC
- * Data is taken with a minimum-bias trigger.
 (one-hadron is produced)

LH₂ target

- * Study of property of $\Lambda(1405)$: $\Sigma\pi$? $K\bar{n}$?

$$\gamma + p \rightarrow K^* + \Lambda(1405), \Lambda(1405) \rightarrow \Sigma^0 \pi^0$$

- * Search for Meson-Baryon bound state ($\rho-\Delta$) *Ref) Phys.Rev.C79 (2009) 025209*

$$\gamma + p \rightarrow \Delta(1930) \rightarrow p \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$$

LD₂ target

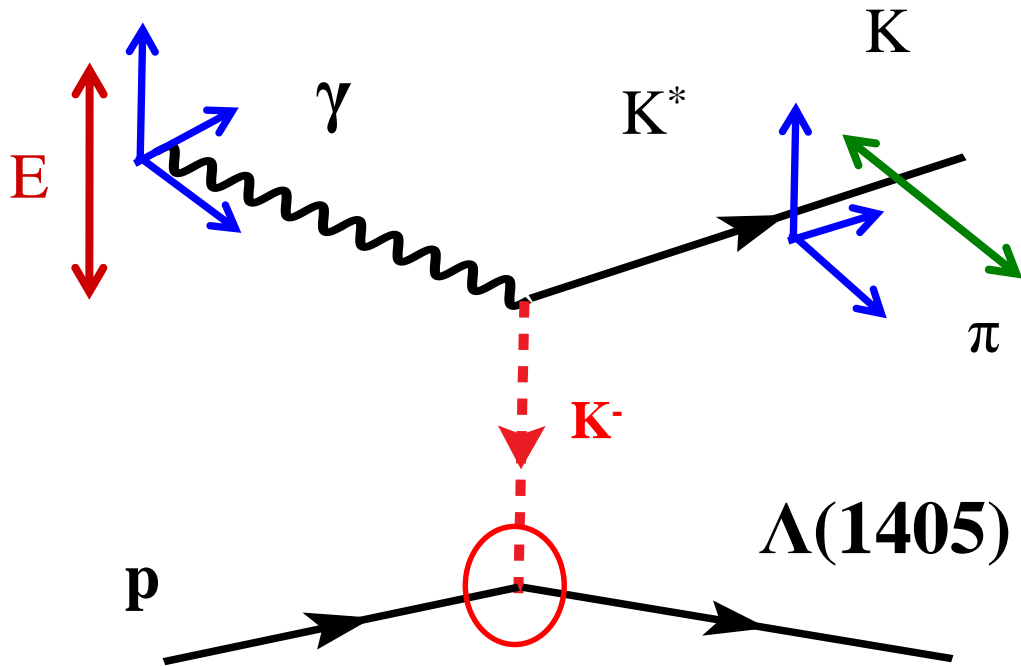
- * Search for penta-quark, Resolve the contradiction between LEPS and CLAS results

$$\gamma + n \rightarrow K^- \Theta^+, \Theta^+ \rightarrow K_s p$$

- * Search for the Mesonic nuclei

$$-\gamma + d \rightarrow K^- pp + K^0$$

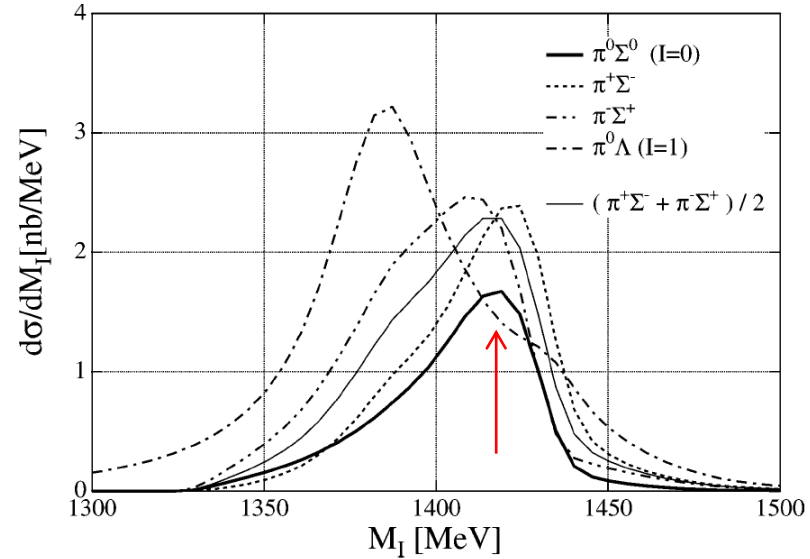
$$-\gamma + d \rightarrow \eta' n + p/n$$



parity filter with linearly polarized photon

$E_\gamma \perp K\pi \rightarrow$ unnatural parity ex (K)

$E_\gamma // K\pi \rightarrow$ natural parity ex(K^* , κ)



Phys. Lett. B593, 75 (2004)

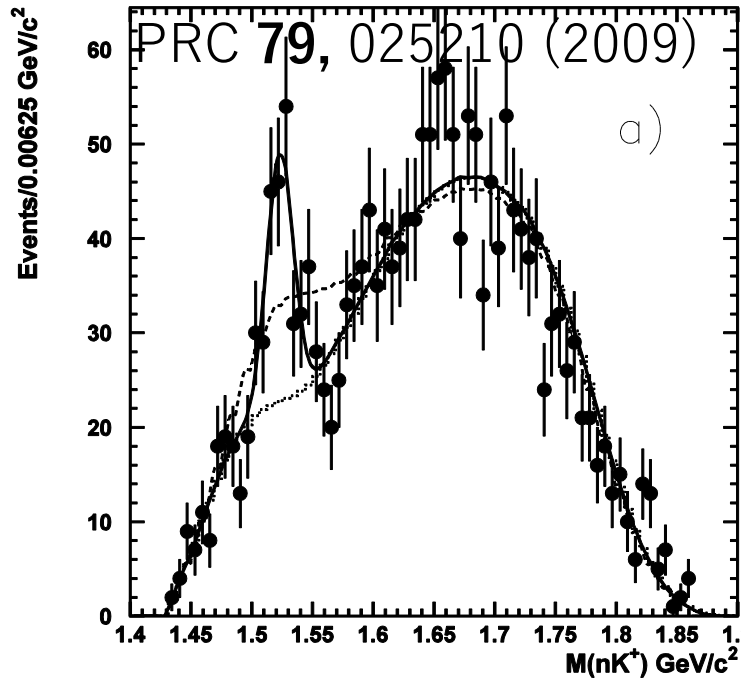
couple to higher pole

Information of transition form factor

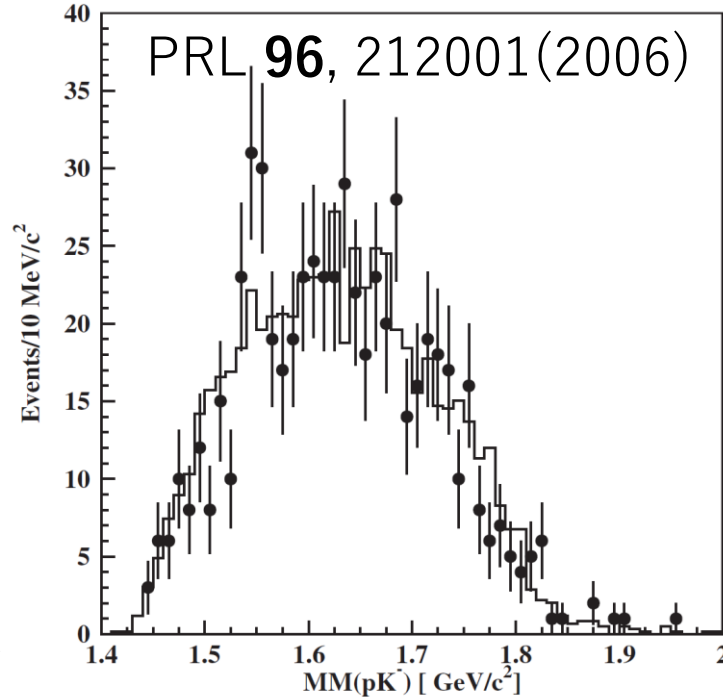


Information of size of $\Lambda(1405)$???

Θ^+ : penta-quark in the strangeness sector
 $\gamma + d \rightarrow \Theta^+ + K^- + p_{\text{spec}}, \Theta^+ \rightarrow K^- + n$



