

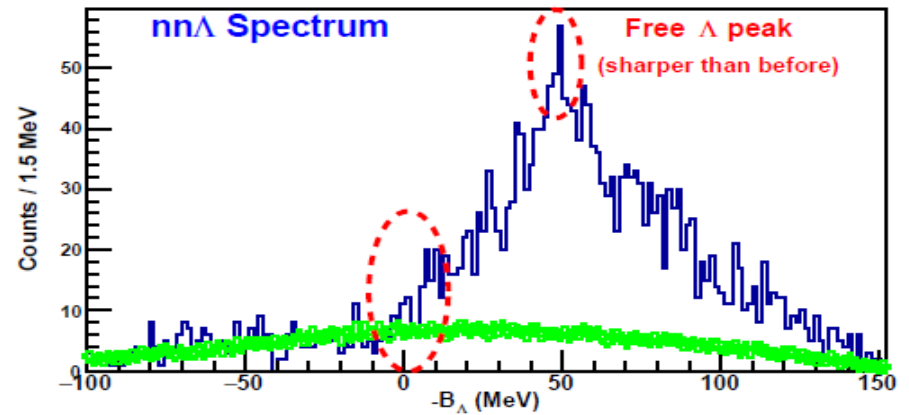
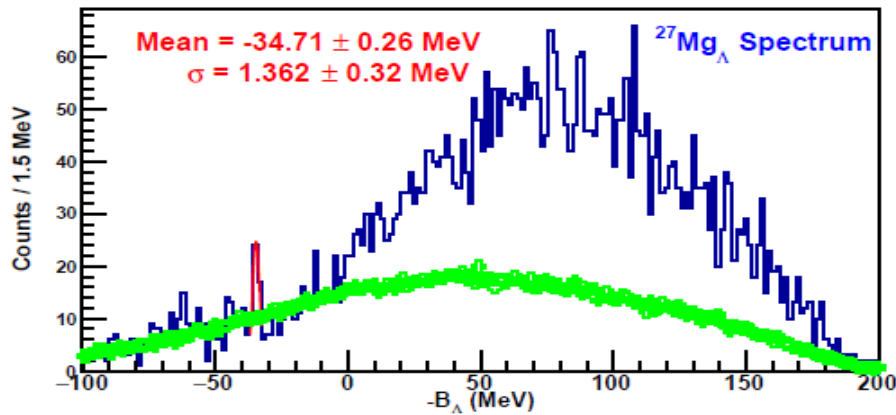
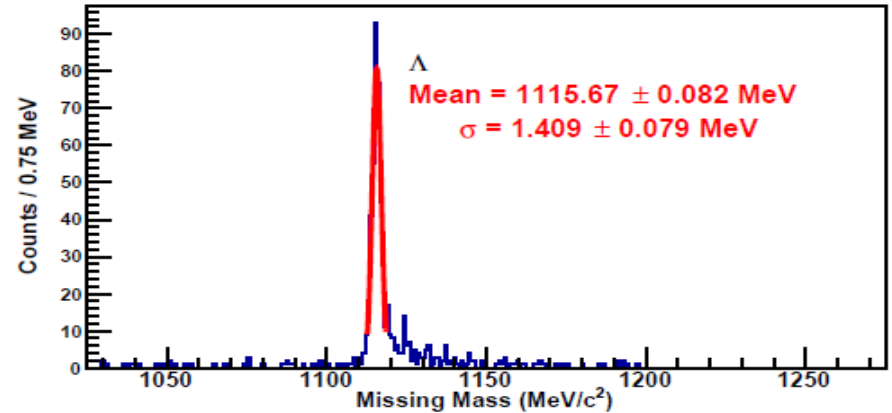
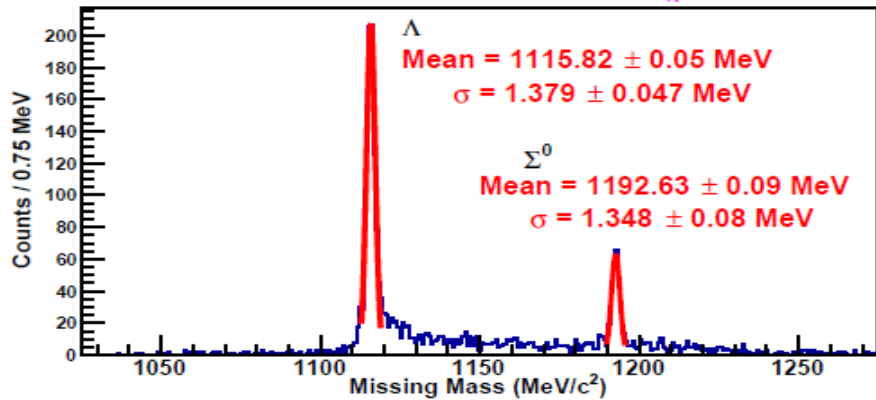
nnL Analysis Meeting

September 9, 2021

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Hampton University

Can a Fake Peak be Produced?

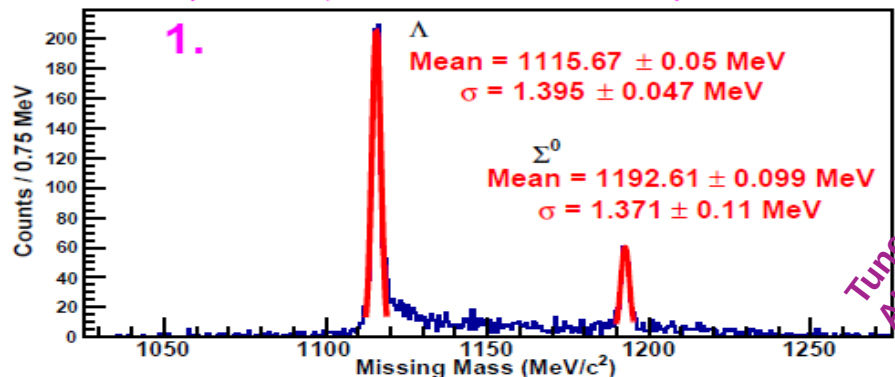
For this tune:
Events gated within -40 to -30 MeV of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$ (for all 4 peaks)



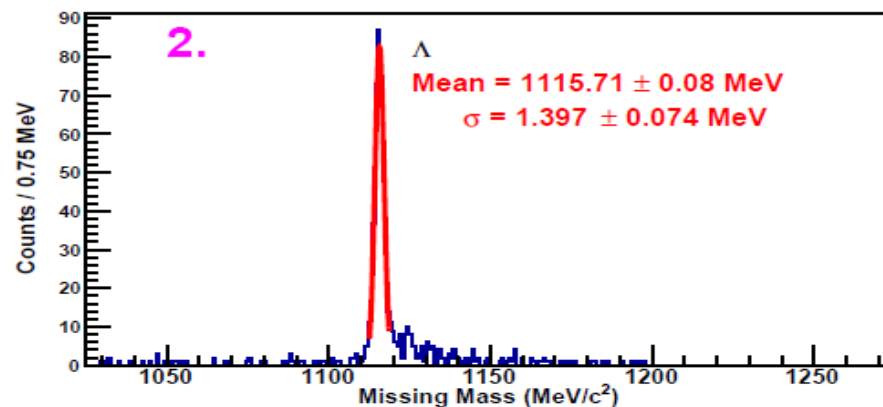
- Events are selected within -40 to -30 MeV which are non-physical.
- The wrong selection of events can deform the matrix.
- The free Λ peak in the $nn\Lambda$ spectrum becomes much narrower than the actual peak (~ 6.5 MeV).