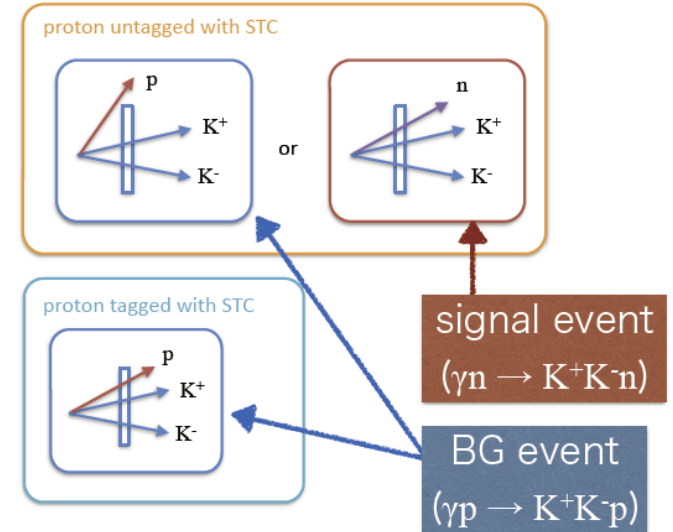
LEPS $M(nK^+)$
 Forward angle



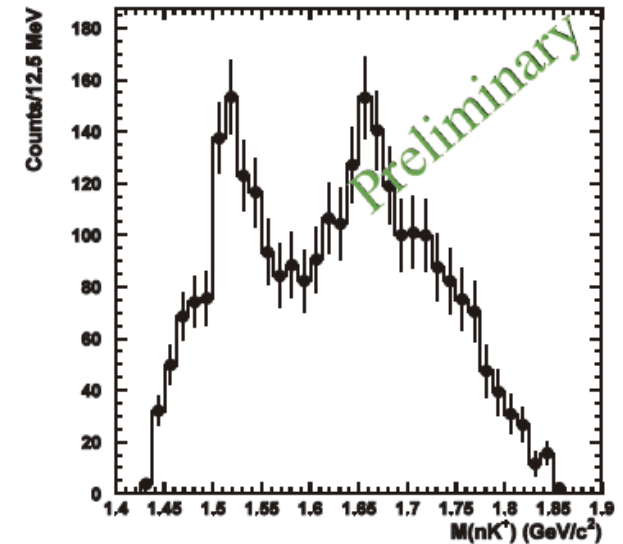
CLAS $MM(pK^-)$
 large angle

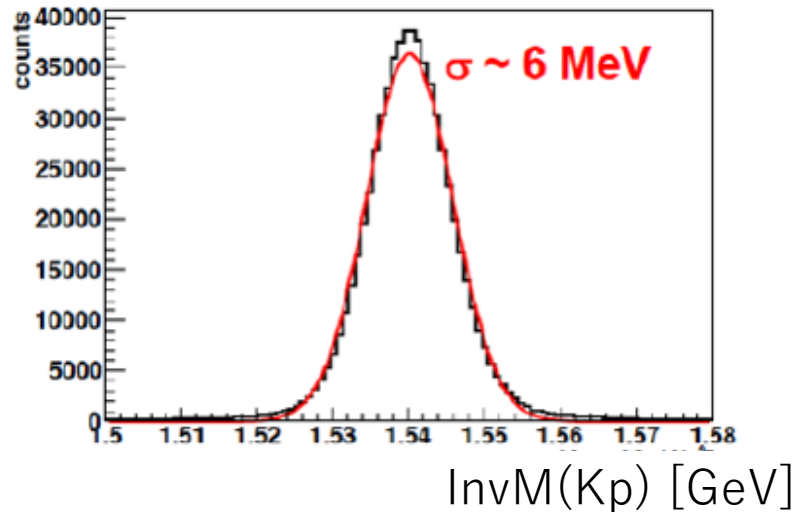
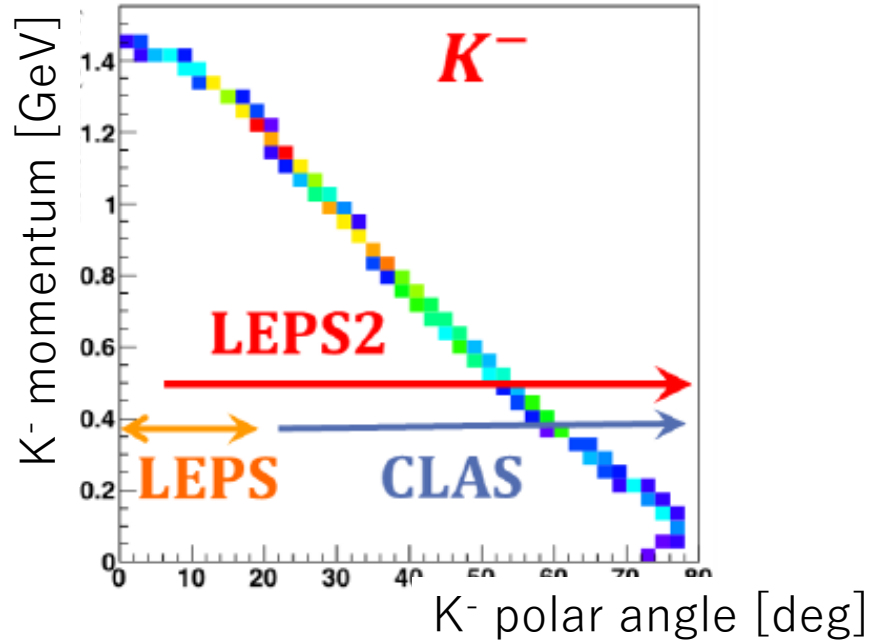
LEPS2 detector system covers large angles.

< proton rejection cut >

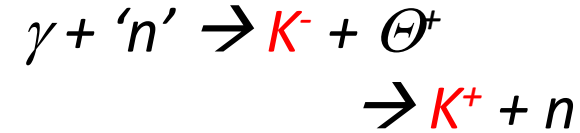


Few-Body Systems 54, 1245 (2013)



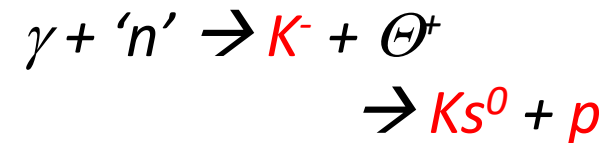


LEPS:



- * Search in the MM(K⁻)
- * Large background from $\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$
- * Fermi correction technique (MMSA)

LEPS2:



- * Search in the M(K_s⁰p)
- * 4 π detector system

$\bar{K}N$ interaction

Known to be strongly attractive
from K - p atomic X-ray shift and low energy K - p scattering data

The simplest kaonic nuclei $\bar{K}NN(I = 1/2)$

Theoretical prediction of B.E. and Γ depend on
the $\bar{K}N$ interaction and theoretical framework.

Table 1: Calculated K^-pp binding energies B & widths Γ (in MeV).

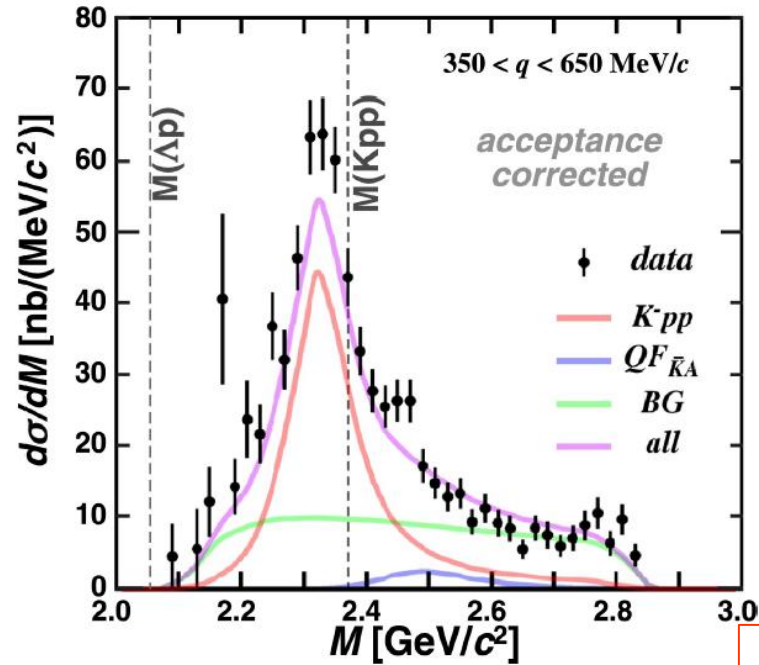
	chiral, energy dependent			non-chiral, static calculations			
	var. [7]	var. [8]	Fad. [9]	var. [10]	Fad [11]	Fad [12]	var. [13]
B	16	17–23	9–16	48	50–70	60–95	40–80
Γ	41	40–70	34–46	61	90–110	45–80	40–85

NPA 914 (2013) 270-279

- [7] N. Barnes, A. Gal, E.Z. Liverts, *Phys. Lett.* **B712** (2012) 132.
- [8] A. Datté, T. Hyodo, W. Weise, *Nucl. Phys.* **A804** (2008) 197, *Phys. Rev.* **C79** (2009) 014003
- [9] Y. Iida, H. Kamano, T. Sato, *Prog. Theor. Phys.* **124** (2010) 533.
- [10] T. Yamazaki, Y. Akashi, *Phys. Lett.* **B535** (2002) 70.
- [11] N.V. Shvedenko, A. Gal, J. Marco, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **98** (2007) 082301, *Phys. Rev.* **C76** (2007) 044004 (with J. Reucl).
- [12] Y. Iida, T. Sato, *Phys. Rev.* **C76** (2007) 035203, **C79** (2009) 035201.
- [13] S. Wycech, A.M. Green, *Phys. Rev.* **C79** (2009) 014001.

E15: ${}^3\text{He}(\text{K}^-, \text{n}) \Lambda\text{p}$

Phys. Lett. B **789** 620-625 (2019)



B.E. and G are different

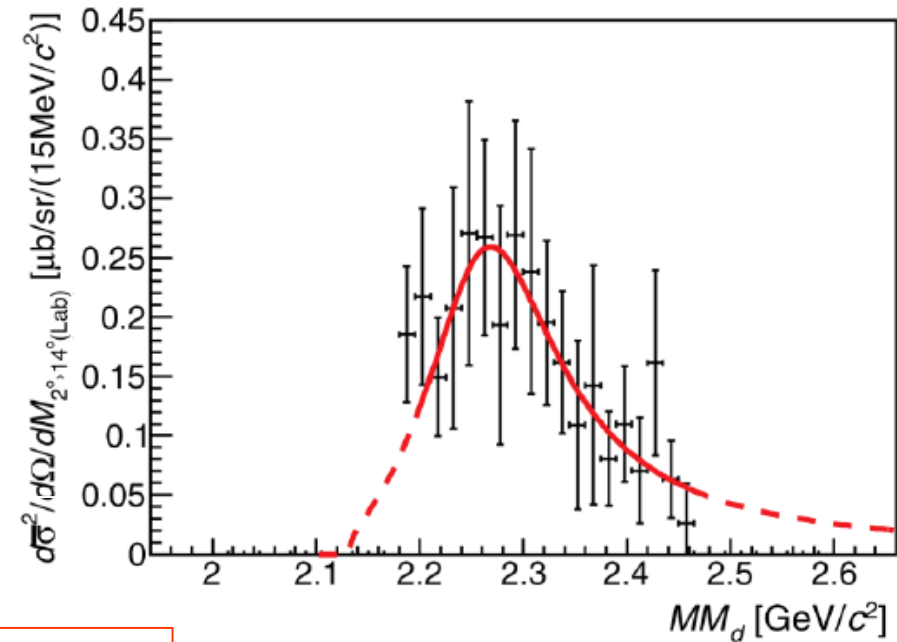
“K-pp puzzle”



photo-induced reaction

E27: $\text{d}(\pi^+, \text{K}^+)\text{X}$ (2p tag)

Theor. Exp. Phys (2015) 021D01



$$\text{B.E} = 47_{-3}^{+3}(\text{stat}) \text{ }_{-6}^{+3}(\text{syst}) \text{ MeV}$$

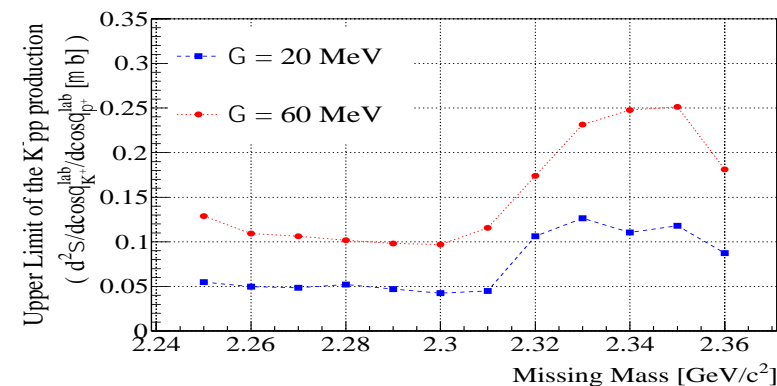
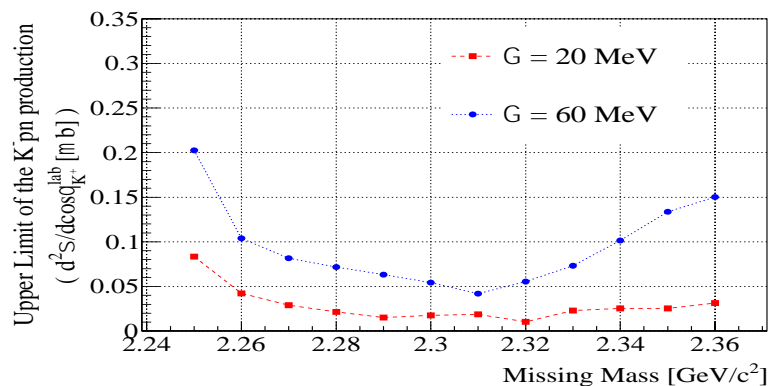
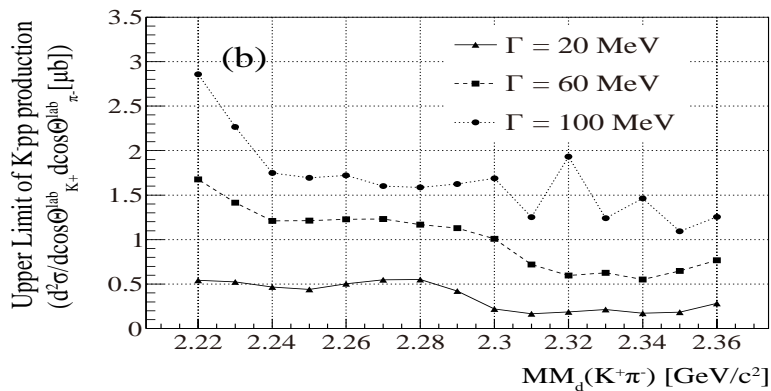
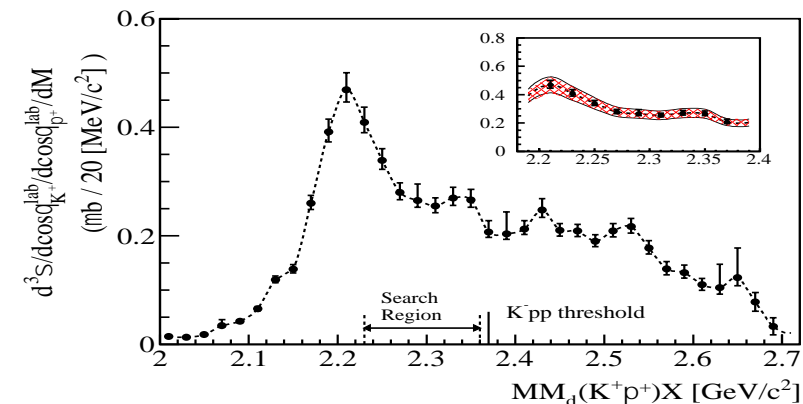
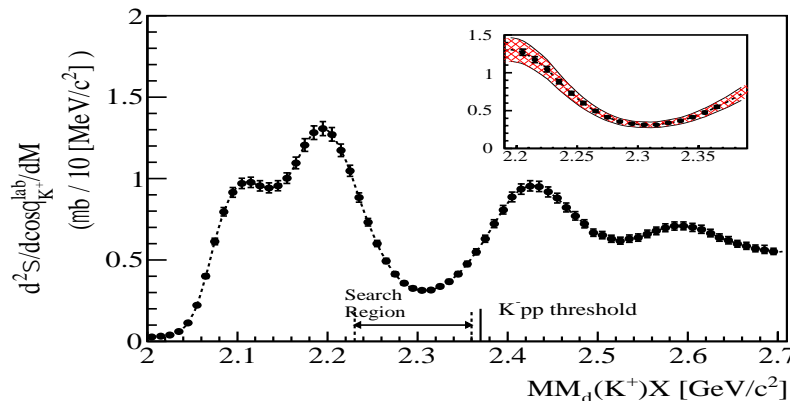
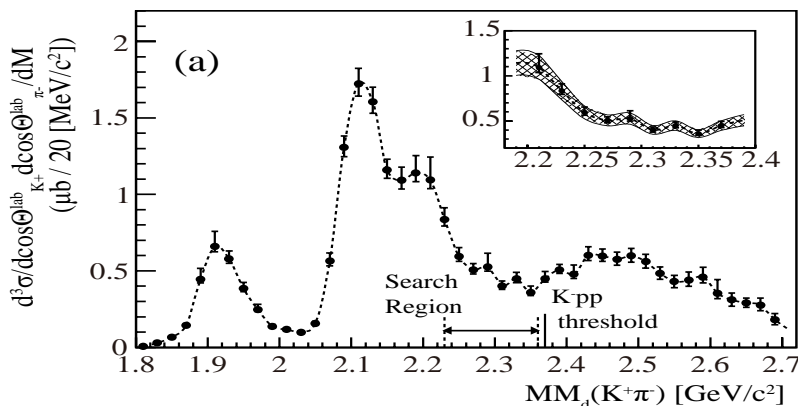
$$\Gamma = 115_{-7}^{+7}(\text{stat}) \text{ }_{-20}^{+10}(\text{syst}) \text{ MeV}$$

$$\text{B.E} = 95_{-17}^{+18}(\text{stat}) \text{ }_{-21}^{+20}(\text{syst}) \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma = 162_{-45}^{+87}(\text{stat}) \text{ }_{-78}^{+66}(\text{syst}) \text{ MeV}$$