What would be the resolution of a heavy system ($A > 1$) if no AI data involved in tune?

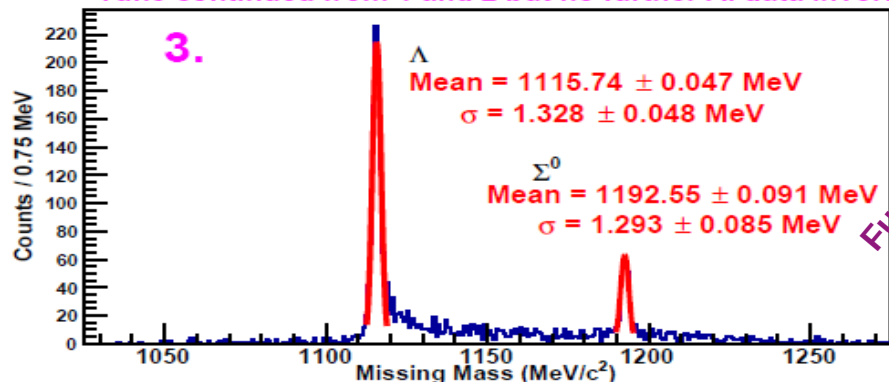
For 1. and 2.
AI data (-20 to -10, -10 to 0 and 0 to 10 MeV) involved in tune



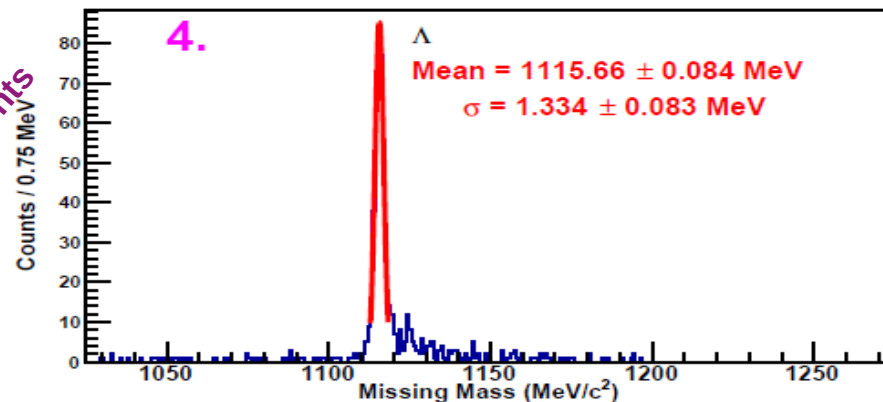
Tuned by involving
AI events



For 3. and 4.
Tune continued from 1 and 2 but no further AI data involved



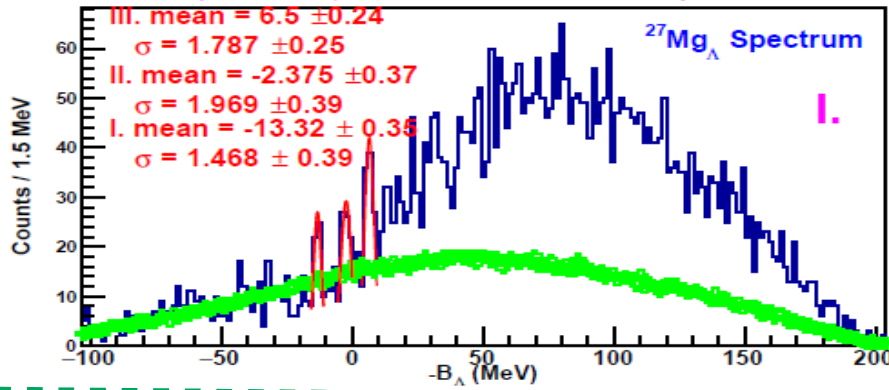
Further tuned
without AI events



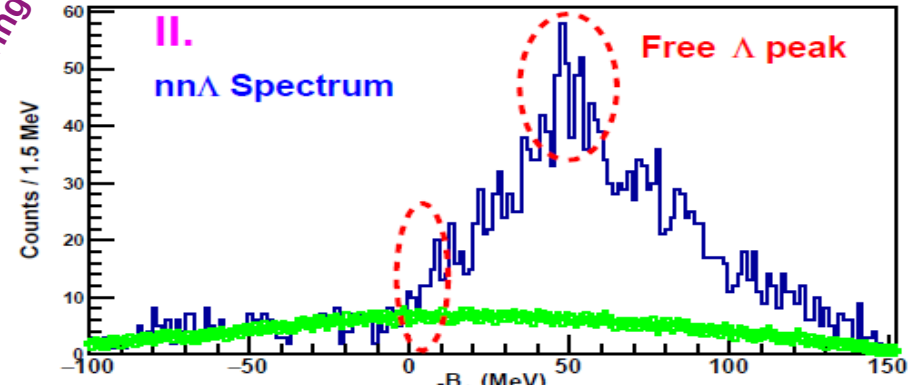
- Initially, the momentum matrices are tuned by selecting the events from the 3 different regions of $^{27}\text{Mg}_L$.
- When the peak width of Λ/Σ reached ~ 1.4 MeV, the matrices are further tuned without involving AI data.

Continue..

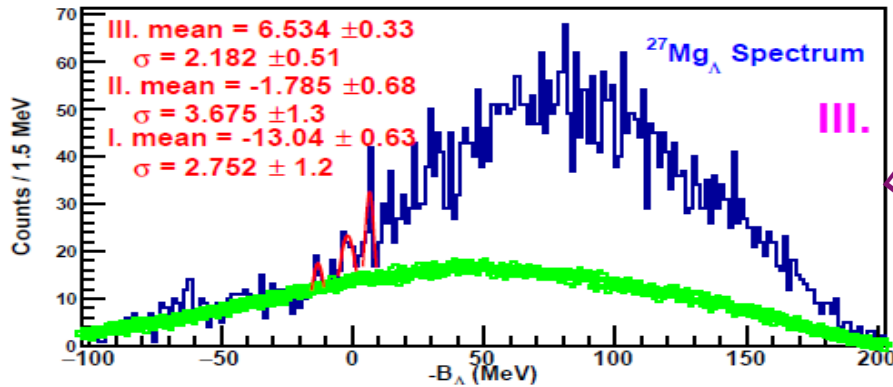
For I and II:
Al data (-20 to -10, -10 to 0 and 0 to 10 MeV) involved in tune