Ref) Phys.Lett.B 728 (2014) 616-621

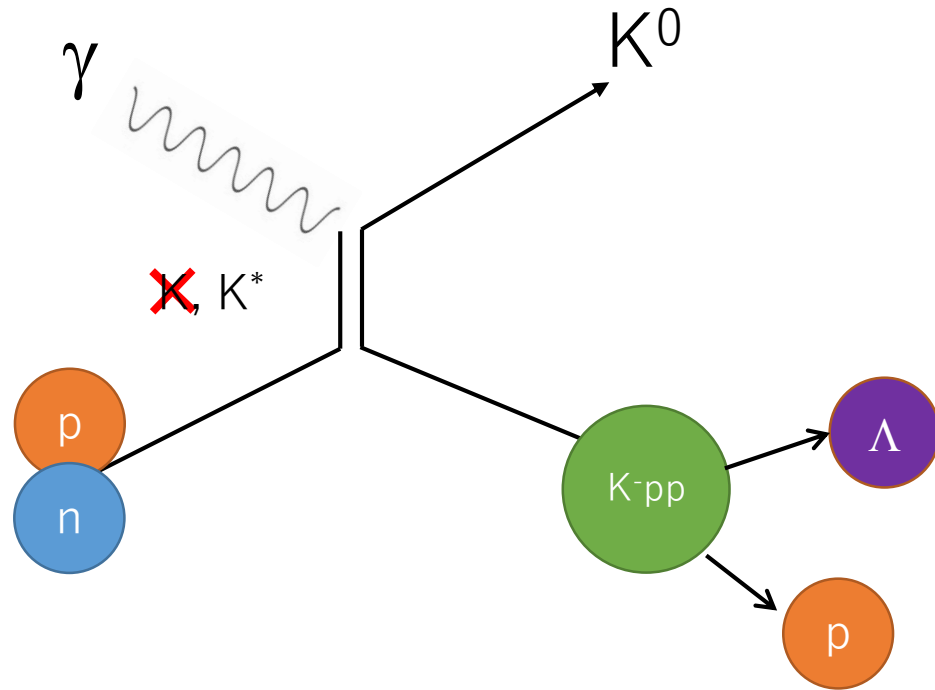
Ref) PoS Hadron2013 (2013) 180



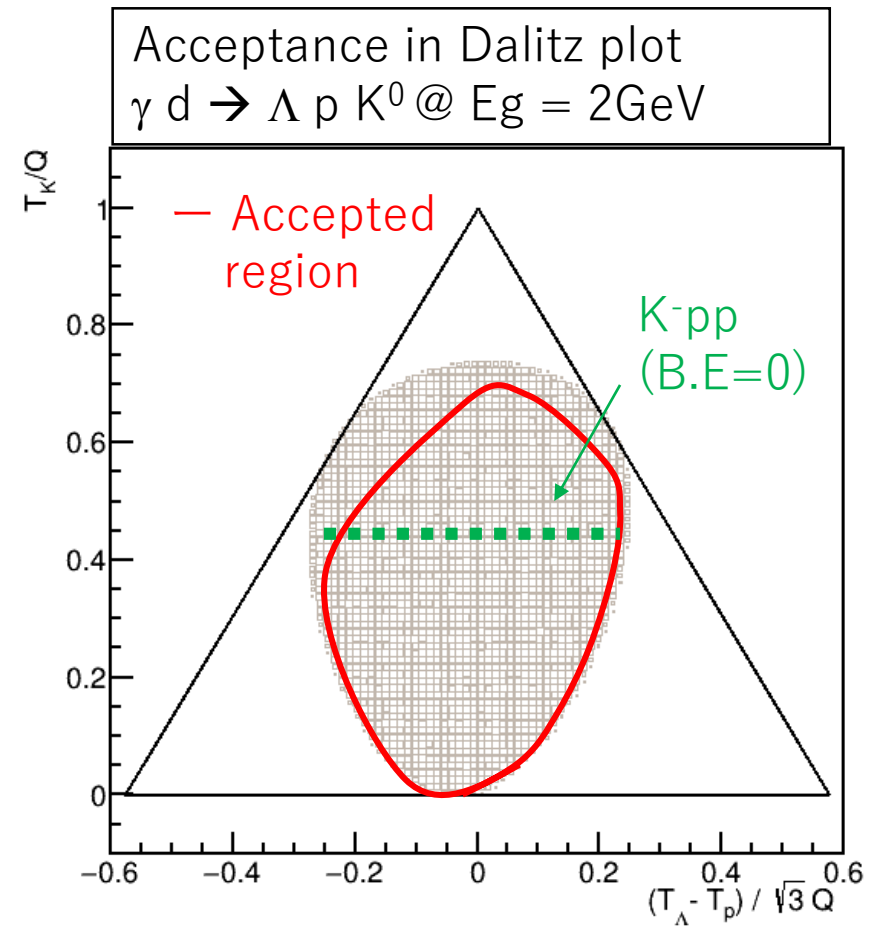
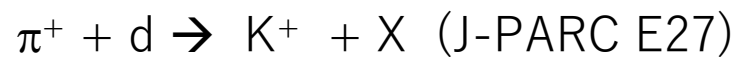
No peak structure
in the inclusive spectra

Upper limit of cross section (95% C.L.)
~ 10% of Y^*

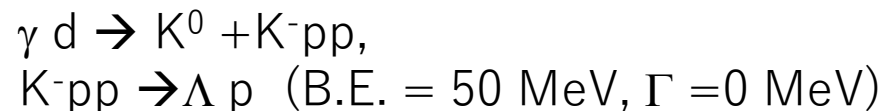
**Exclusive measurement
at LEPS2**



Similar to the E27 reaction:



☆ Full simulation based on Geant4:



Λ, p : identified with TPC.

K^0 : identified by missing mass spectrum

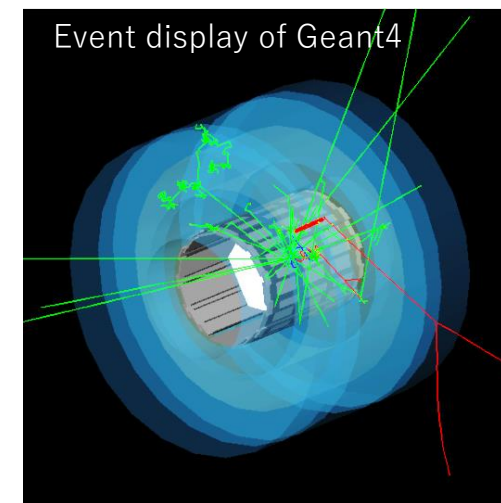
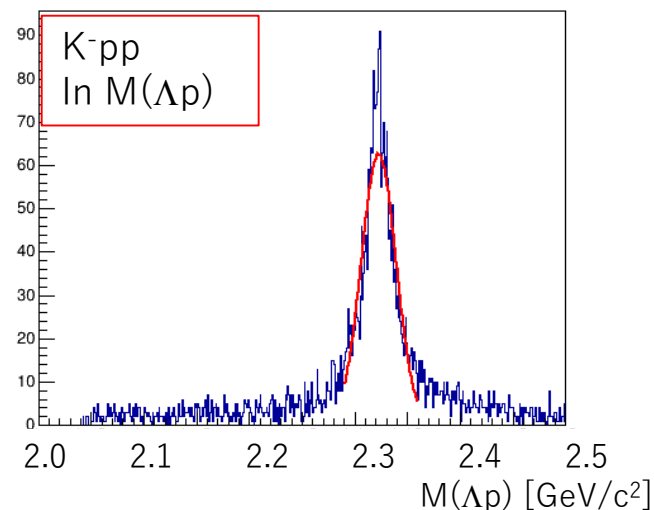
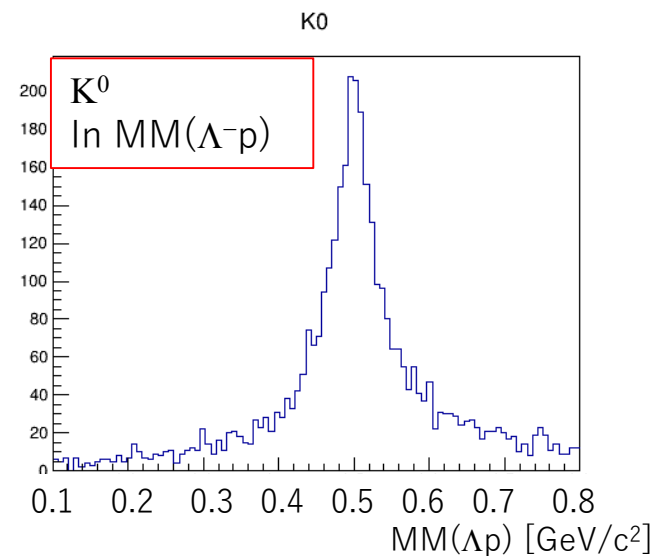
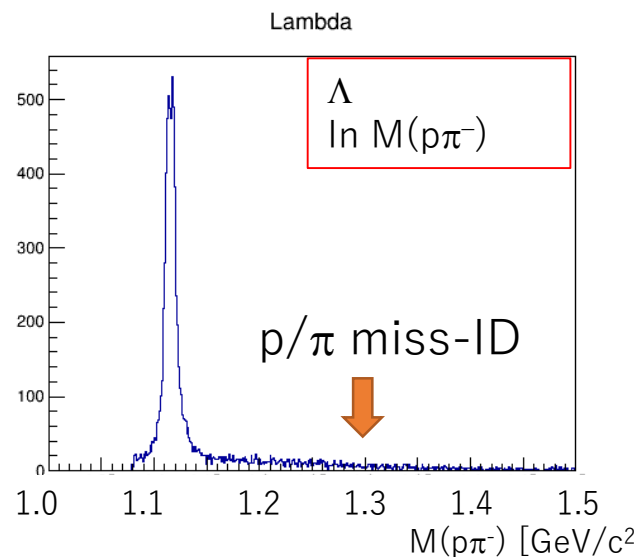
1. the resolution of invariant mass spectrum.

- Accuracy of B.E. < 0.5 MeV (5000 eV)

- $\Delta M \sim 17$ MeV

2. Acceptance :

$\sim 10\%$ (including $BR(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-)$)



Y(K⁻pp in the Λ^0 decay mode)

= photon number (8 * 10¹² photon 1Mcps, 100 days)

* target number (7 * 10²³ deuteron in 14cm LD2 target)

➔ * cross section (1 nb - 30 nb ← ambiguity)

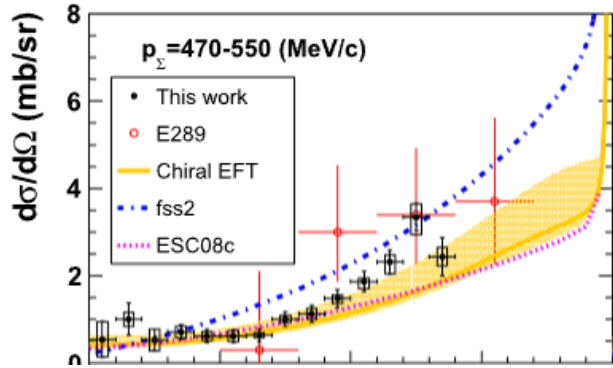
➔ * BR(YP) (1/5 from stopped K⁻ data)

~ 100000 ev/100days
(if σ is ~10 nb)

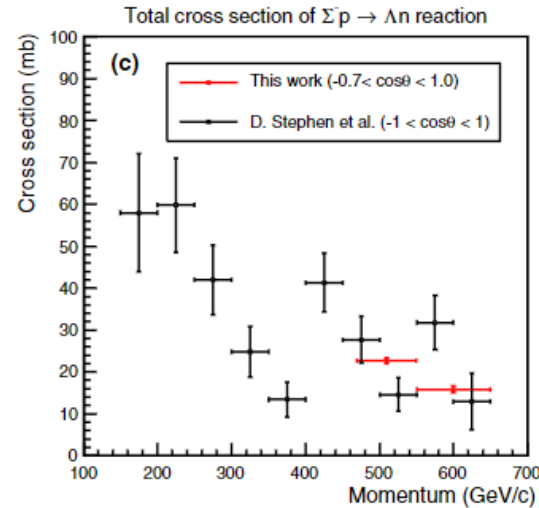
* Acceptance (10 %)

= ~5000 ev/100days

J-PARC E40



Phys.Rev.C 104 (2021) 4, 045204



Phys. Rev. Lett. 128, 072501(2022)

Similar studies at LEPS2?

elastic scattering of Yp
 $\Lambda p \rightarrow \Lambda p$
 $\Sigma^0 p \rightarrow \Sigma^0 p$

Inelastic scattering of Yp
 $\Lambda p \rightarrow \Sigma^0 p$
 $\Sigma^0 p \rightarrow \Lambda p$

CLAS

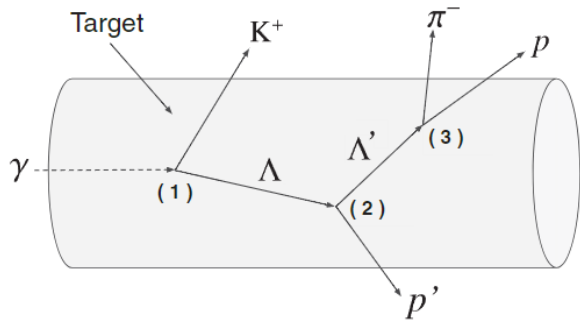
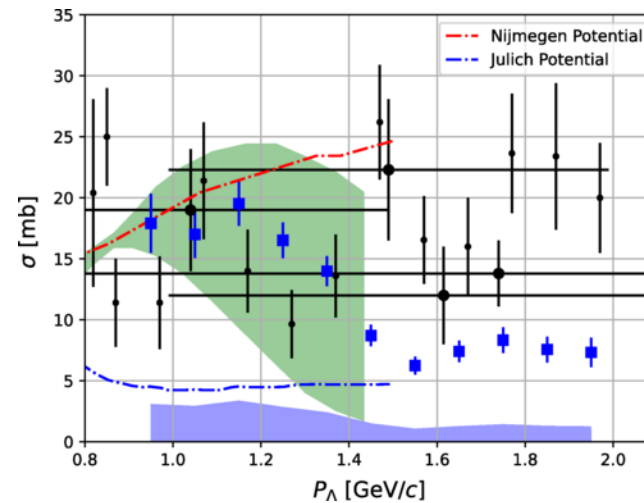


FIG. 1. Pictorial representation of the reaction inside the liquid-hydrogen target. A two-part reaction occurs where the incident Λ is created at vertex (1), followed by scattering with a proton at rest in the target at vertex (2), before the Λ' decays at vertex (3).



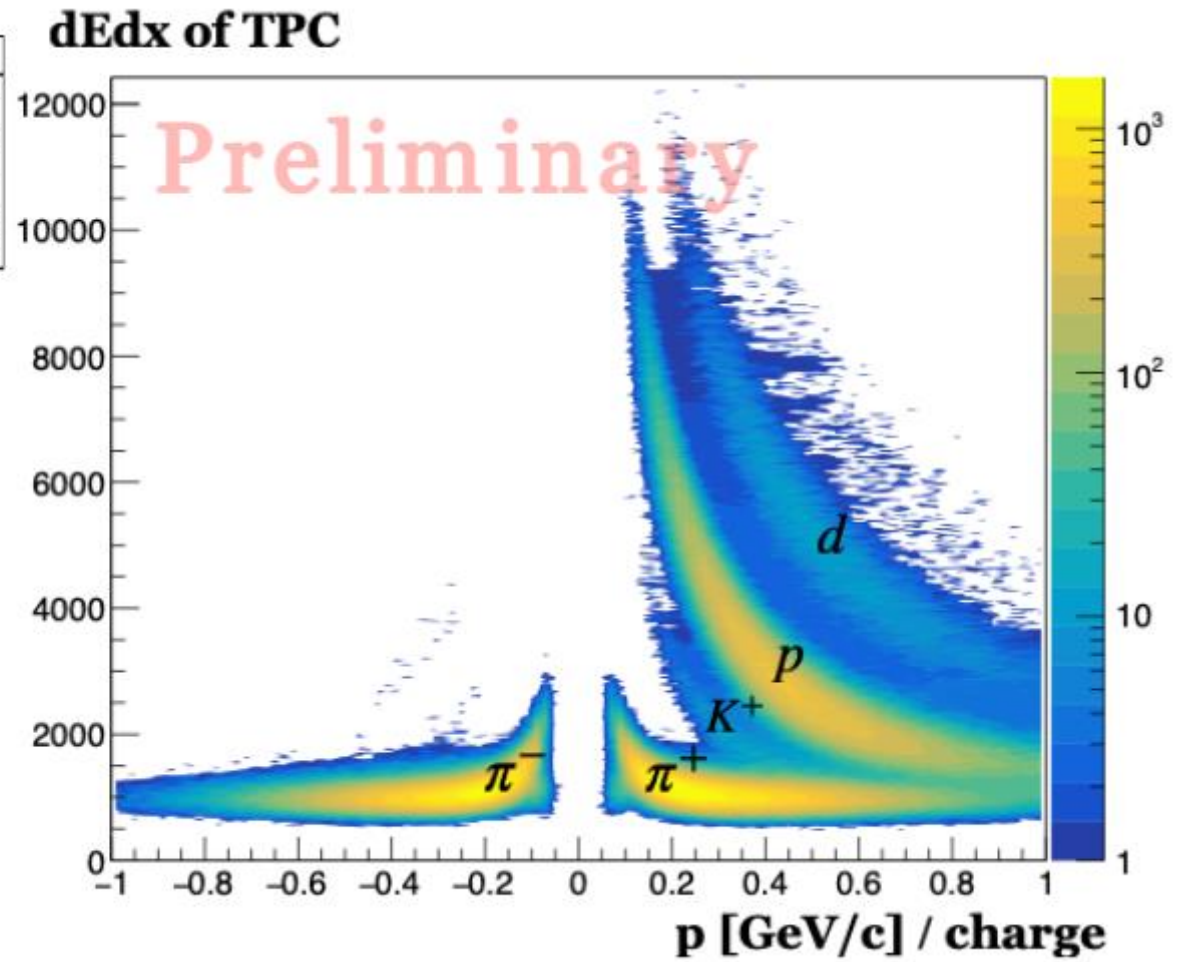
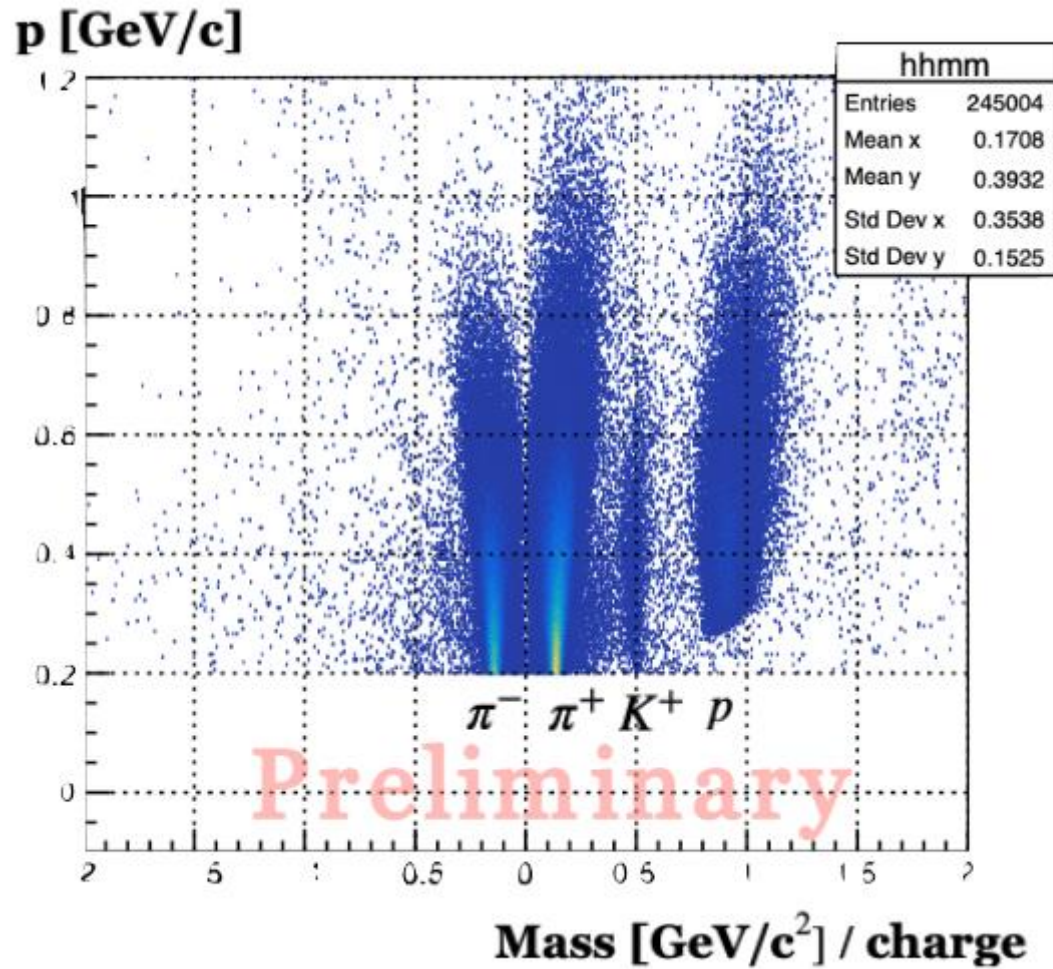
Phys. Rev. Lett. 127, 272303(2021)