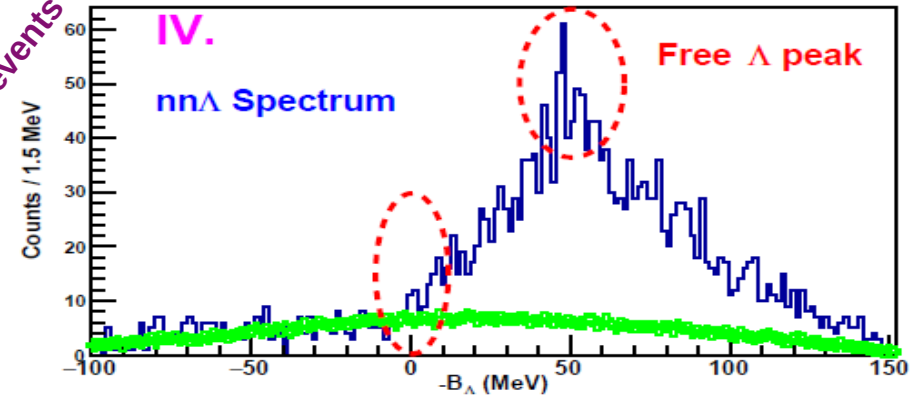
Tuned by involving
Al events



For III and IV:
Tune continued from I and II but no further Al data involved



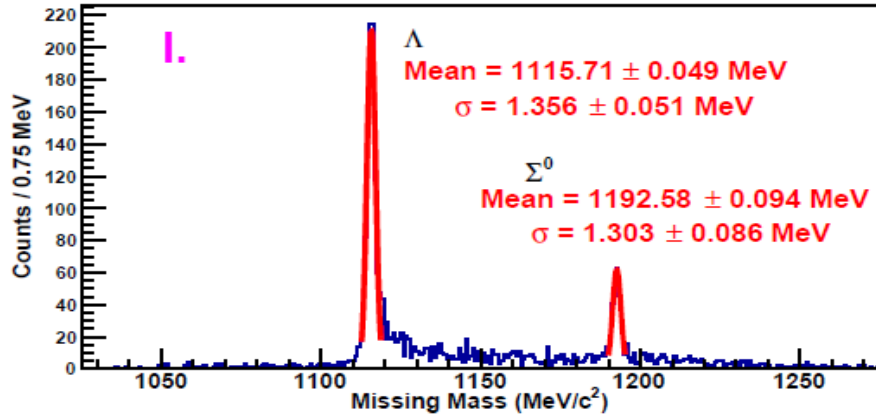
Further tuned
without Al events



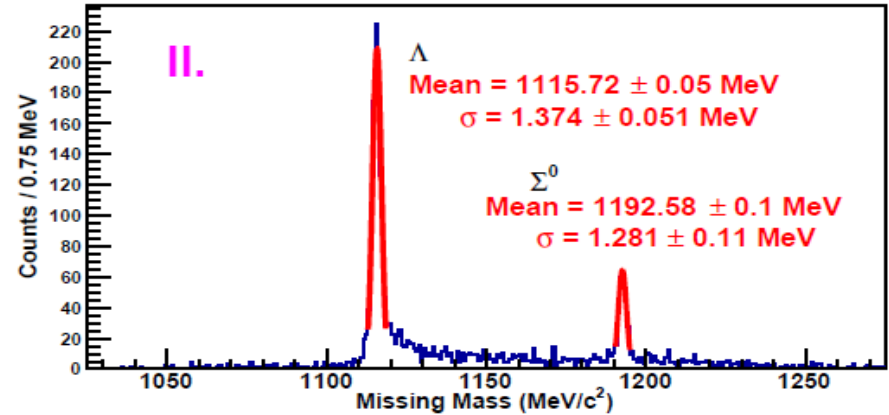
- While the matrices are tuned further without involving the Al data, the preexisted peaks blow up.
- The phenomena is significant as the ground state of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$ widens from 1.46 to 2.75 MeV.
- If no Al data is involved in tune, we don't know the exact resolution of the heavy system ($A > 1$).

Consistency Test by Moving the Events Selection Gates

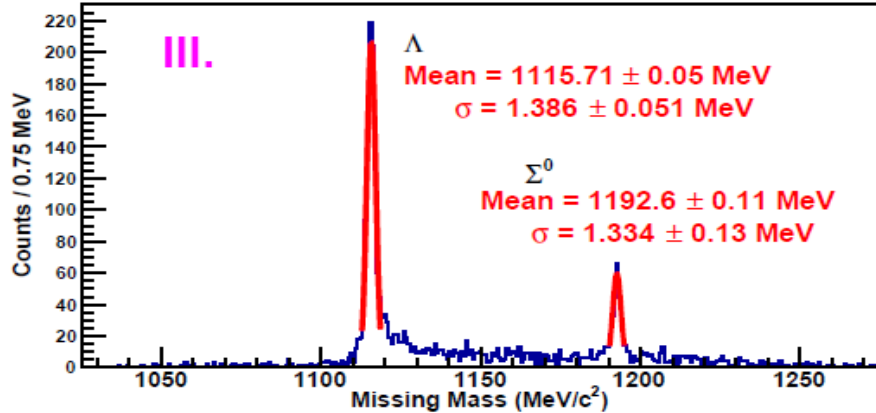
I. Peak search tune (-20 to -10, -10 to 0 and 0 to 10 MeV) of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$



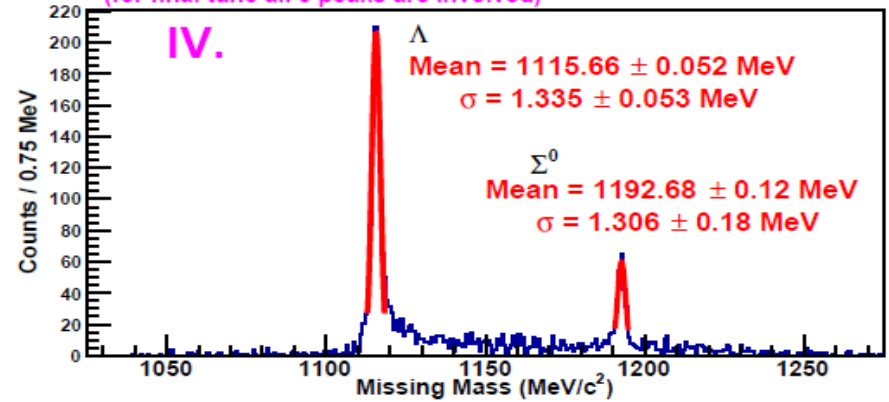
II. Peak search tune (-18 to -8, -8 to +2 and 2 to 12 MeV) of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$