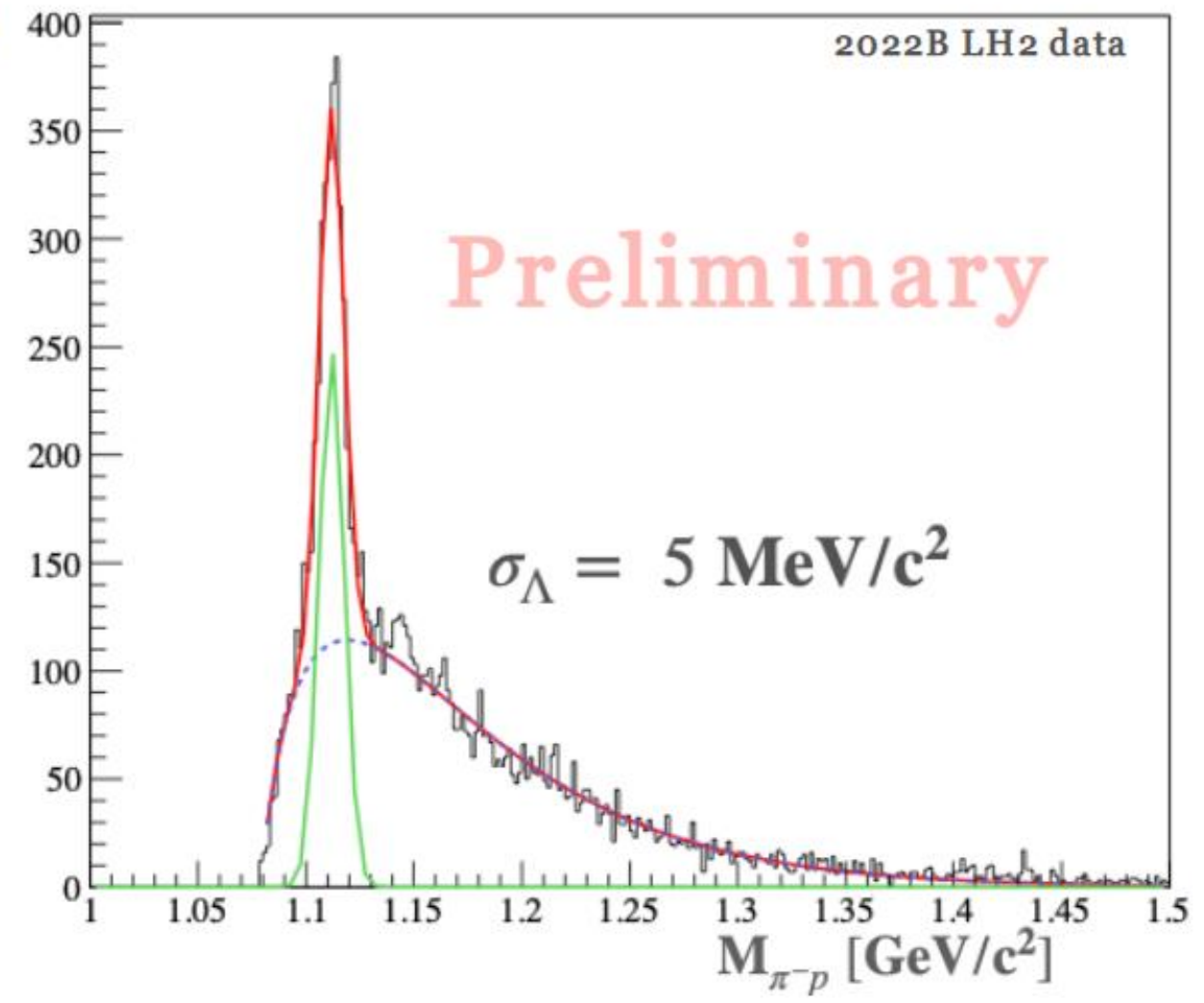
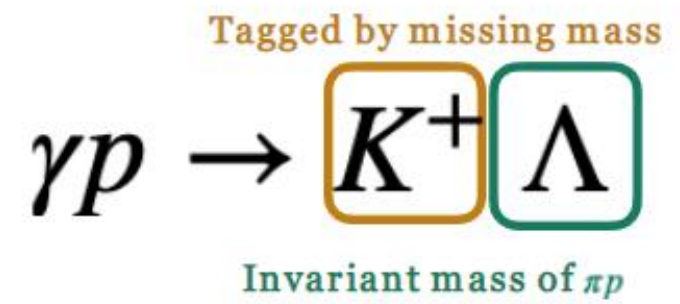
elastic scattering of Y^*p
 $\Lambda(1520)p \rightarrow \Lambda(1520)p$
 $\Sigma(1385)p \rightarrow \Lambda(1385)p$

...

Feasibility study is on-going.

- 2021B (Oct. 2021 – Dec. 2021)
 - LH2 : 0.56×10^{12} photon on target.
 - LD2 : 2.28×10^{12} photon on target.
- 2022A (May. 2022 – Jul. 2022)
 - LH2 : 0.80×10^{12} photon on target.
 - LD2 : 1.51×10^{12} photon on target.
- 2022B (Oct. 2022 -)

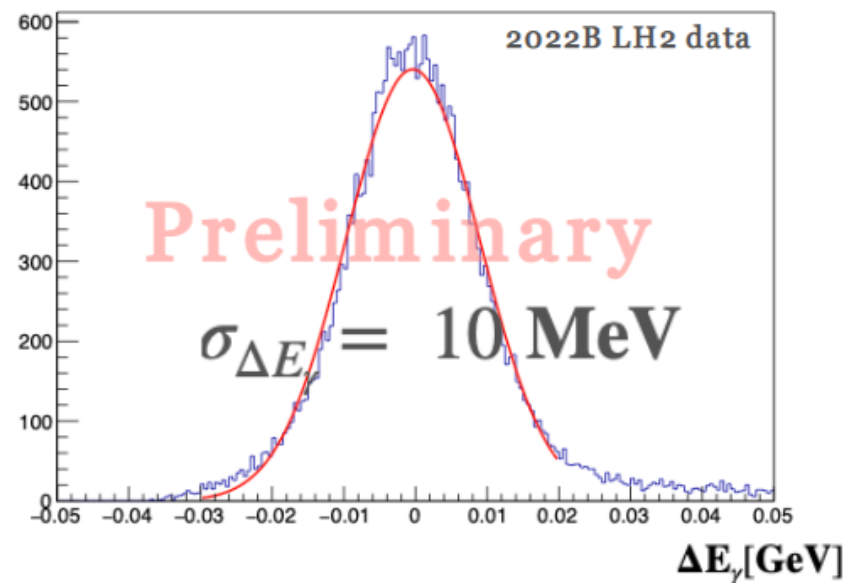
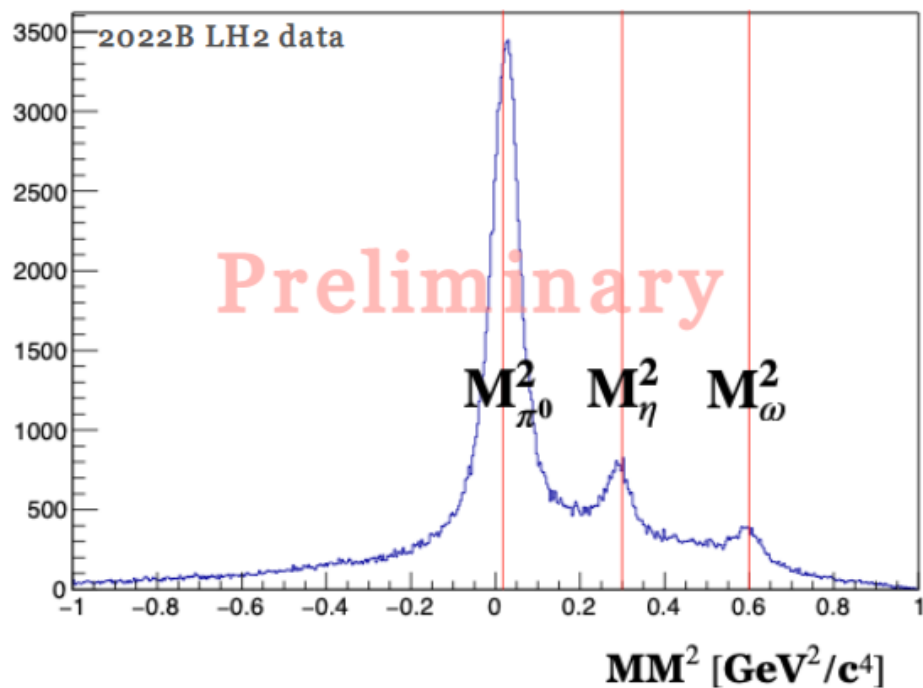






$$\Delta E_\gamma = E_{\gamma \text{ measured}} - E_{\gamma \text{ expected}(\pi^0)}$$

Tagger resolution TPC resolution



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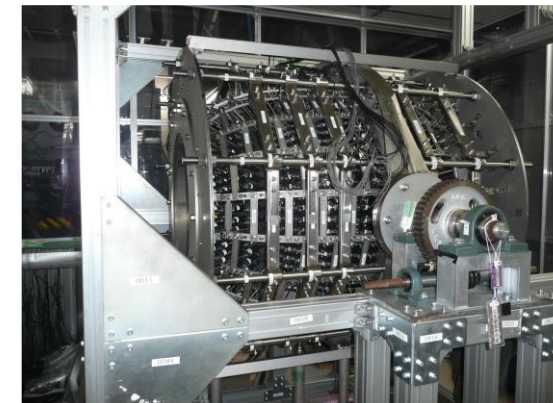
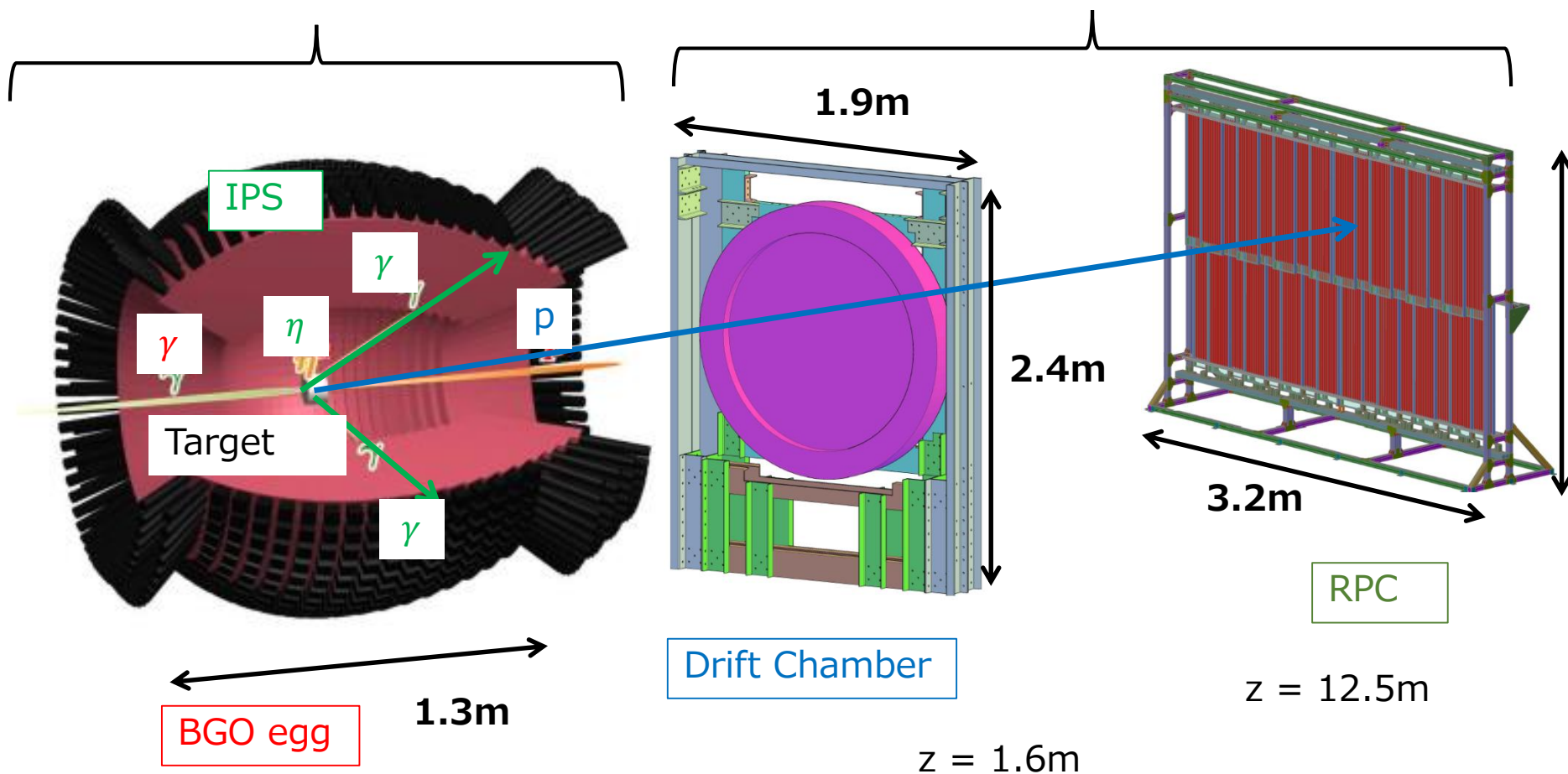
3. BGOegg experiment

Upgrade experiments

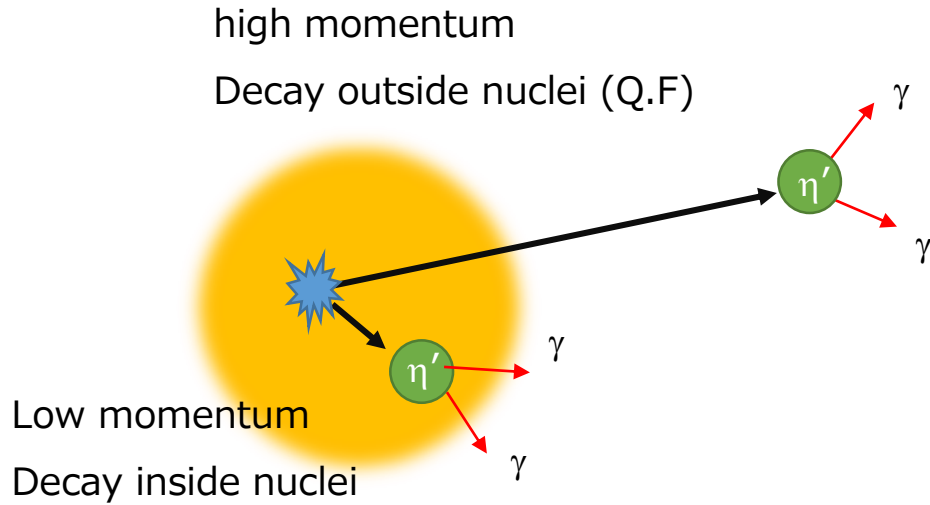
study the in-medium effect of η' (large $s\bar{s}$ component)

γ detection

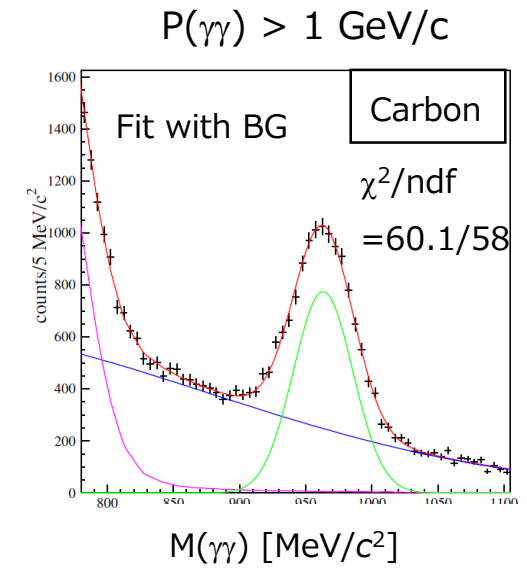
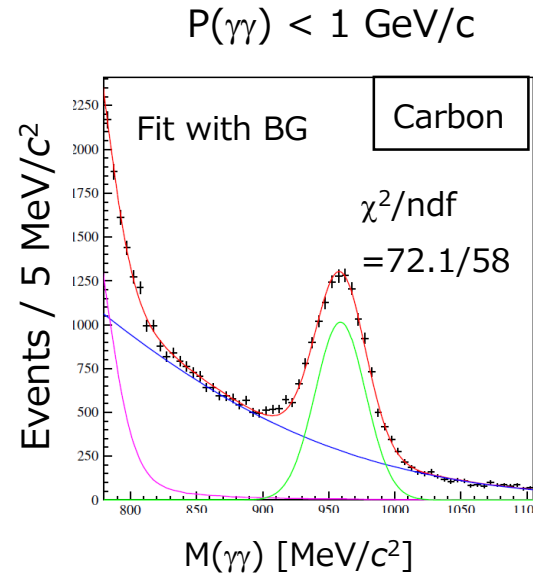
Proton detection



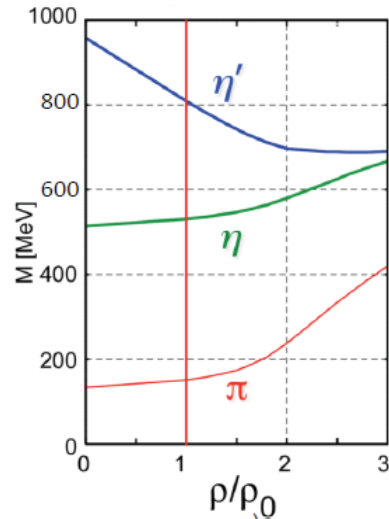
1320 BGO crystals
Polar angle : 24 – 144 deg
No housing material
 $\Delta E/E = 1.4 \% @ 1\text{GeV}$.
 $\sigma_{\pi} = 6.7\text{MeV}$
 $\sigma_{\eta} = 14.4\text{MeV}$ (20mm Carbon)
→ Best resolution
in the world