III. Peak search tune (-16 to -6, -6 to +4 and 4 to 14 MeV) of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$



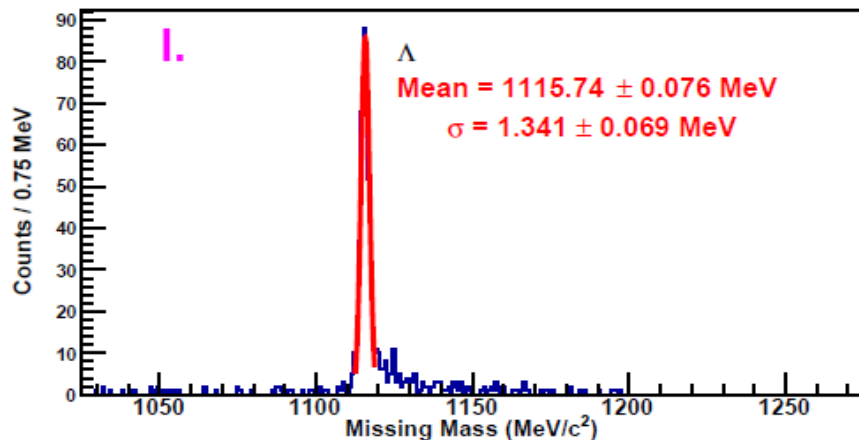
IV. Peak search tune (-6 to +4 MeV) of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$
(for final tune all 3 peaks are involved)



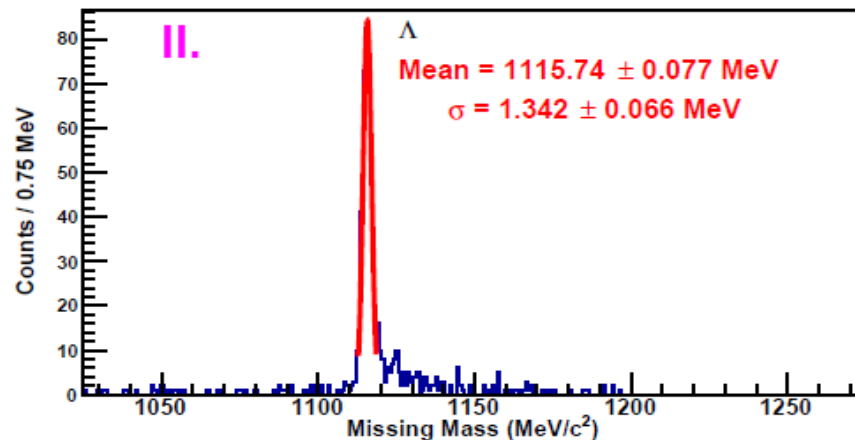
- The events selection gates are chosen by considering the previous measurements on $A=28$ hypernuclei.
- To check the consistency, the gates are artificially shifted by 2 MeV and then further by 2 MeV.
- For each case, the matrices are tuned until the width of Λ reached ~ 1.35 MeV ($\Sigma \sim 1.3$ MeV).

Consistency Test Continue..

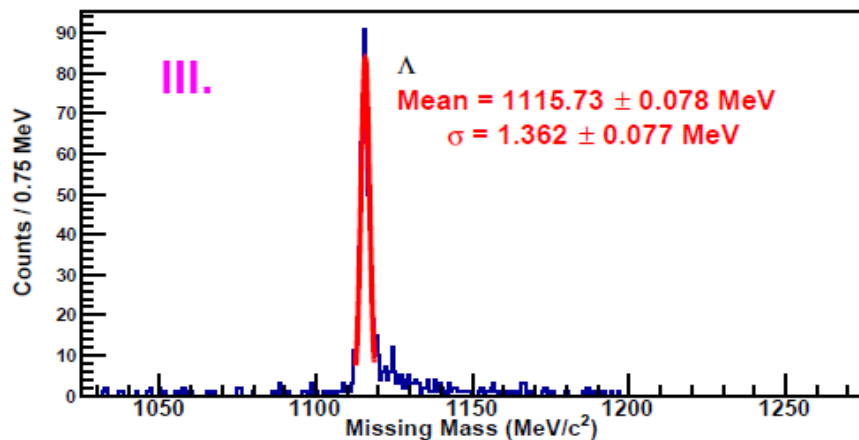
I. Peak search tune (-20 to -10, -10 to 0 and 0 to 10 MeV) of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$



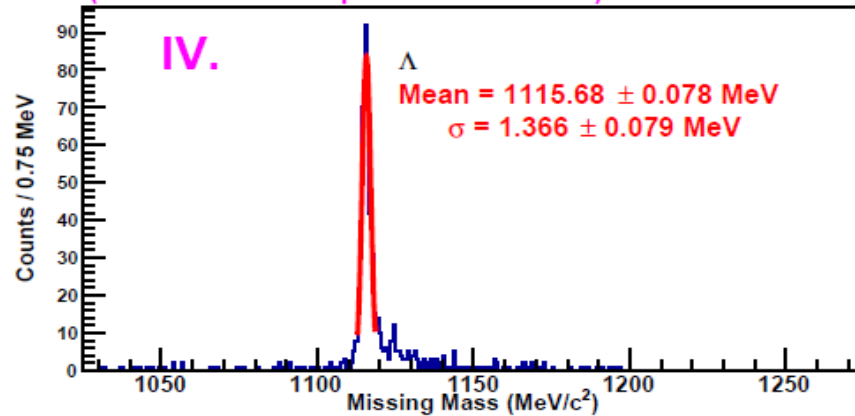
II. Peak search tune (-18 to -8, -8 to +2 and 2 to 12 MeV) of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$



III. Peak search tune (-16 to -6, -6 to +4 and 4 to 14 MeV) of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$



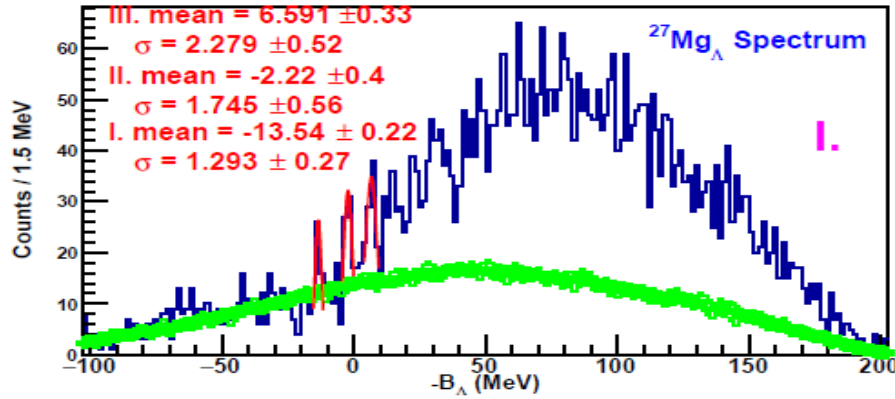
IV. Peak search tune (-6 to +4 MeV) of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$
(for final tune all 3 peaks are involved)



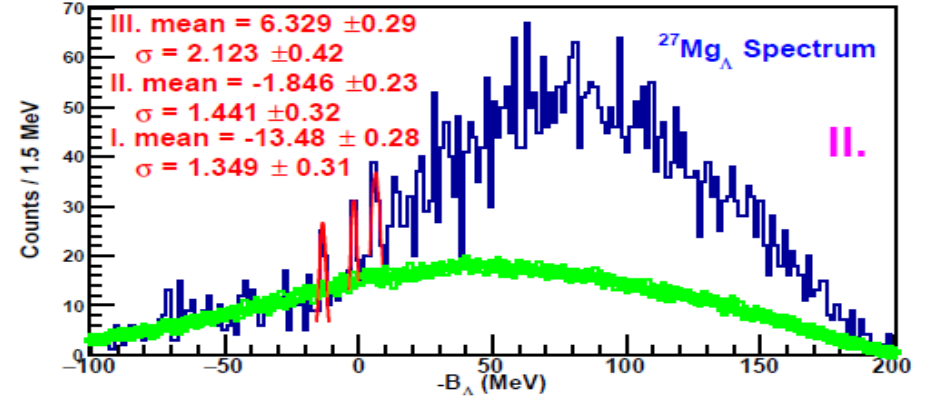
- For each tune, the peak width of Λ (H/T) agreed within 50 KeV.

Consistency Test Continue.. (27Mg_L spectrum)

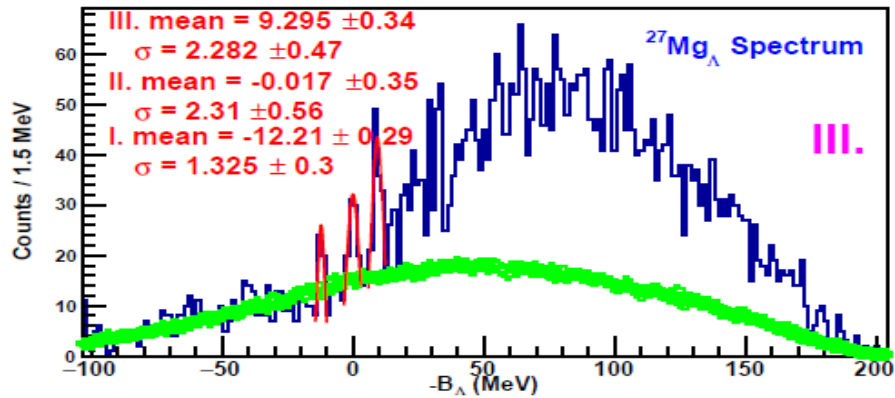
I. Peak search tune (-20 to -10, -10 to 0 and 0 to 10 MeV) of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$



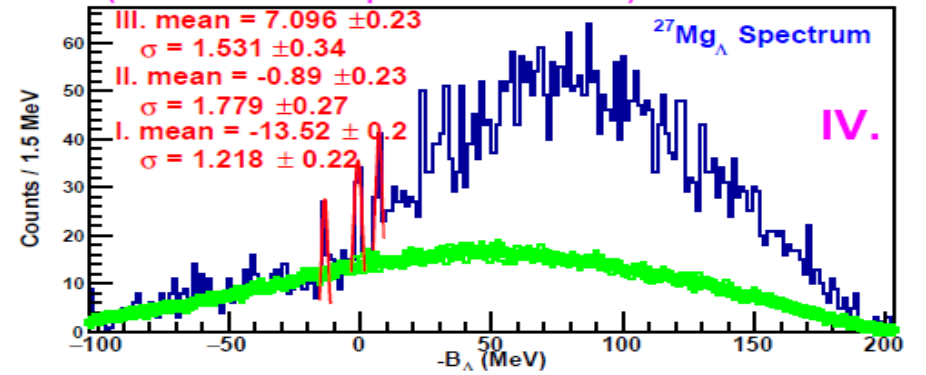
II. Peak search tune (-18 to -8, -8 to +2 and 2 to 12 MeV) of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$



III. Peak search tune (-16 to -6, -6 to +4 and 4 to 14 MeV) of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$

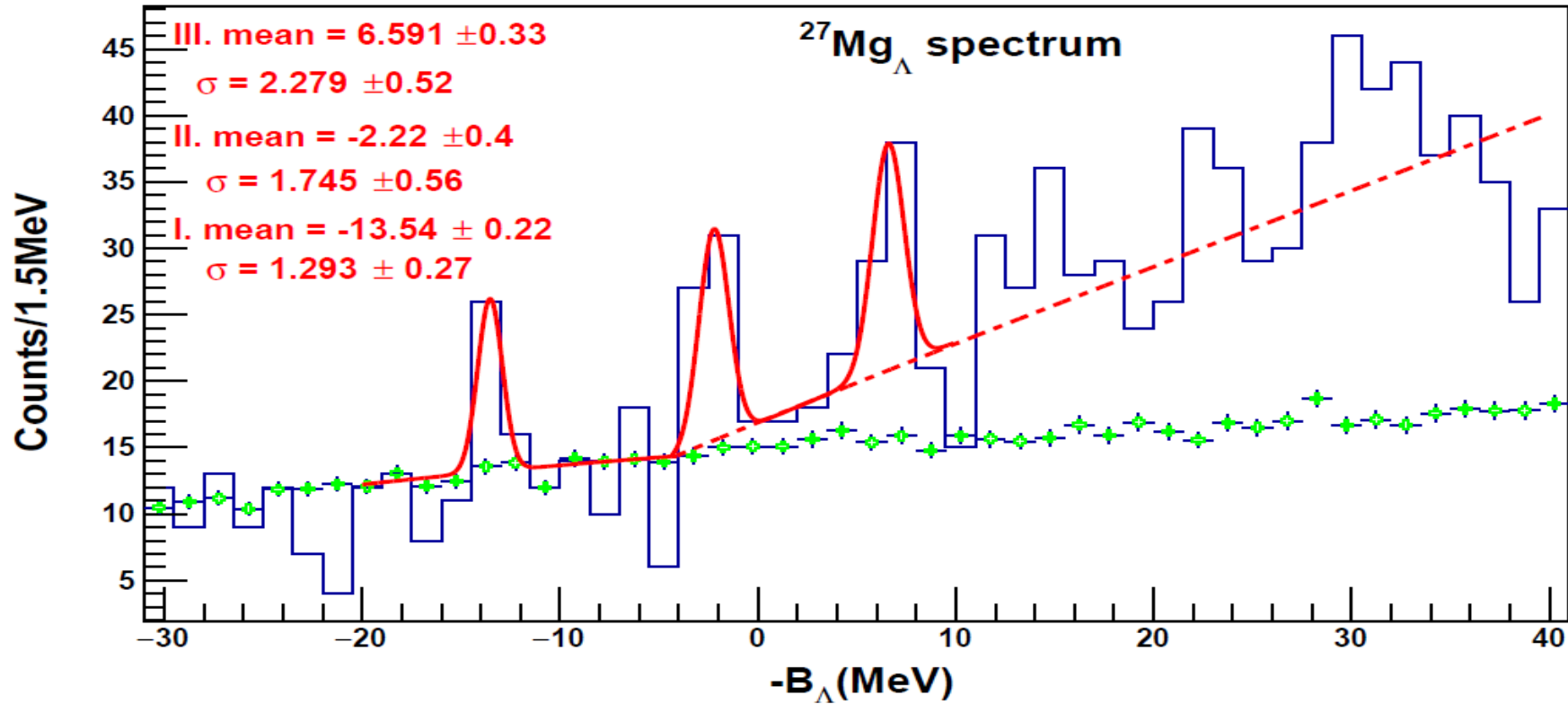


IV. Peak search tune (-6 to +4 MeV) of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$
(for final tune all 3 peaks are involved)



- For the ground state there is a good agreement (consistency is less than 1 MeV level).
- For the 2nd and 3rd peak the disagreement is because the selected region was close to gate boundary.