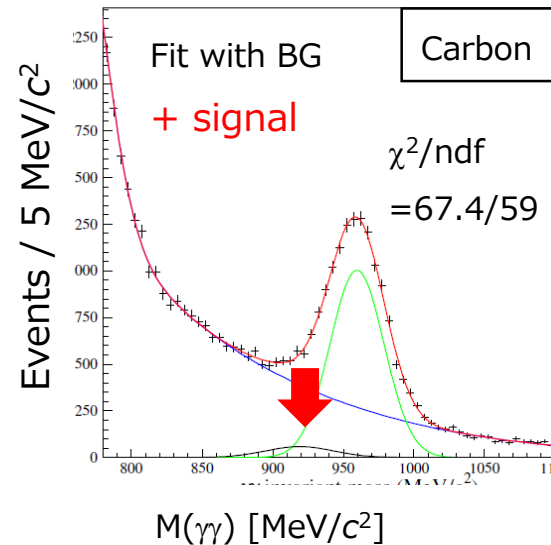
Nagahiro et al.
PRC74(2006) 045203



η' meson has large mass (958 MeV) due to $U_A(1)$ anomaly effect.
 → Large mass modification at the nuclear density.
 → Line shape analysis of mass spectrum with high resolution. (direct measurement)



Based on NJL model

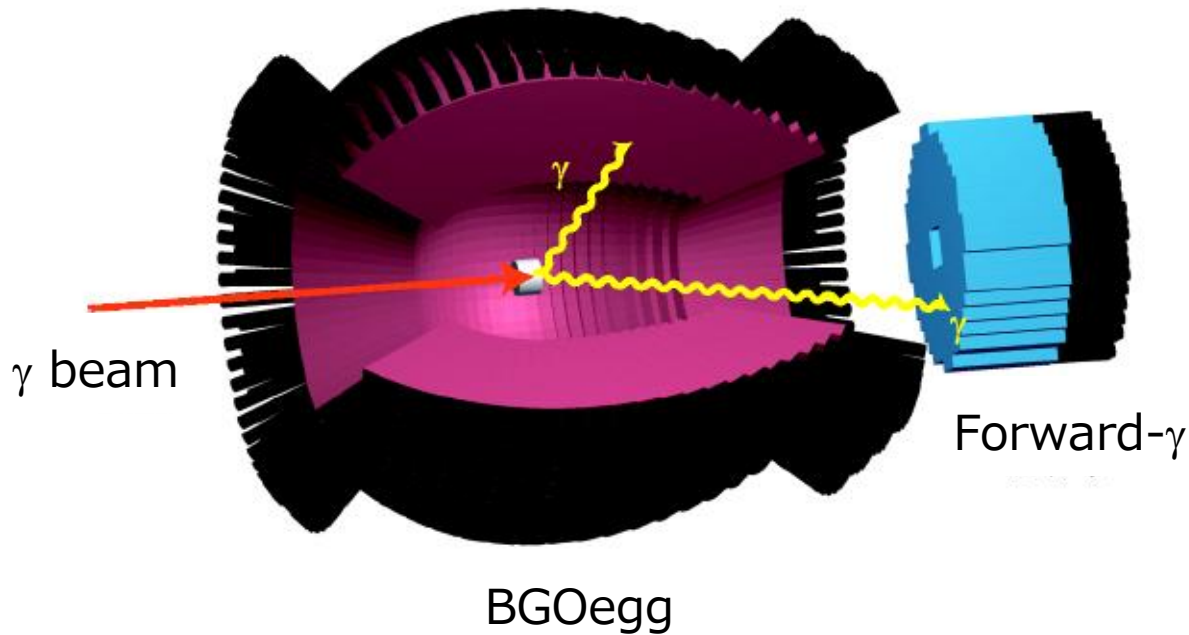


BG:

1. smooth function from multi-meson production
2. ω meson production
3. QF η' production

Signal:

MC-generated η' spectrum in medium
 $\Delta\chi$ (w.sig-w.o.sig) = 3–4 σ



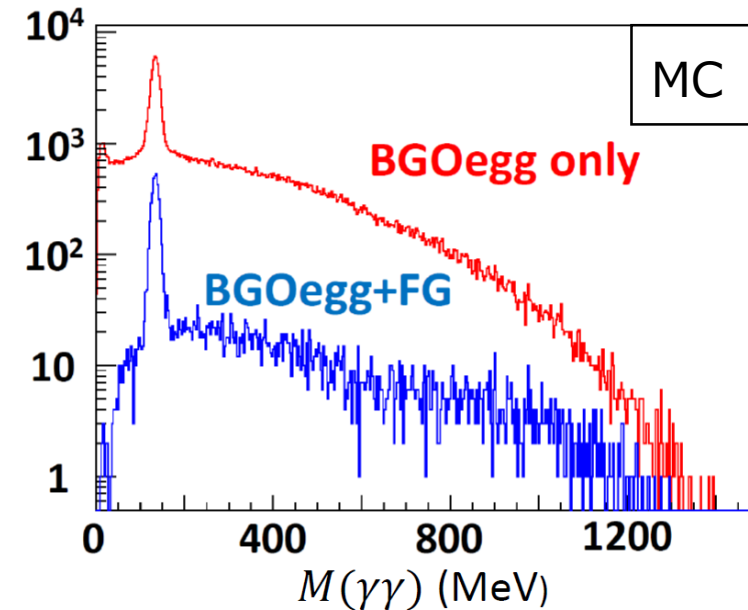
256 PbWO₄ crystal
Size: 22 x 22 x 180 mm
 ρ : 8.3 g/cm³
X₀ : 0.89 cm
R_m : 2.0 cm

BGOegg : 24 – 144 degree

Forward- γ : 3 – 16 degree

→ Increase acceptance of $\eta/\eta' \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

→ Decrease background from multi-meson production



Confirmation of mass modification of η' with Cu target

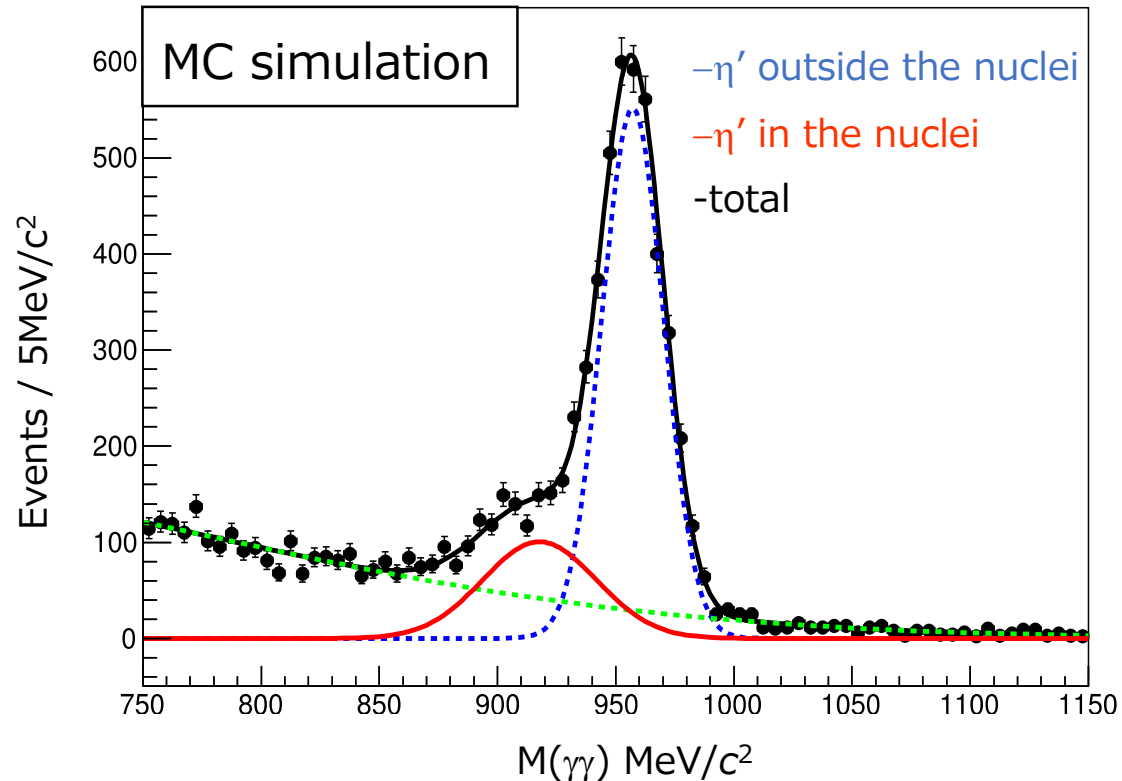
Carbon : A= 12

Copper : A = 64



x ~1.75 (radius)

Decay rate of η' inside
the nuclei is increased



Expected h' spectrum with Cu target ($P_{\eta'} < 600$ MeV/c)

* $N_{in} / N_{QF} = 0.073$ for $P_{\eta'} < 1\text{GeV}/c$
with C target

*Pilot run

with Cu target (1.5mm t, 0.1 X_0)



Target : Cu (7.5 mmt, 0.5 X_0)

Beam time : 3 Mcps, ~2 months

Quasi-free η' : 3600 events

BG : 3302 events

$N_{in}/N_{QF} = 0.35$ for $P_{\eta'} < 600$ MeV/c

$\sigma_{sig} = 24$ MeV/c² → Significance : 28 σ

* Real photon beam ($E_\gamma = 1.5 - 2.9$ GeV) can be used at SPring-8.

* LEPS: Data taking completed. Analysis is on-going.

* LEPS2:

Physics topics

- Search for Θ^+ :

- $\gamma + p \rightarrow \Lambda(1405) + K^*$: Selection of K/ K^* exchange.

- Search for K-pp bound state : Solution of the "K-pp puzzle"

* BGOegg: in-medium effect of η' . upgrade experiments