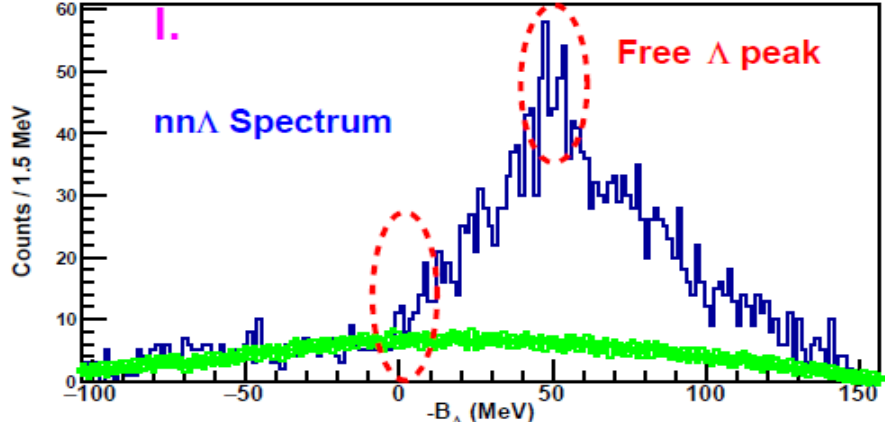
Closer View of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$ hypernuclei



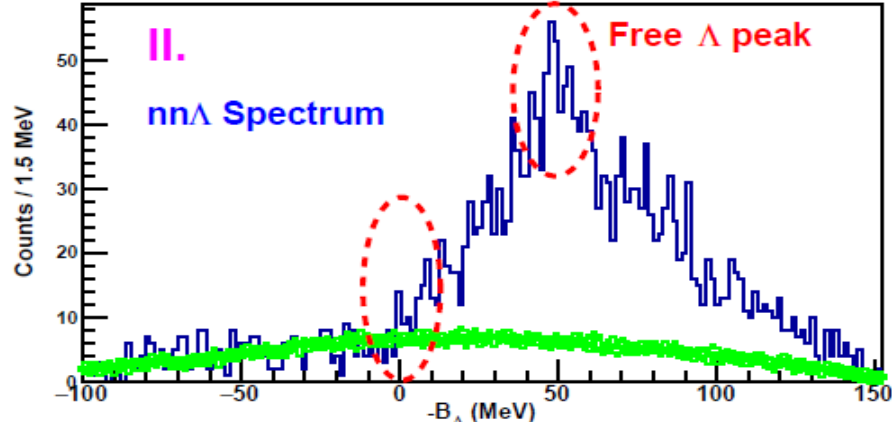
- For this study events gated within -20 to -10, -10 to 0 and 0 to 10 MeV of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$.
- The statistical significance for first, second, and 3rd peak is calculated as 2.75, 3.42 and 2.42 respectively.

Consistency Test Continue.. (nn Λ Spectrum)

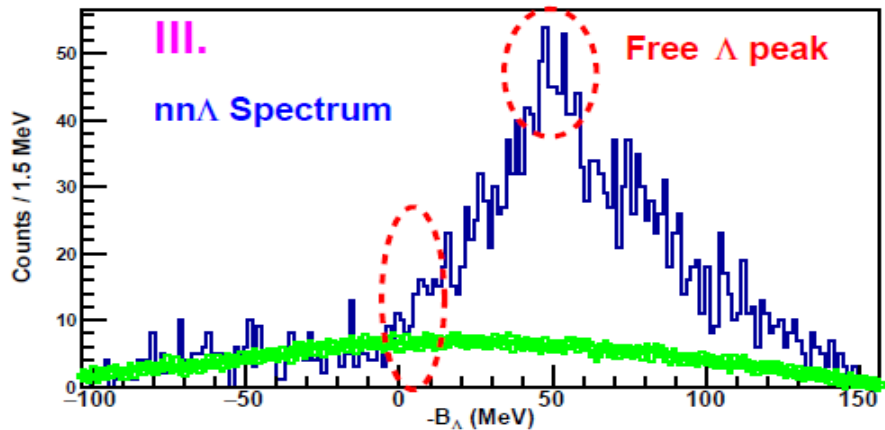
I. Peak search tune (-20 to -10, -10 to 0 and 0 to 10 MeV) of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$



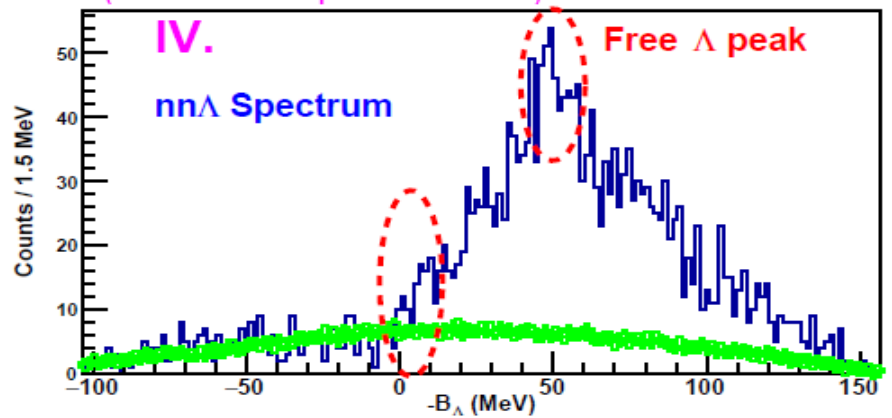
II. Peak search tune (-18 to -8, -8 to +2 and 2 to 12 MeV) of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$



III. Peak search tune (-16 to -6, -6 to +4 and 4 to 14 MeV) of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$



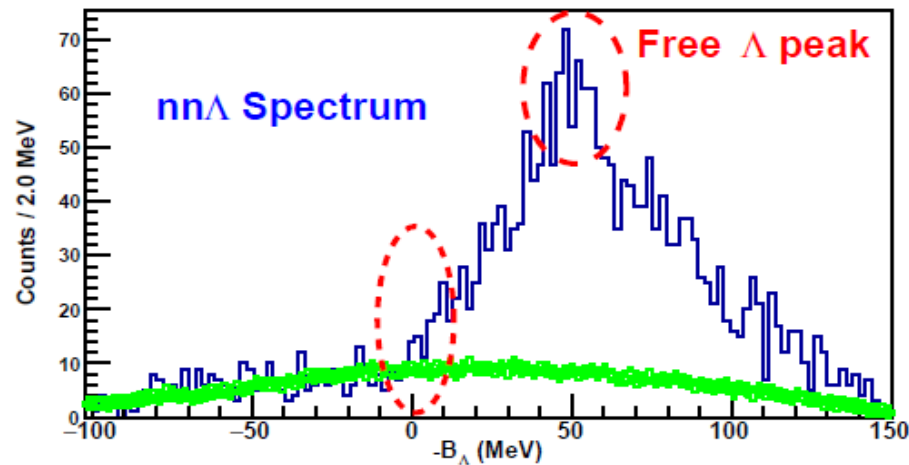
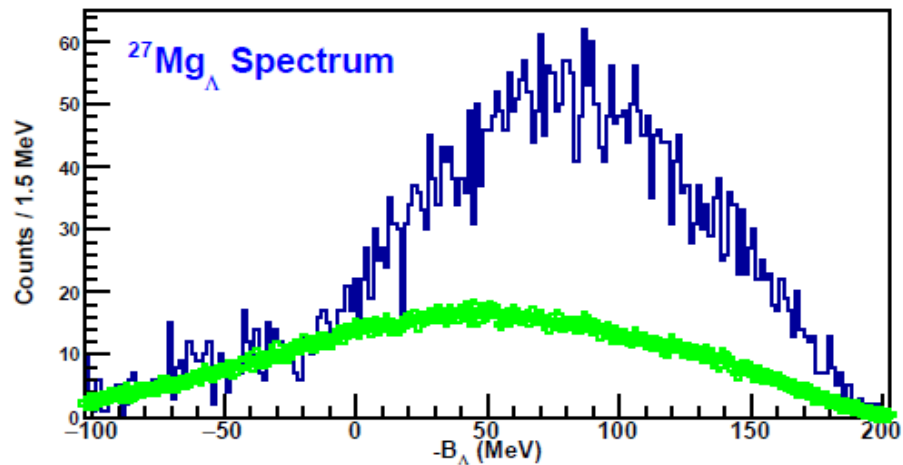
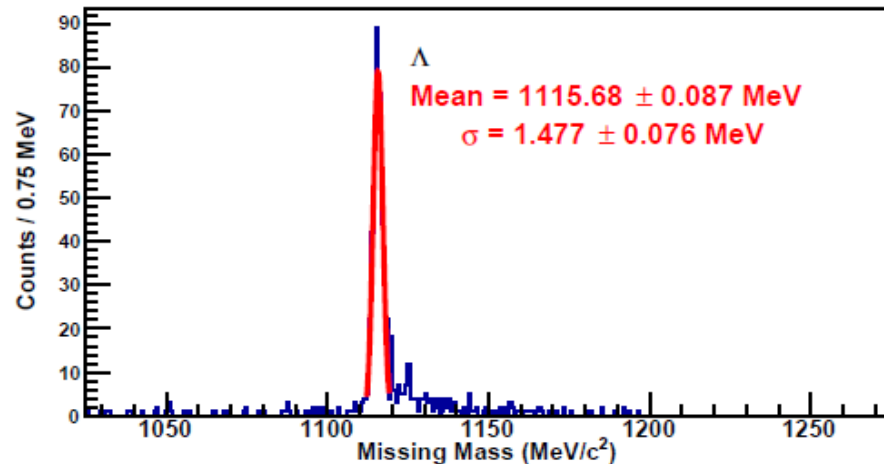
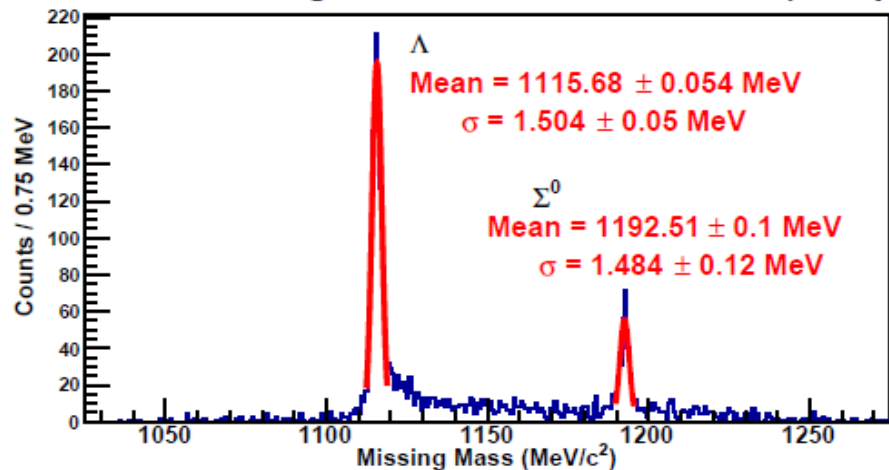
IV. Peak search tune (-6 to +4 MeV) of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$
(for final tune all 3 peaks are involved)



- For each tune, the nn Λ spectrum is about same with similar free Λ peak width and similar enhancement above the threshold region.

Spectrum Before AI Data Involved in Tune

Before involving the AI data in Matrix Tune (all 4 plots)



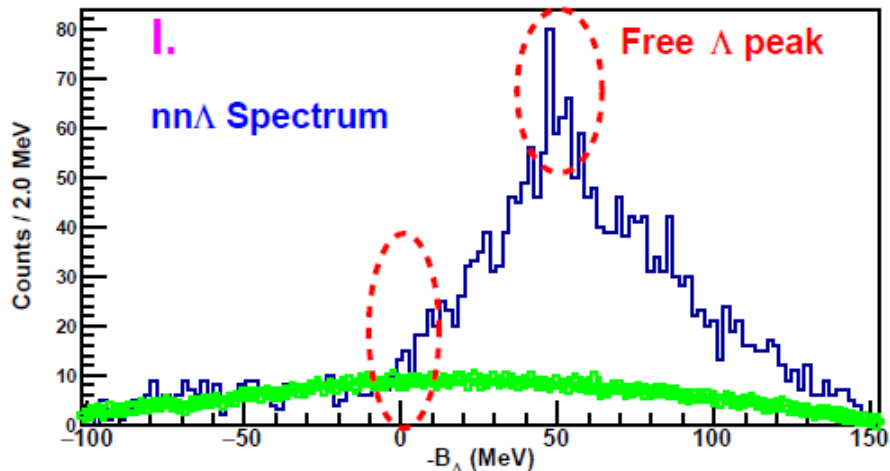
Summary and Conclusions

- A fake peak can be generated anywhere but it can deform the momentum matrix.
- If the heavy system (Al data) is not involved in the tune, the resolution for the heavy system ($A > 1$) cannot reach to the expected level.
- By involving Al data in the matrix tune, we believe that our resolution for $A=3$ system is around 1.3 MeV (σ) and therefore the Γ can be measured precisely.
- Involving Al is the correct way to achieve the expected resolution.

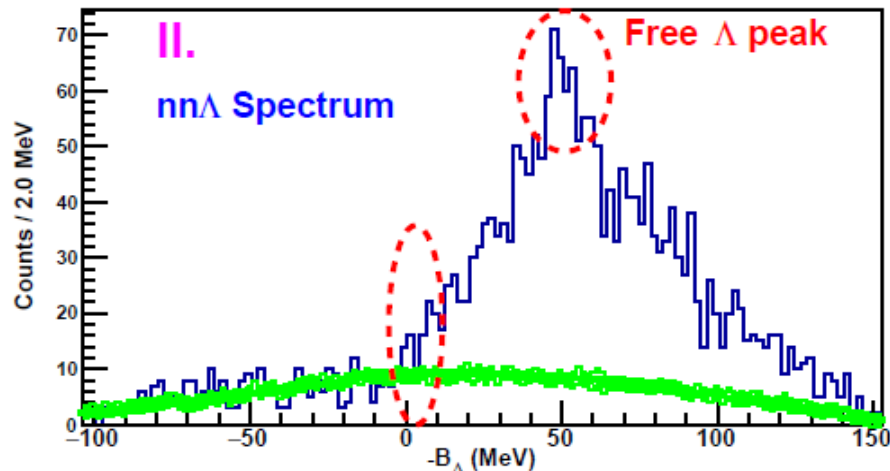
Backup Slides:

Ann Spectrum With Wider Bins

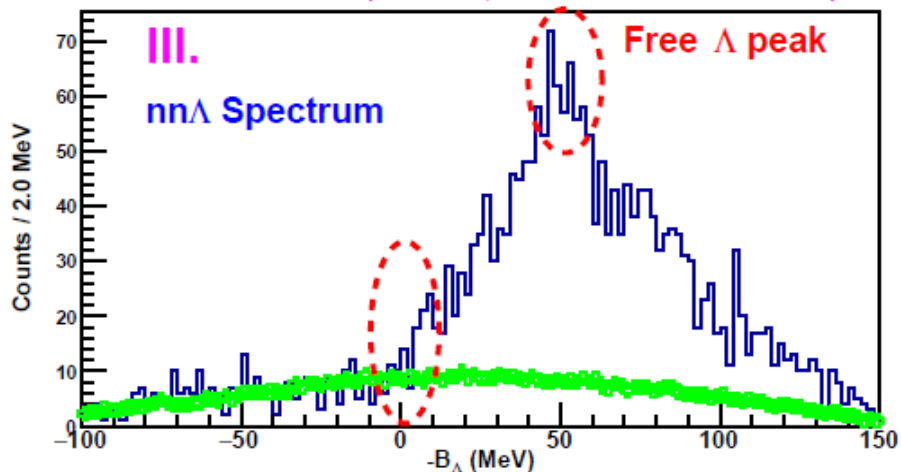
I. Peak search tune (-20 to -10, -10 to 0 and 0 to 10 MeV) of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$



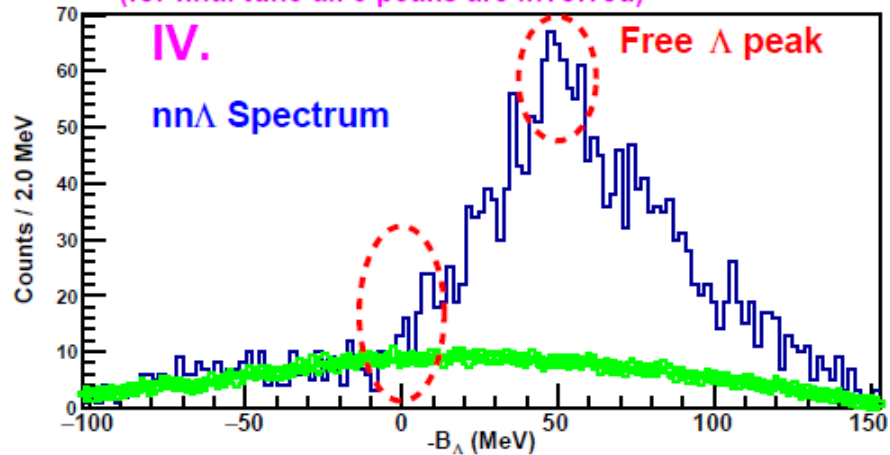
II. Peak search tune (-18 to -8, -8 to +2 and 2 to 12 MeV) of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$



III. Peak search tune (-16 to -6, -6 to +4 and 4 to 14 MeV) of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$

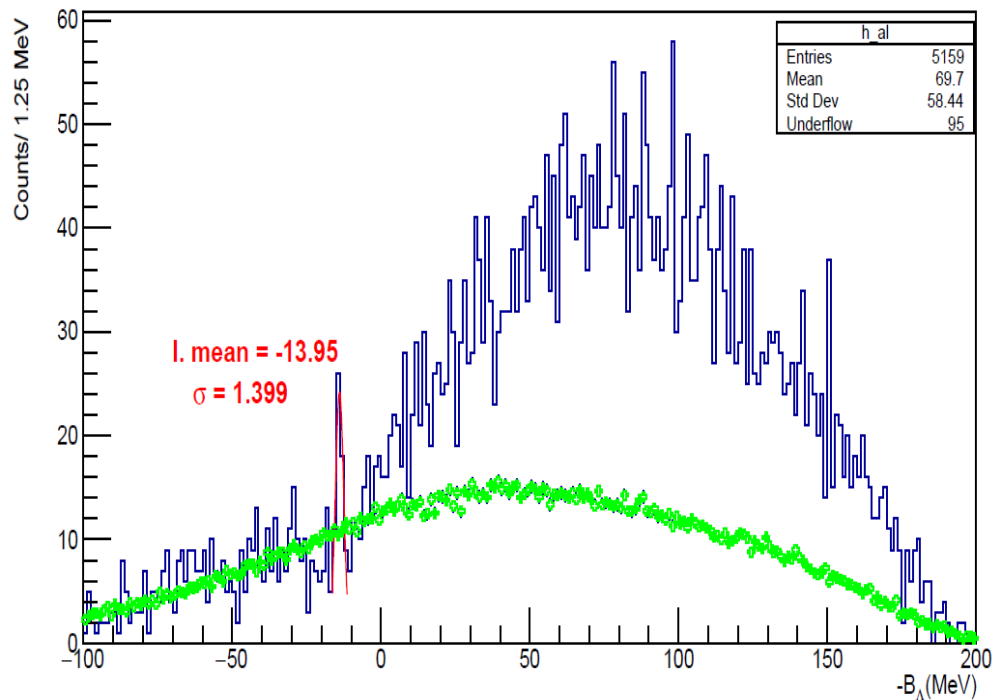


IV. Peak search tune (-6 to +4 MeV) of $^{27}\text{Mg}_\Lambda$
(for final tune all 3 peaks are involved)



When the events are gated within -20 to -10 MeV of $^{27}\text{Mg}_L$

Al Spectrum, H/T data



nnL Spectrum, T/T data

